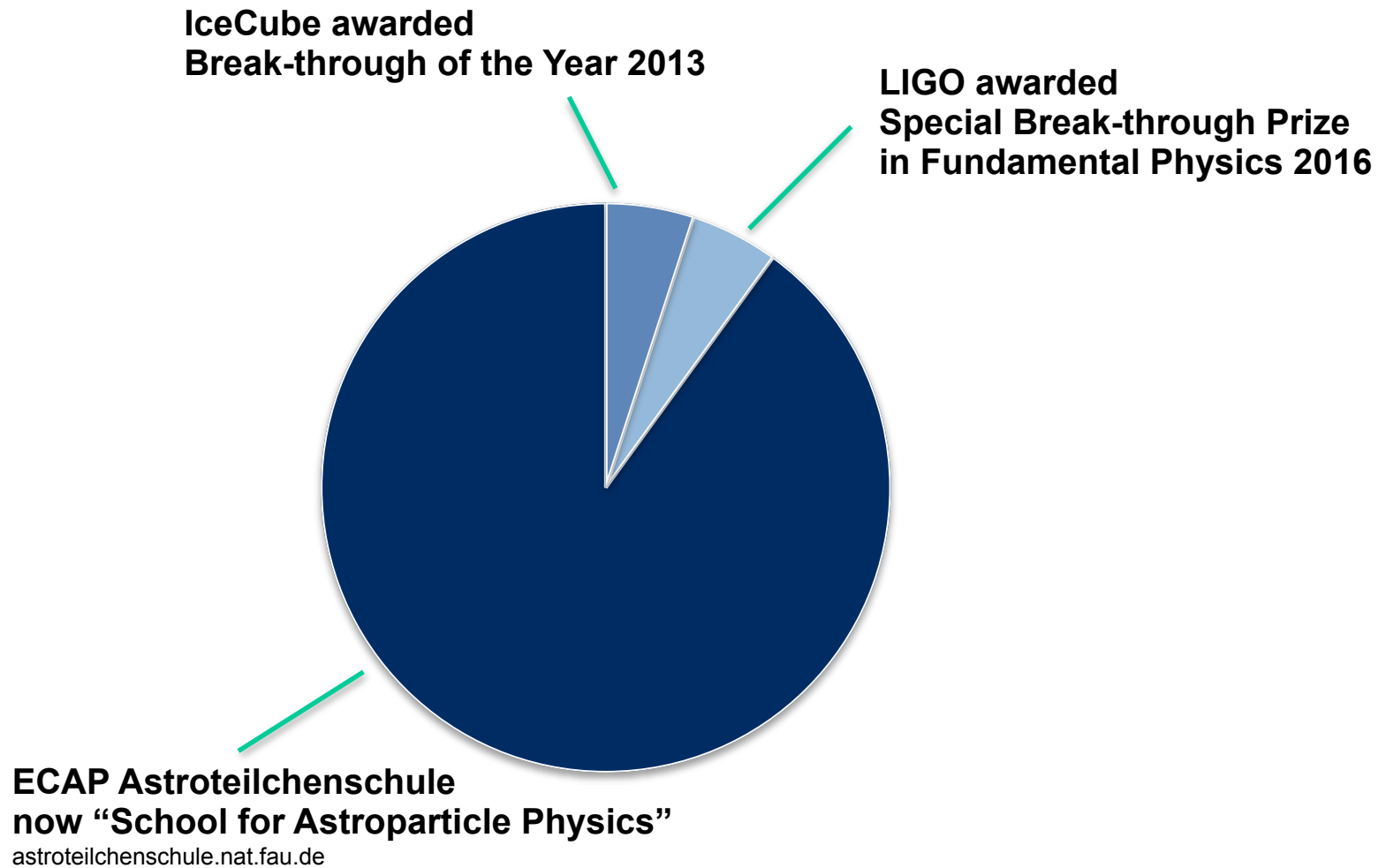


Cosmic Ray, Neutrino, Gamma-ray Physics *Personal* Highlights 2012-2016



Scientific Objectives

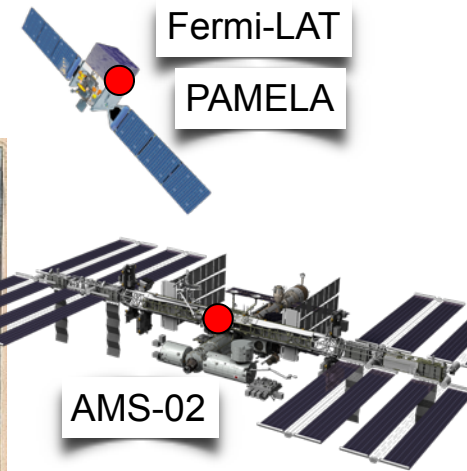
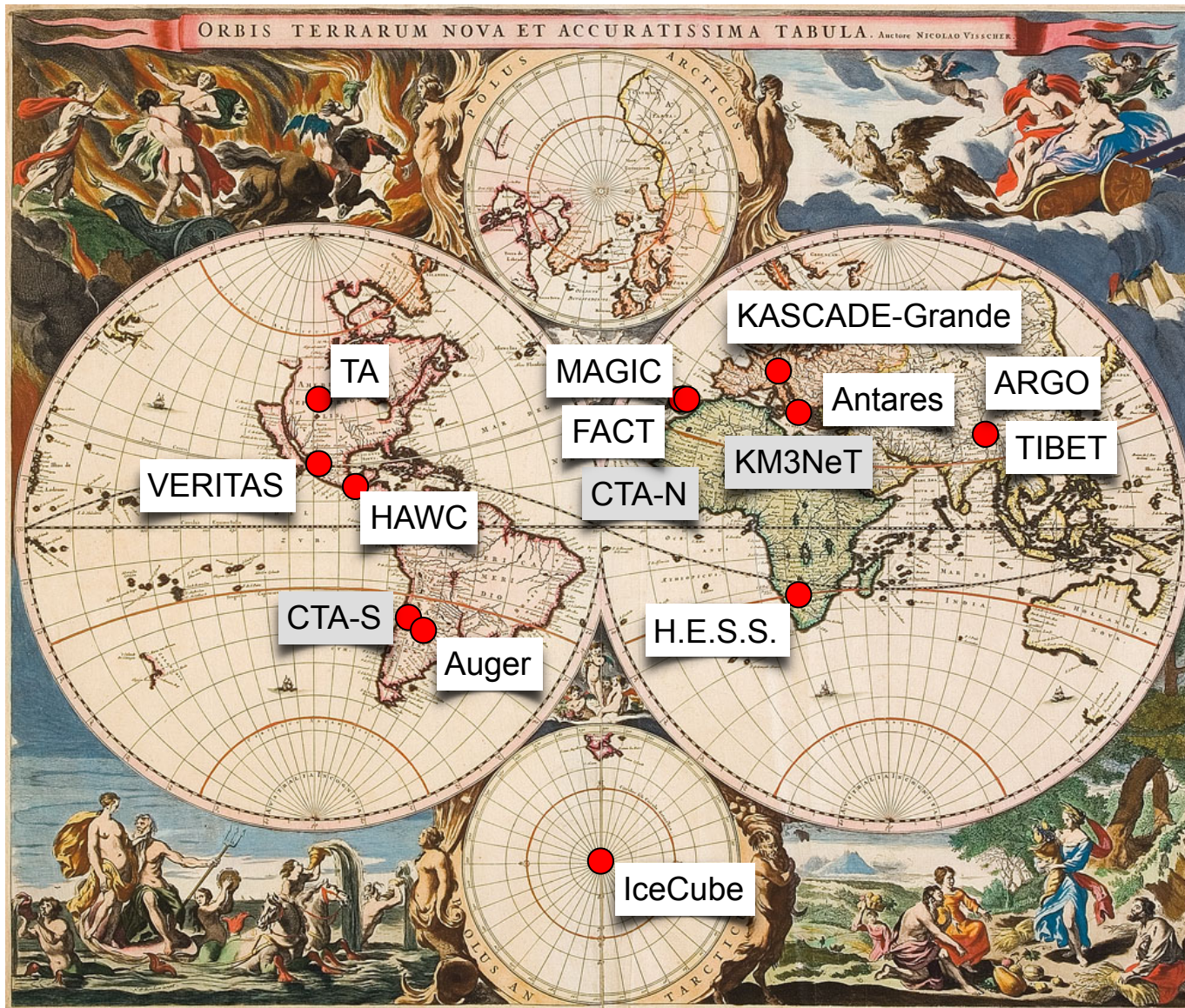
- What are the detailed properties of the CR population?
- What are the sources of the CRs?
- How do cosmic particle accelerators work?
- How do CRs propagate from their sources to us?
- What impact do CRs have on the interstellar environment?
- ...

Experimental Access

- Direct measurements of the local CR population
- Source imaging with gamma rays and neutrinos
- Multi-wavelength and multi-messenger studies

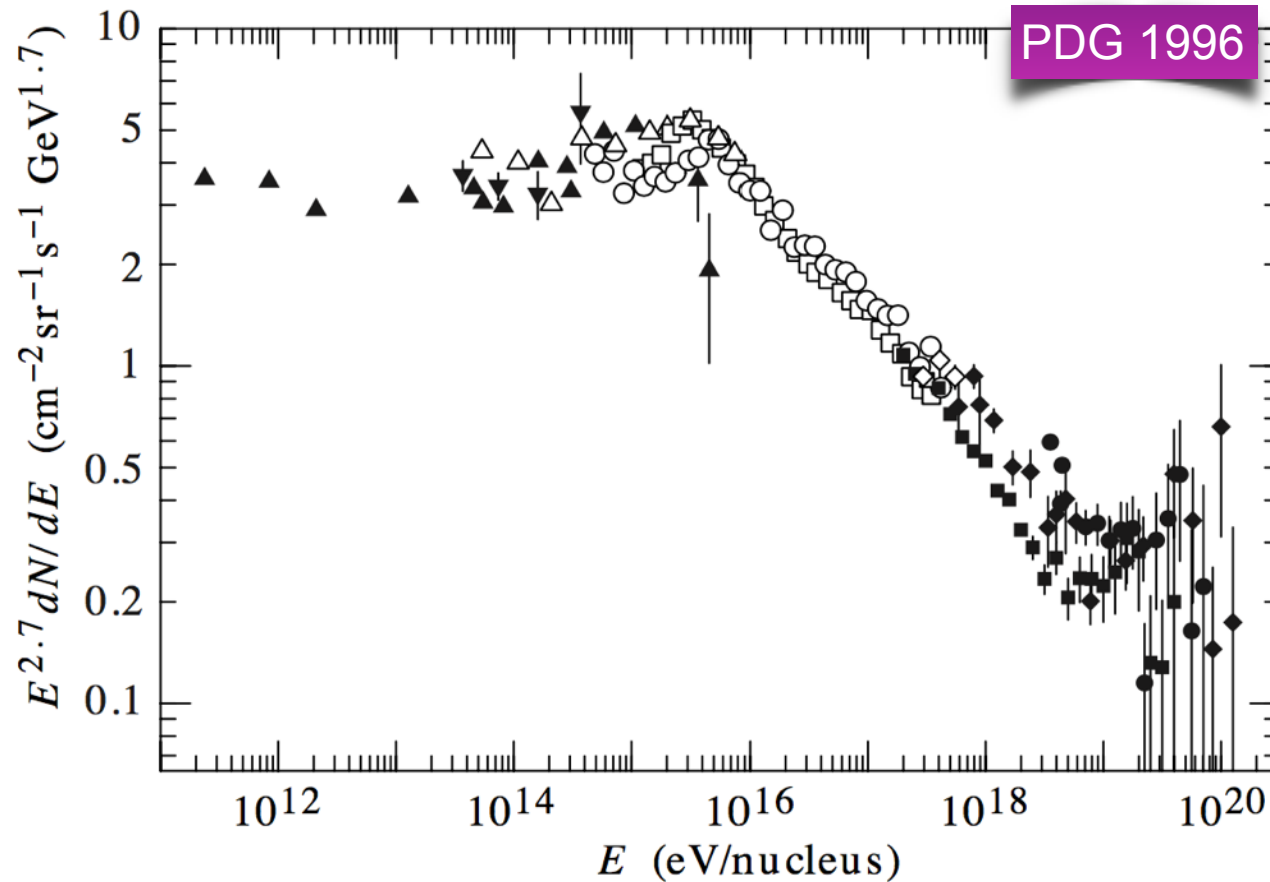


A selection of important instruments



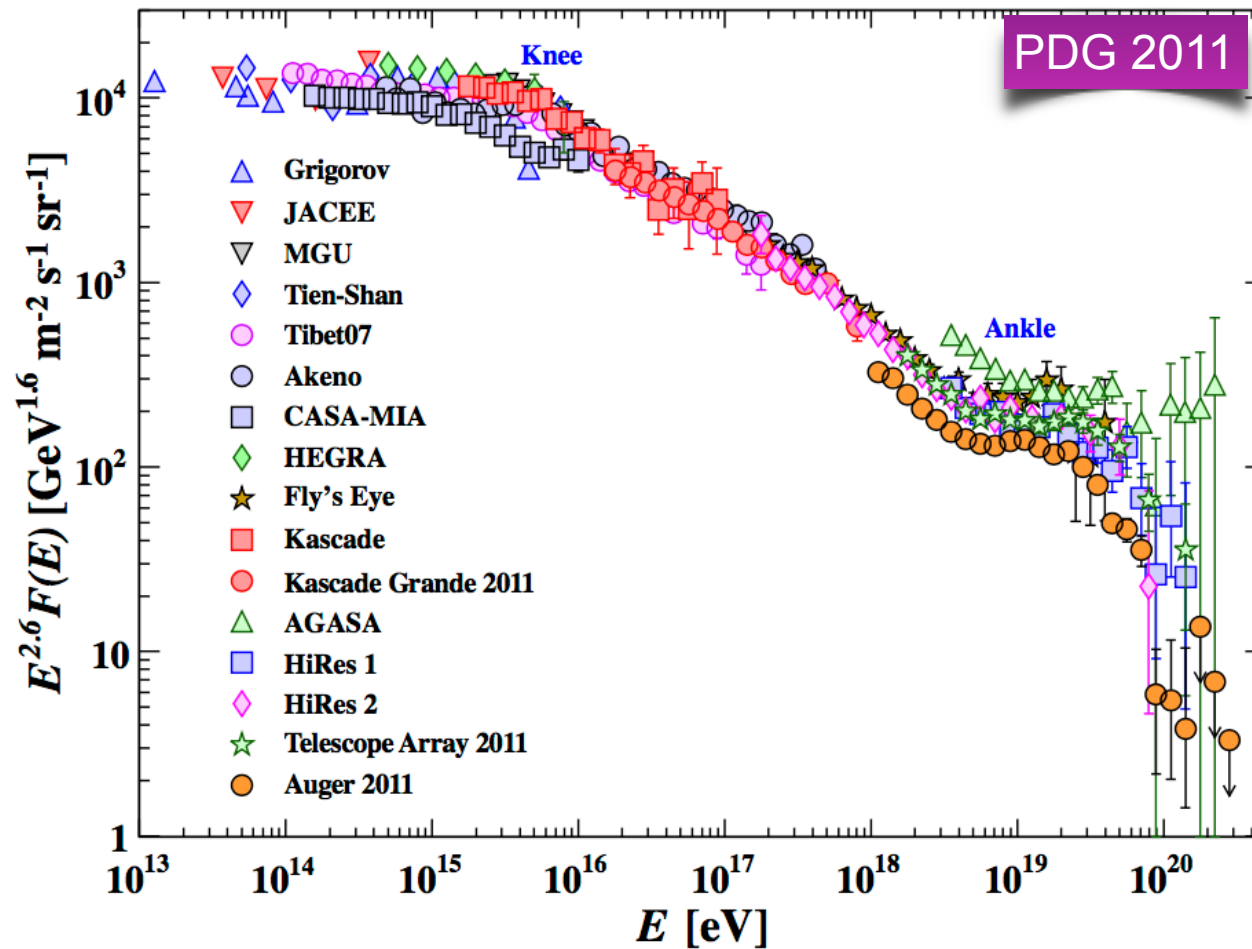
THE LOCAL CR POPULATION

All-particle spectrum: 1996 vs. 2011 vs. 2016



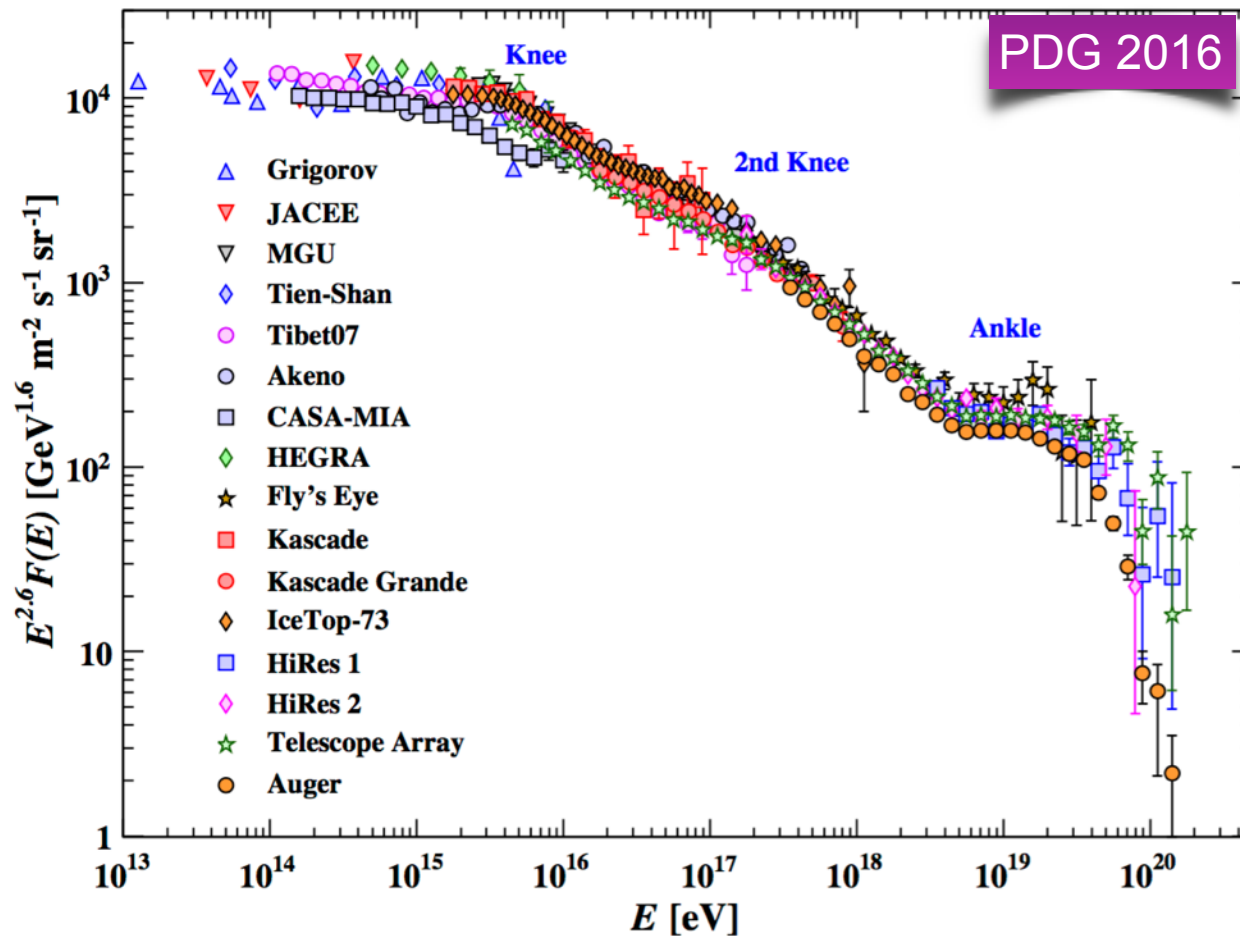
“...knee [and] ankle ... are the subject of intense interest at the moment.”

All-particle spectrum: 1996 vs. 2011 vs. 2016



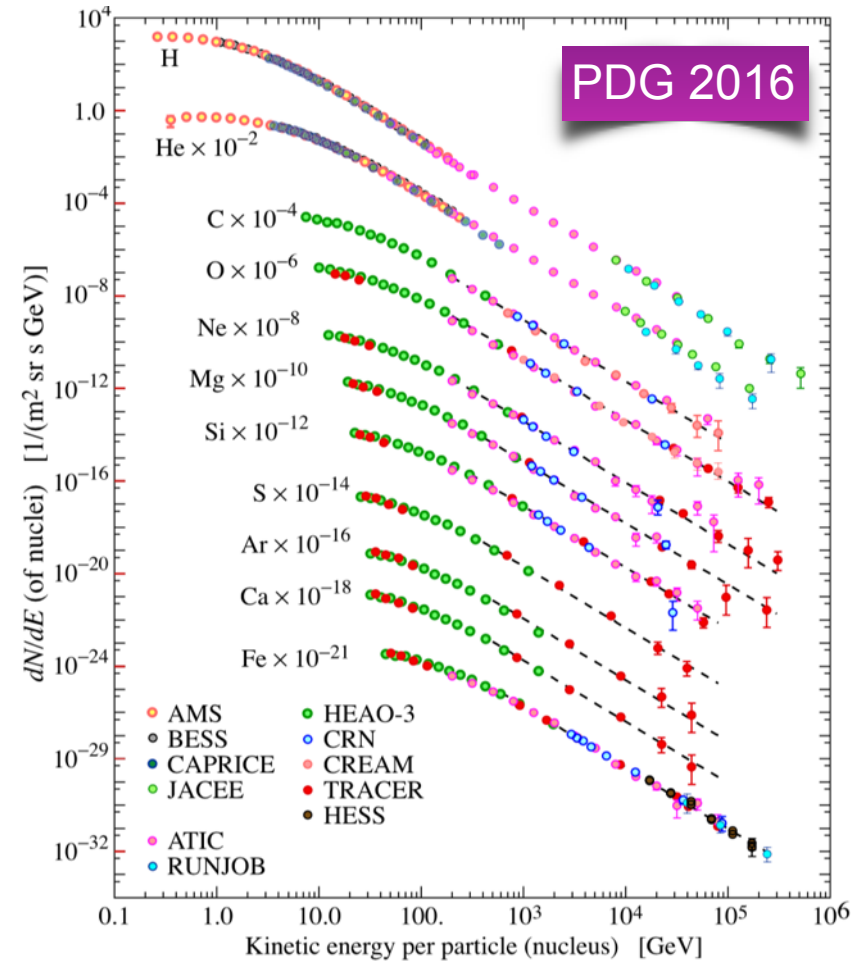
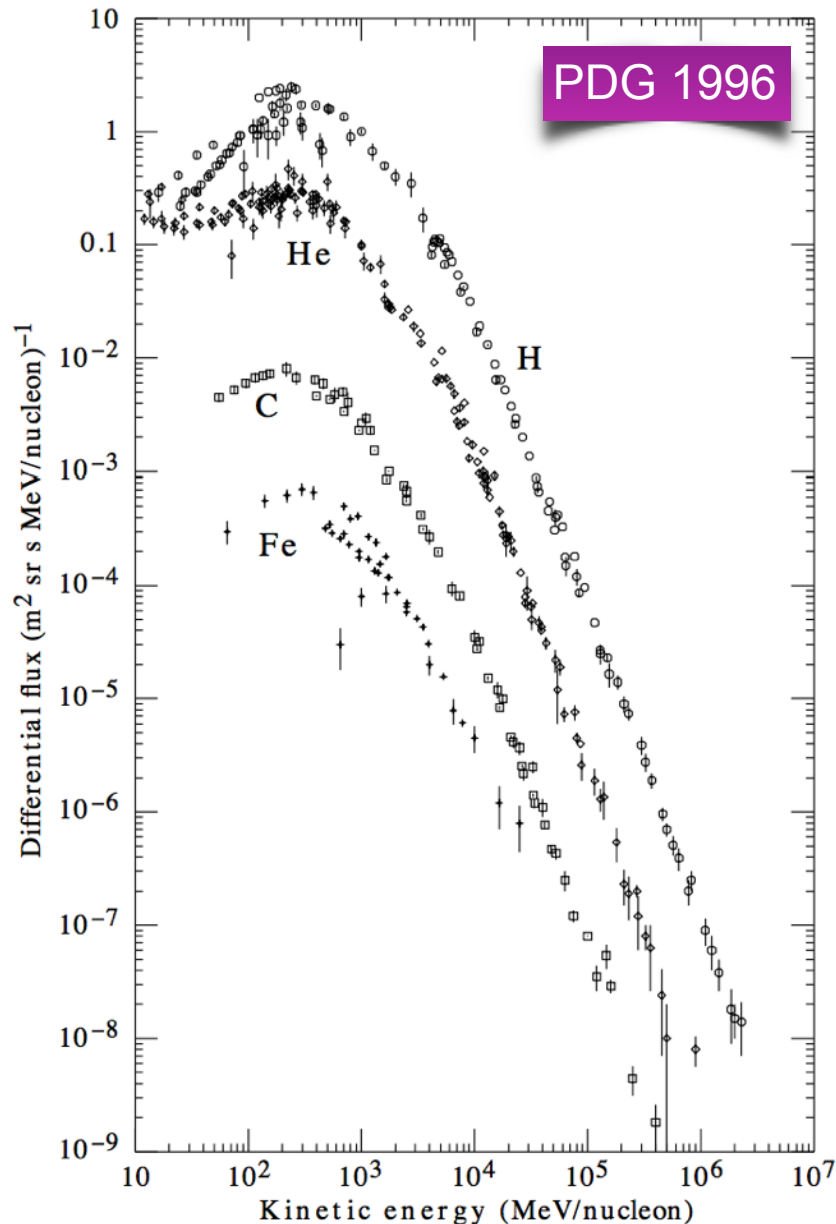
GZK vs. continuation: (Auger+HiRes+TA) vs. AGASA

All-particle spectrum: 1996 vs. 2011 vs. 2016



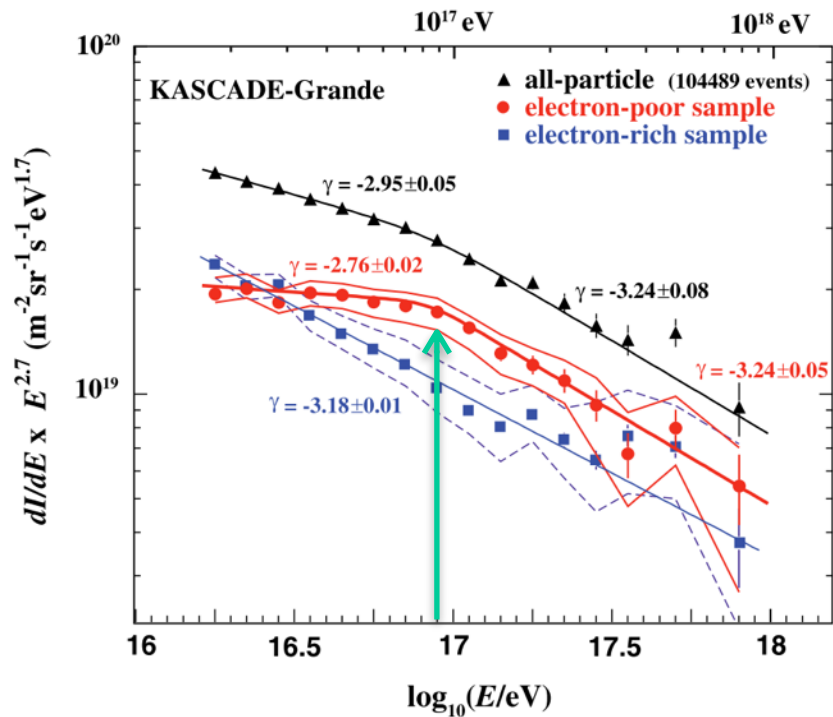
- much better statistics across whole spectrum
- new contributor: IceTop
- cut-off at 10²⁰ eV clearly established

Composition at low energies: 1996 vs. 2016

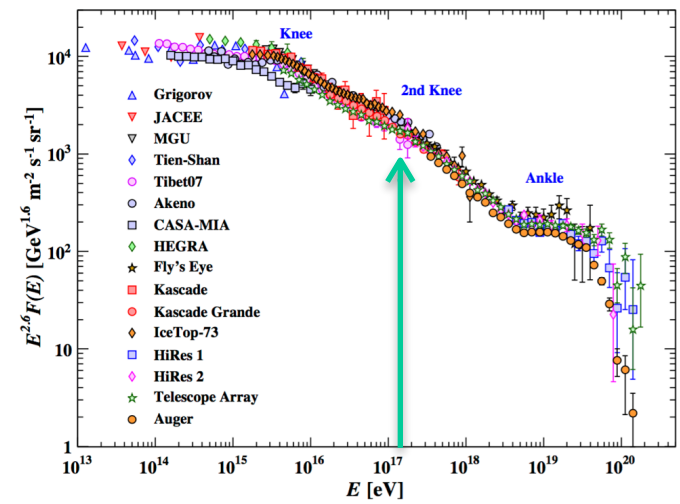


- element-wise resolution
- extension to higher energies

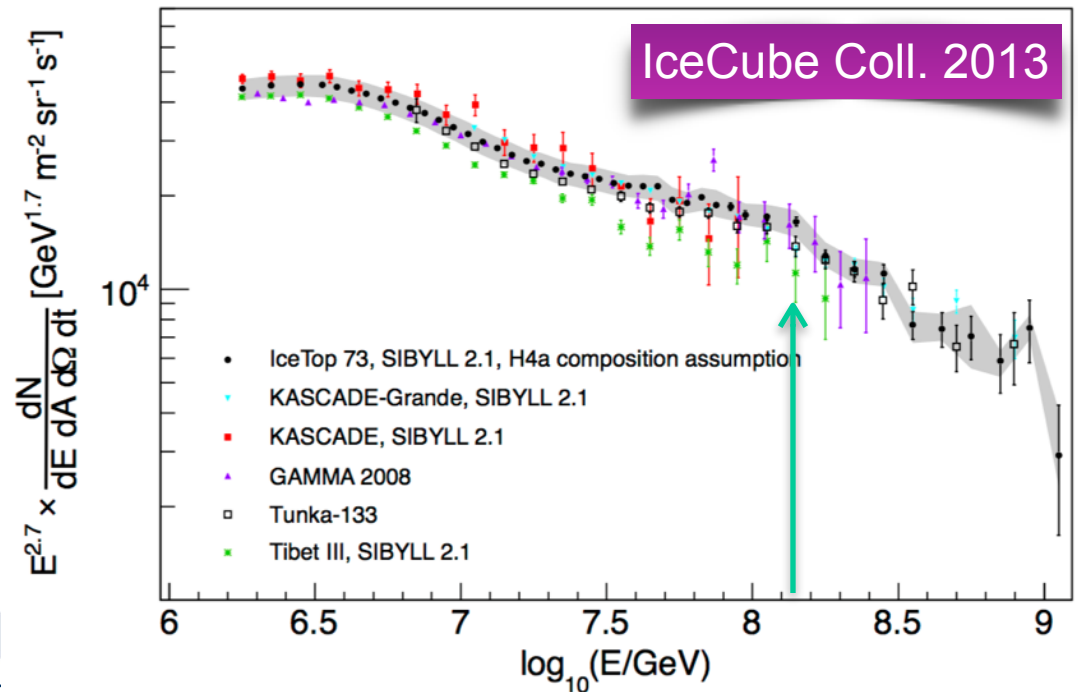
The second knee



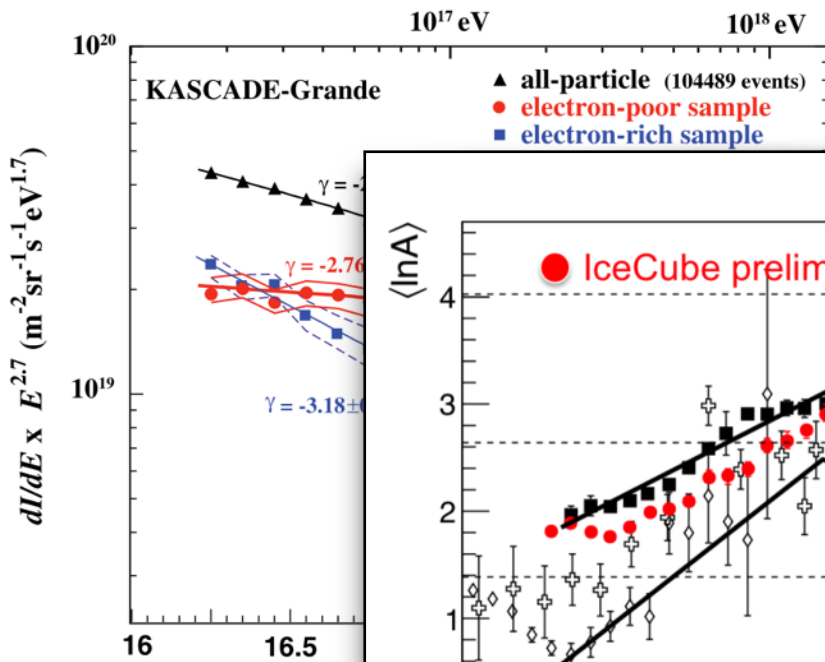
KASCADE-Grande Coll. 2011



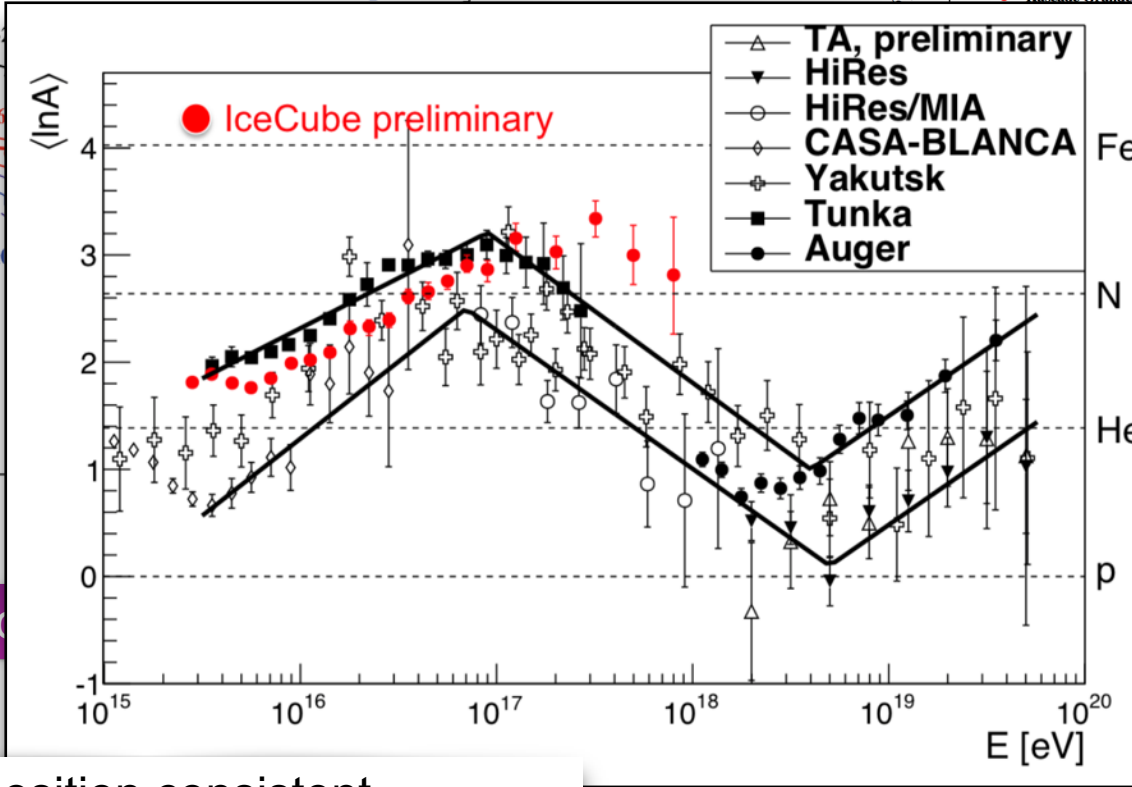
- solid measurement of spectral turnover at ~100 PeV
→ cut-off of iron component of the GCRs



The second knee

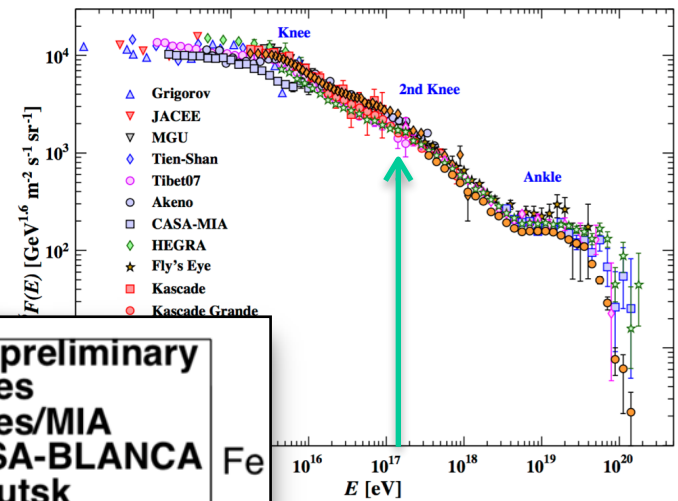


KASCADE-Grande



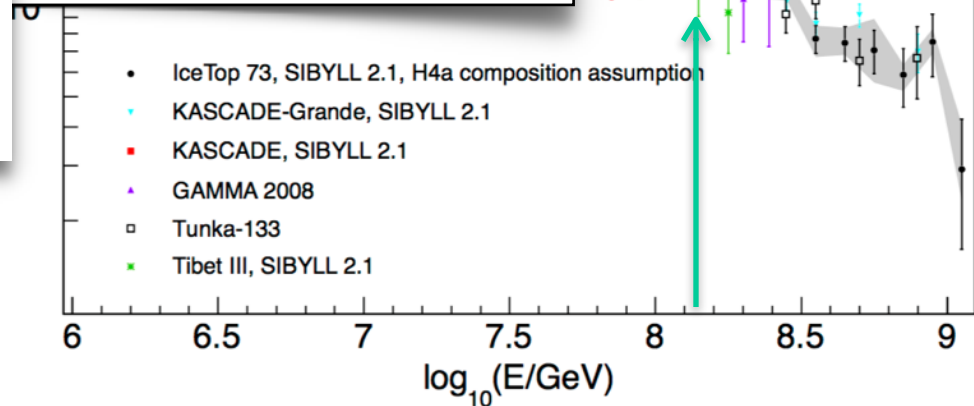
- mass composition consistent between various experiments
- strong dependence on shower models

Gaisser 2016
Kampert & Unger 2012

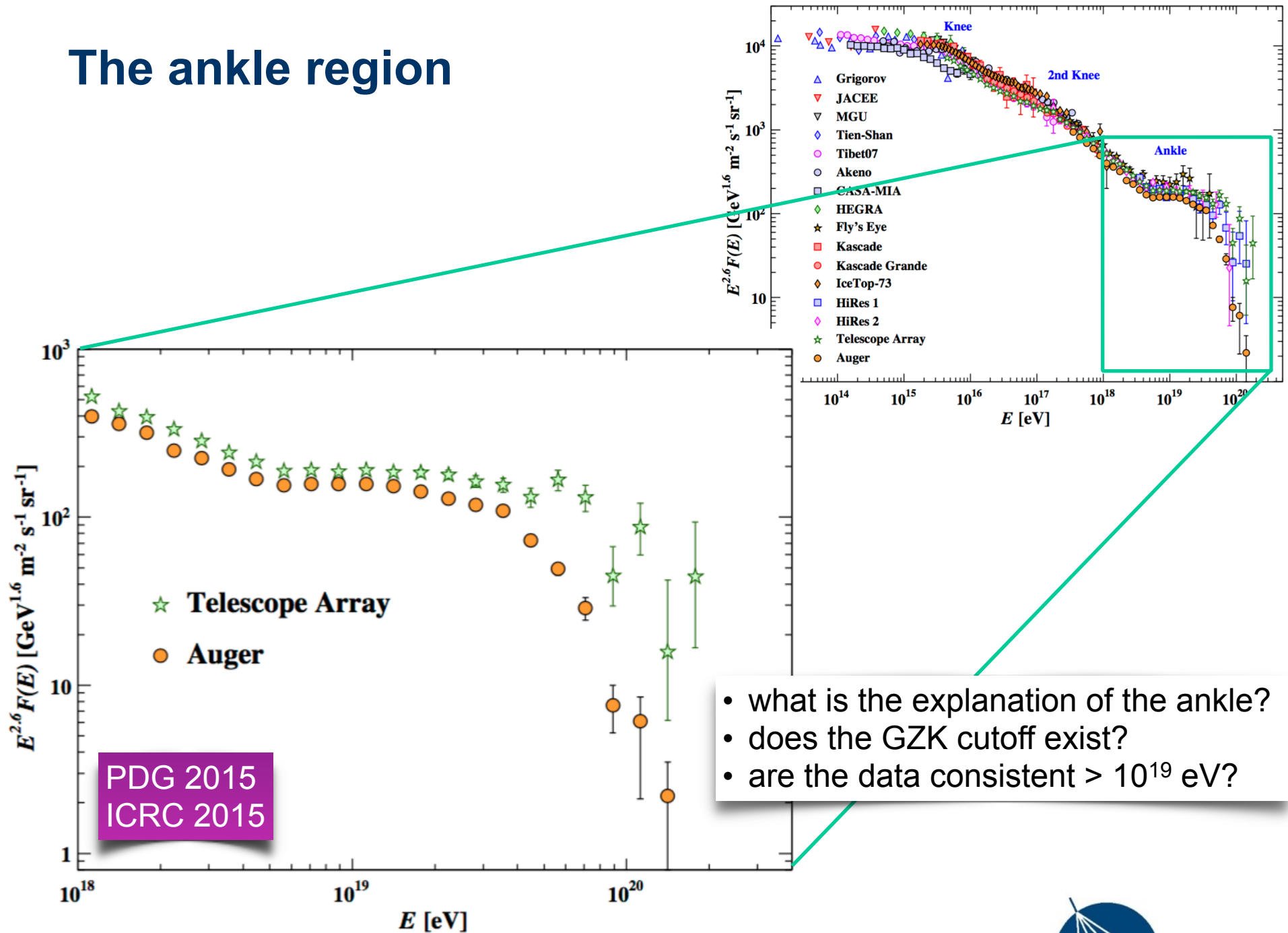


PeV
component of the GCRs

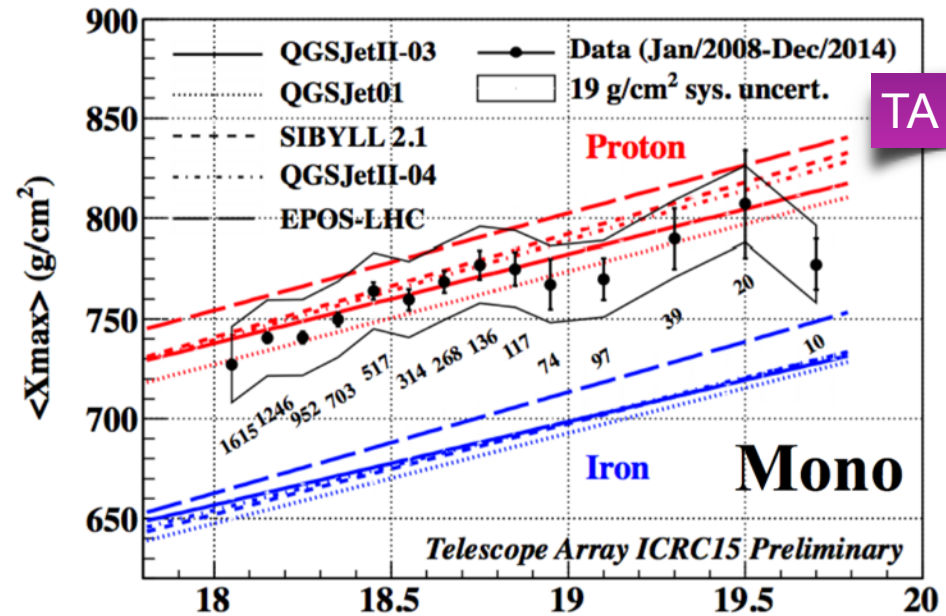
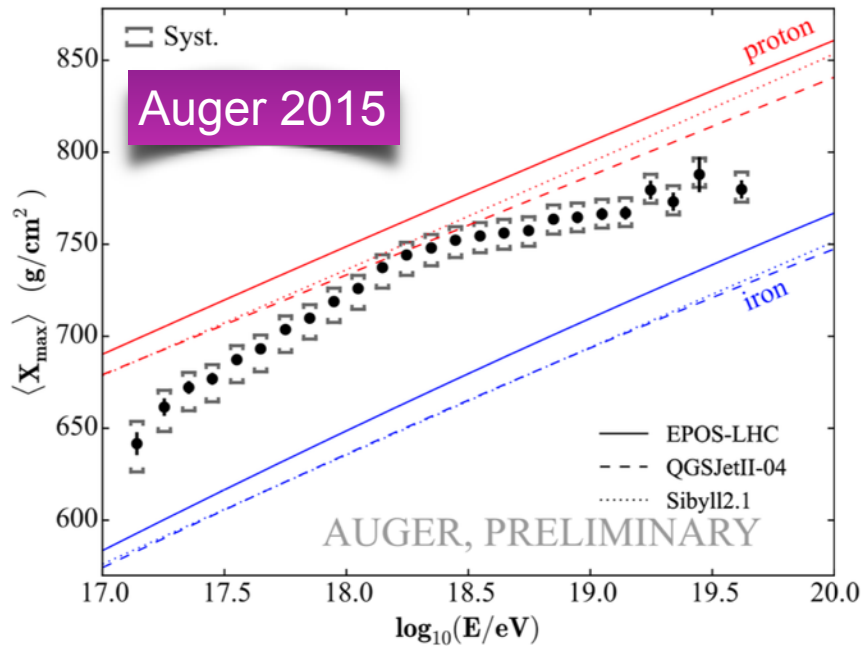
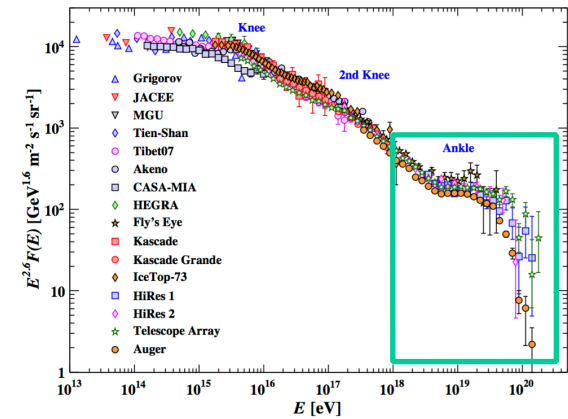
IceCube Coll. 2013



The ankle region



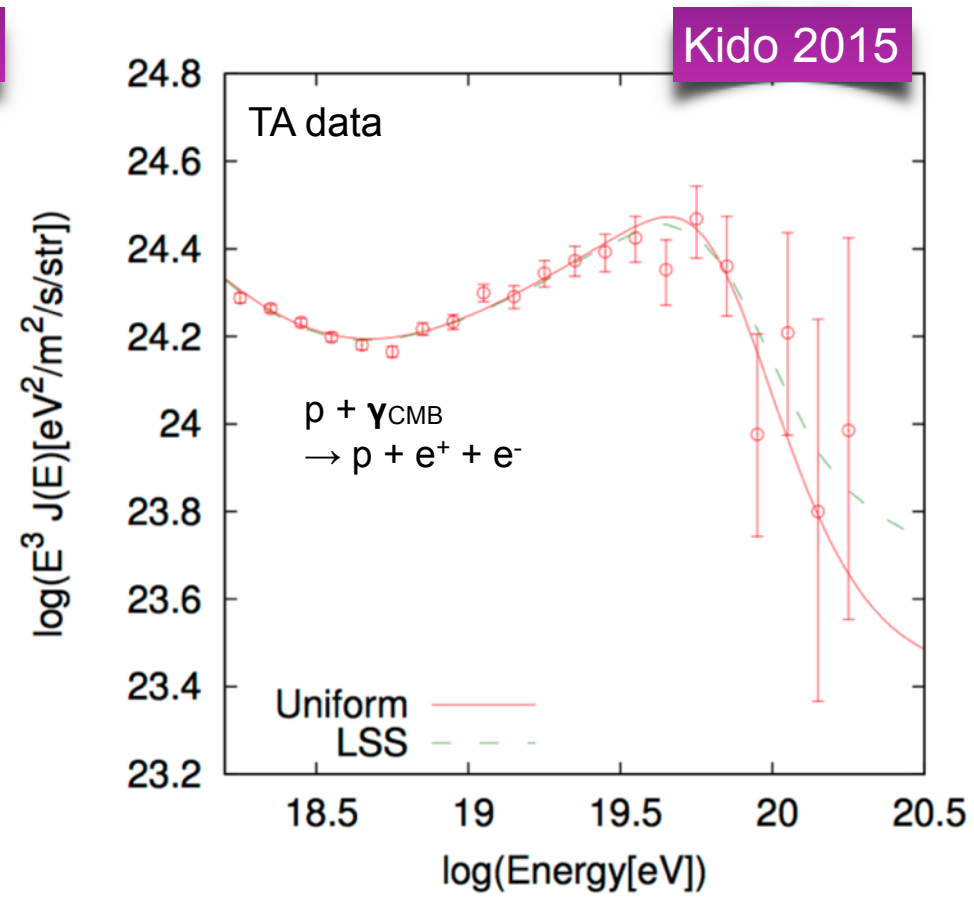
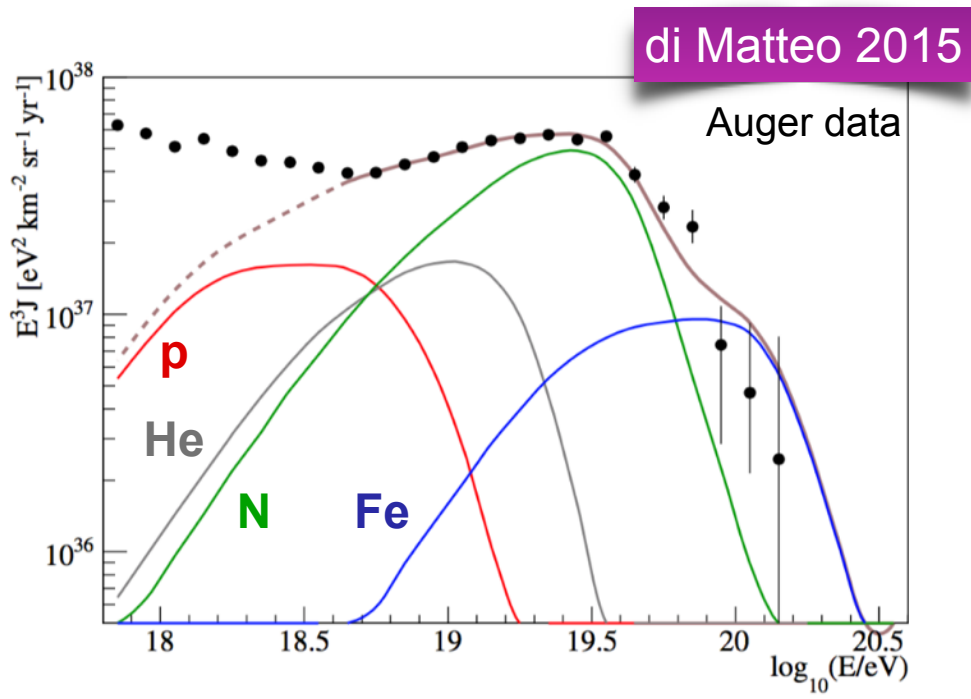
The ankle region: mass composition



heavy - light - heavy?

light-only?

The ankle: mixed composition vs. proton-only

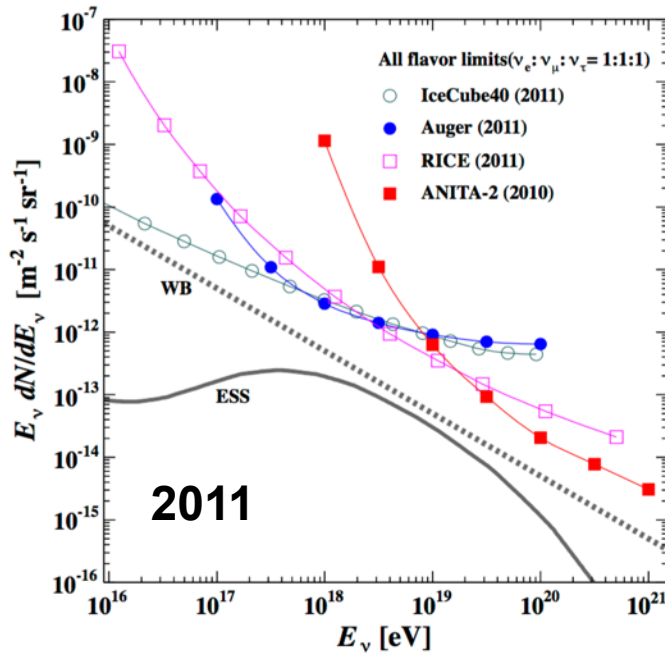


mixed composition w/
rigidity-dependent cutoffs?

purely protons suffering
energy losses on CMB?

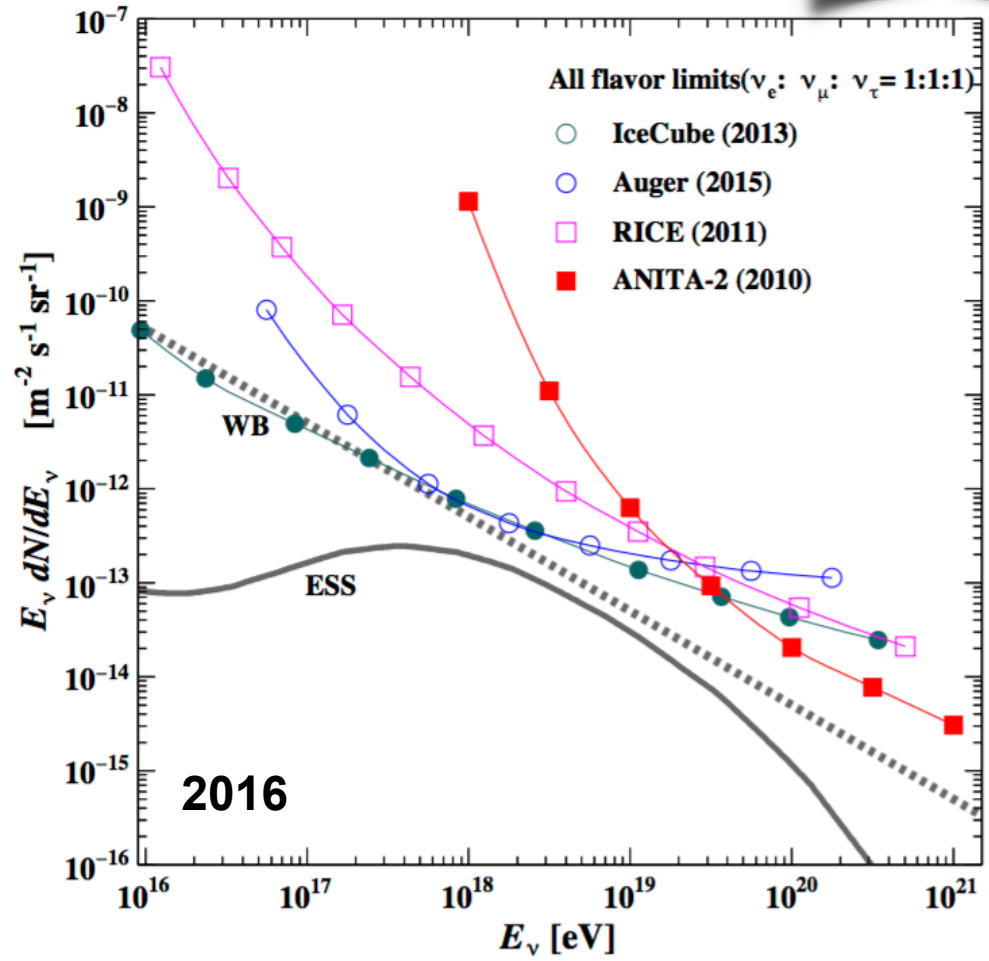
The GZK cutoff: cosmogenic neutrinos

PDG 2016

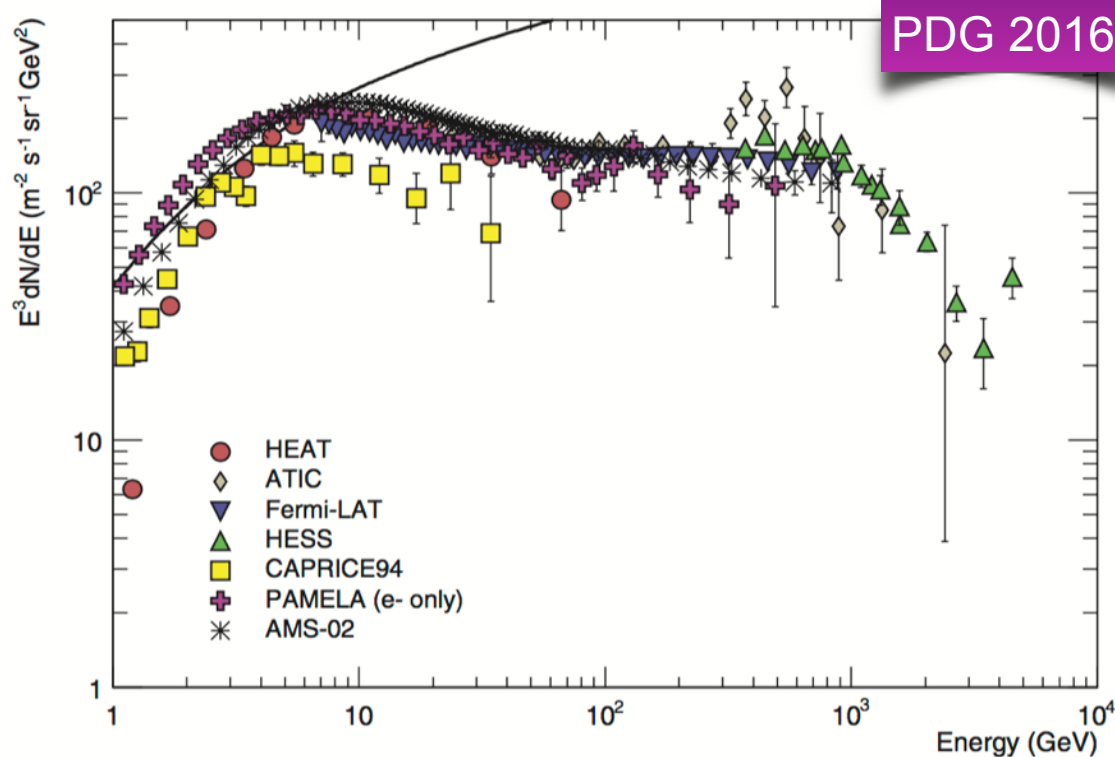
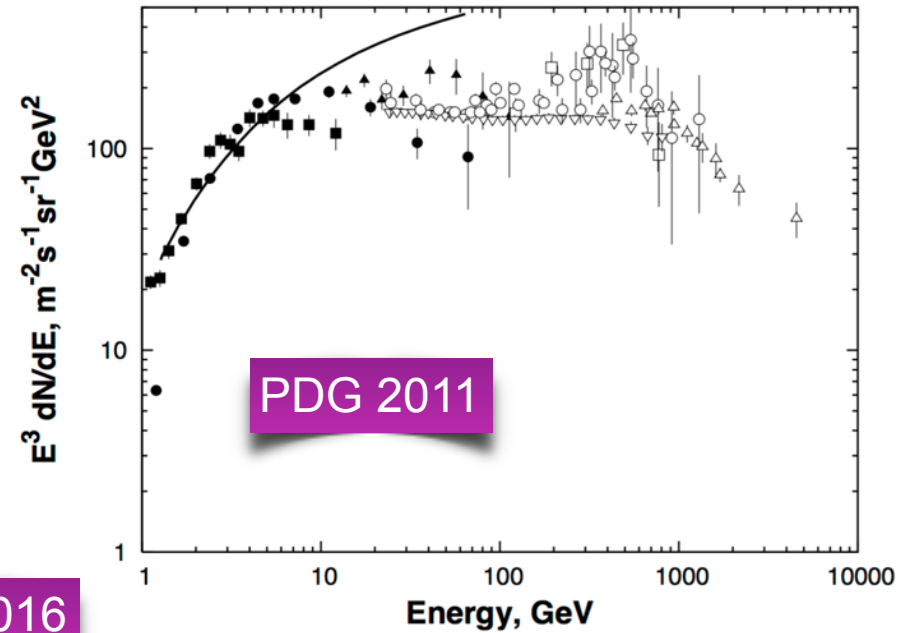
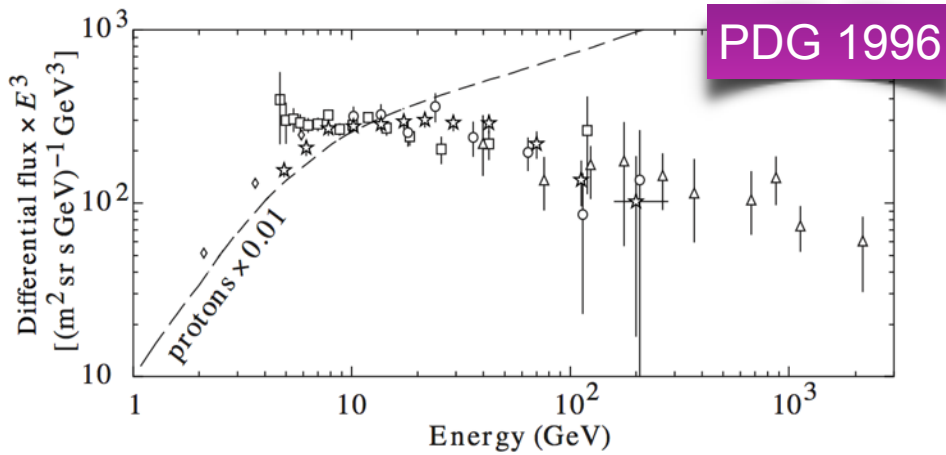


limits approaching

- Waxman-Bahcall limit
- estimated level of cosmogenic flux

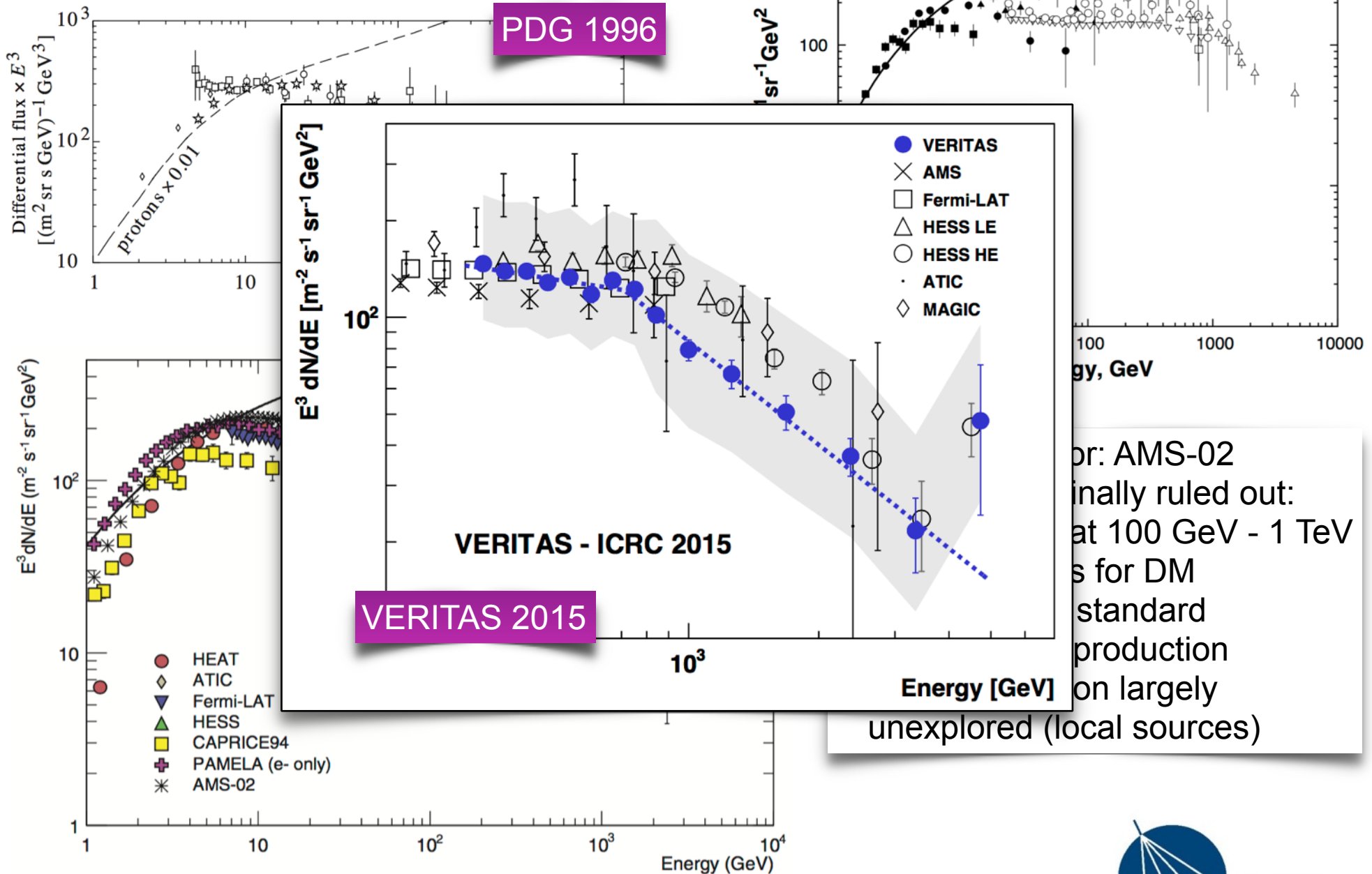


Electrons + Positrons



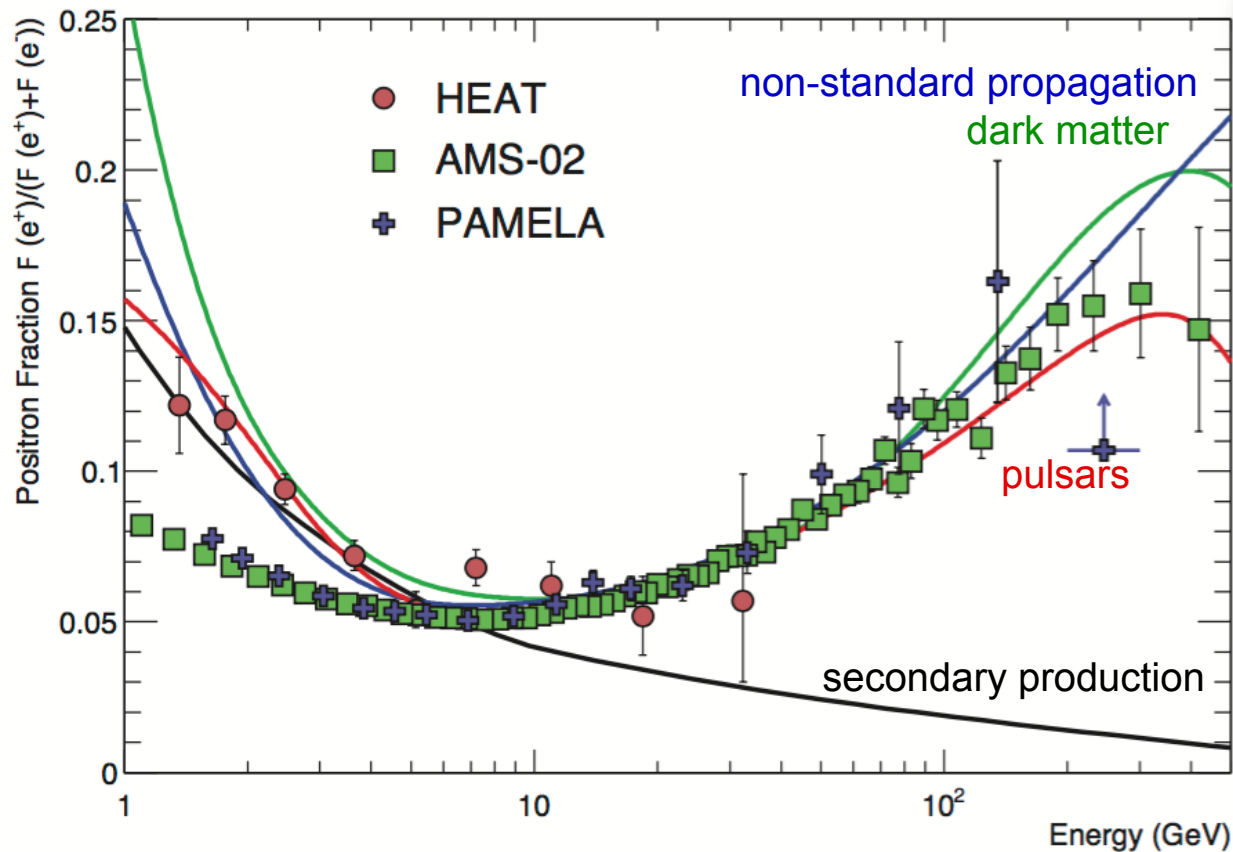
- new contributor: AMS-02
- “ATIC-Peak” finally ruled out: spectrum flat at 100 GeV - 1 TeV → implications for DM
- all in line with standard astrophysical production
- multi-TeV region largely unexplored (local sources)

Electrons + Positrons



Positron fraction

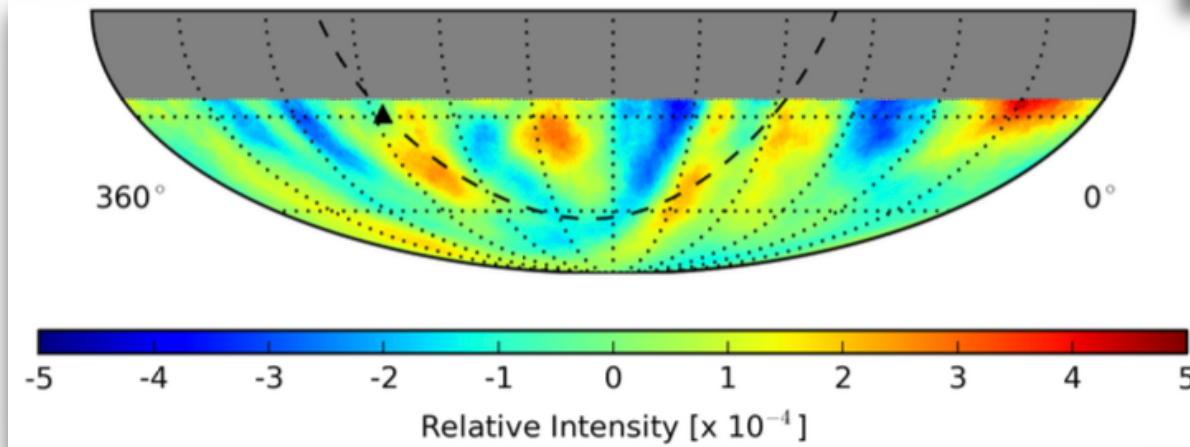
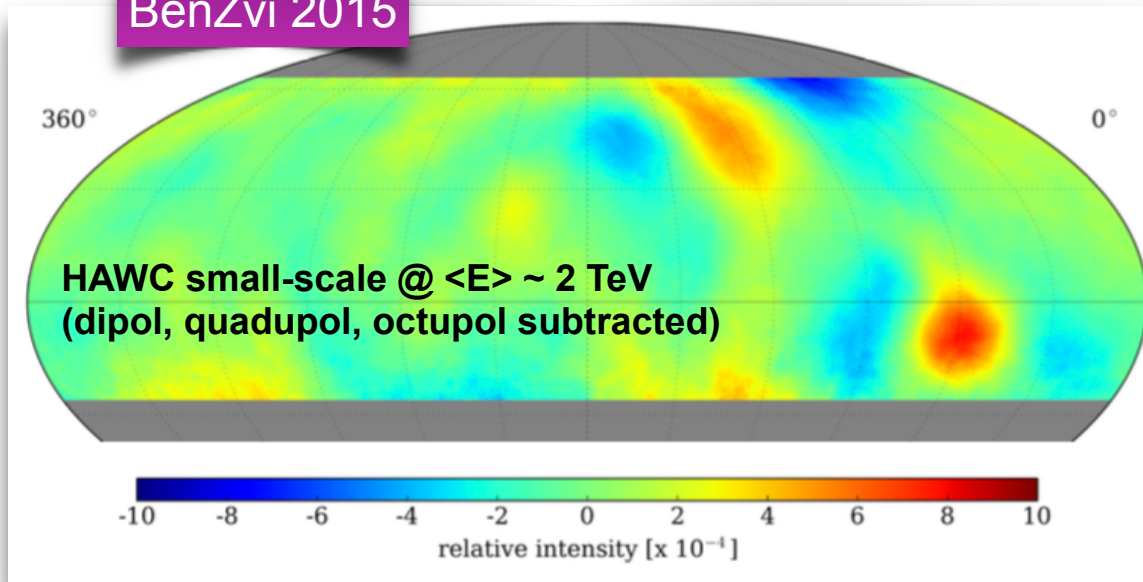
PDG 2016



- precise measurement also at few 100 GeV
- shape not explained by secondary production
- nearby pulsars?

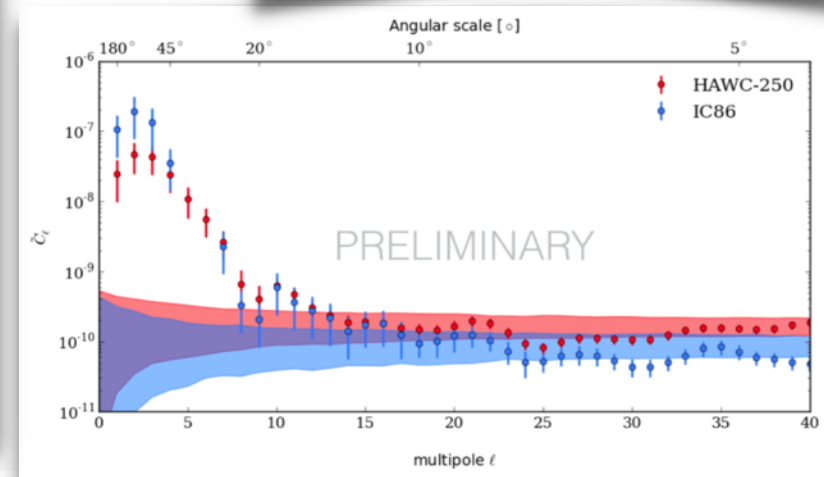
Arrival direction: CR anisotropy of TeV/PeV CRs

BenZvi 2015



IceCube small-scale @ $\langle E \rangle \sim 20$ TeV
(dipol, quadupol, subtracted)

HAWC/IceCube Coll. 2015

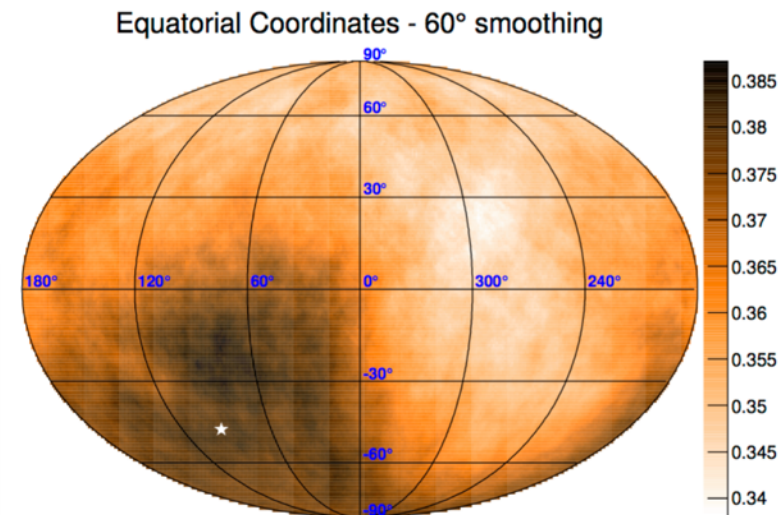
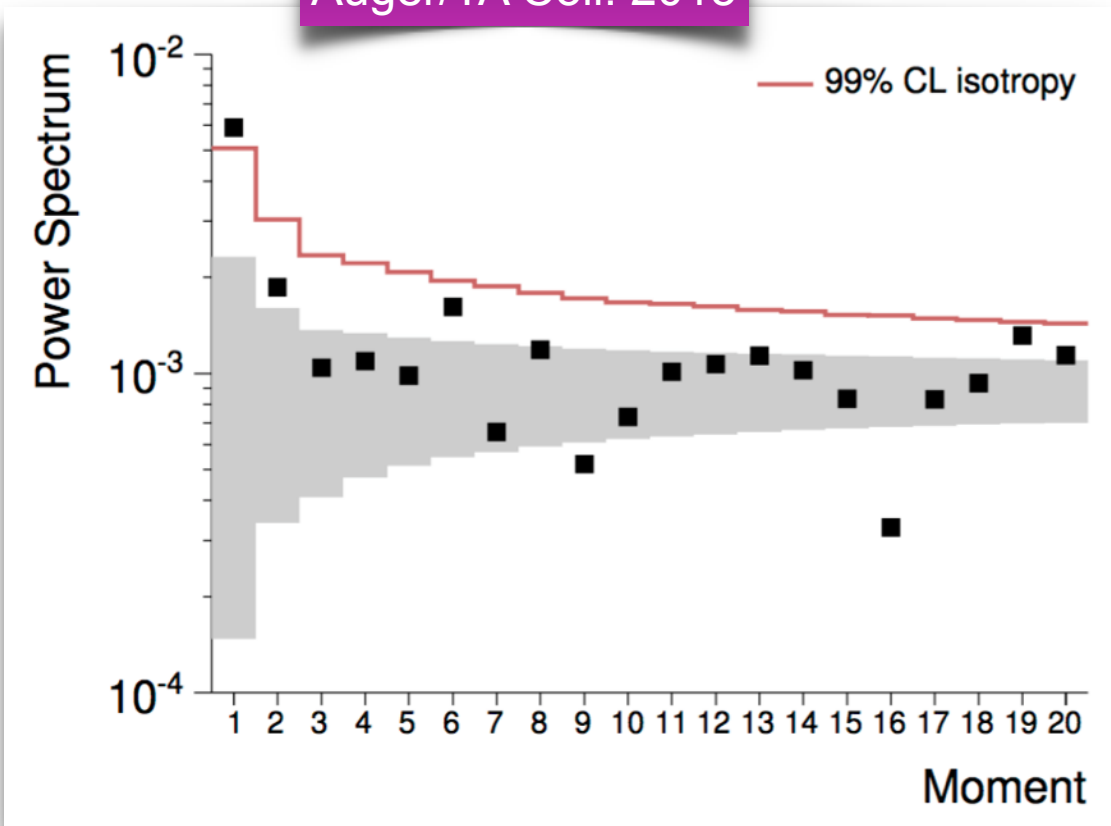


- large scales: source distribution?
- small scales: field turbulence?
- strongly energy-dependent

IceCube Coll. 2016

Arrival direction: CR anisotropy of UHECRs

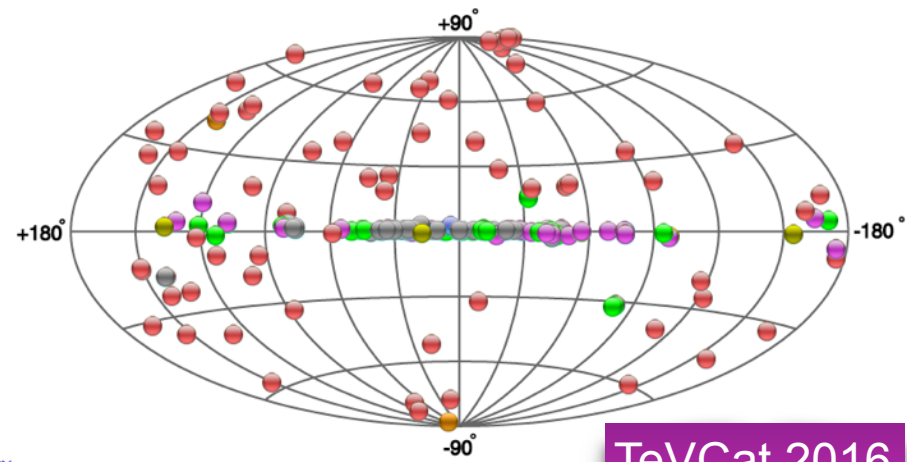
Auger/TA Coll. 2015



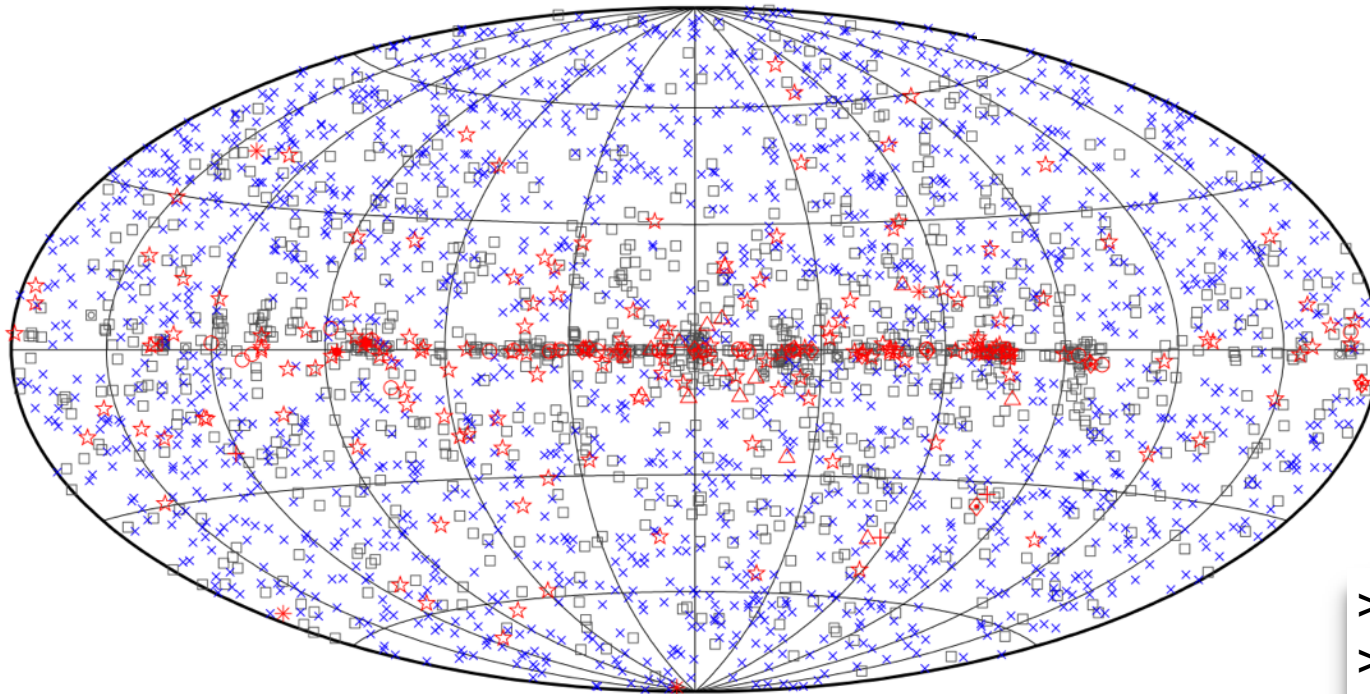
- $E > 10^{19}$ eV
- only dipole term significant
- nearby (extragalactic) sources?
but: no short-scale structure,
no clustering w.r.t. extragal. sources

CR SOURCES

GeV/TeV catalogues



TeVCat 2016

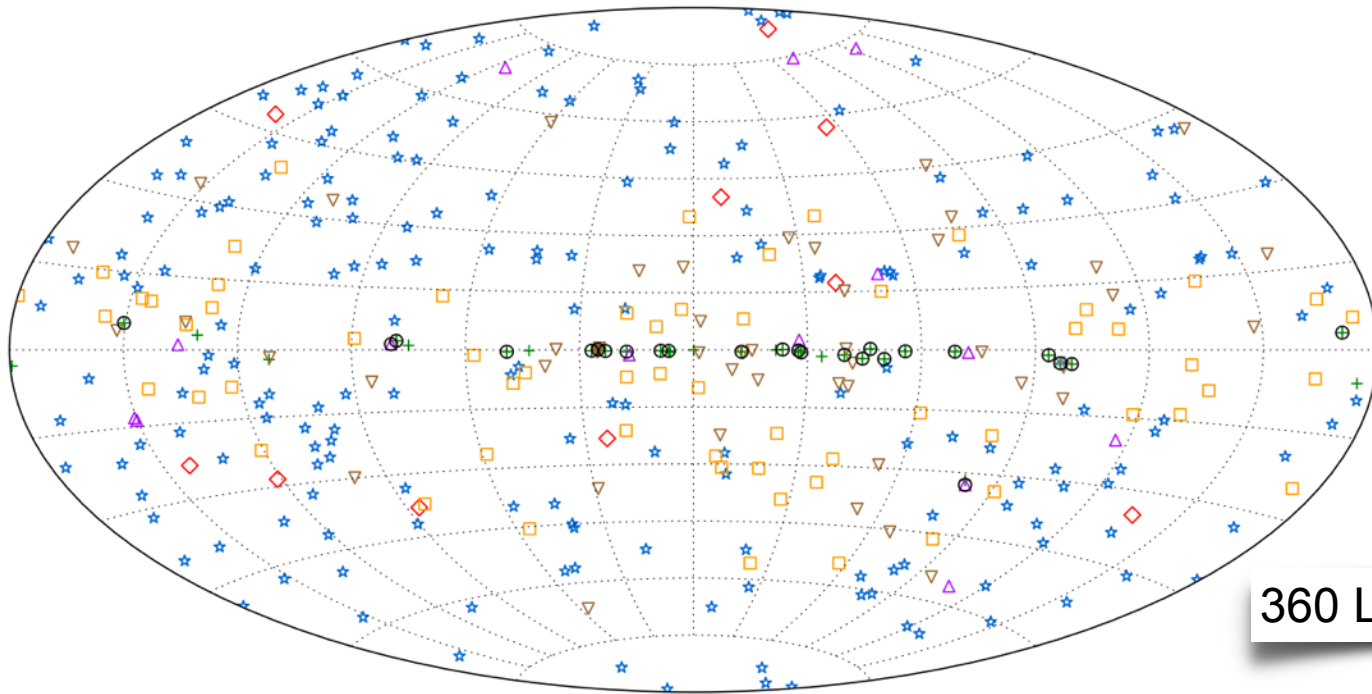
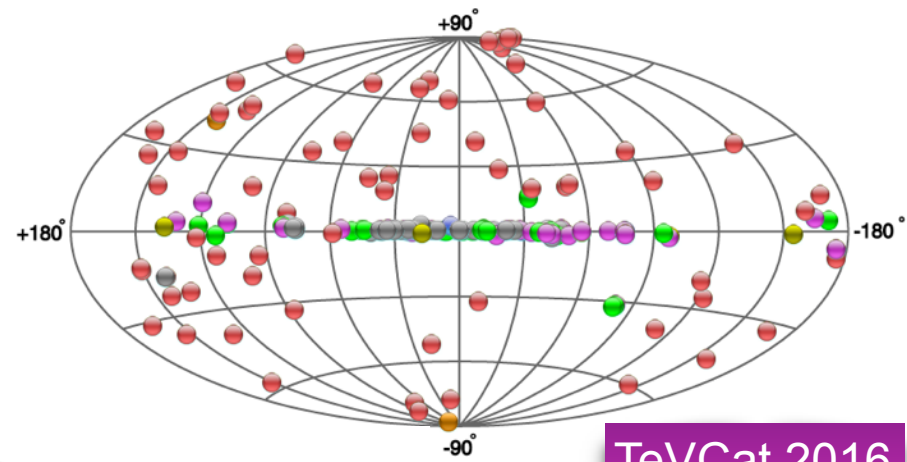


> 3000 GeV sources
> 170 TeV sources

□ No association	▣ Possible association with SNR or PWN	× AGN
☆ Pulsar	△ Globular cluster	◇ PWN
⊠ Binary	+ Galaxy	○ SNR
★ Star-forming region	★ Starburst Galaxy	★ Nova

3FL: Fermi-LAT Coll. 2015

GeV/TeV catalogues

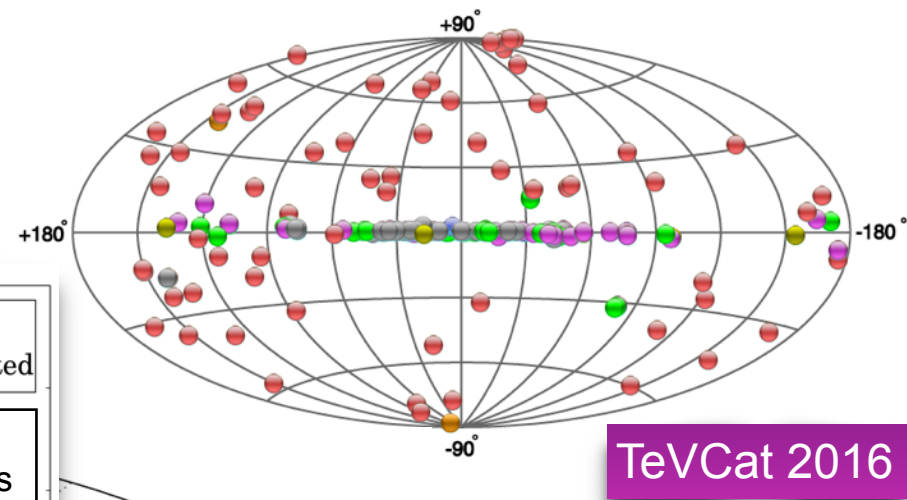
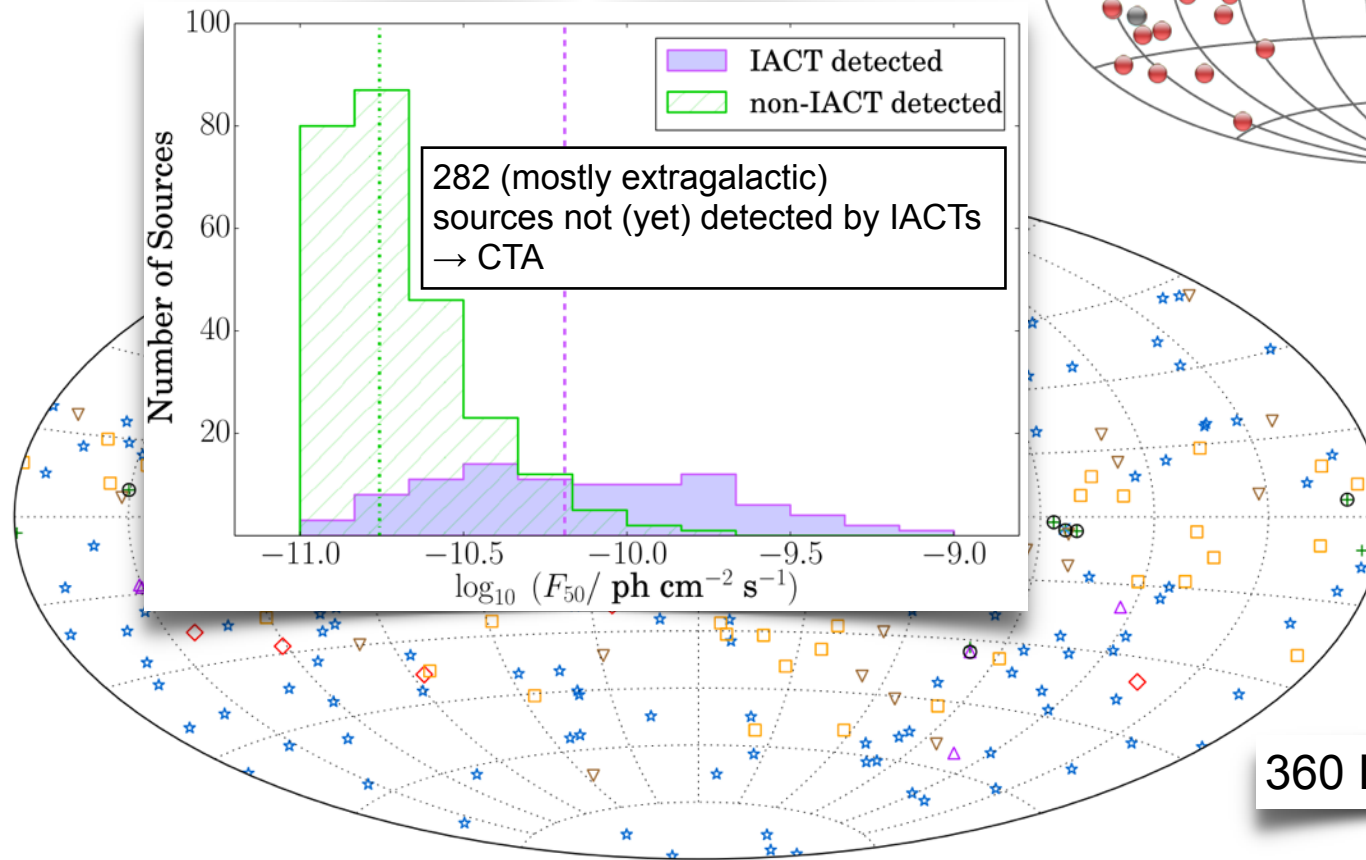


360 LAT sources > 50 GeV

+	SNRs and PWNe	*	BL Lacs	□	Unc. Blazars	▽	Unassociated
×	Pulsars	◇	FSRQs	△	Others	○	Extended

2FHL: Fermi-LAT Coll. 2016

GeV/TeV catalogues



+	SNRs and PWNe	*	BL Lacs	□	Unc. Blazars	▽	Unassociated
×	Pulsars	◇	FSRQs	△	Others	○	Extended

2FHL: Fermi-LAT Coll. 2016

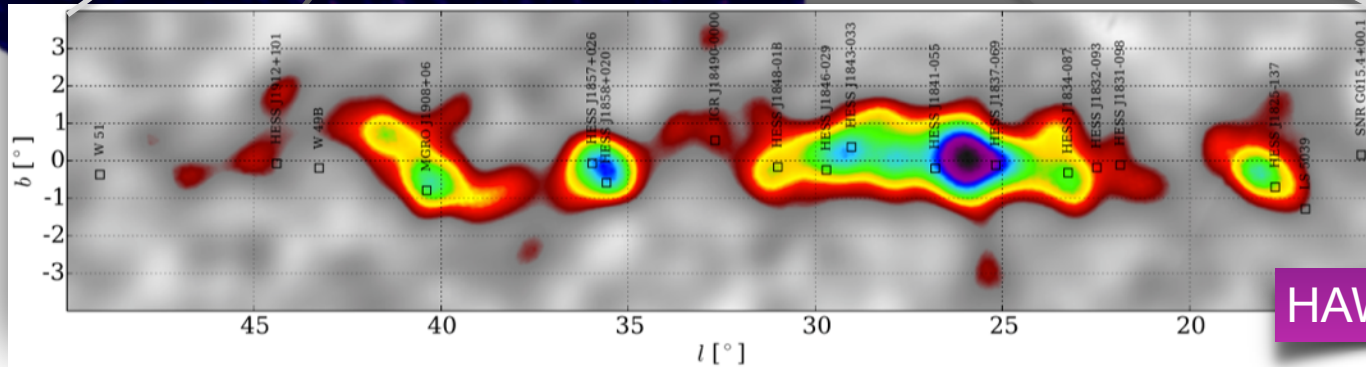
The HAWC's view: mapping the TeV sky

Pretz at al. 2015

180°

-180°

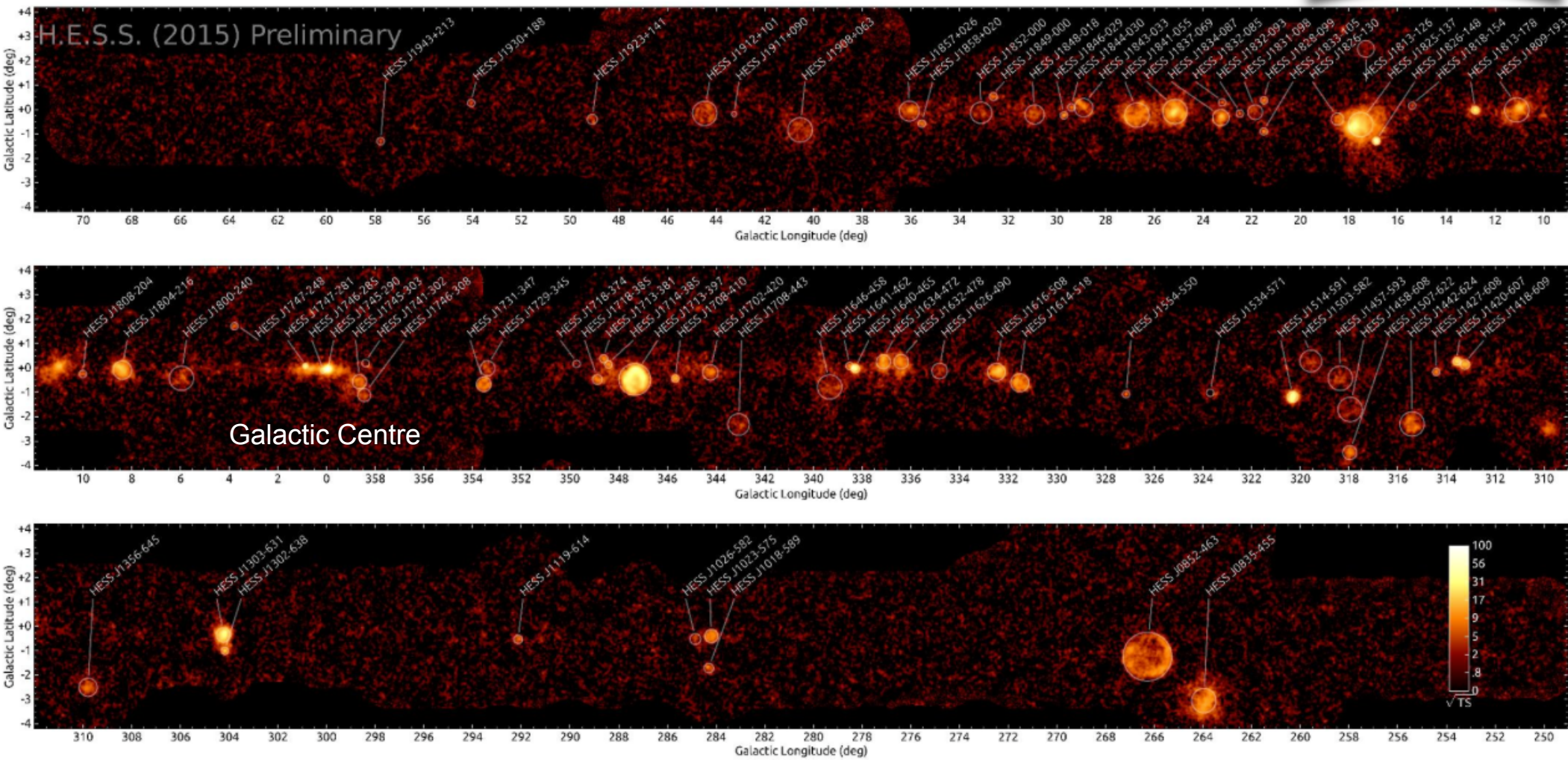
Galactic Centre



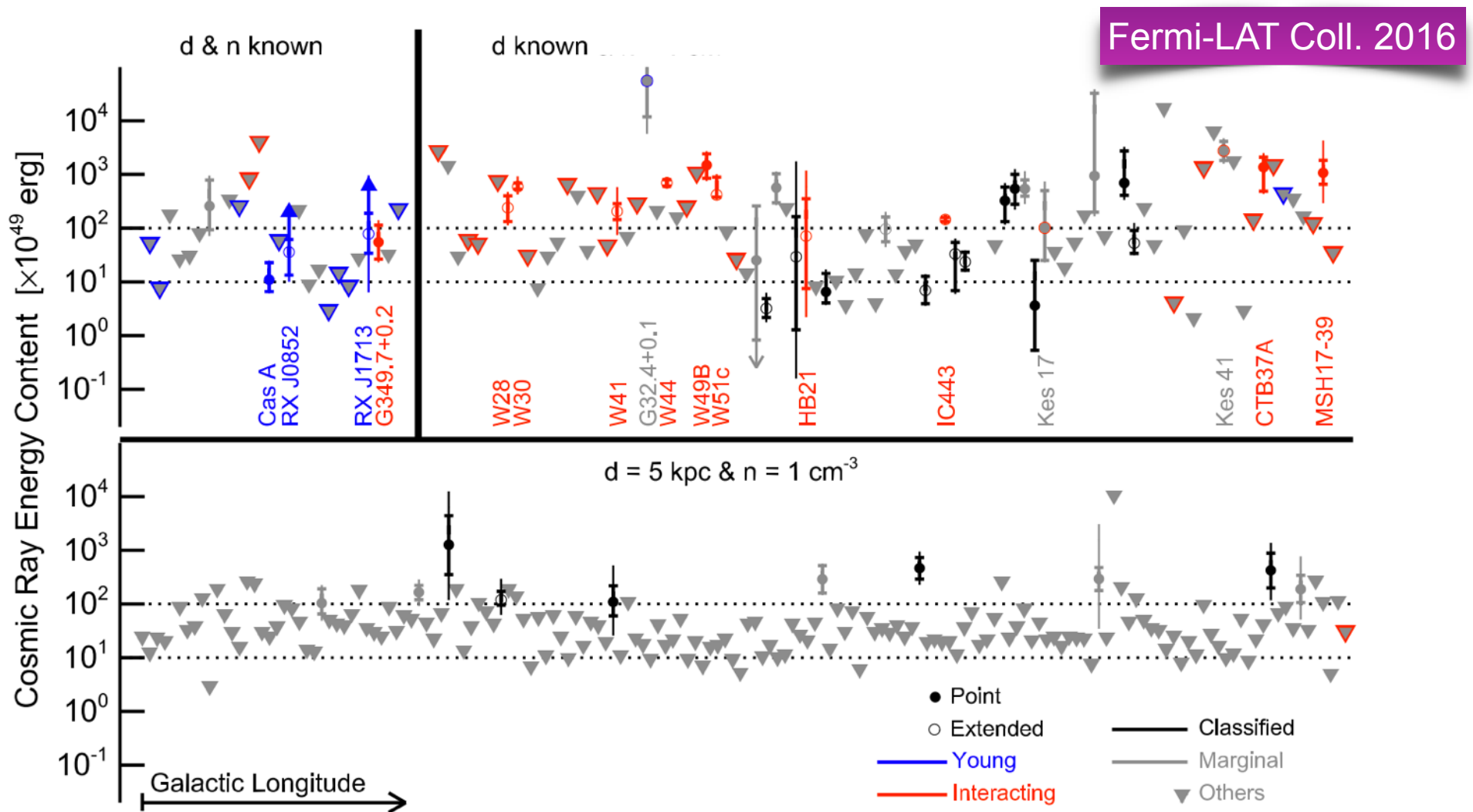
HAWC Coll. 2016

The H.E.S.S. Inner Galaxy Survey

Deil et al. 2015

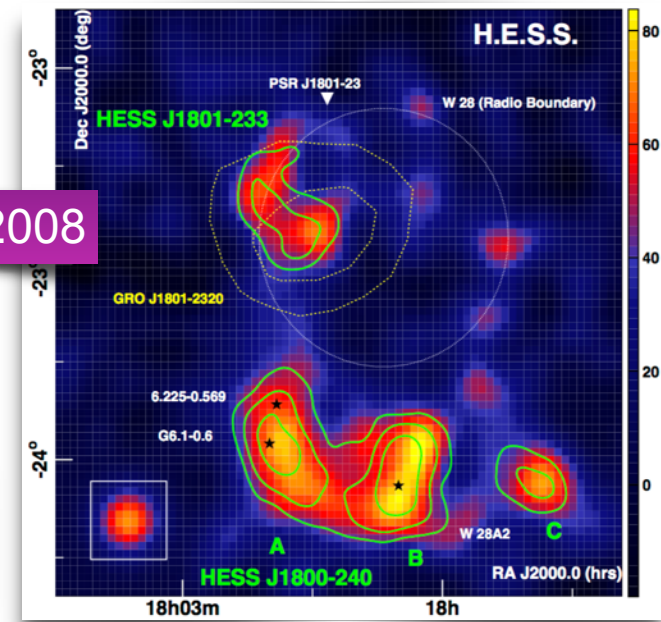


Fermi-LAT SNRs: limits on CR efficiency

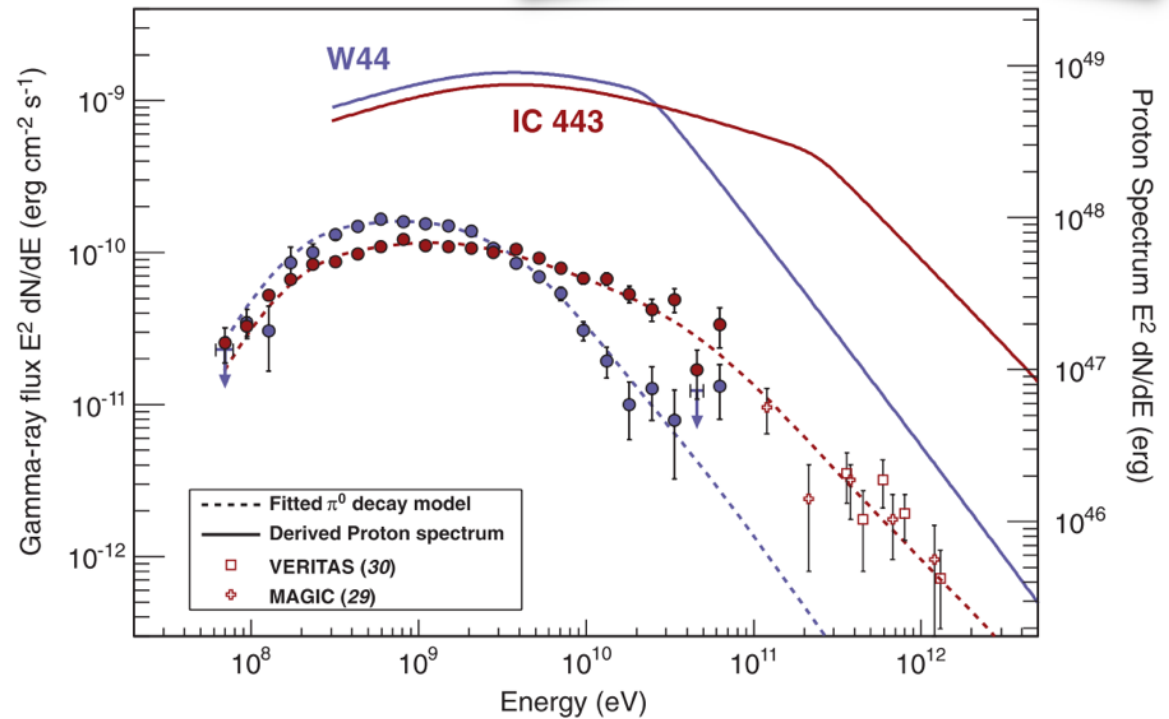
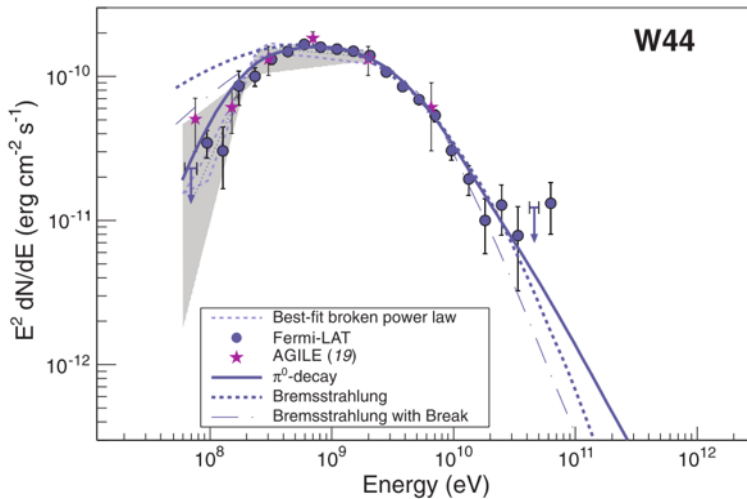
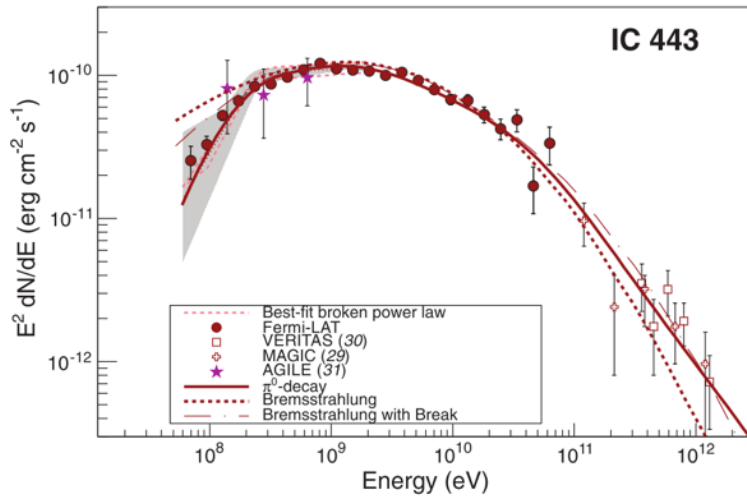


Some SNRs accelerate protons...

H.E.S.S. Coll. 2008

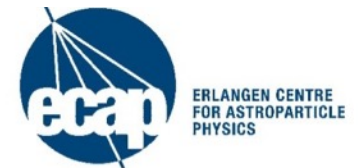


- cloud interaction
- pion decay signature

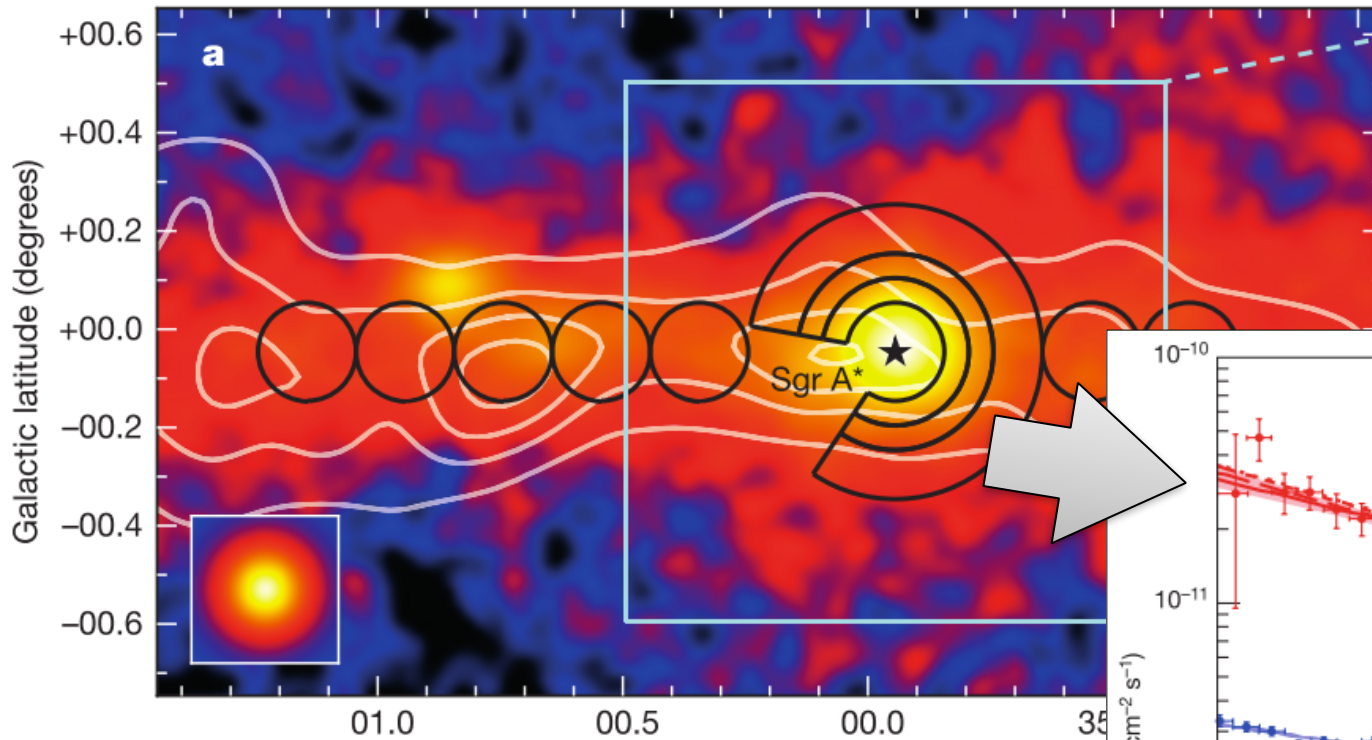


Fermi-LAT Coll. 2013

... but are too old to be PeVatrons.

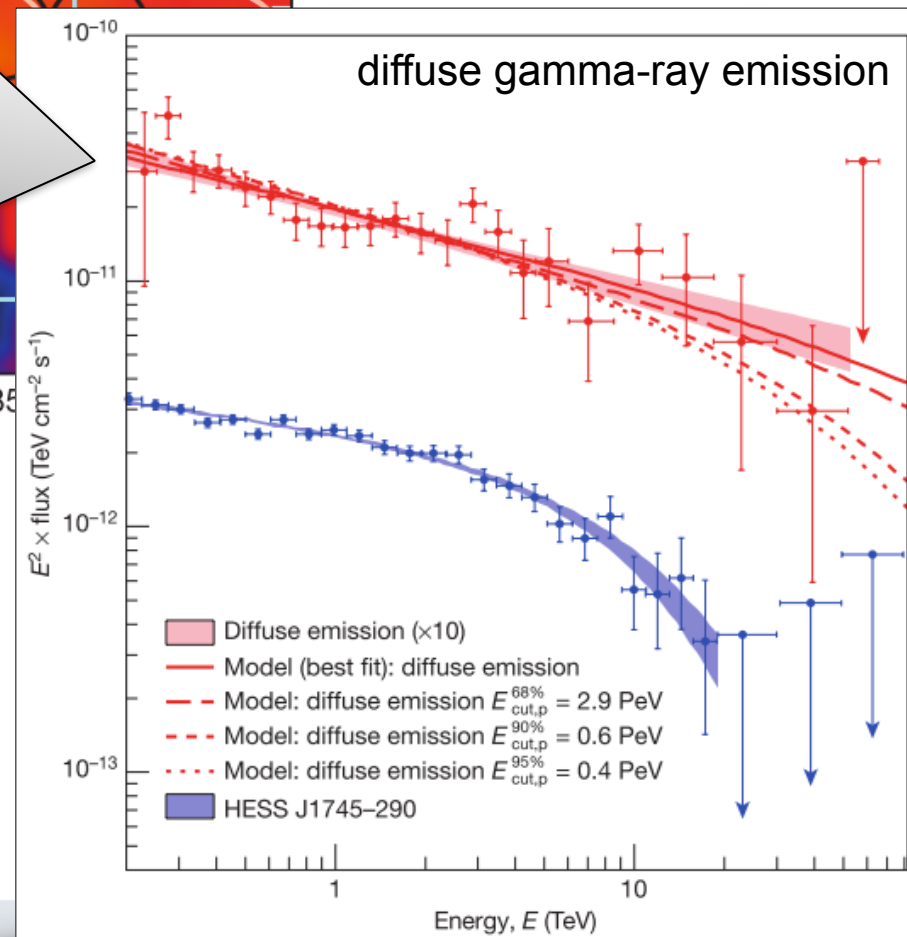


The Galactic Centre: a PeVatron!

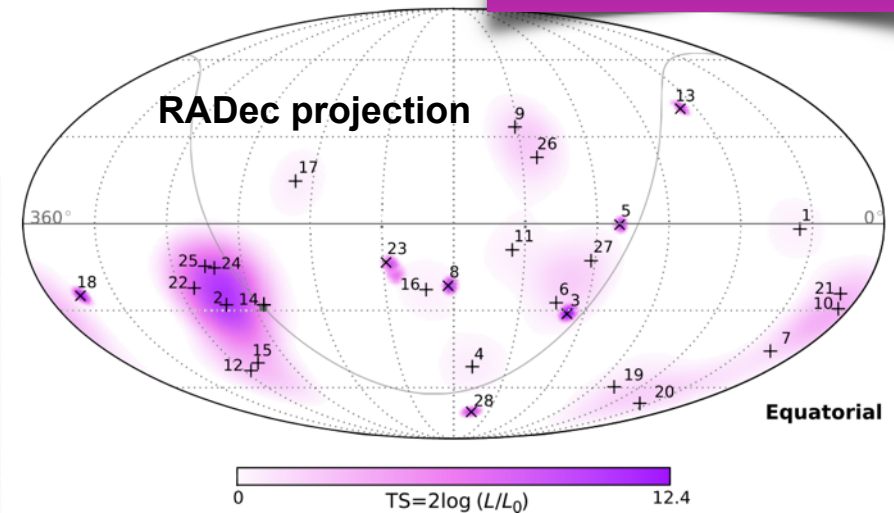
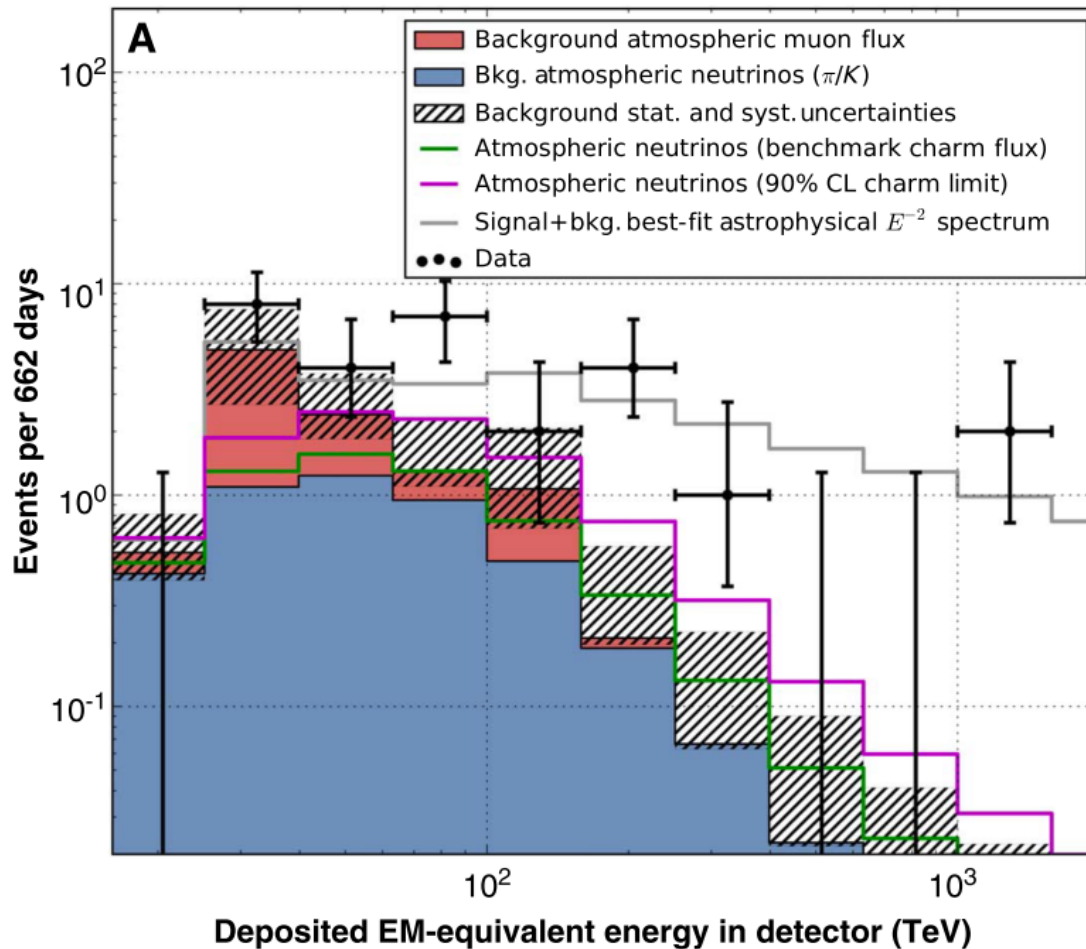


H.E.S.S. Coll. 2016

- strong correlation with molecular clouds
- gamma rays with $E > 50$ TeV, no cutoff
→ proton acceleration up to the CR knee!
- actual accelerator? Less clear.

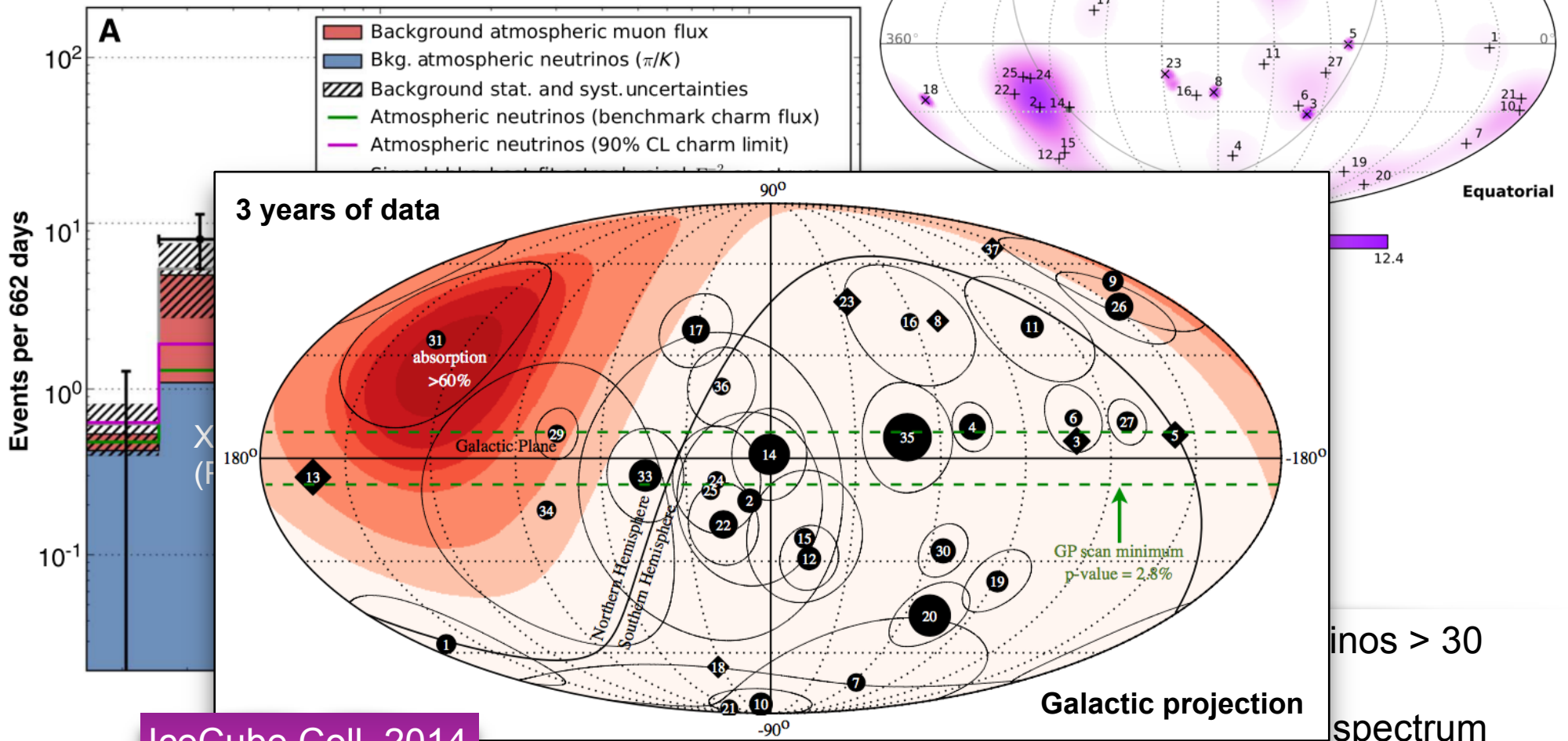


Astrophysical neutrinos



- 28 non-terrestrial neutrinos > 30 TeV, 2 above 1 PeV
- flux consistent with E^{-2} spectrum and equal-flavour composition
- no significant event clustering (yet)

Astrophysical neutrinos



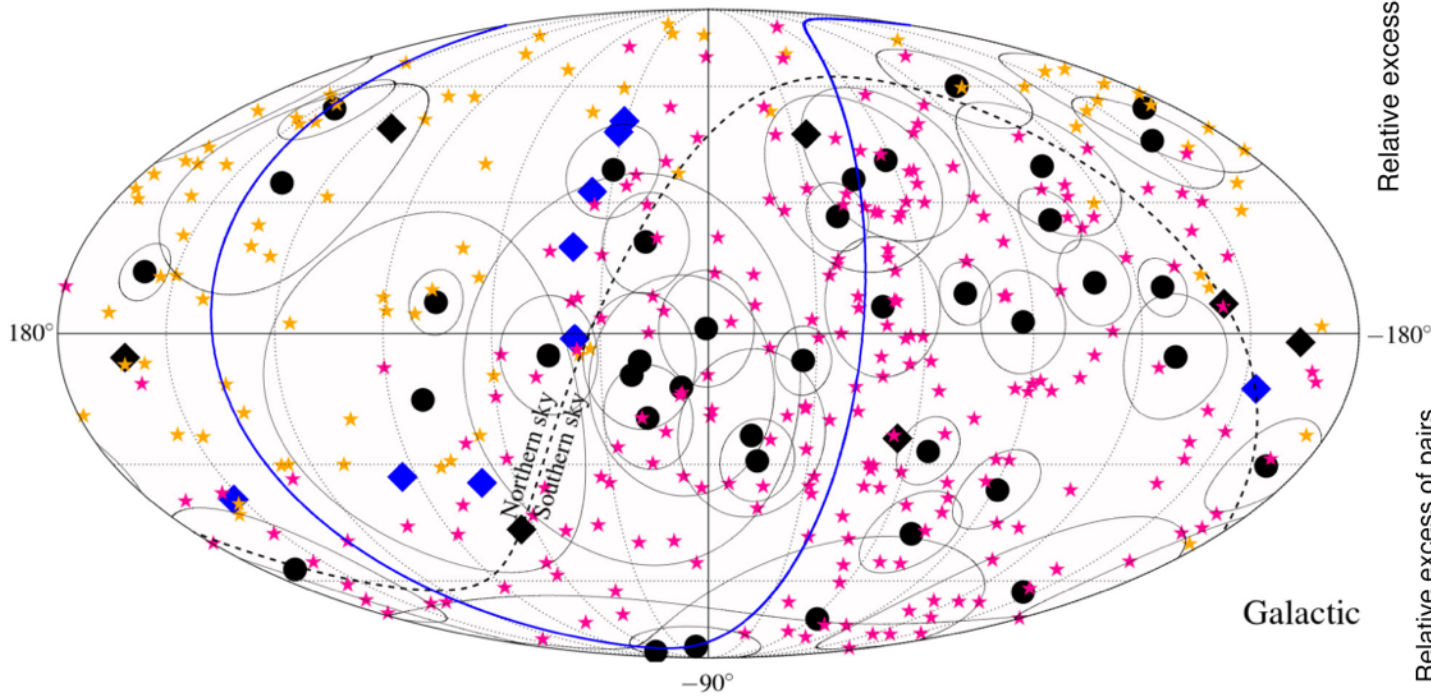
IceCube Coll. 2014

Ahlers 2015

and equal-flavour composition

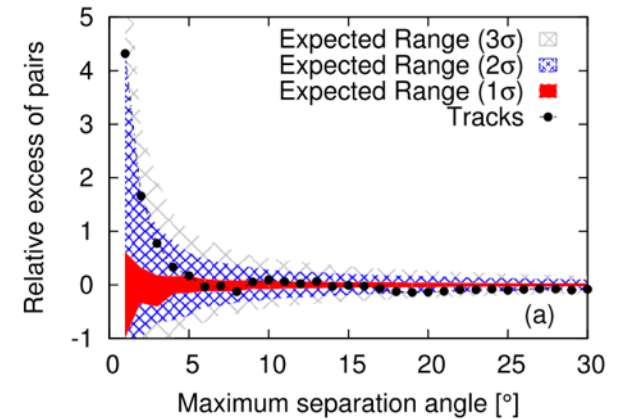
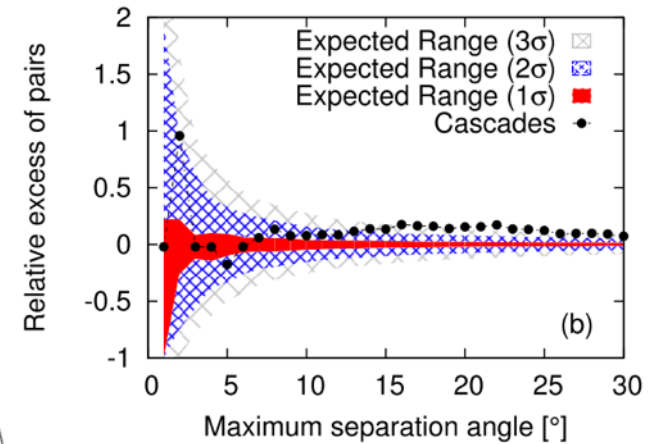
- no significant event clustering (yet)

Astrophysical neutrinos: correlation with UHECRs?

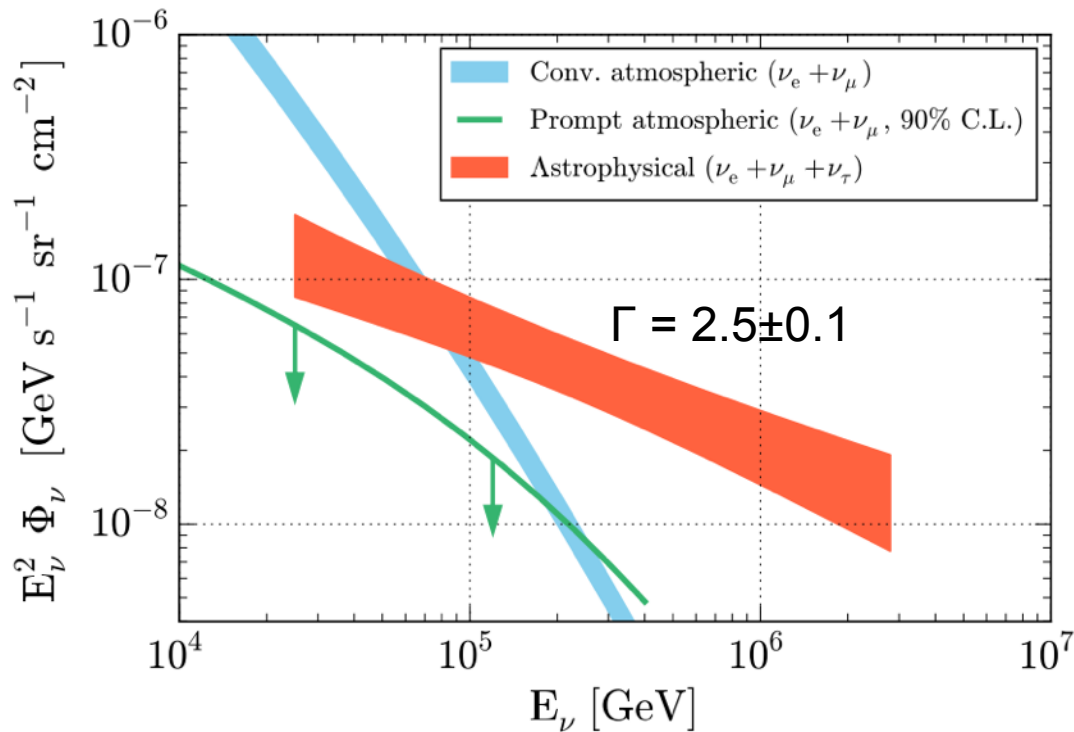


Auger Coll, TA Coll., IceCube Coll. 2016

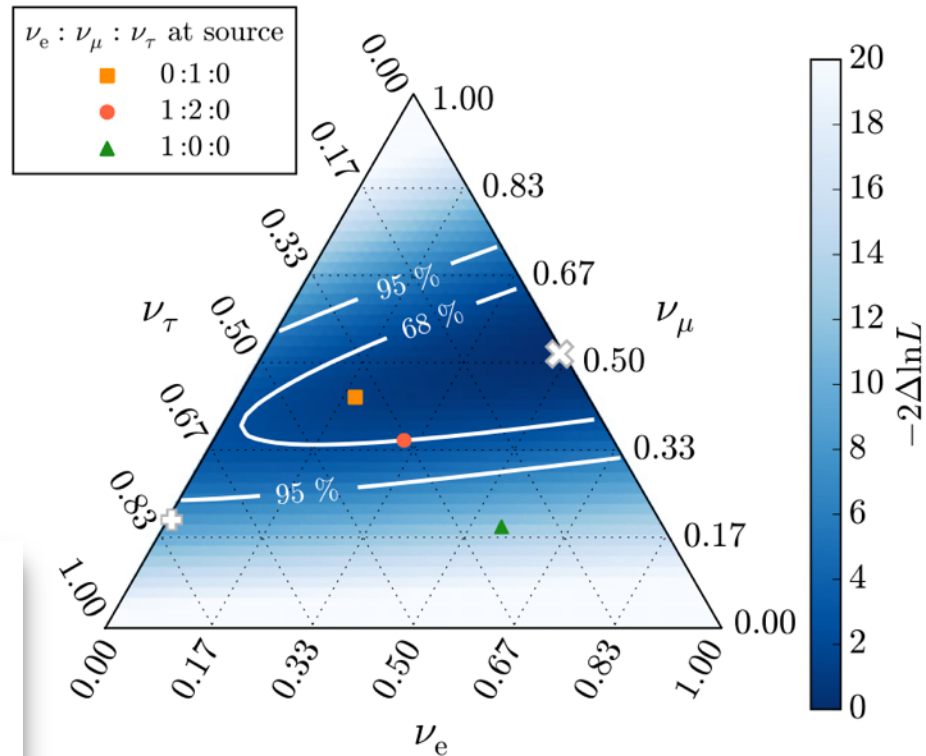
- no indication of correlation between IceCube > 30 TeV neutrinos and $> 5 \times 10^{19}$ eV UHECRs
- nearby UHECR vs. far-away neutrino sources?
- PeV neutrino sources not UHECR sources?
- deflection time delays?



Astrophysical neutrinos: spectrum and composition

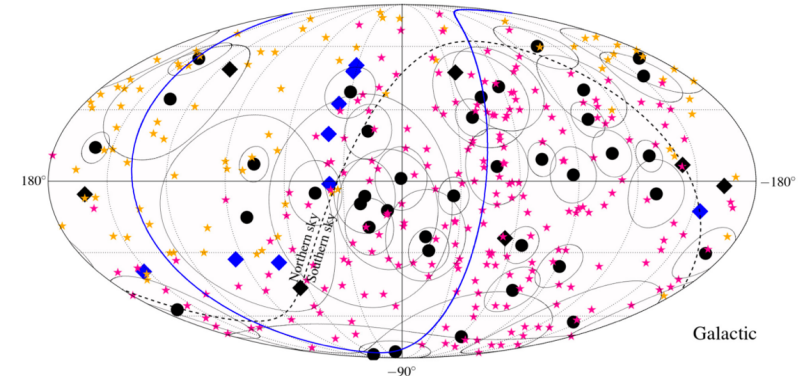
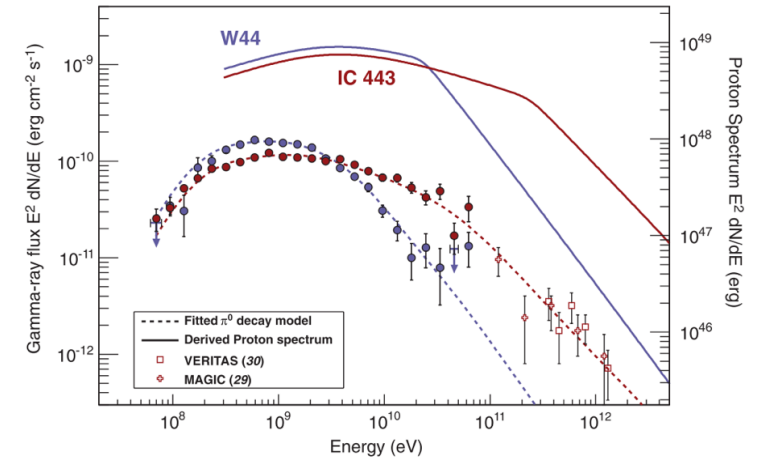
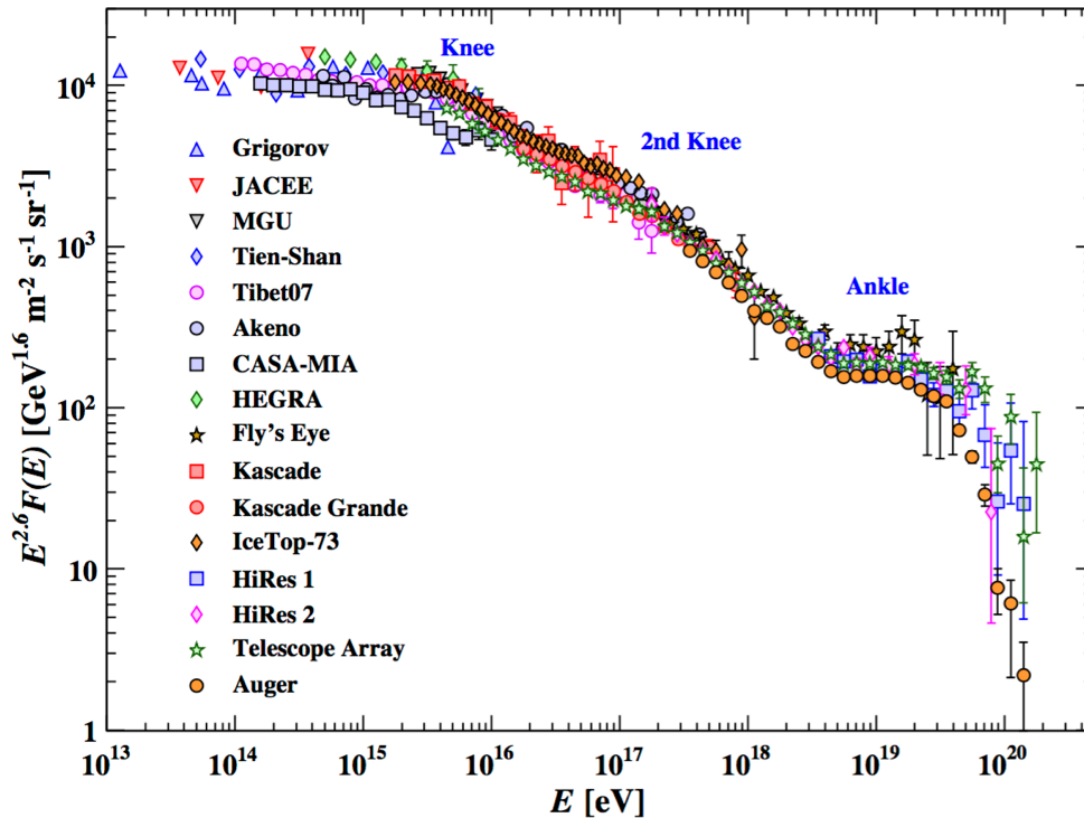


IceCube Coll. 2015



- most-precise measurement of astrophysical neutrino spectrum
- conventional E^{-2} spectrum ruled out
- index of single power law spectrum at odds with extragalactic gamma-ray flux?
- best-fit at-earth composition in agreement with standard pion decay scenario

Summary on achievements



- Cosmic rays do indeed exist.
- Knee, ankle and a few other details are the subject of intense interest at the moment.
- Have opened up new observational windows to the universe.
- More detailed measurements, more sensitive instruments to come.