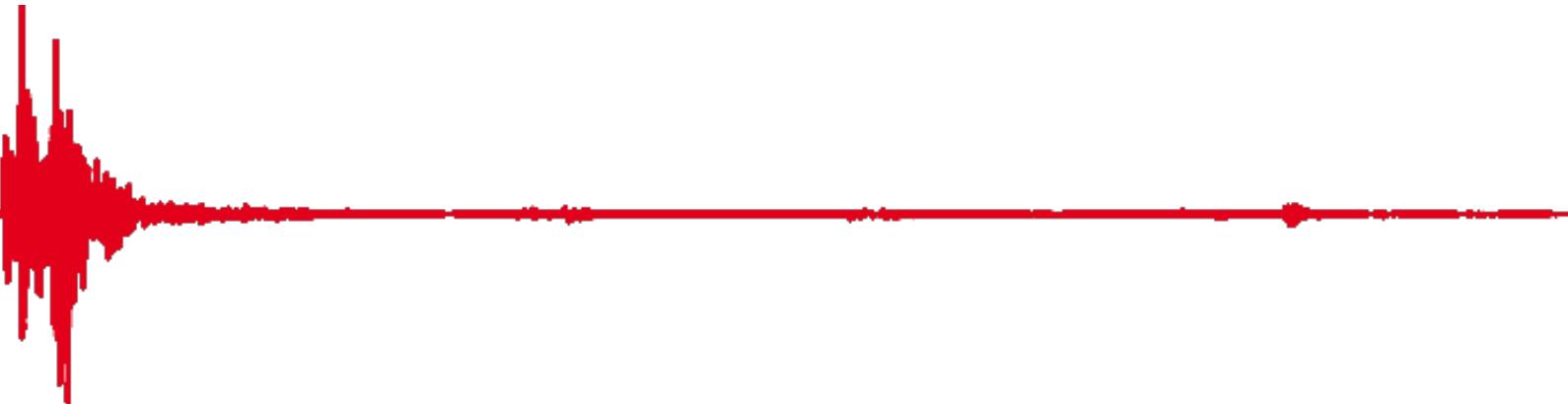


How can seismological observations inform us about physical processes across the scales?



**Prof. Dr. Céline Hadzioannou**

Institute for Geophysics, University of Hamburg

# What is Seismology?



Venezuela - 21.08.2018 (Magnitude 7.3)

# What is Seismology?



Japan - 11.03.2011 (Magnitude 9.1)

# What is Seismology?



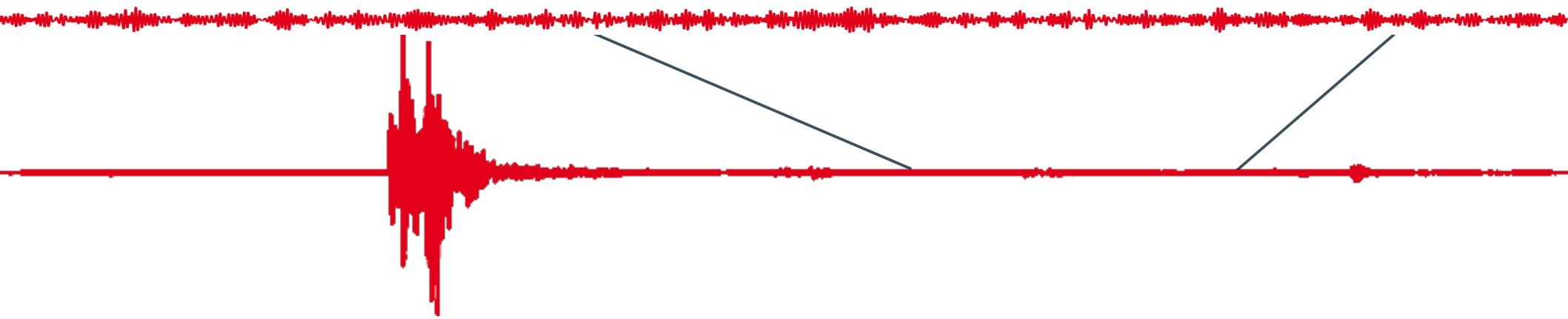
Italien – 23.08.2016 (Magnitude 6.2)

# What about seismology without the earthquakes?

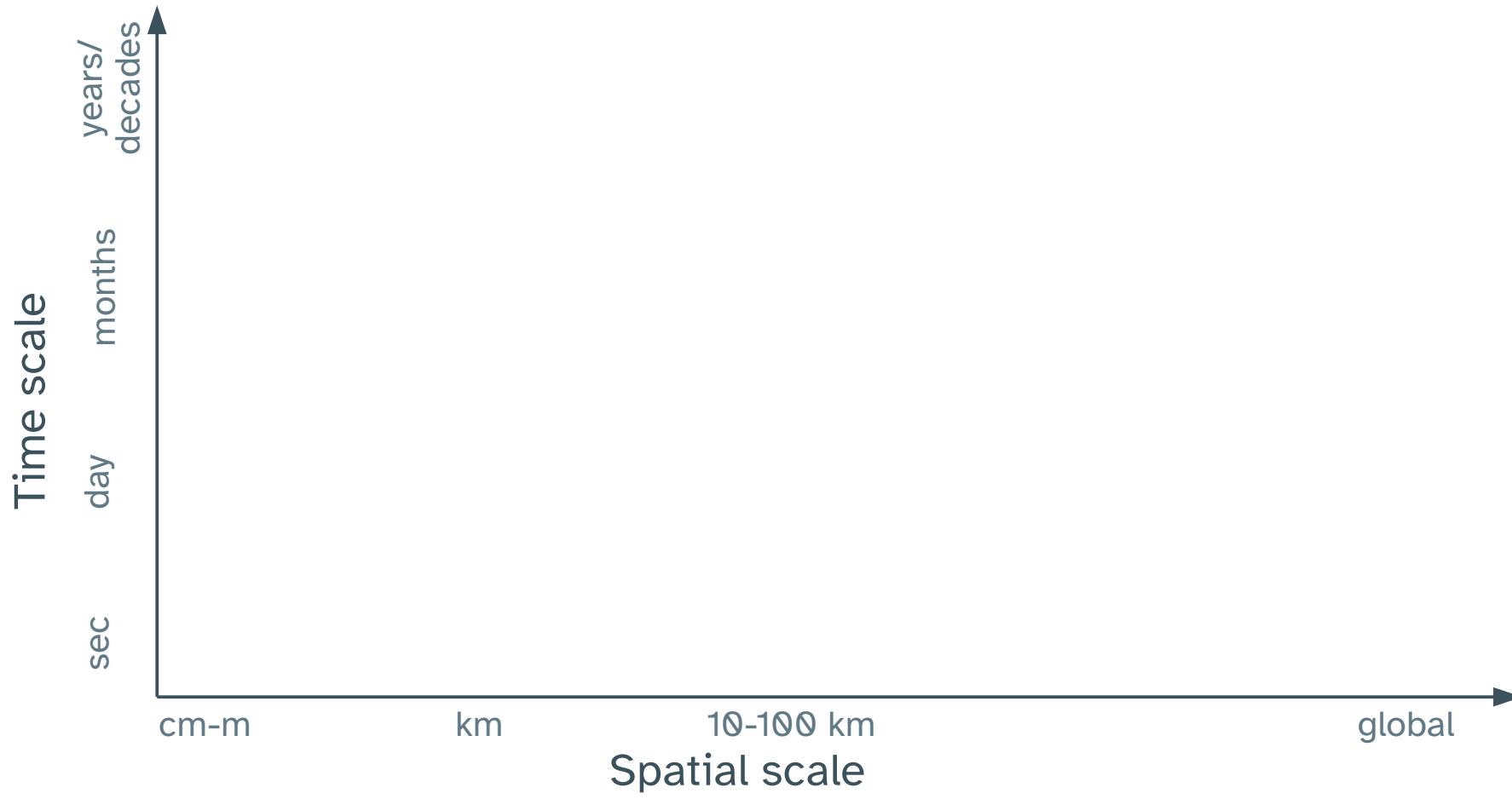


# What about seismology without the earthquakes?

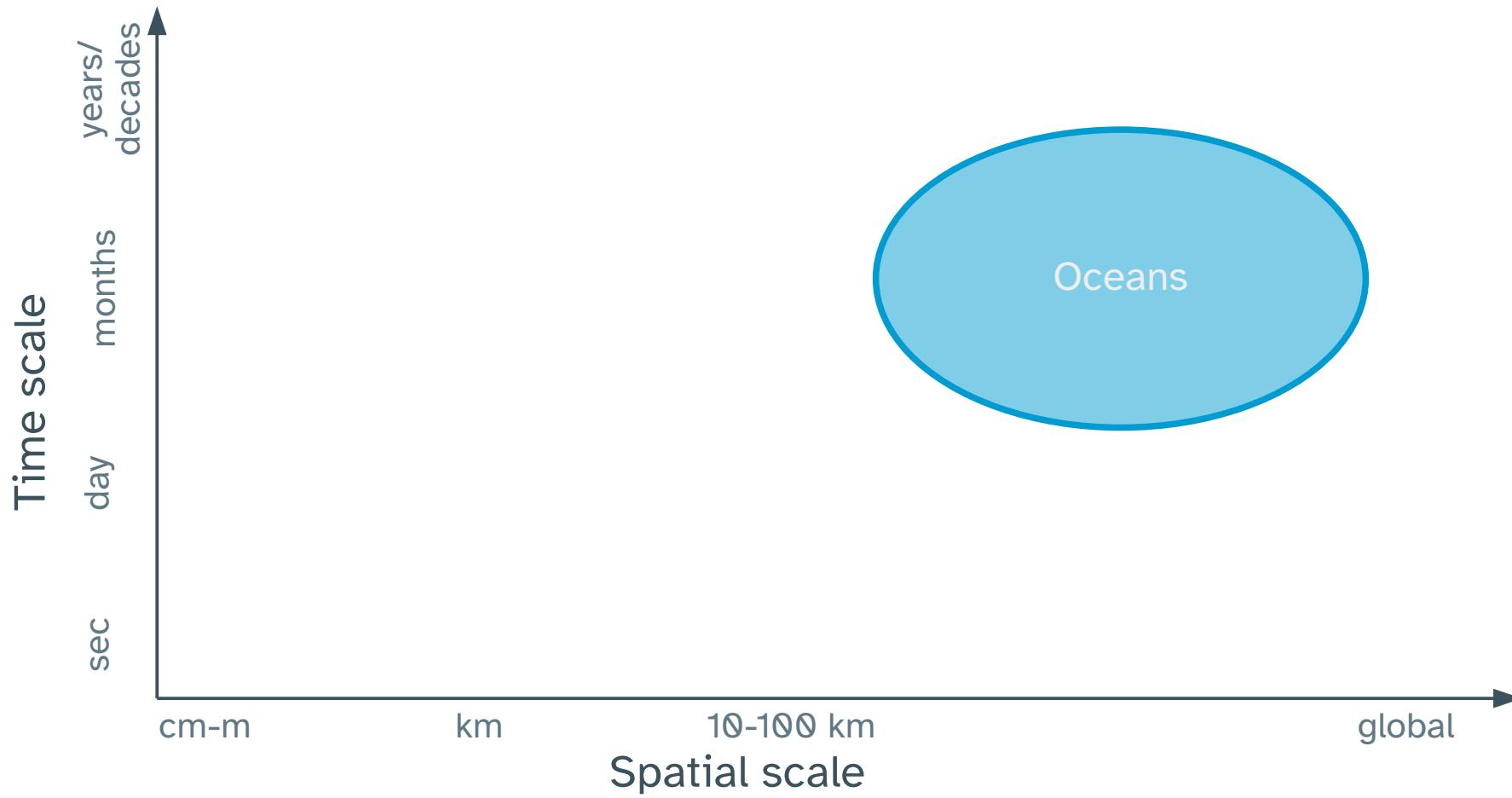
**ambient seismic noise**



# What can we learn about the Earth by **listening** to ambient seismic noise?



# What can we learn about the Earth by **listening** to ambient seismic noise?



# Beno Gutenberg's PhD thesis, 1911

1911  
DIE  
SEISMISCHE BODENUNRUHE

INAUGURAL-DISSE~~TATION~~

ZUR

ERLANGUNG DER DOKTORWÜRDE

ANGENOMMEN VON DER

HOHEN PHILOSOPHISCHEN FAKULTÄT

DER

GEORG-AUGUSTS-UNIVERSITÄT ZU GÖTTINGEN.

VON

BENO GUTENBERG

AUS DARMSTADT

MIDWEST INTER-LIBRARY CENTER

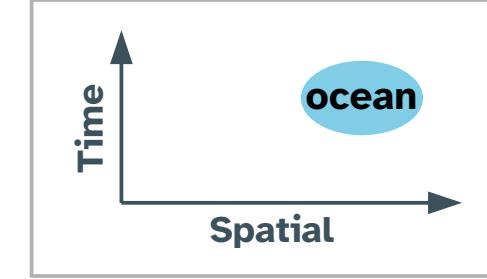
CATEGORY



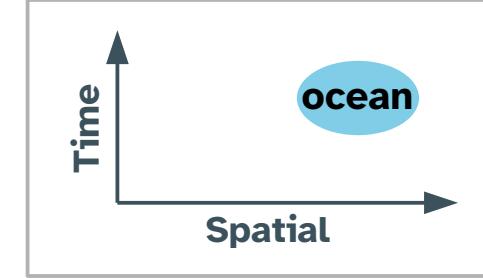
“Schon bald nach Einführung der Seismographen wurde man auf Bewegungen aufmerksam, die sich durch völlig andere Art und durch ihre längere Dauer von den Bewegungen bei den eigentlichen Erdbeben unterschieden, und die man als “Pulsationen” bezeichnete.”



# How is noise generated / where is it coming from?

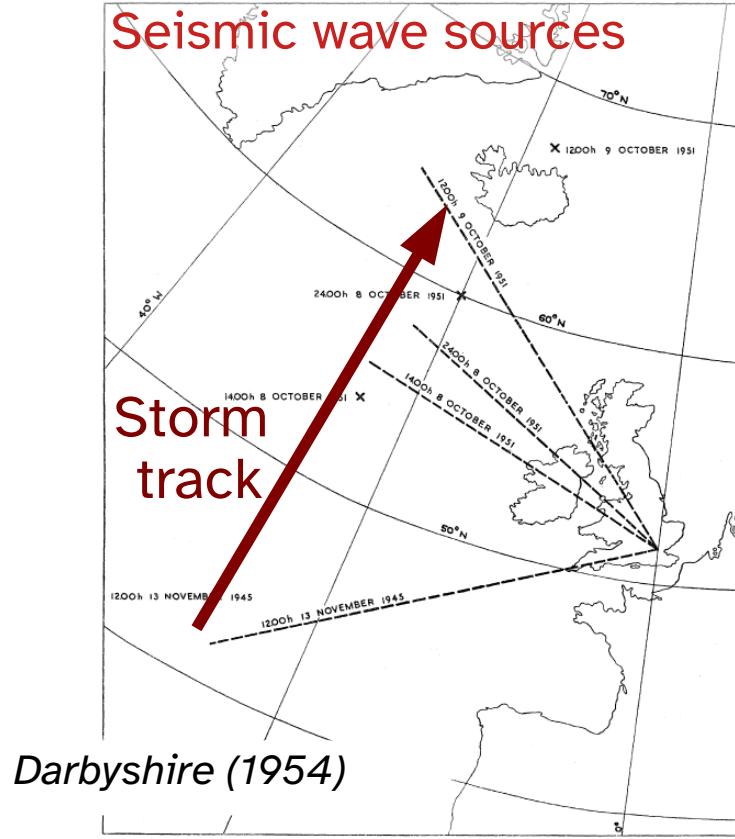


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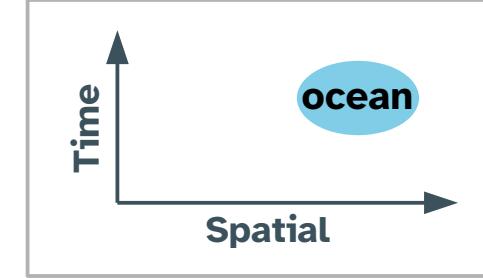


## Observations

### Seismic wave sources

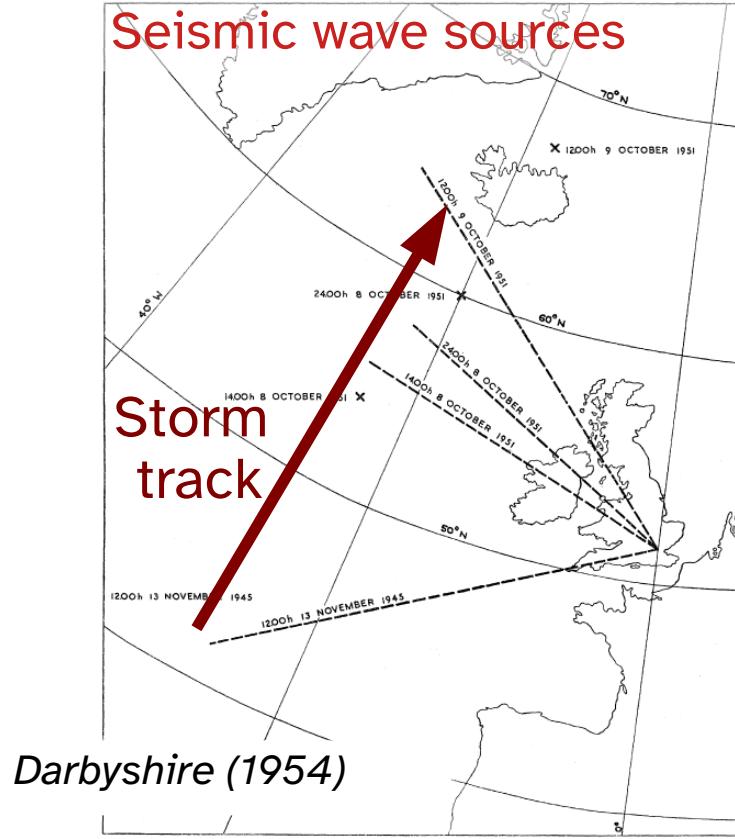


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## Observations

### Seismic wave sources

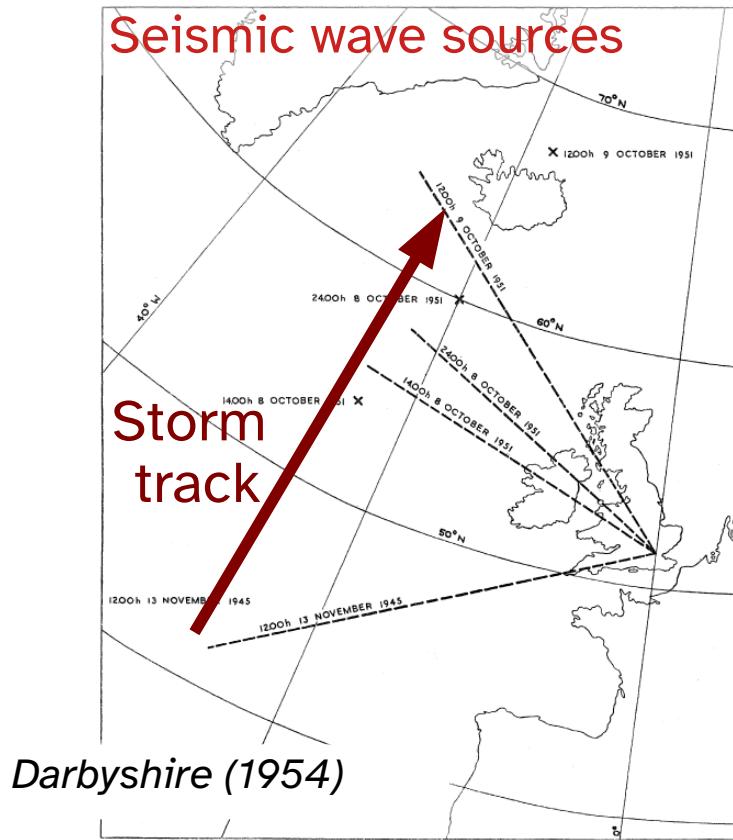


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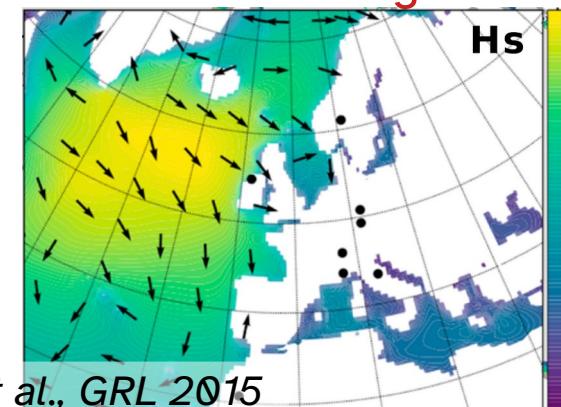


## Observations

### Seismic wave sources



## Satellite measurements Ocean wave height

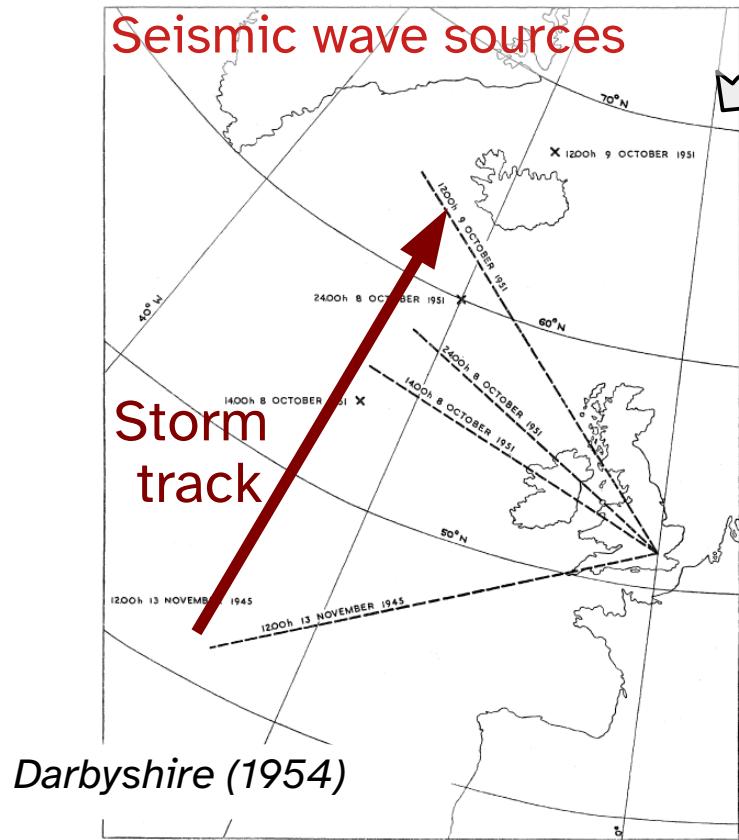


Ardhuin et al., GRL 2015

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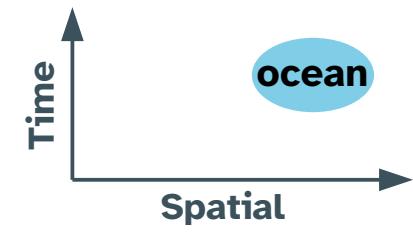
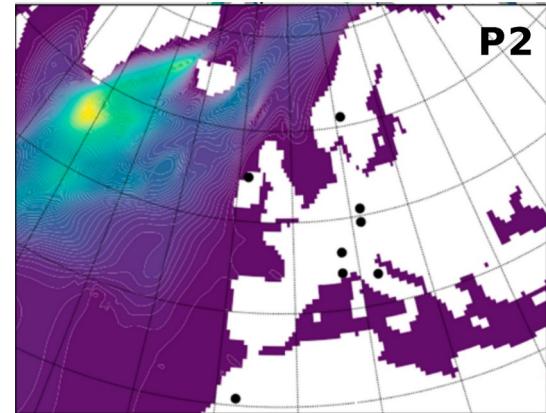
## Observations

### Seismic wave sources



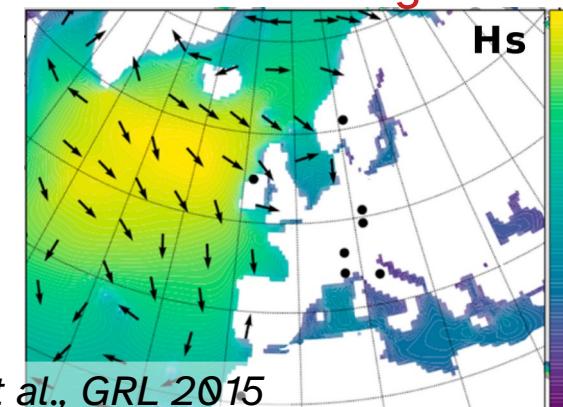
## Ocean models

### Seismic source term



## Satellite measurements

### Ocean wave height

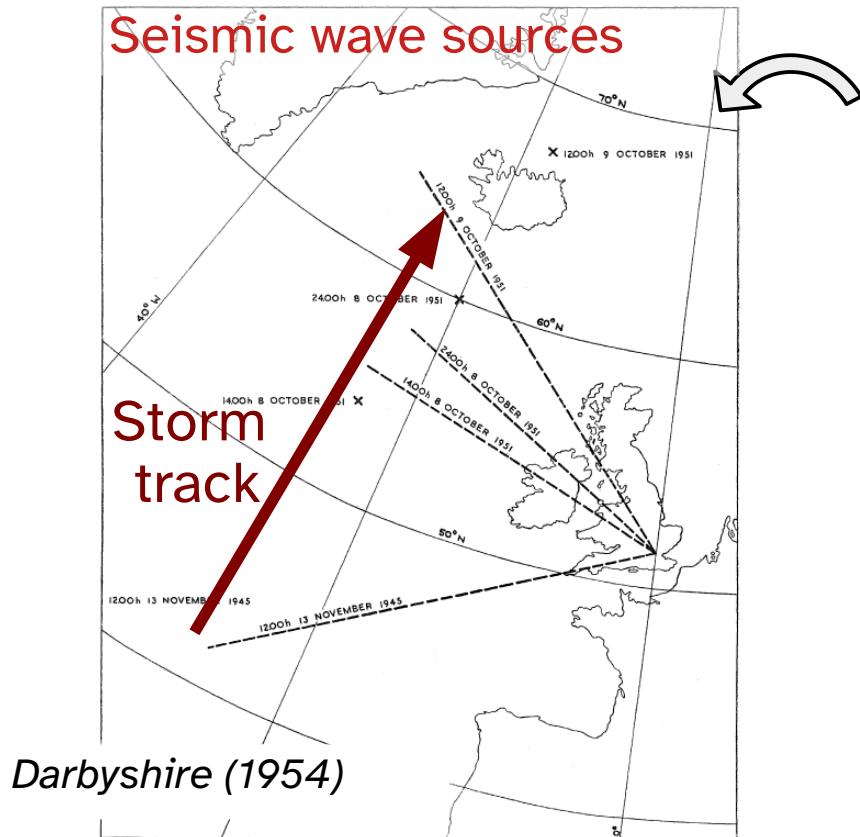


Ardhuin et al., GRL 2015

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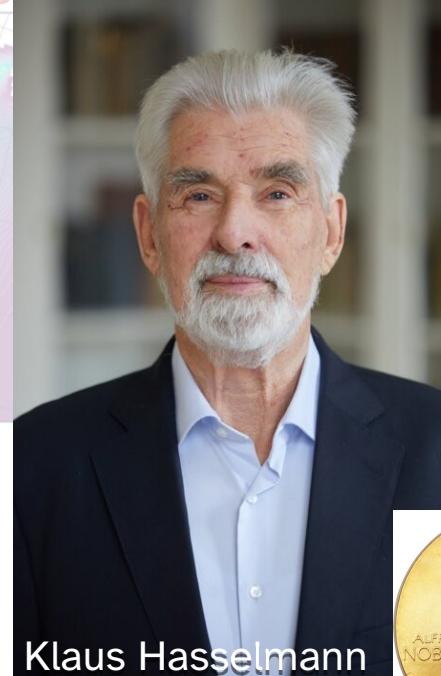
## Observations

### Seismic wave sources



Ocean models

Seismic source term



Measurements

height



MAY 1963

REVIEWS OF GEOPHYSICS

VOL. 1, No. 2

A Statistical Analysis of the Generation of Microseisms

K. HASSELMANN

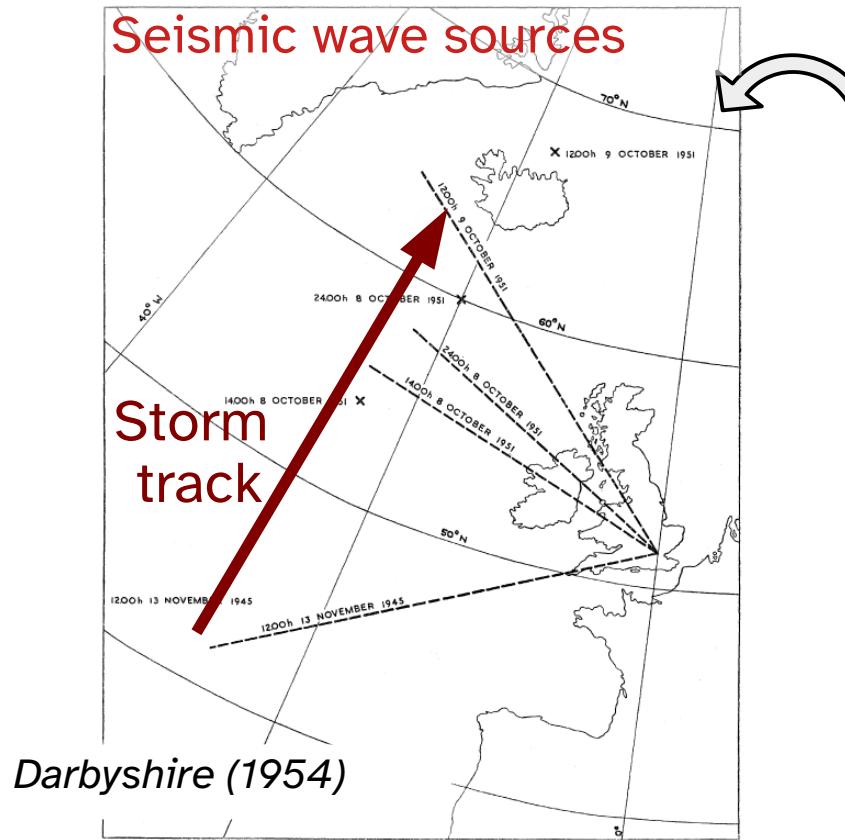
Ardhuin et al., GRL 2015



# How is noise generated / where is it coming from?

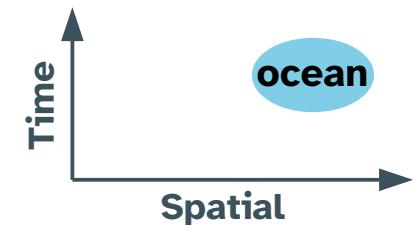
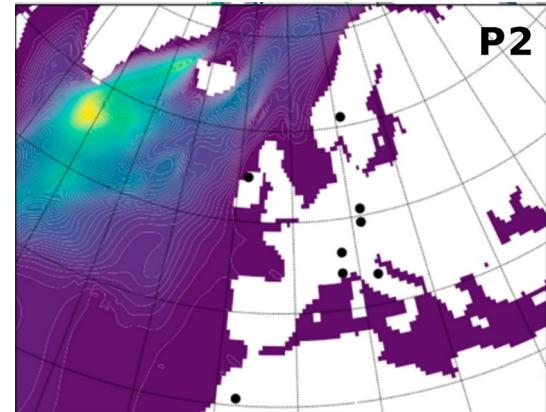
## Observations

### Seismic wave sources



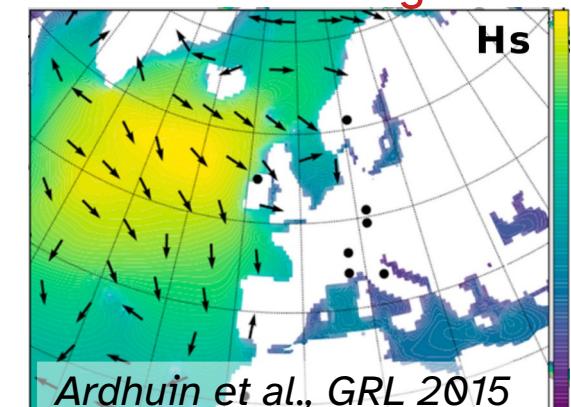
## Ocean models

### Seismic source term



## Satellite measurements

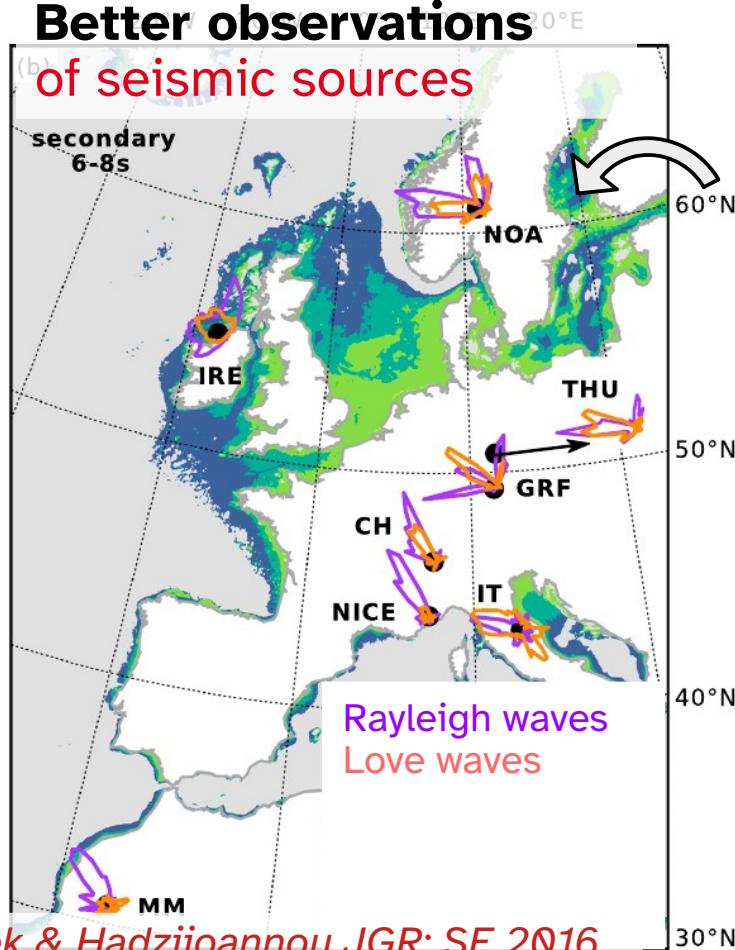
### Ocean wave height



Ardhuin et al., GRL 2015

# How is noise generated / where is it coming from?

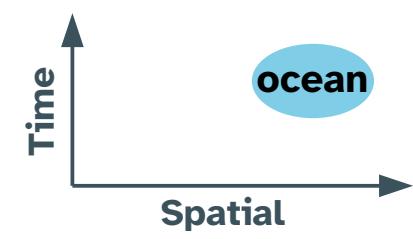
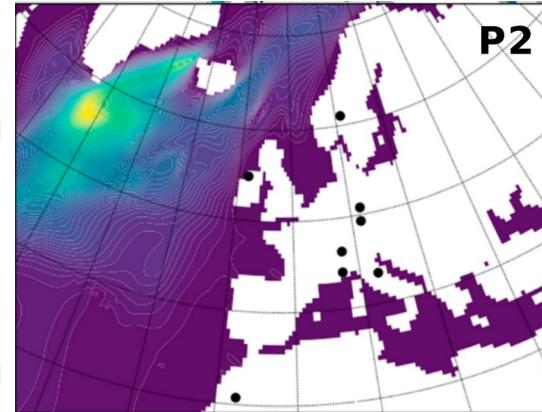
**Better observations  
of seismic sources**



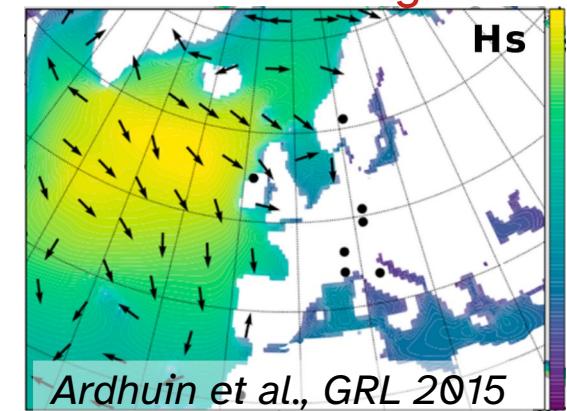
Juretzek & Hadzioannou JGR: SE 2016  
Juretzek & Hadzioannou GJI 2017

**Ocean models**

**Seismic source term**

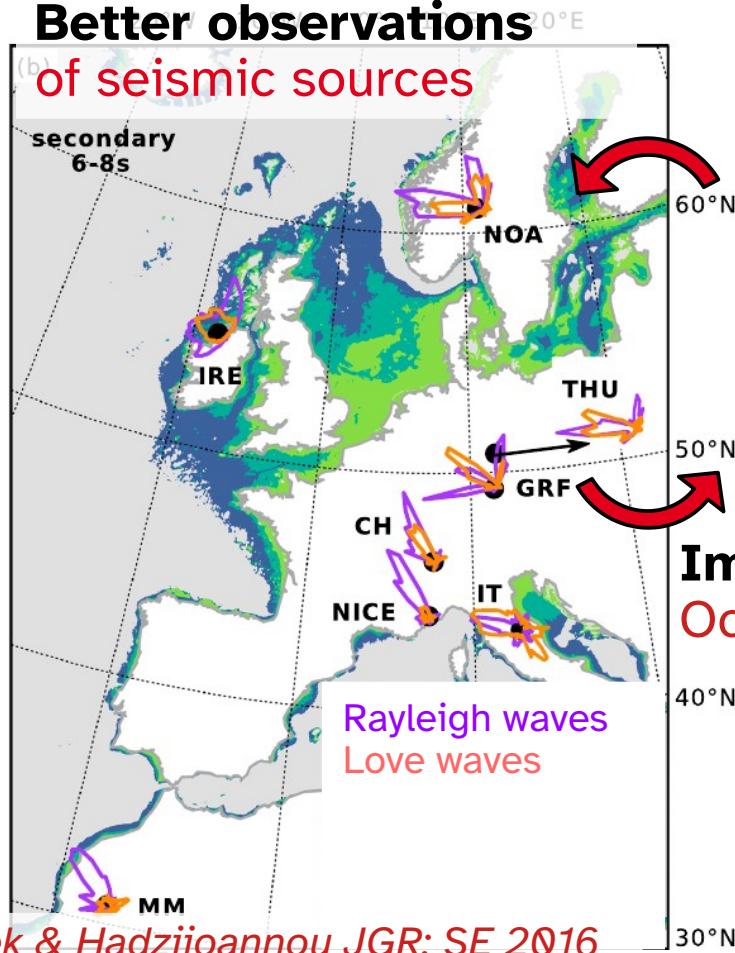


**Satellite measurements  
Ocean wave height**



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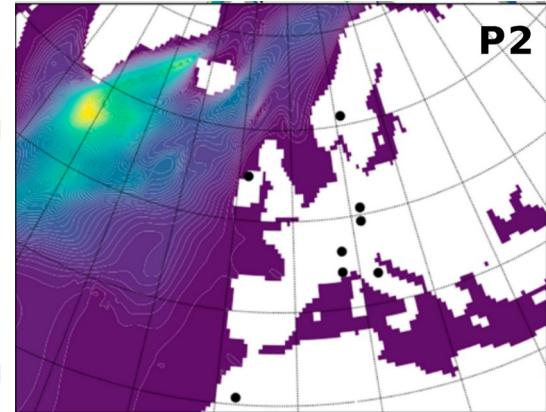
**Better observations  
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Juretzek & Hadzioannou JGR: SE 2016  
Juretzek & Hadzioannou GJI 2017

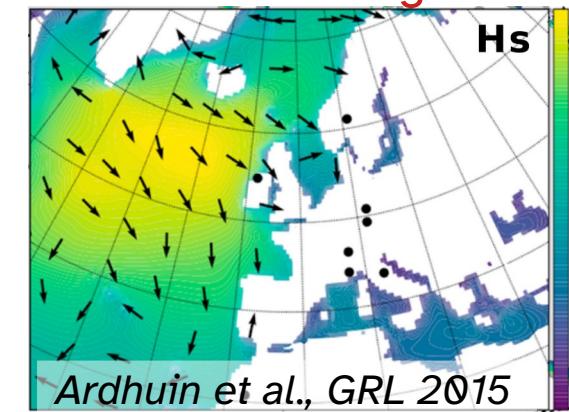
**Ocean models**

**Seismic source term**



**Improve  
Ocean models**

**Satellite measurements  
Ocean wave height**

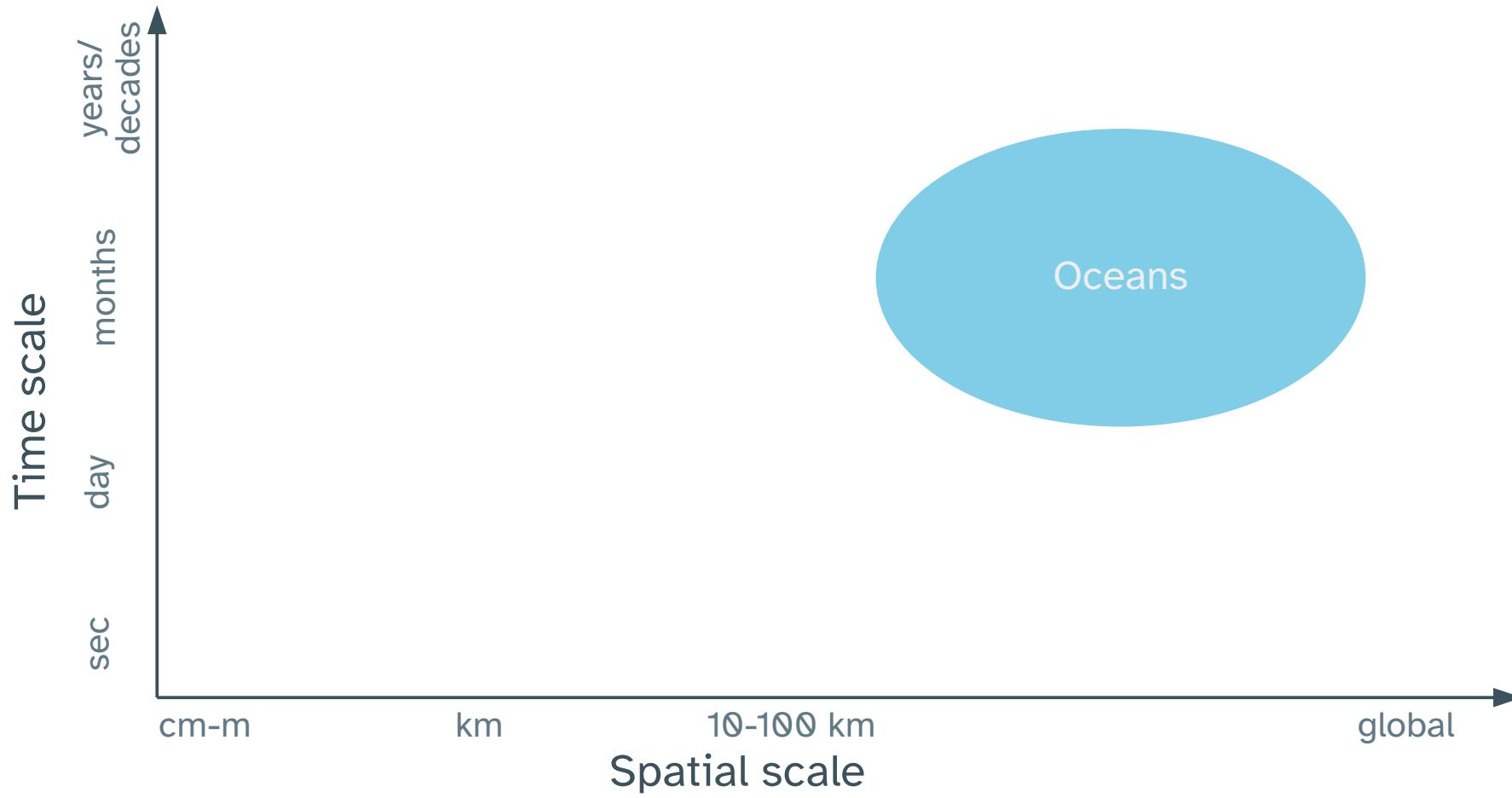


ocean

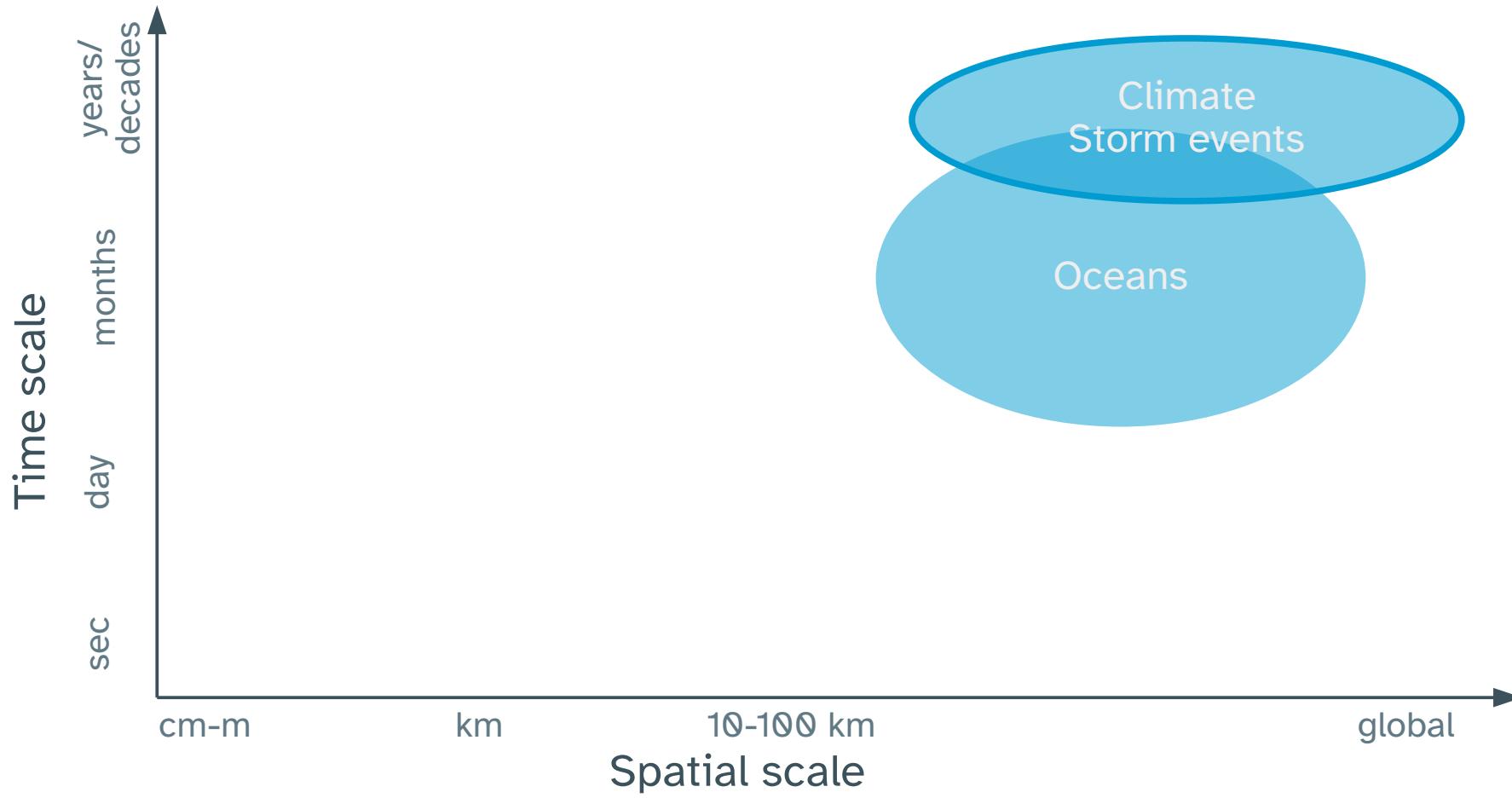
Time

Spatial

# What can we learn about the Earth by **listening** to ambient seismic noise?



# What can we learn about the Earth by **listening** to ambient seismic noise?



# Tracking Storm events → climate change

## Observations

Seismic wave sources



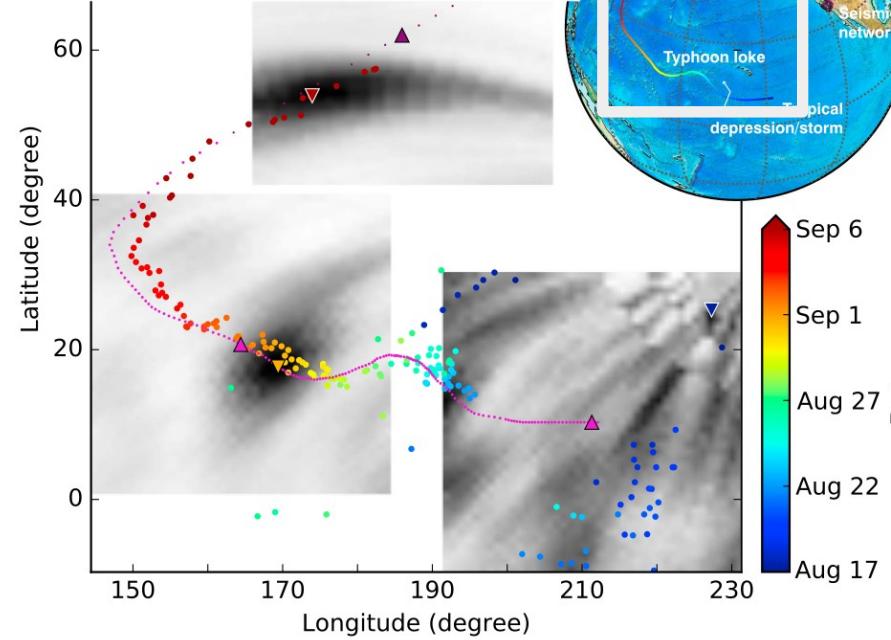
# Tracking Storm events → climate change

## Observations

### Seismic wave sources



### Seismic waves from Typhoon Ioke (2006)



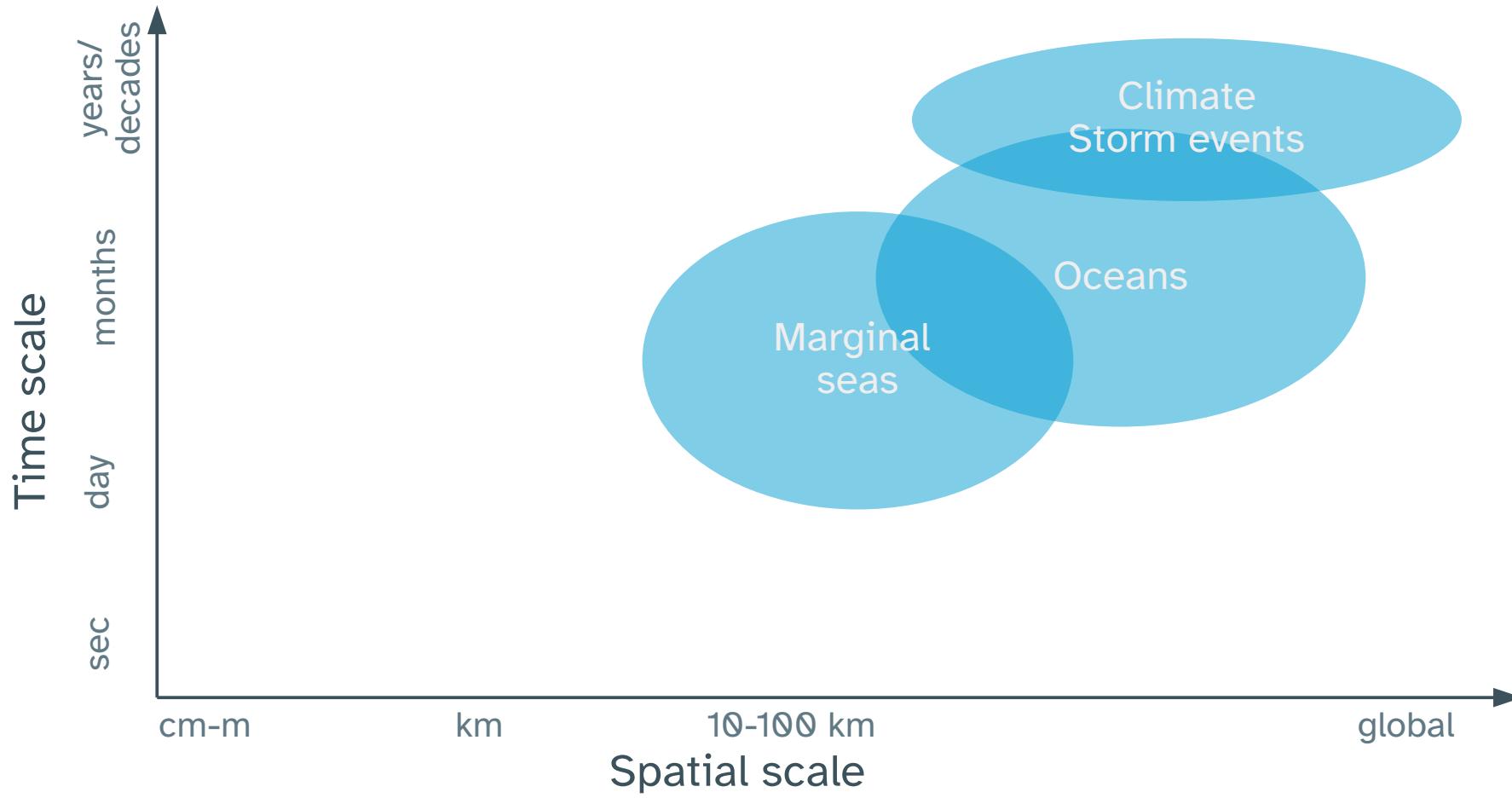
Pink: Typhoon track from satellite

Grey: backprojection seismic signals

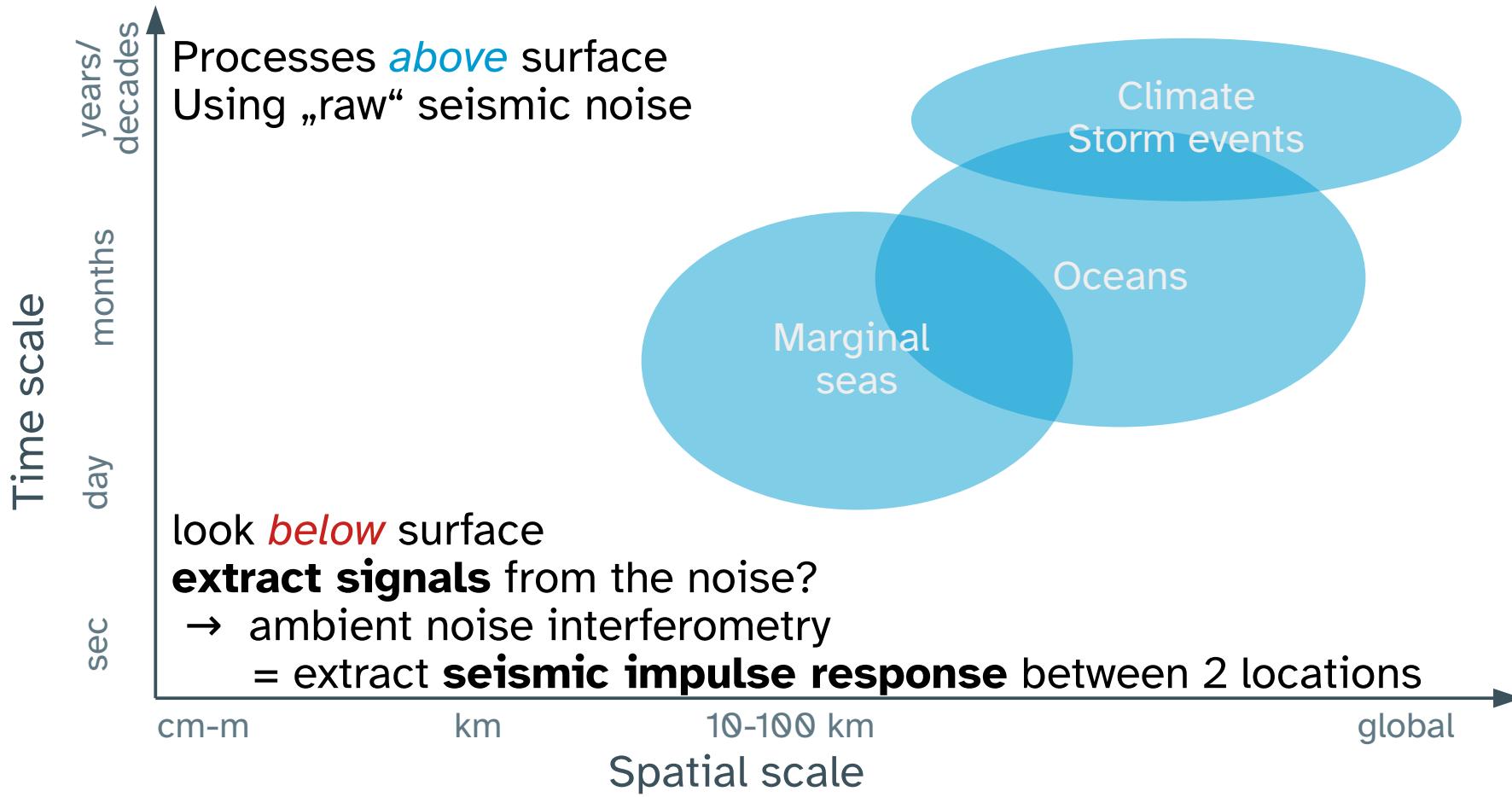
Colored Points: Seismic waves are excited here



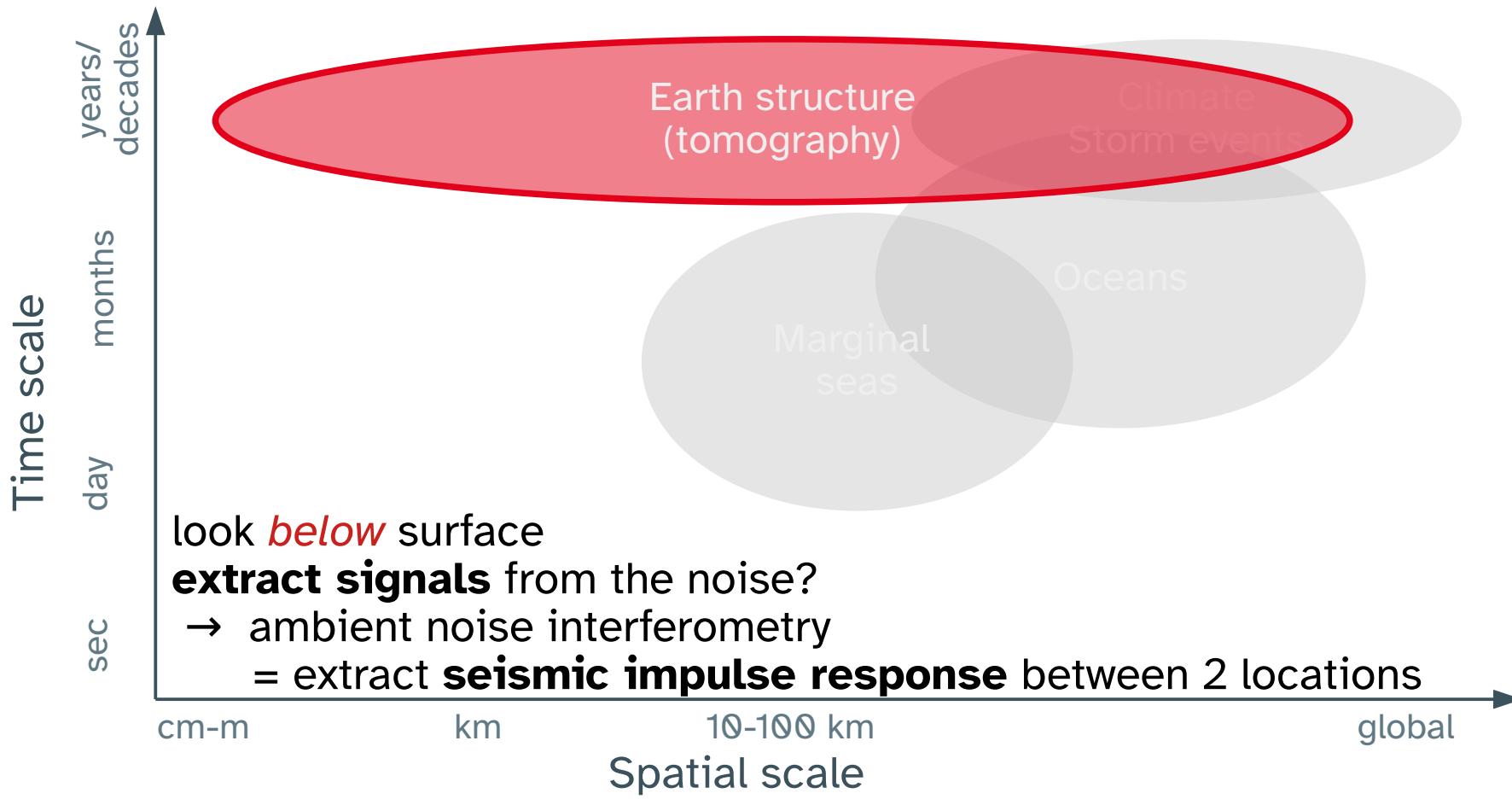
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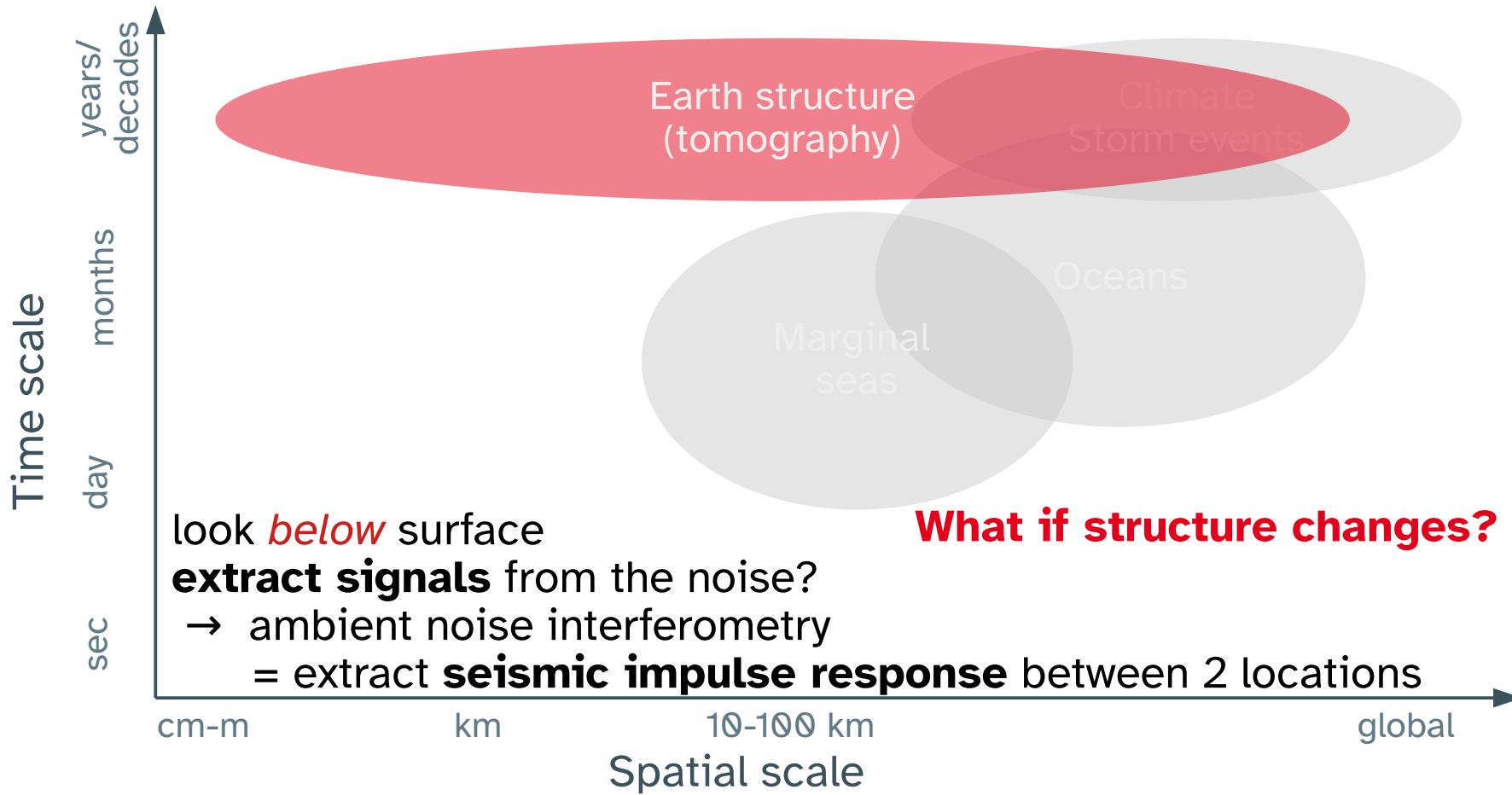
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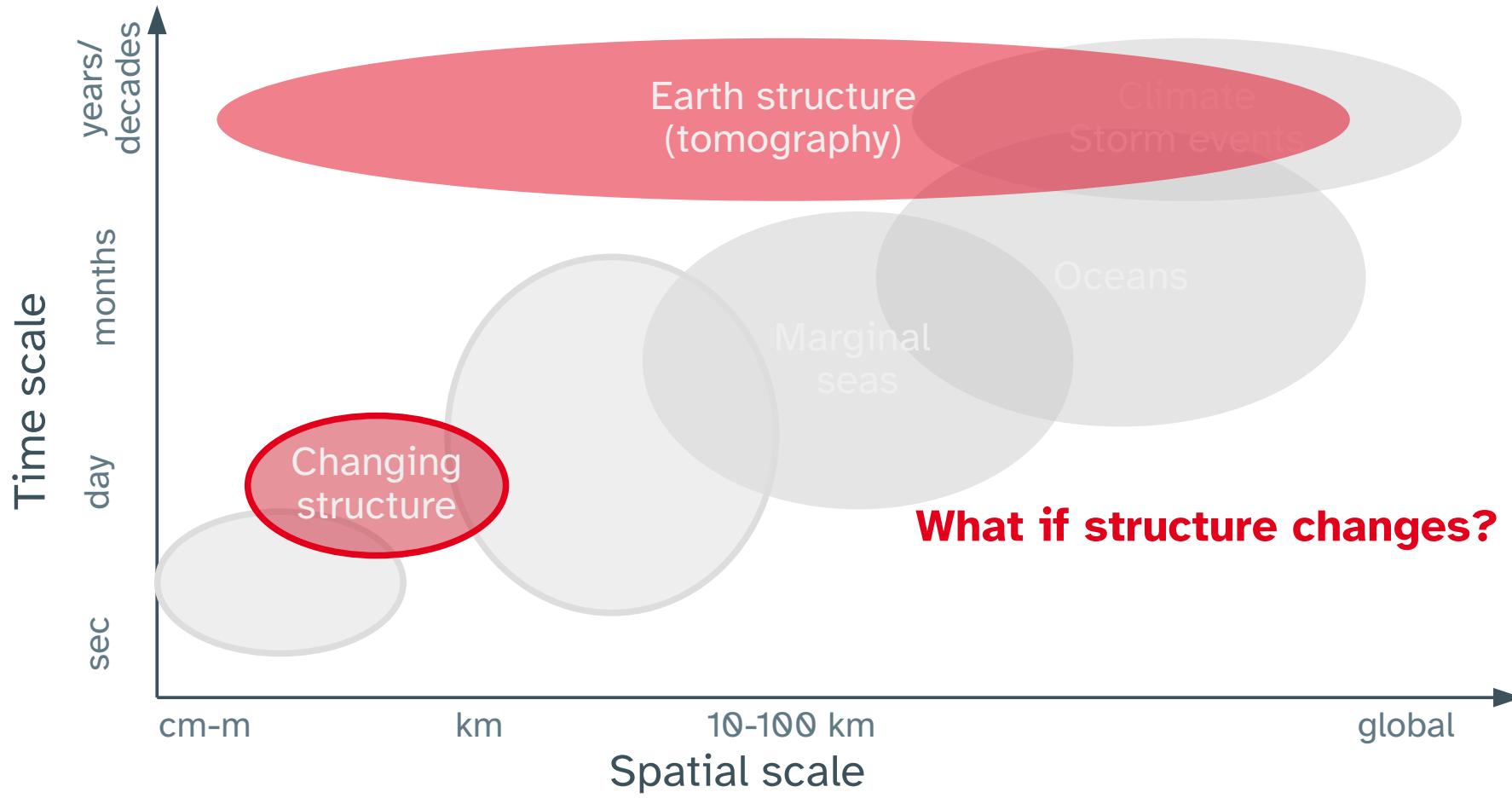
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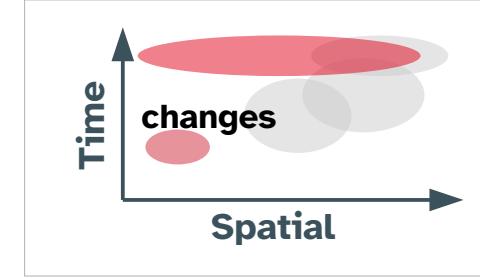


# Monitoring: seismic monitoring of urban near surface

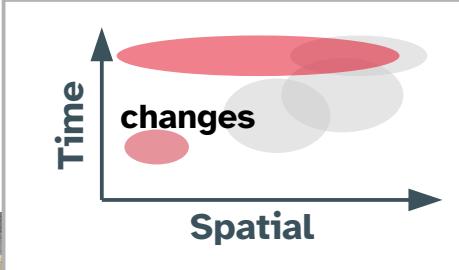
3 seismic stations ▼

In situ soil temperature & groundwater measurements

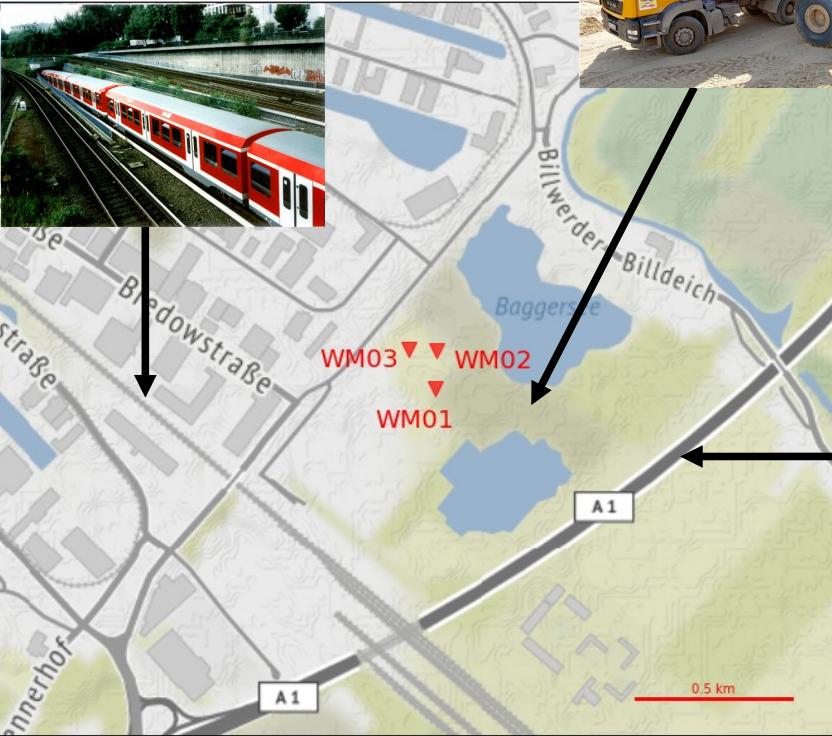
*Focus on the top few meters of subsurface*



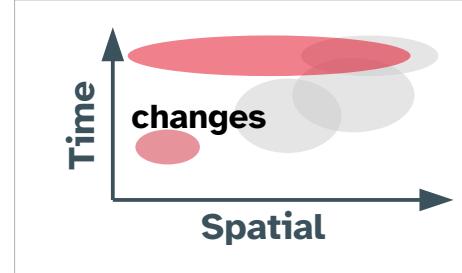
# Monitoring: seismic monitoring of urban near surface



Lots of urban seismic noise!



# Monitoring: seismic monitoring of urban near surface



## Project Goal:

monitor water content, effect of rain/precipitation on the near surface

Here: monitor frozen soil

## Approach:

- Extract impulse response with noise interferometry: one signal every 2 hours
- measure relative seismic wave speed changes between the seismic stations



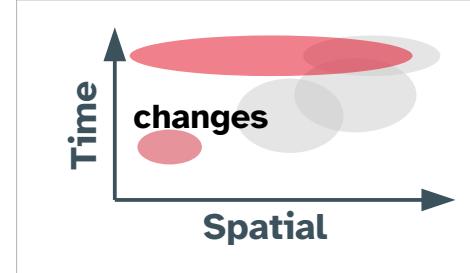
René Steinmann

Antonia Kiel

Work continued by: Antonia Kiel

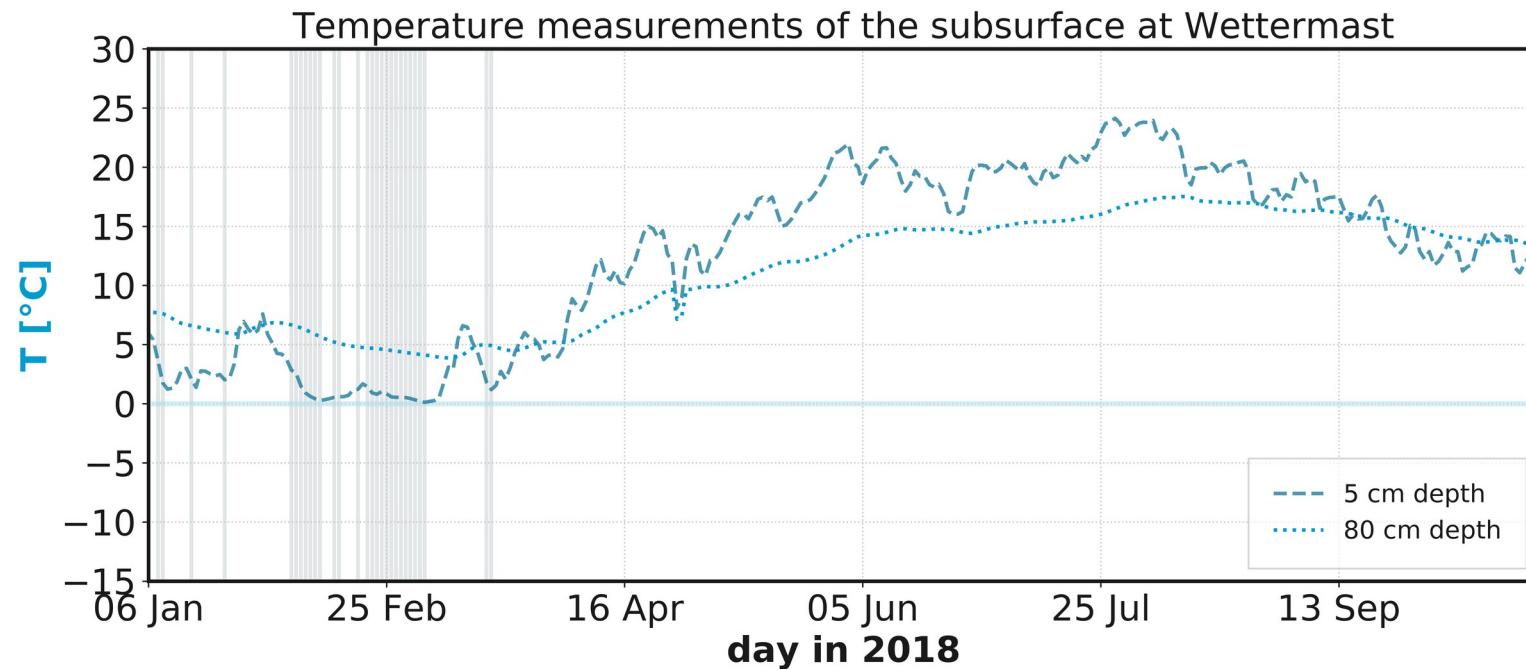
Steinmann, Larose, Hadzioannou - Geophys. J. Int. 2021

# Monitoring: seismic monitoring of urban near surface

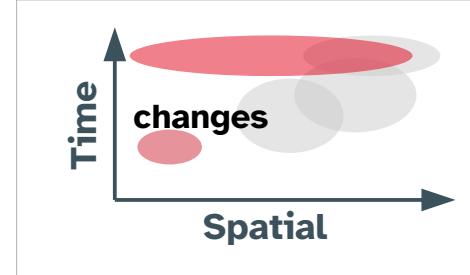


## Subsurface temperature

- Grey = subzero at surface
- T at 80 cm depth
- T at 5 cm depth

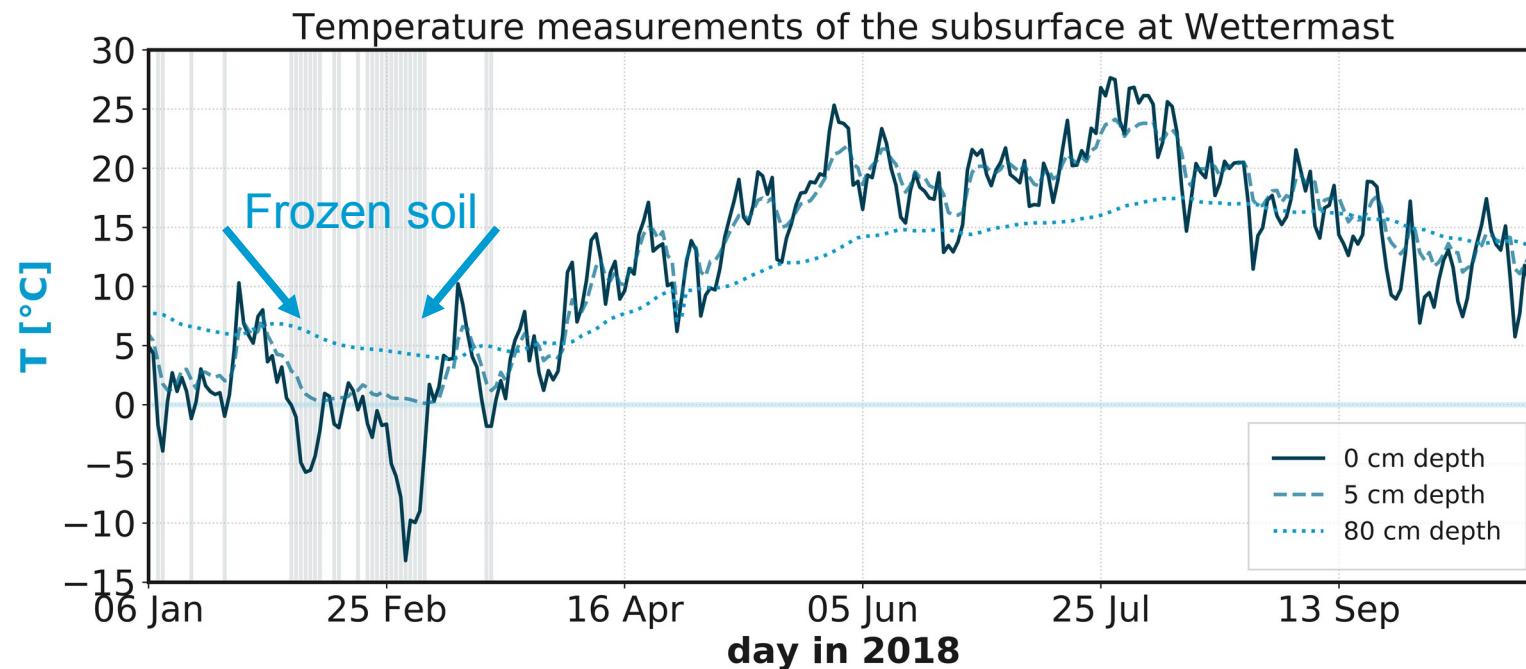


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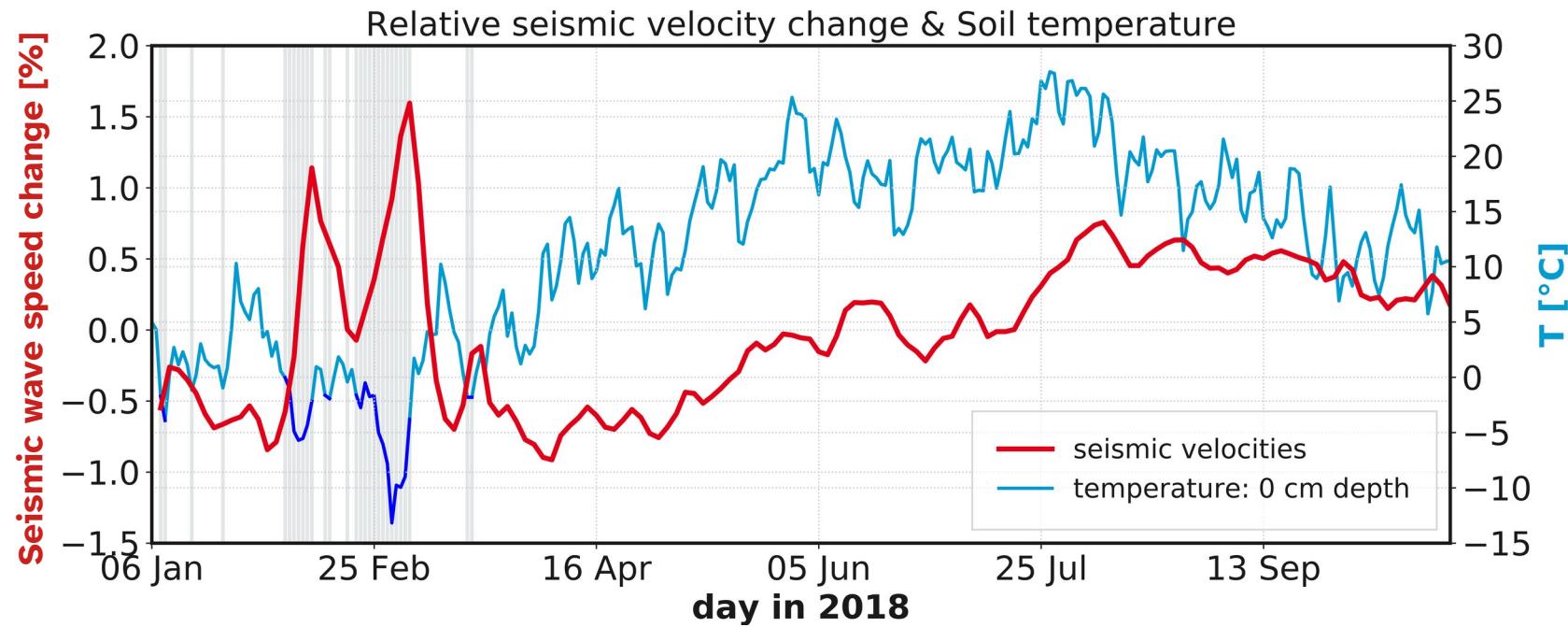
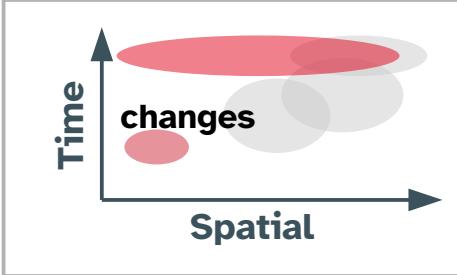
## Subsurface temperature

- Grey = subzero at surface
- T at surface



# Monitoring: seismic monitoring of urban near surface

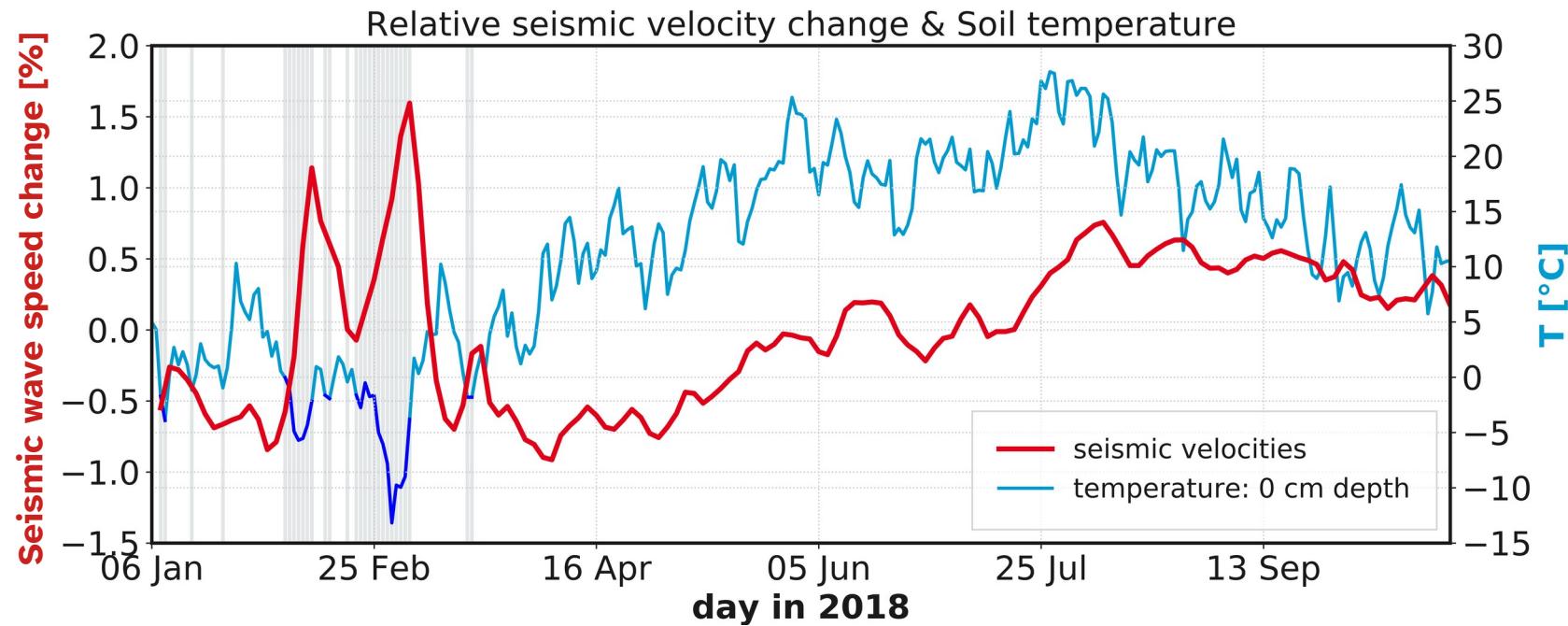
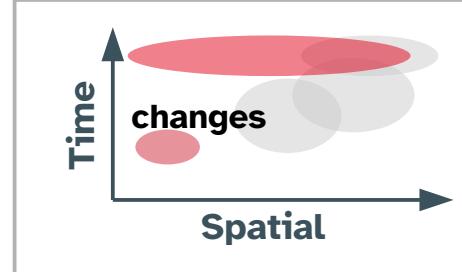
**Subsurface temperature + seismic wave speed change**



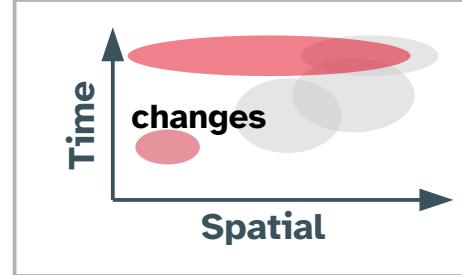
# Monitoring: seismic monitoring of urban near surface

## Subsurface temperature + seismic wave speed change

- seismic wavelength @3Hz approx 30m! **Frozen layer <5cm!**



# Monitoring: seismic monitoring of urban near surface



We use the seismic noise from urban traffic to **illuminate the subsurface**  
Monitor seismic wave speed changes in the shallow subsurface (<10m)



René Steinmann

Antonia Kiel

Youtube:



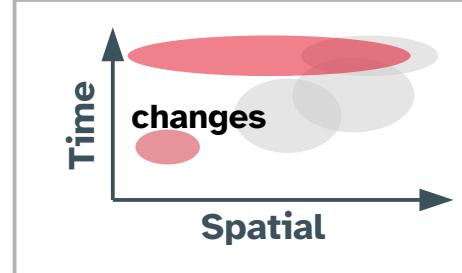
Work continued by: **Antonia Kiel**

Steinmann, Larose, Hadzioannou, Geophys. J. Int. 2021

CLUSTER OF EXCELLENCE  
CLIMATE, CLIMATIC CHANGE,  
AND SOCIETY (CLICCS)



# Monitoring: seismic monitoring of urban near surface



We use the seismic noise from urban traffic to **illuminate the subsurface**  
Monitor seismic wave speed changes in the shallow subsurface (<10m)

Seismic wave speeds reflect the condition of the subsurface:  
Very sensitive to frozen soils!  
We detect a **very thin** ice layer <5 cm (<<wavelength!!)



Youtube:



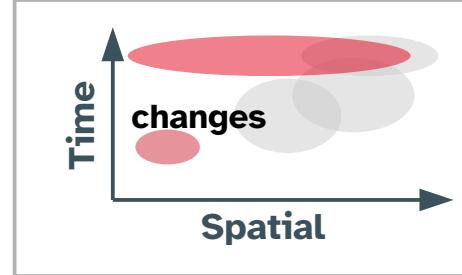
Work continued by: **Antonia Kiel**

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Very sensitive to frozen soils!  
We detect a **very thin** ice layer <5 cm (<<wavelength!!)  
→ Applications in **permafrost monitoring?**



Youtube:



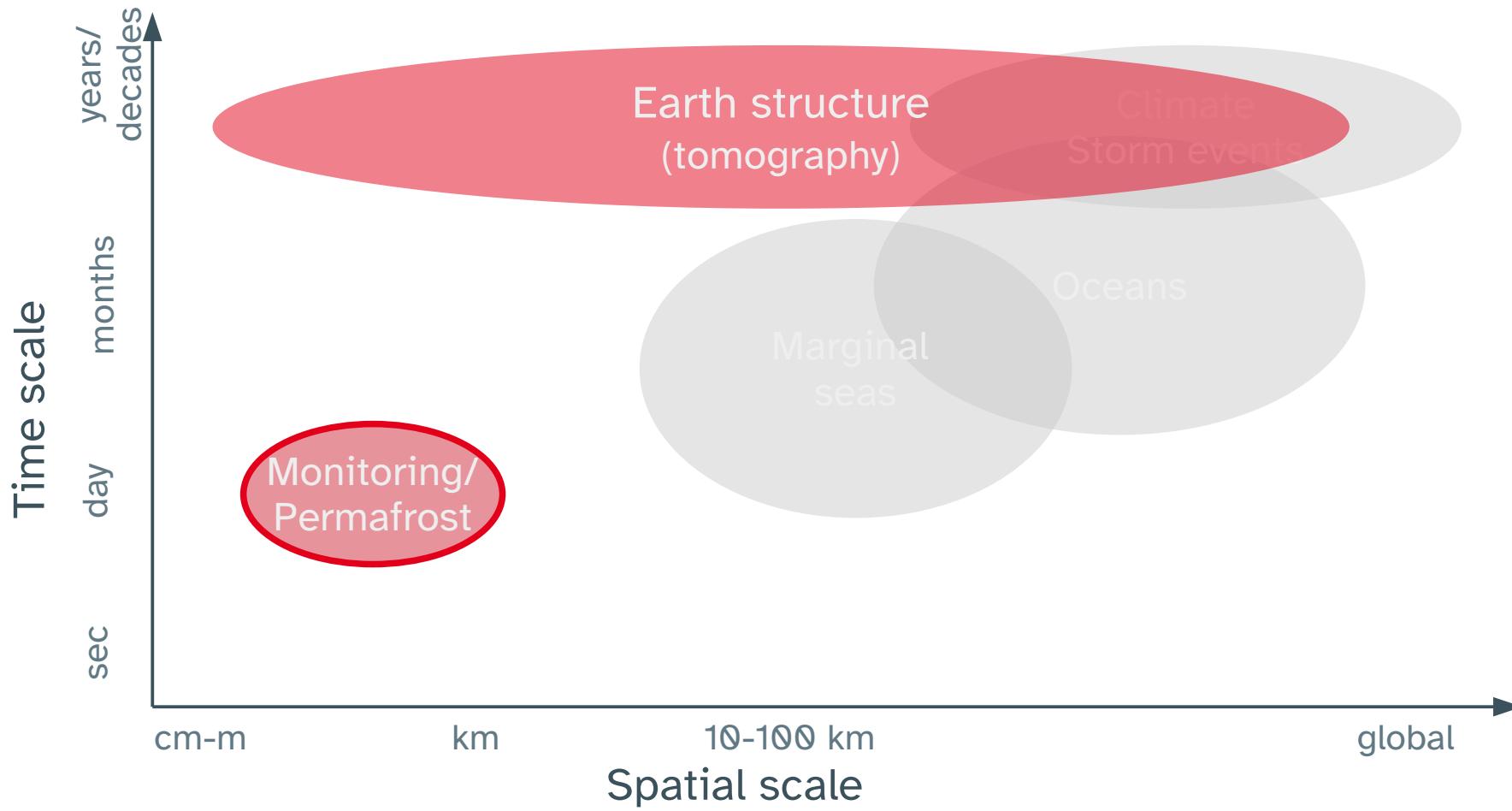
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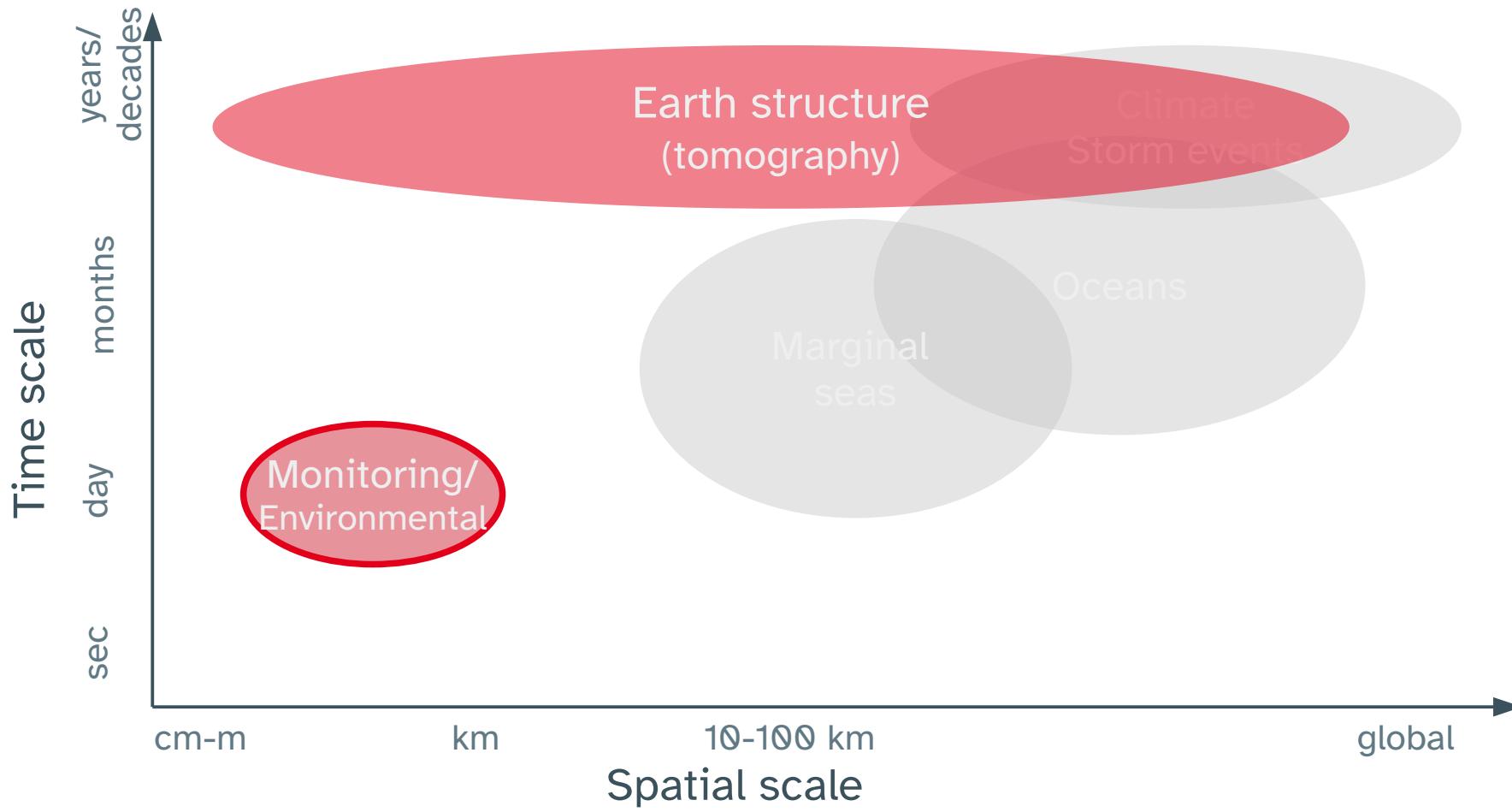
CLUSTER OF EXCELLENCE  
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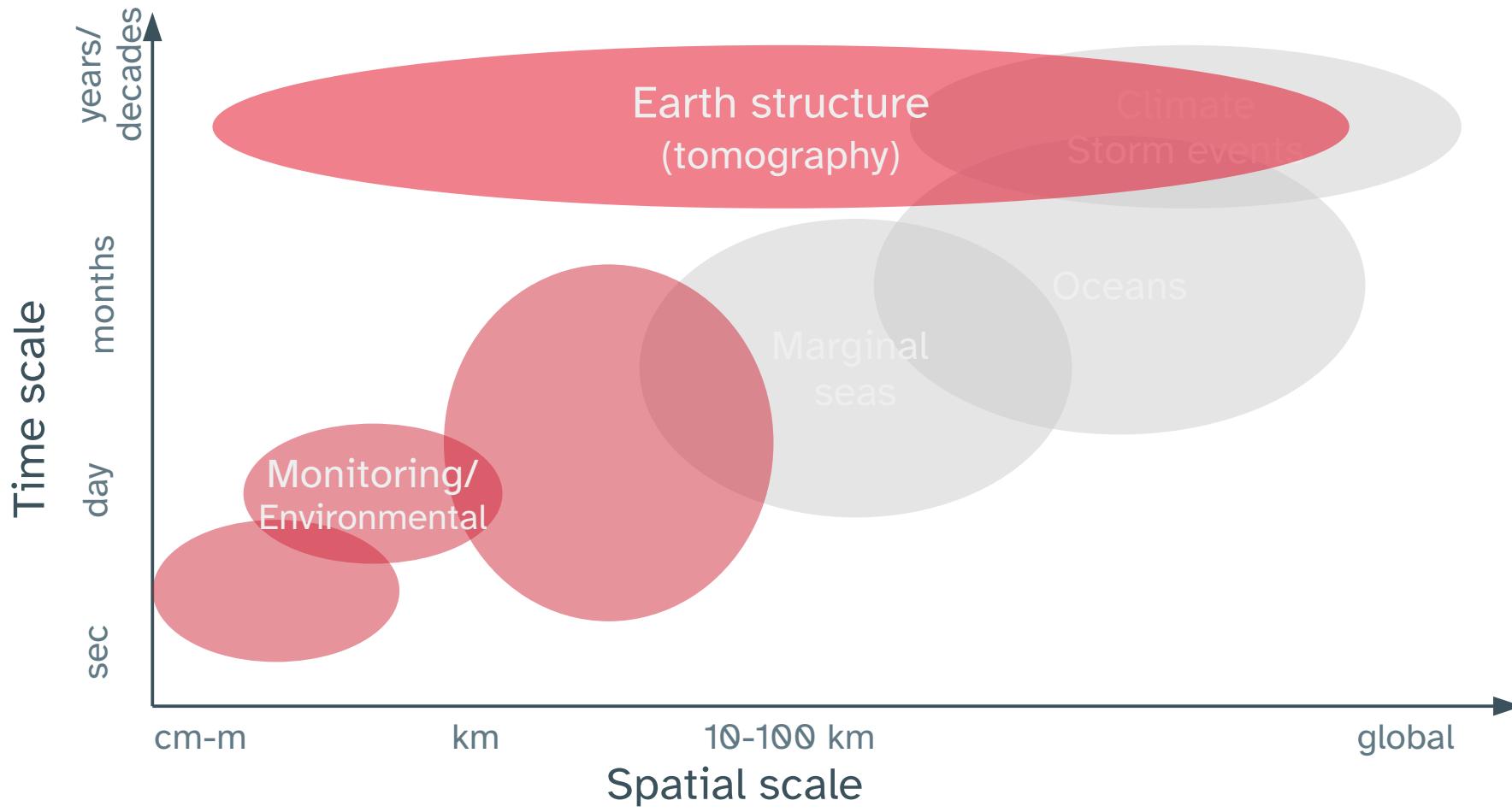
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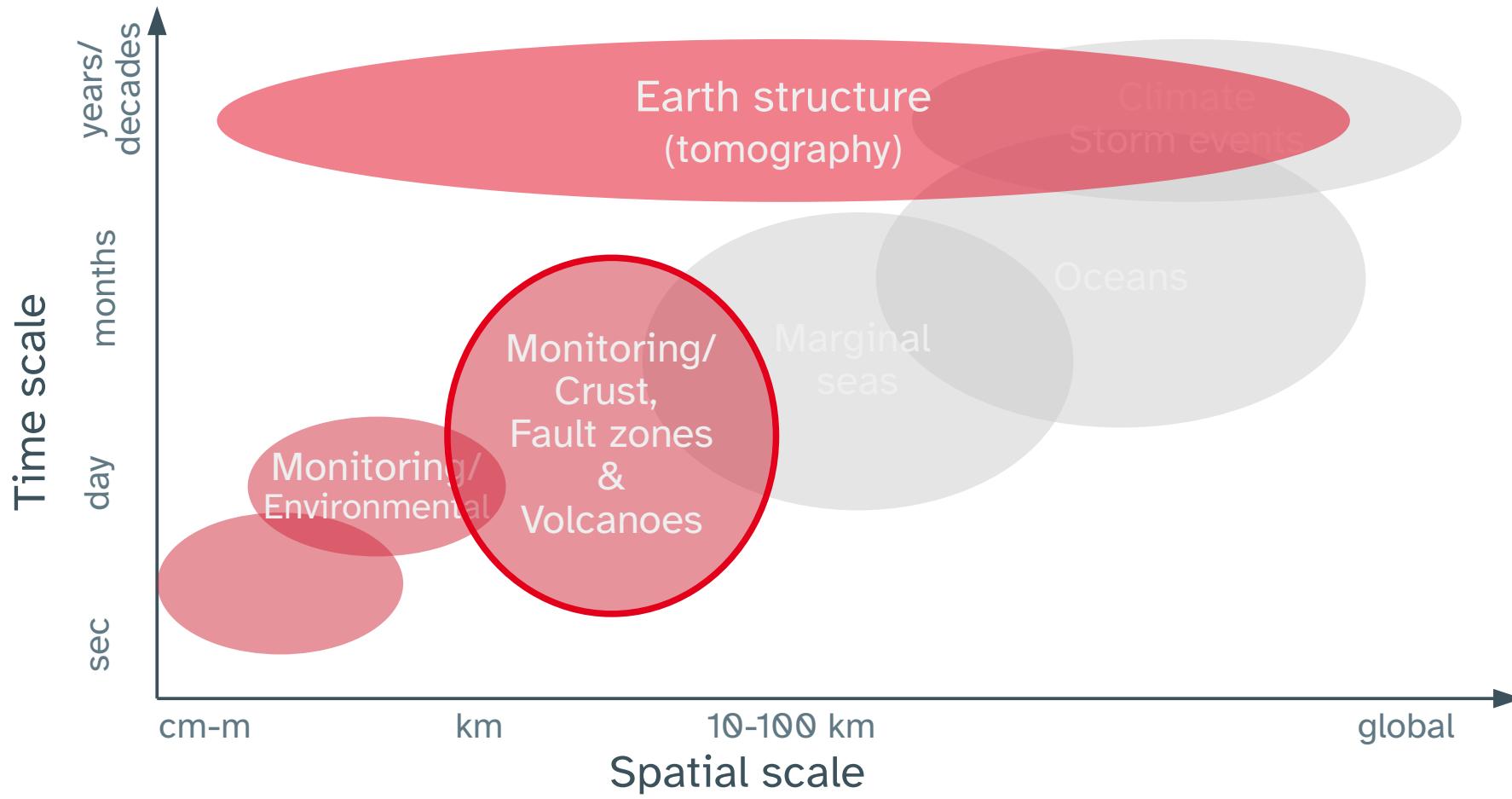
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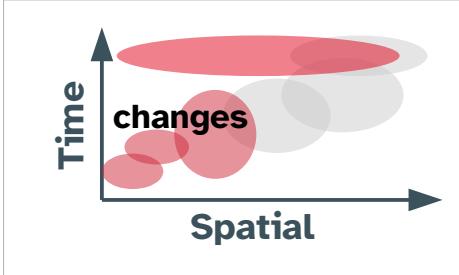
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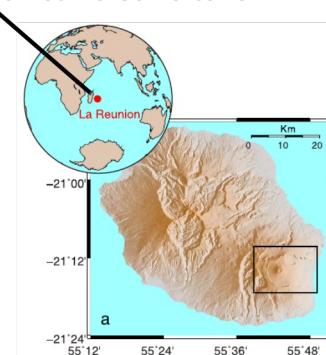


# Monitoring: Volcanoes



Piton de la Fournaise (la Reunion):

Reunion Island,  
Piton de la Fournaise volcano

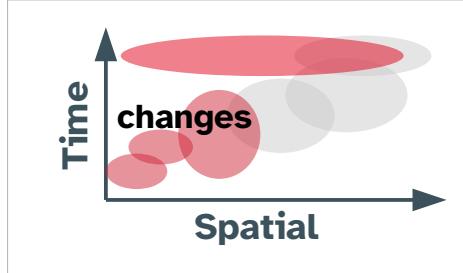


Obermann et al. JGR (2013)

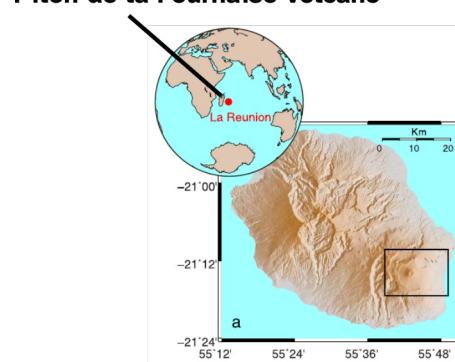
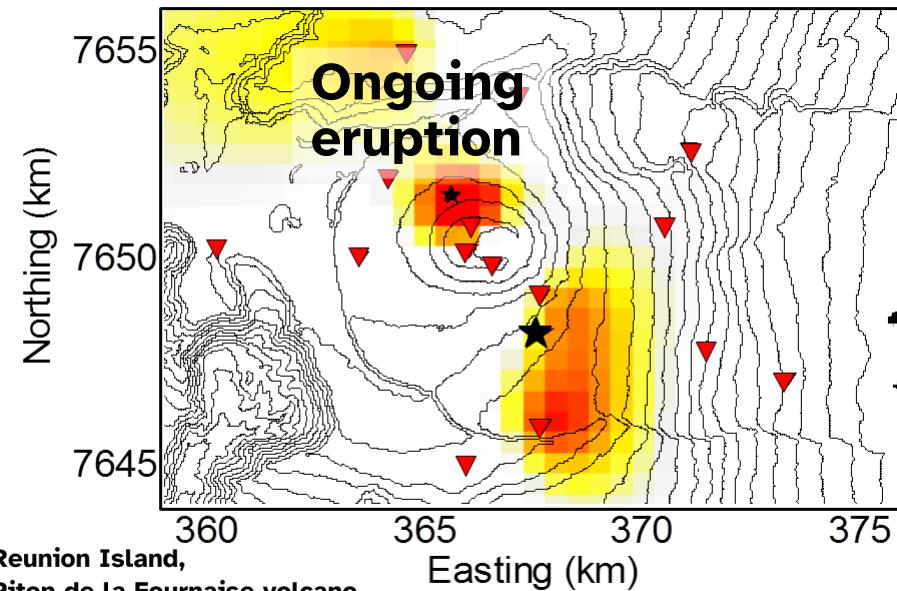


ETH

# Monitoring: Volcanoes



(d) P5-P6



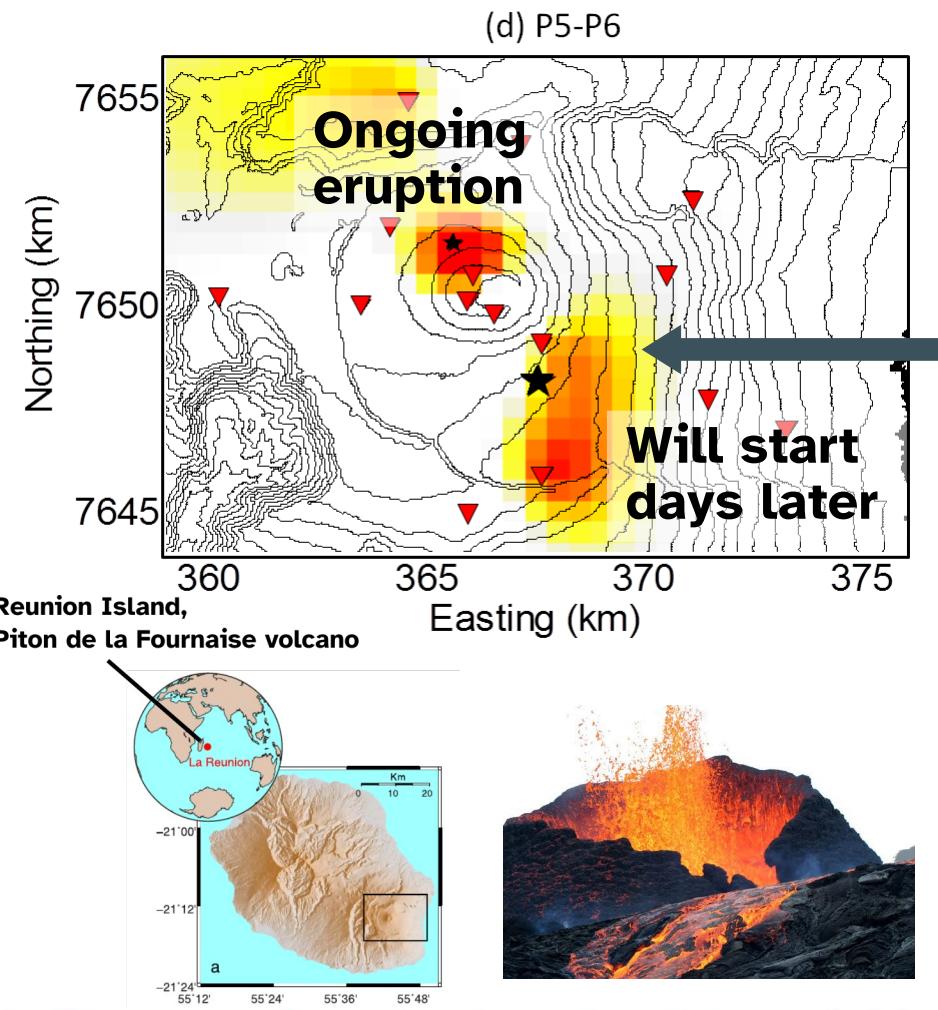
Piton de la Fournaise (la Réunion):

Obermann et al. JGR (2013)



ETH

# Monitoring: Volcanoes

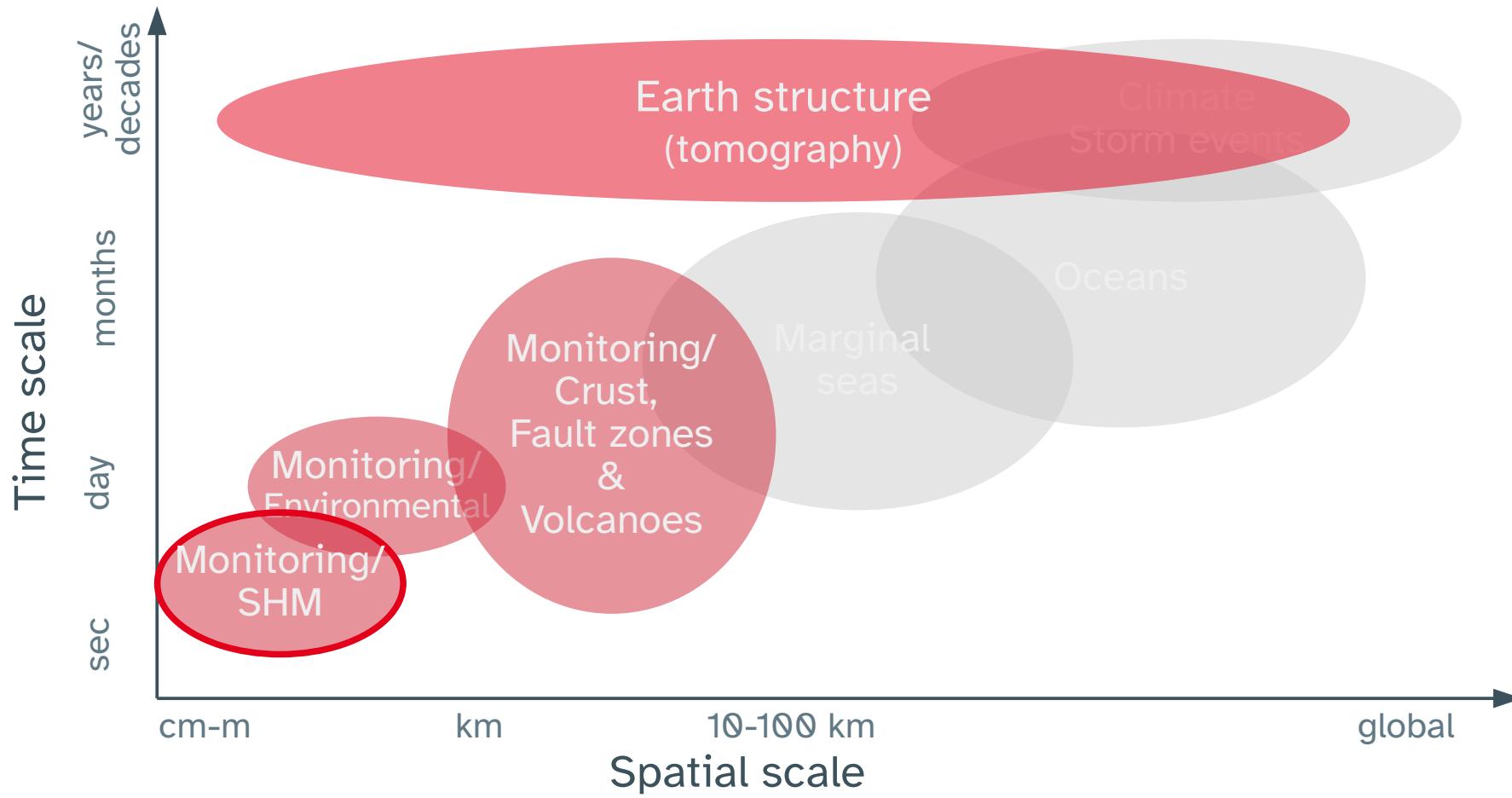


Piton de la Fournaise (la Reunion):

Subtle changes in **structure**  
days before eruption



# What can we learn about the Earth by **listening** to ambient seismic noise?



# Monitoring: Structural Health Monitoring



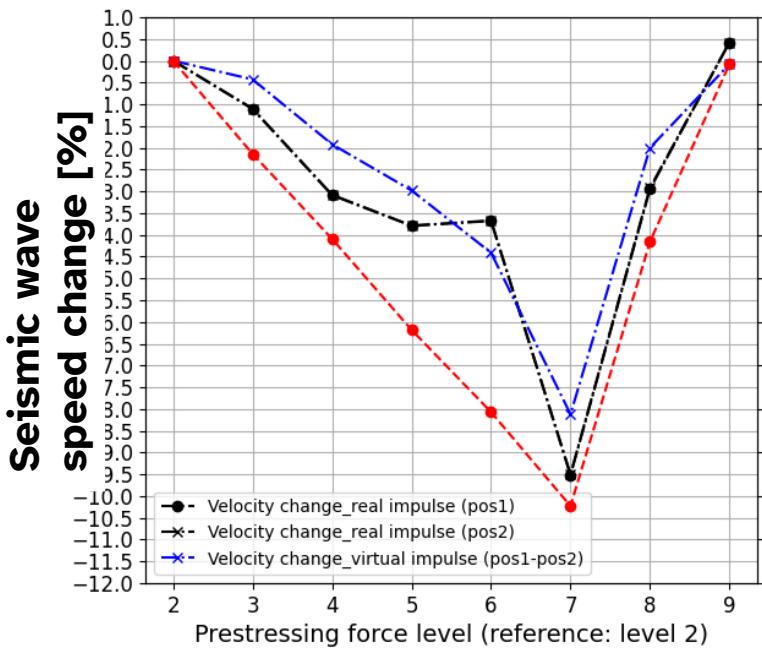
**Pre-stressed concrete „test bridge“**



Results: Chun-Man Liao (BAM)

At UHH: Anjali Dhabu & Marco Dominguez Bureos

# Monitoring: Structural Health Monitoring



Results: Chun-Man Liao (BAM)

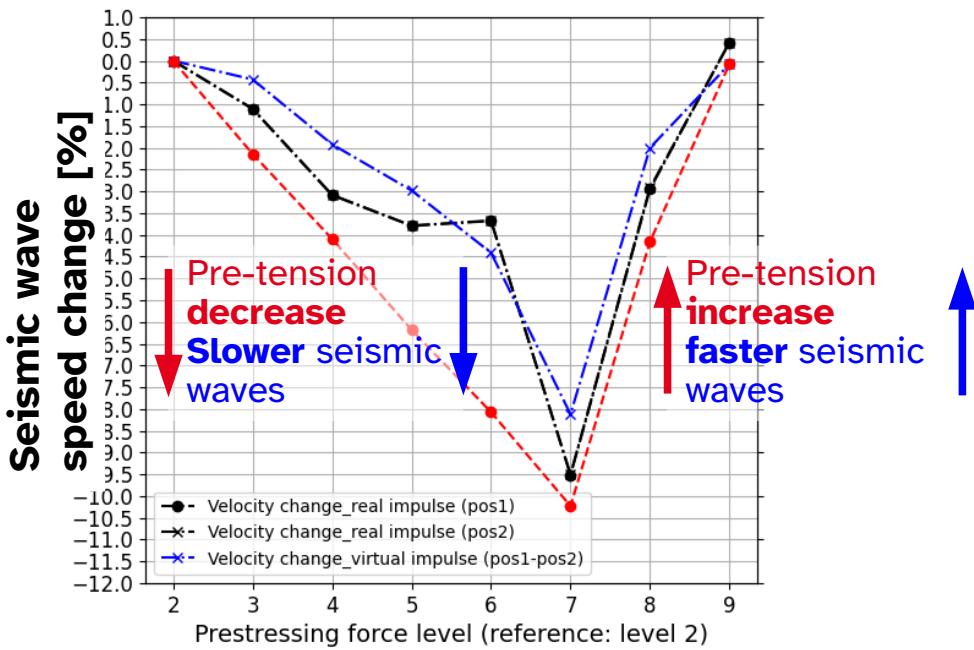
At UHH: Anjali Dhabu & Marco Dominguez Bureos

**Pre-stressed concrete „test bridge“**

Seismic measurements reflect changes  
of **elastic material properties**  
due to stress changes



# Monitoring: Structural Health Monitoring



Results: Chun-Man Liao (BAM)

At UHH: Anjali Dhabu & Marco Dominguez Bureos

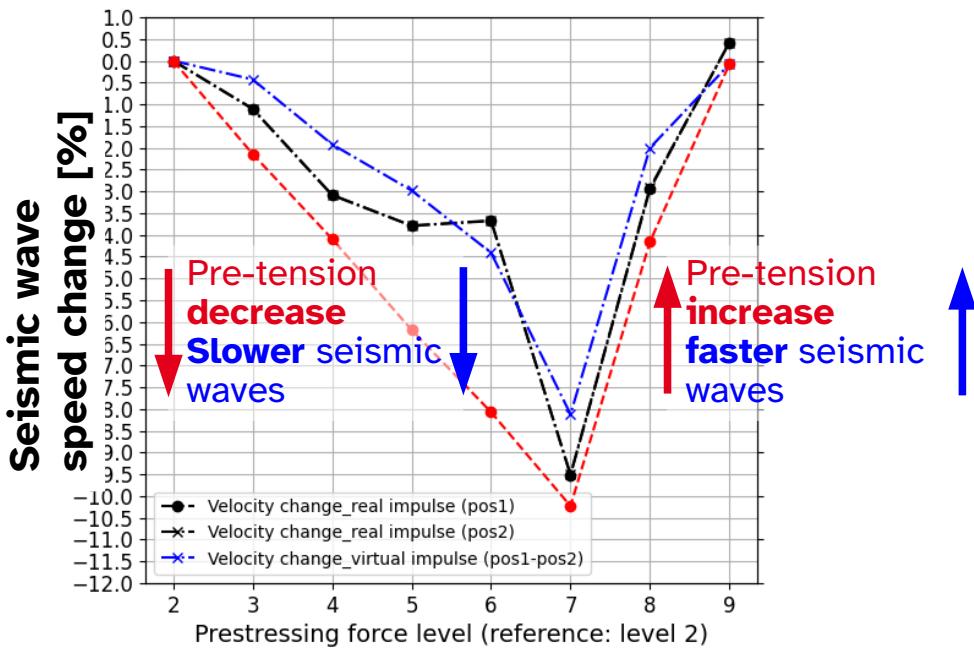
Pre-stressed concrete „test bridge“

Seismic measurements reflect changes of **elastic material properties** due to stress changes

Decrease in **seismic wave speed** as bridge **pre-tension** is released



# Monitoring: Structural Health Monitoring



Results: Chun-Man Liao (BAM)

At UHH: Anjali Dhabu & Marco Dominguez Bureos

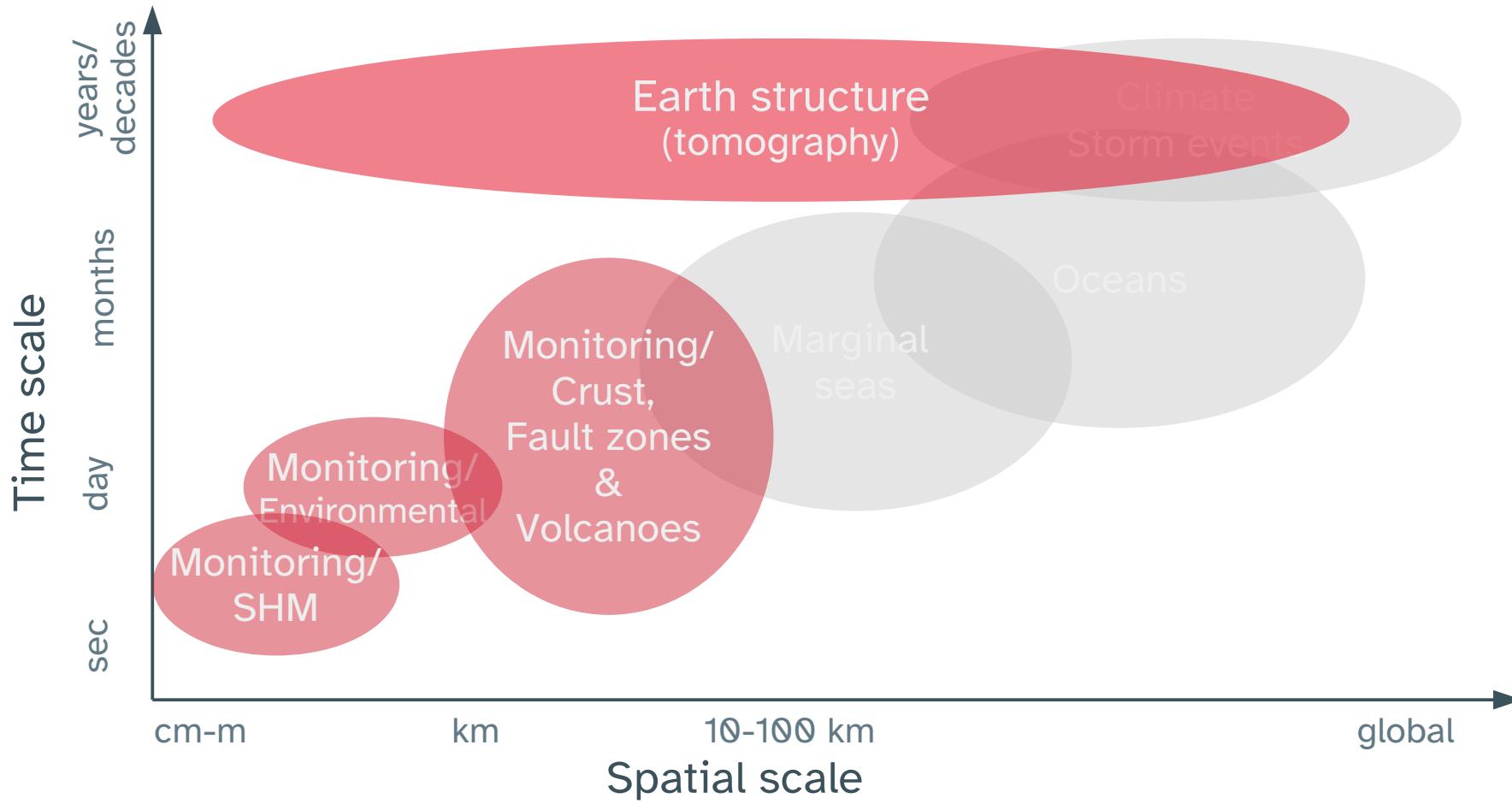
Pre-stressed concrete „test bridge“

Seismic measurements reflect changes of **elastic material properties** due to stress changes

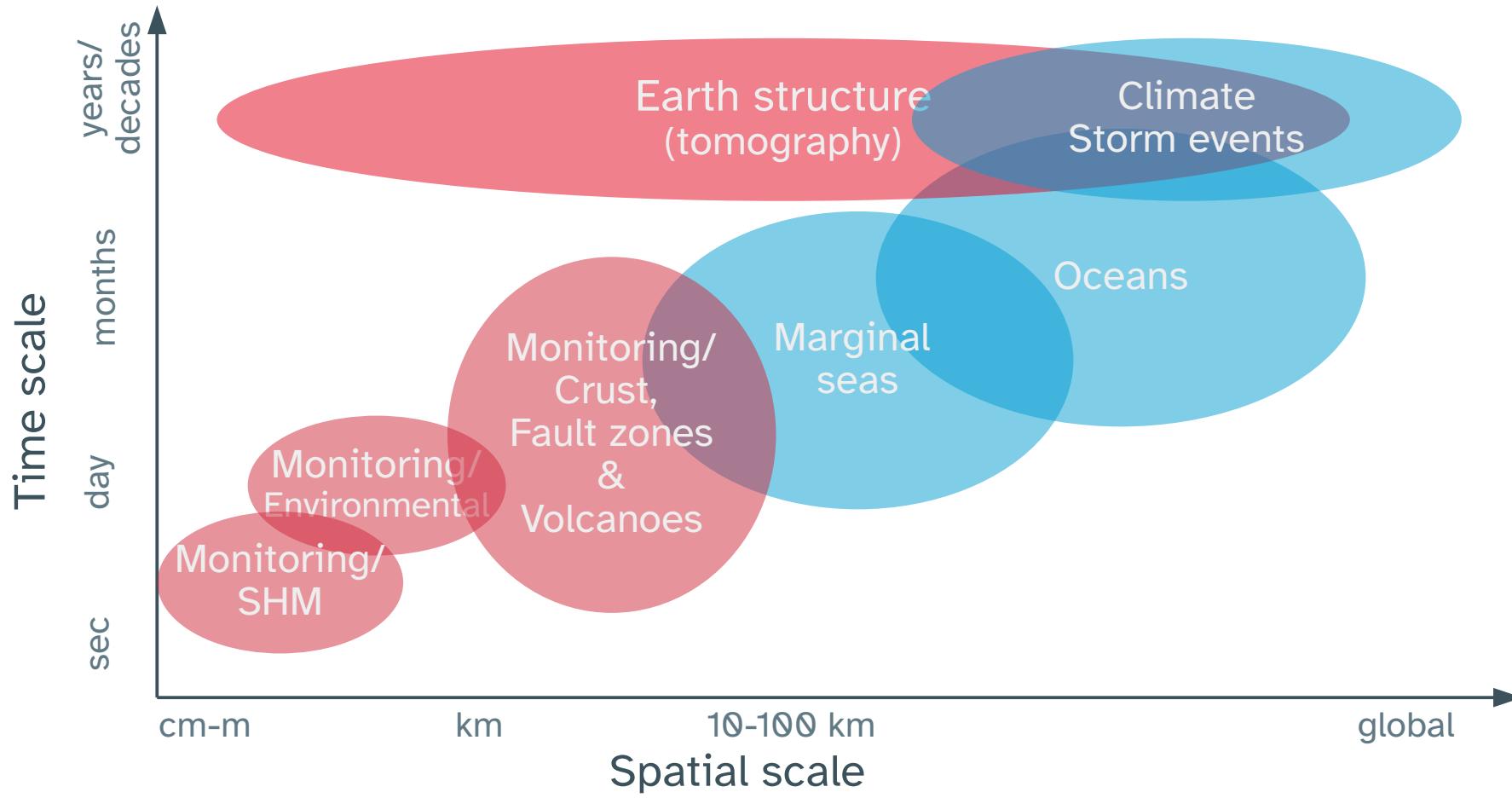
Decrease in **seismic wave speed** as bridge **pre-tension** is released  
→ signature of **damage** developing?



# What can we learn about the Earth by **listening** to ambient seismic noise?



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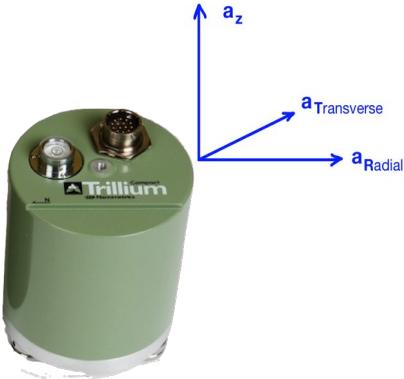
# What's next? Rapid development in **seismic instrumentation**

## Traditional:

Broadband seismometer

## New developments:

→ Measure translations  
@single point

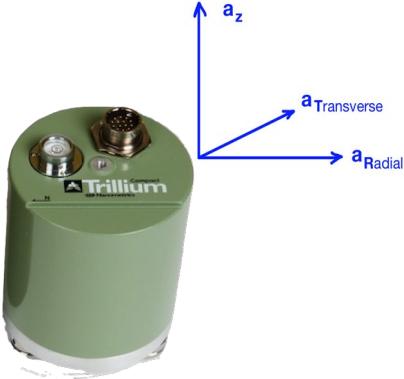


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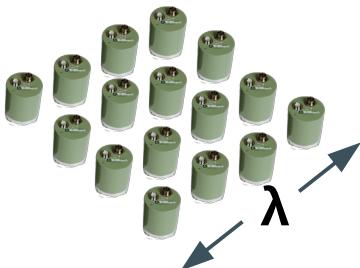
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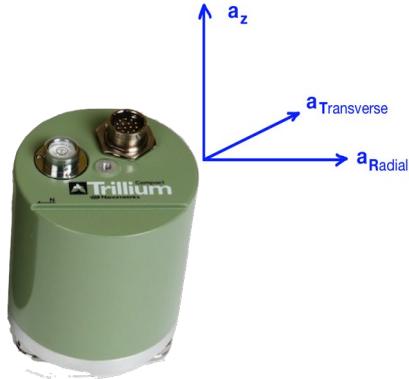
1/ very **dense deployments** of seismic sensors  
→ measure whole wave *field*

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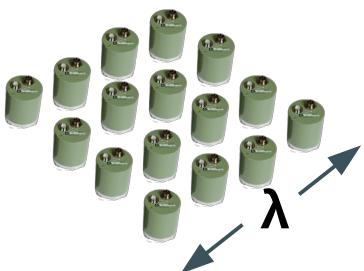
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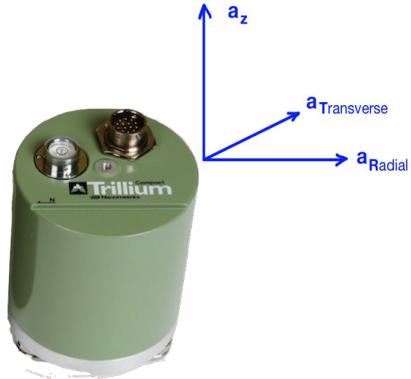
2/ measure **rotational motions**  
→ 3 additional degrees of freedom

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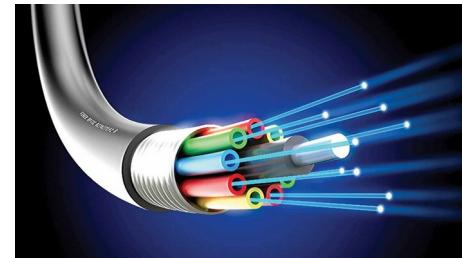
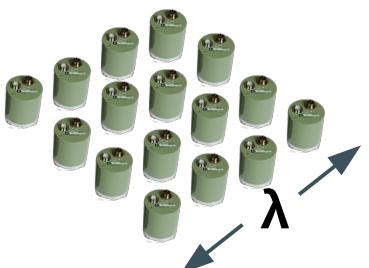
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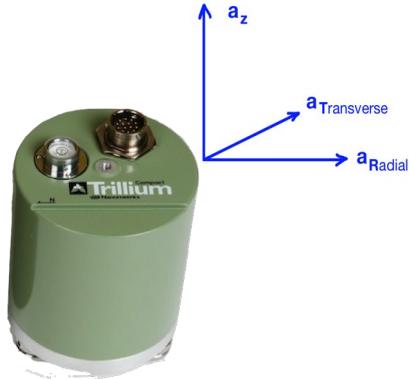
**3/ measure strain along glass fiber:**  
„Distributed Acoustic Sensing“ (**DAS**)  
→ extremely high spatial resolution

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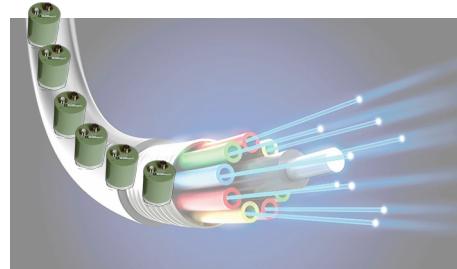
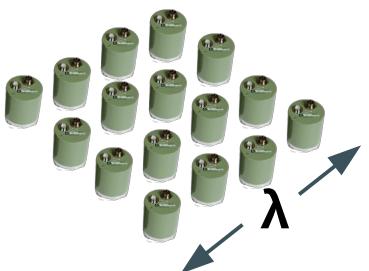
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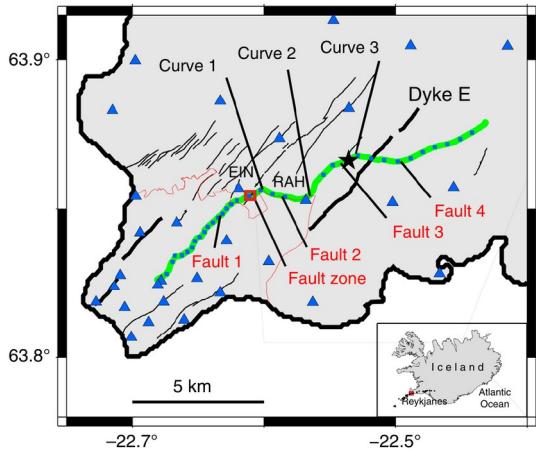


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# Detecting seismic velocity changes with DAS (Iceland)

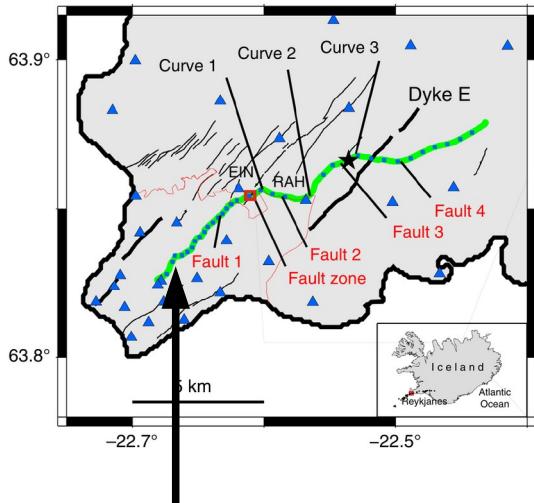


Youtube:



Regina Maaß

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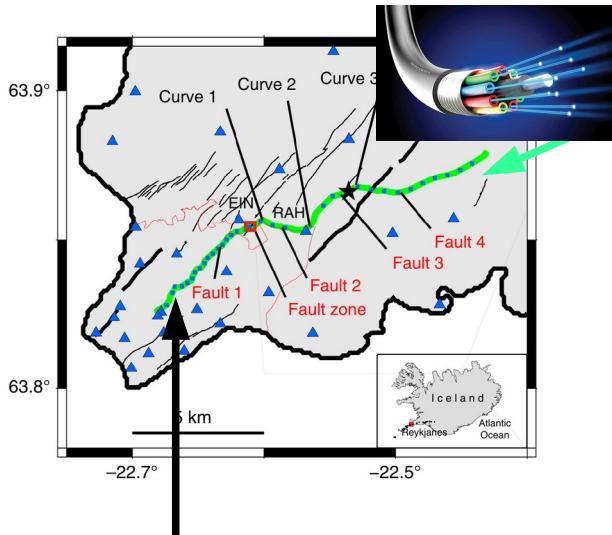


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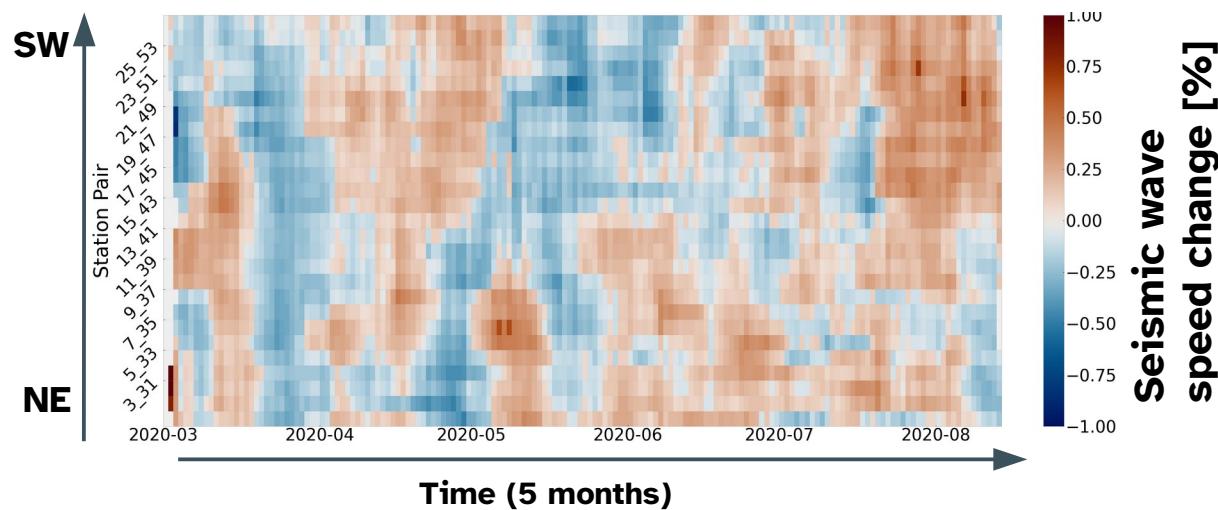
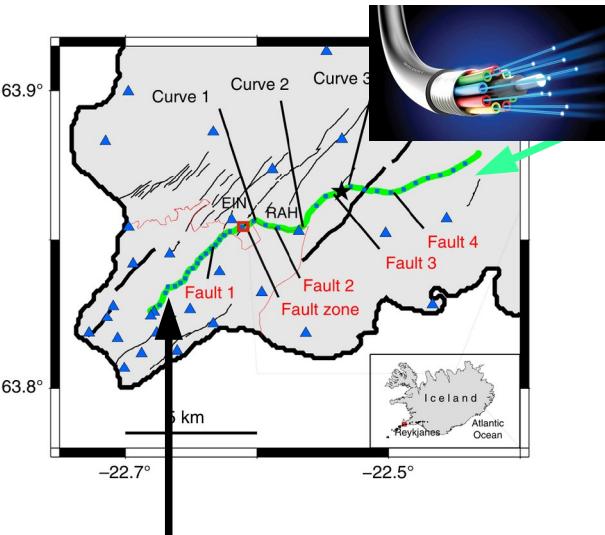


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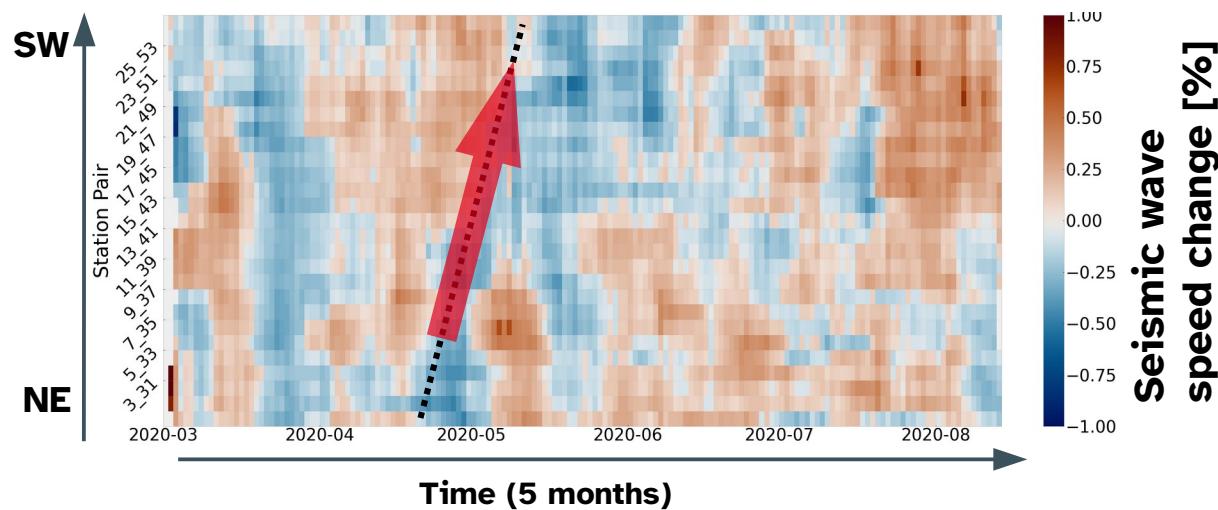
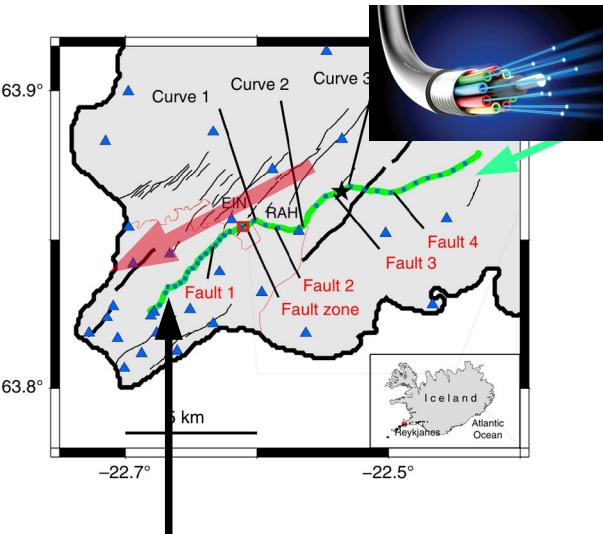
22 km of „dark fiber“ used as seismic sensors  
Months before eruption of Fagradalsfjall

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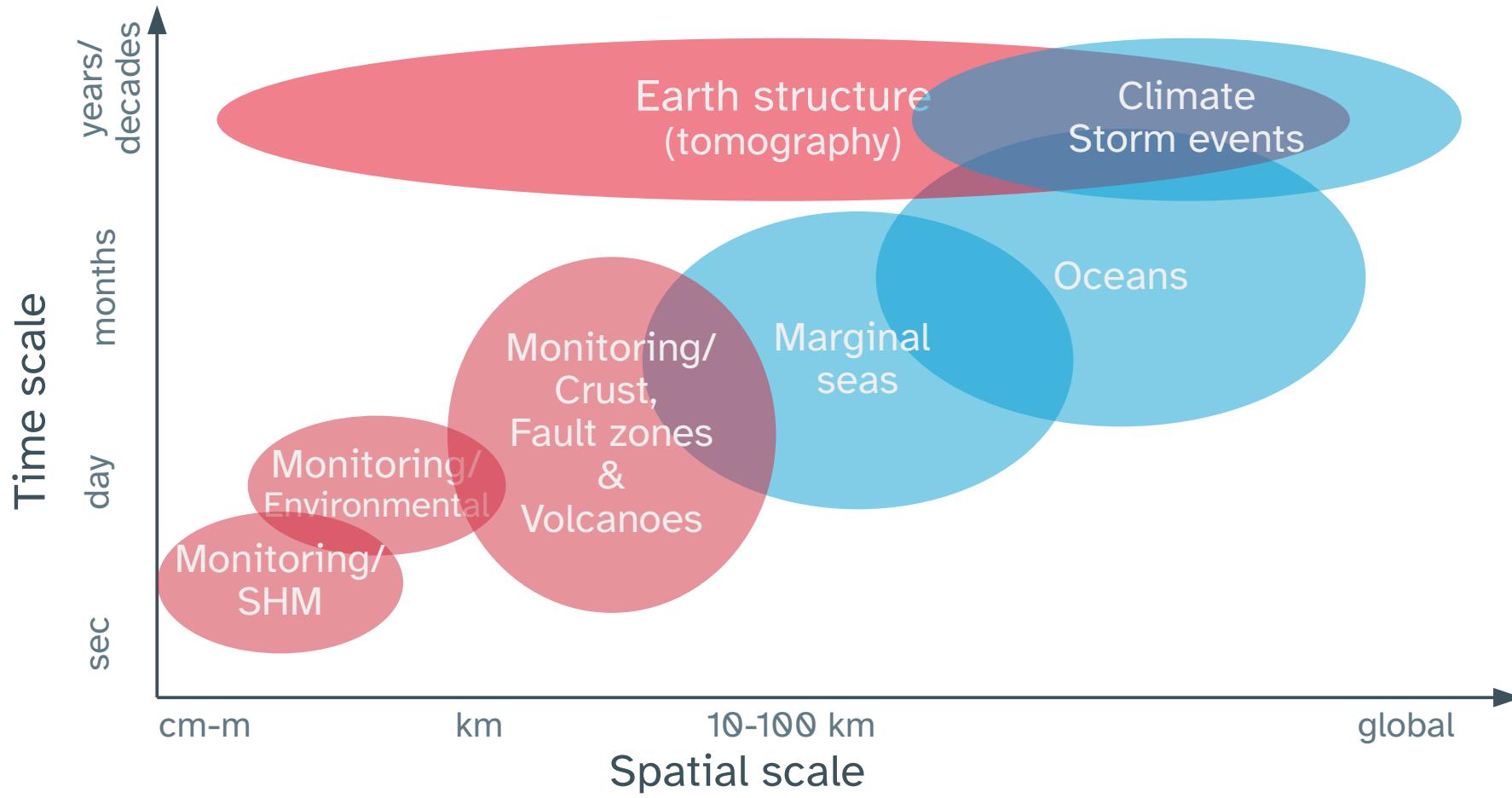
22 km of „dark fiber“ used as seismic sensors  
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**Slow** material (warm? Soft? Fluid?)  
migrating NE-SW  
= fluids migrating?  
= lava moving?

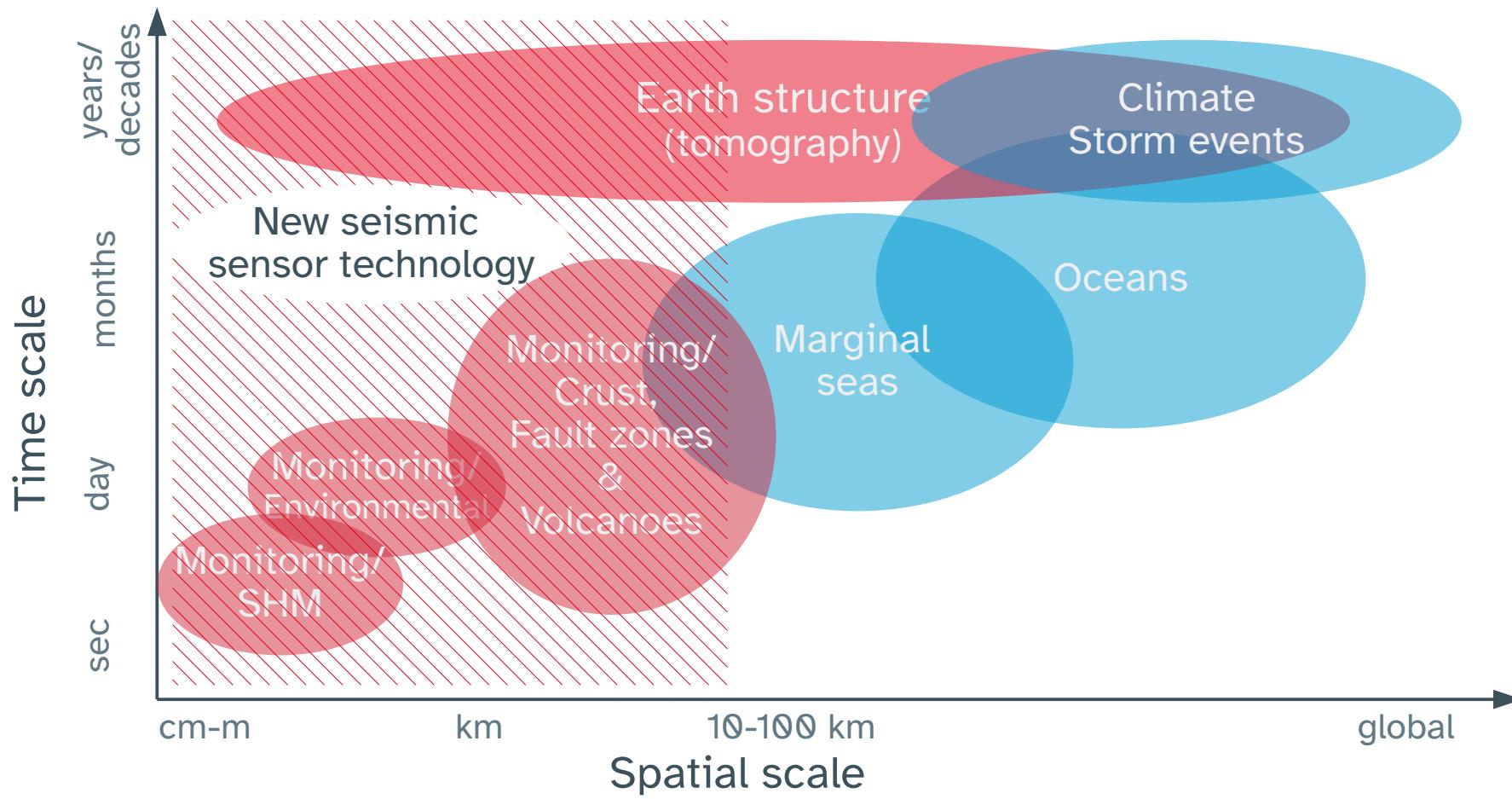
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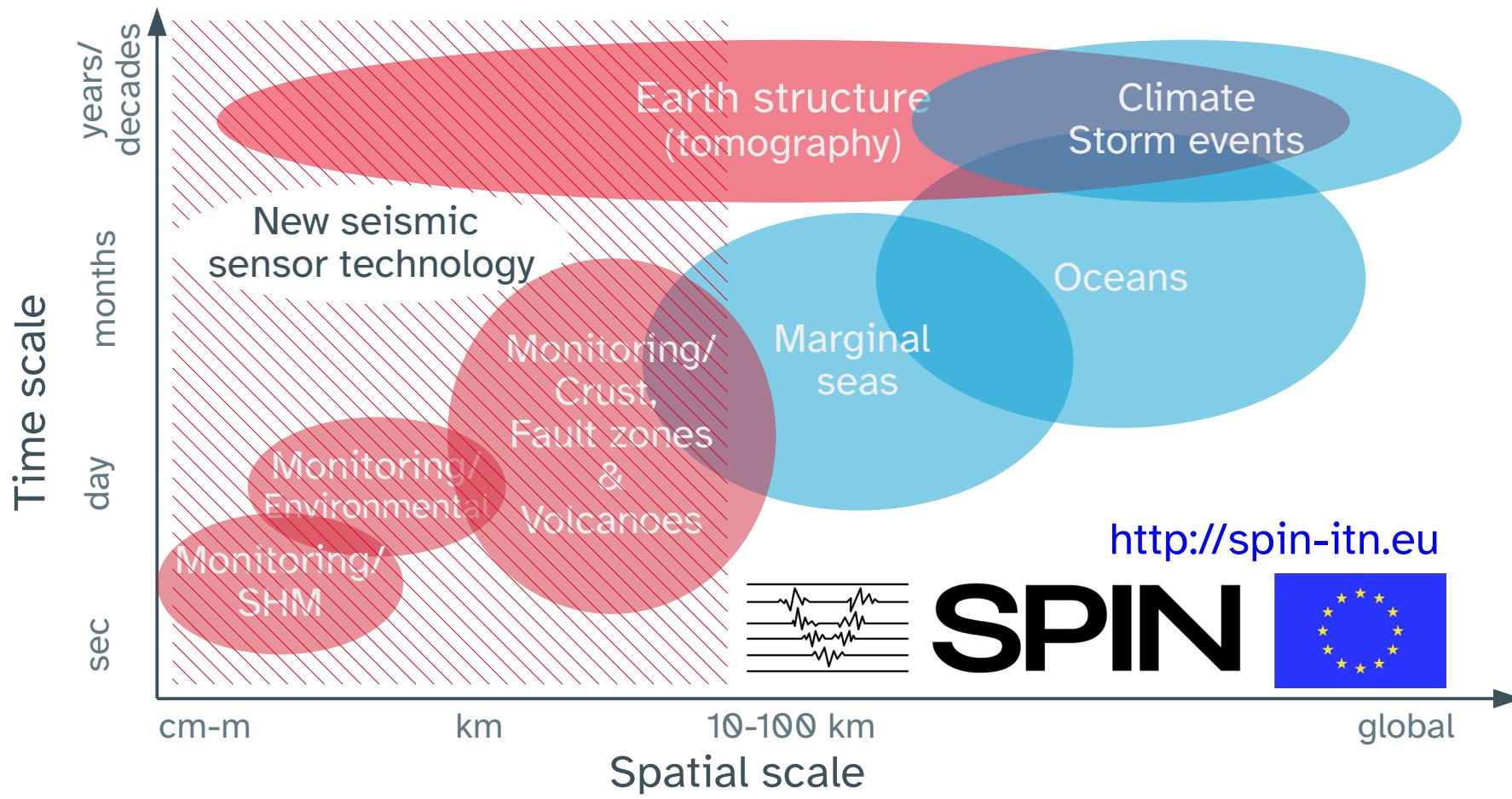
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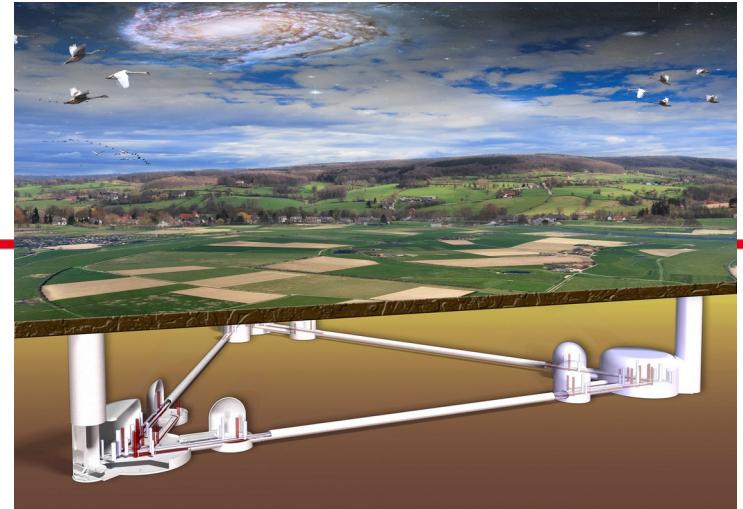
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# How can seismology help high-precision physics experiments?



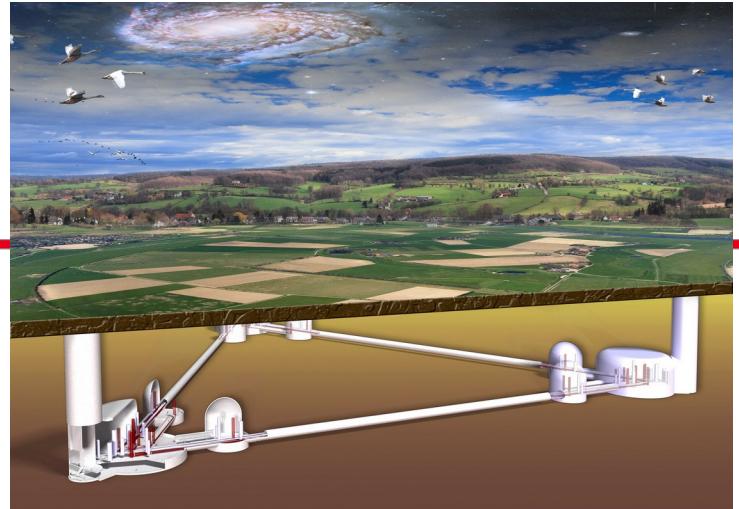
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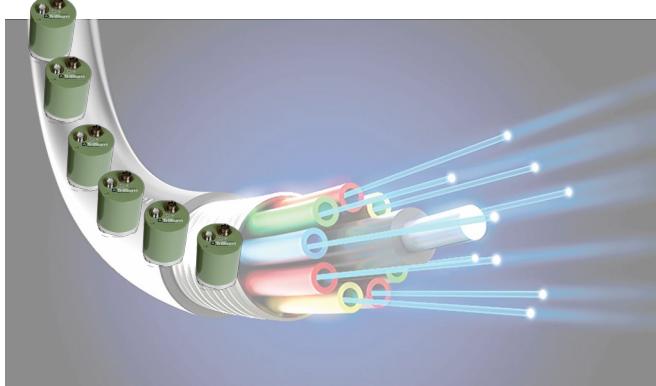
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??



!!!

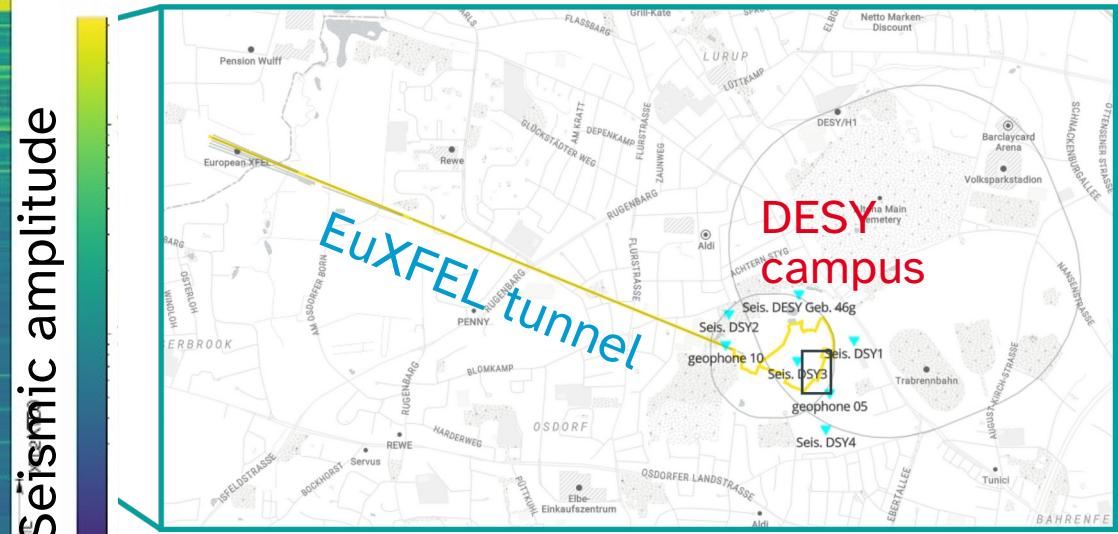
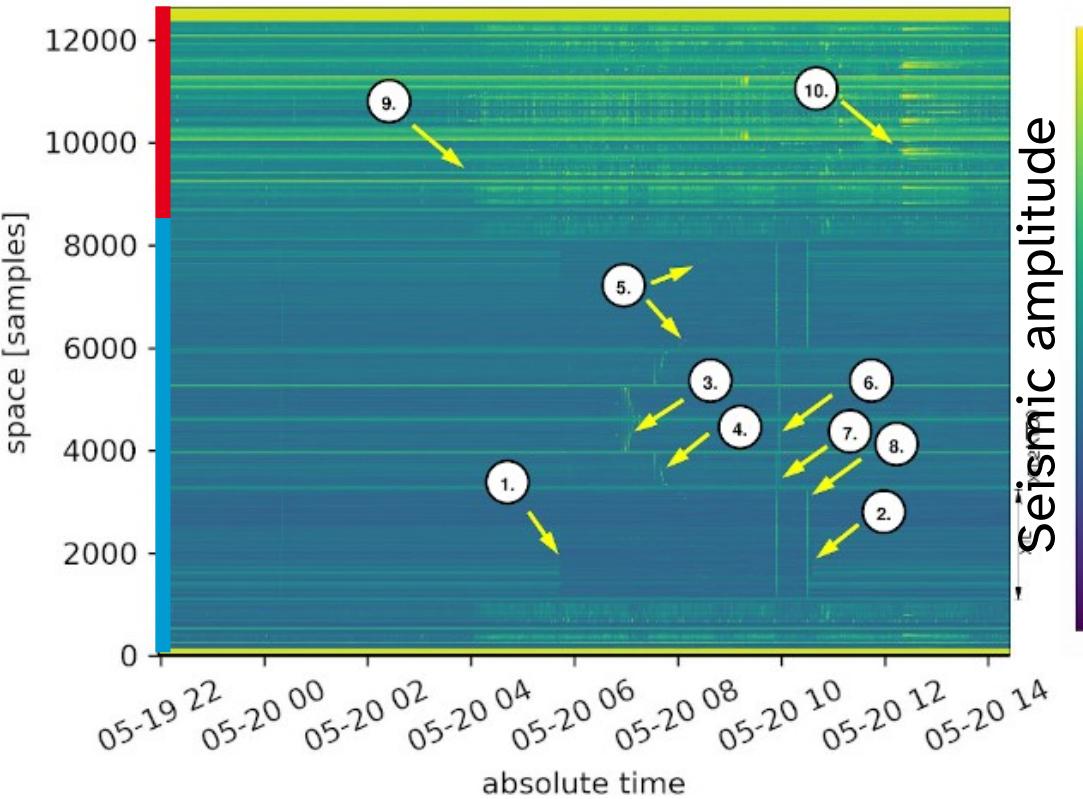


# WAVE initiative: proof-of-concept for use of DAS on research campi



DAS → laser pulses to measure strain inside a glass fiber due to external forces  
**extremely high spatial resolution** ( $\sim 1 - 10\text{m} \approx 0.01\lambda$ )  
On DESY and EuXFEL campus: Converted **12.6 km „dark fiber“** to seismic sensors  
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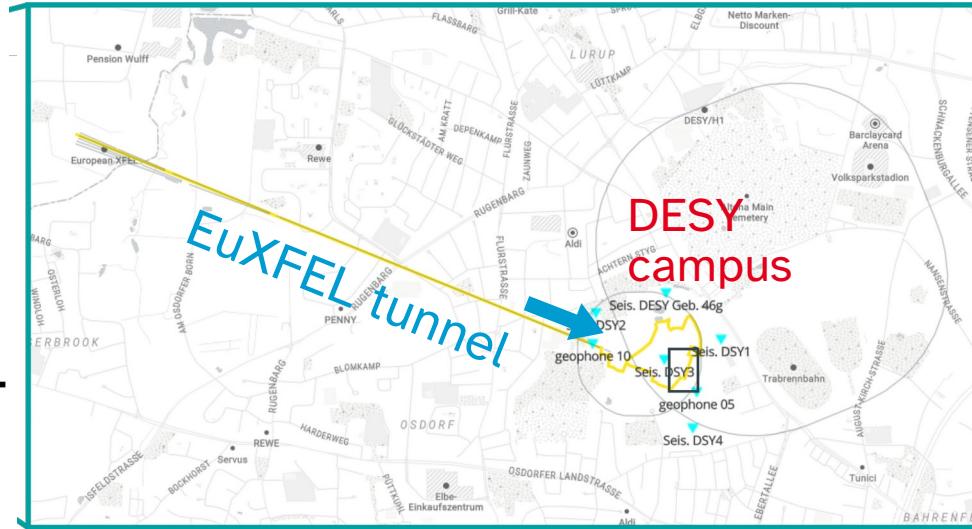
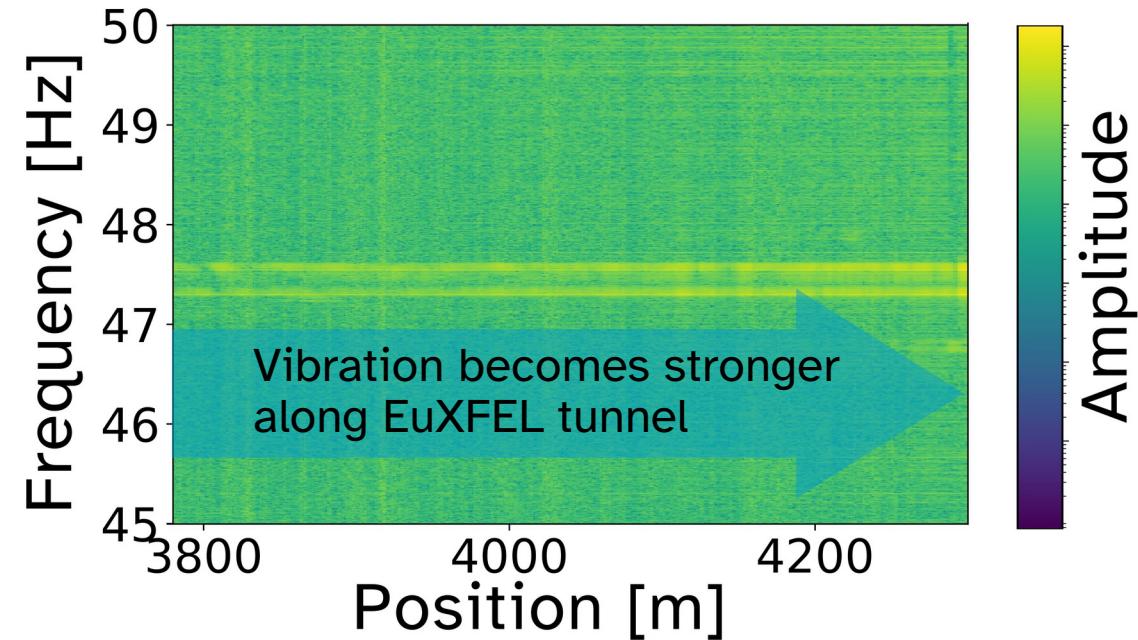
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# 47.5 Hz disturbance on EuXFEL photon beam



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Takeaway message

*Listen to the seismic noise!*

Youtube:



Contact: [celine.hadzii.com](http://celine.hadzii.com)



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Ambient **seismic noise** surrounds us continuously...

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**Ask me anything!**

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