

DISCRETE 2022
8th Symposium on Prospects in the Physics of Discrete Symmetries
Kongresshaus Baden-Baden
November 7-11, 2022



ATLAS and CMS Dark Matter Searches: Results and Future Opportunities

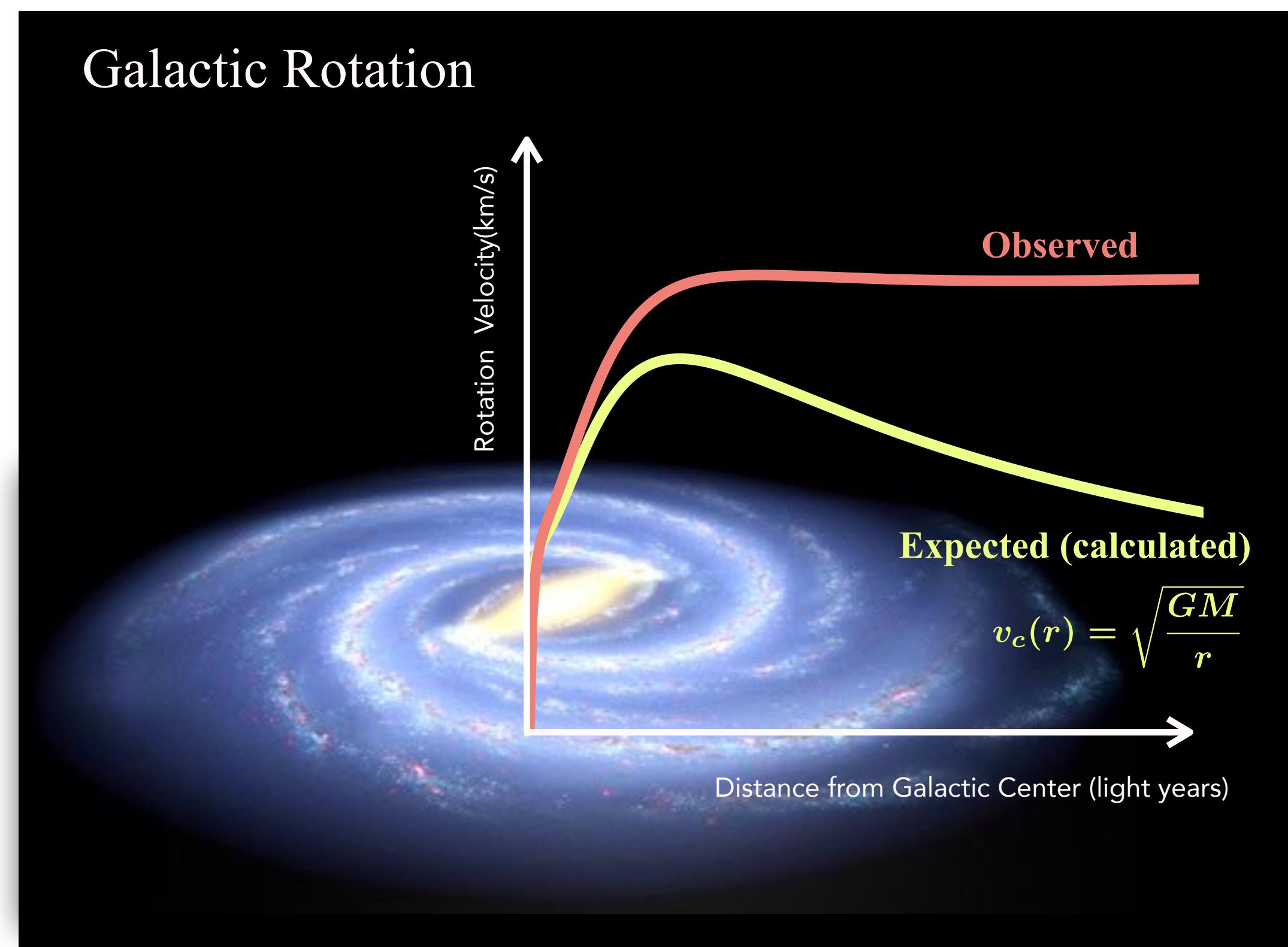
Hassnae El Jarrari
Mohammed V University in Rabat &
Academia Sinica Taiwan

On behalf of the ATLAS and CMS collaborations

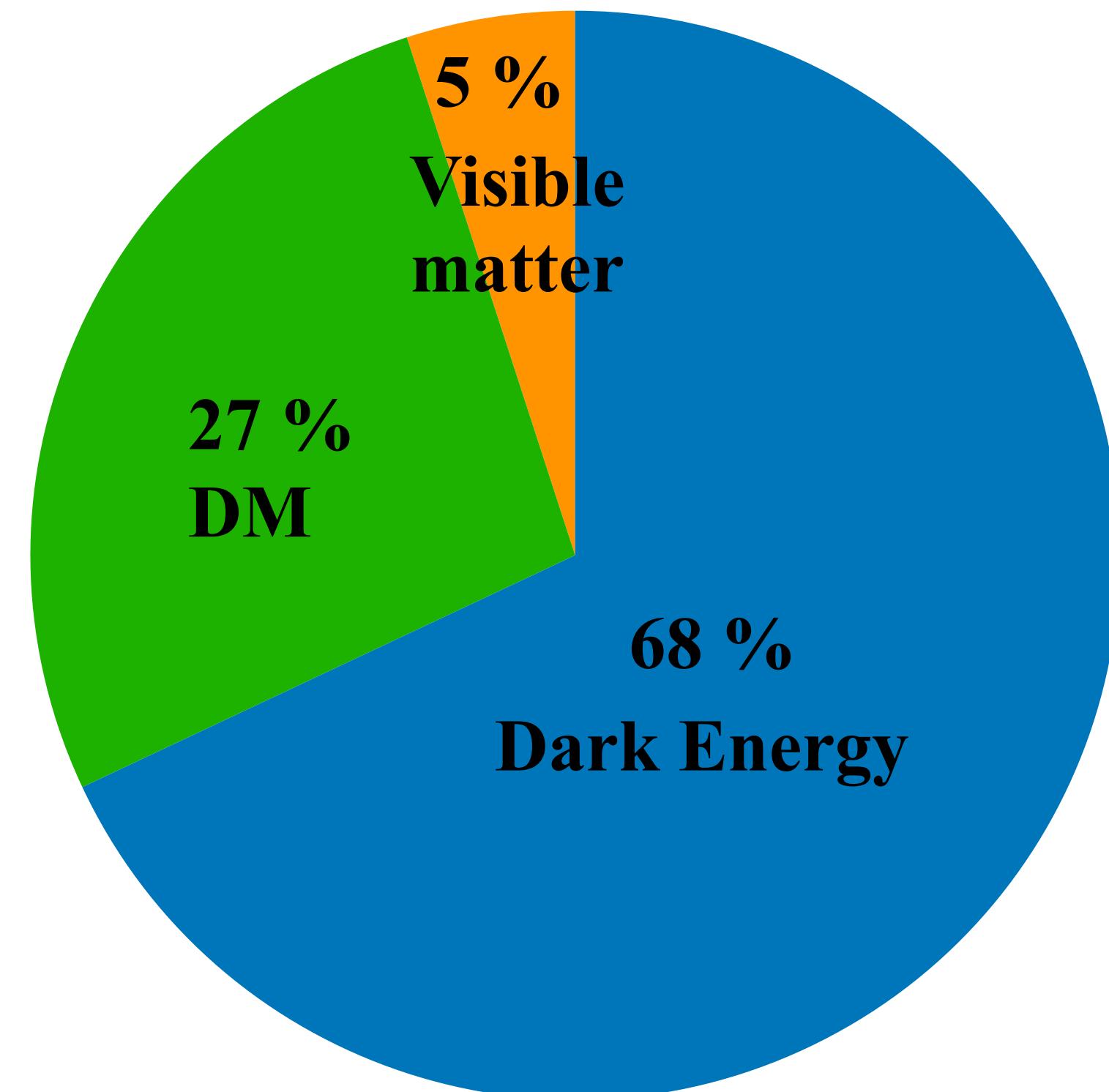
Dark Matter

Long-standing evidences for Dark Matter (DM) from astronomical observations and gravitational effects:

- Galactic rotation curves
- Gravitational lensing
- Cosmic Microwave Background anisotropies, ...



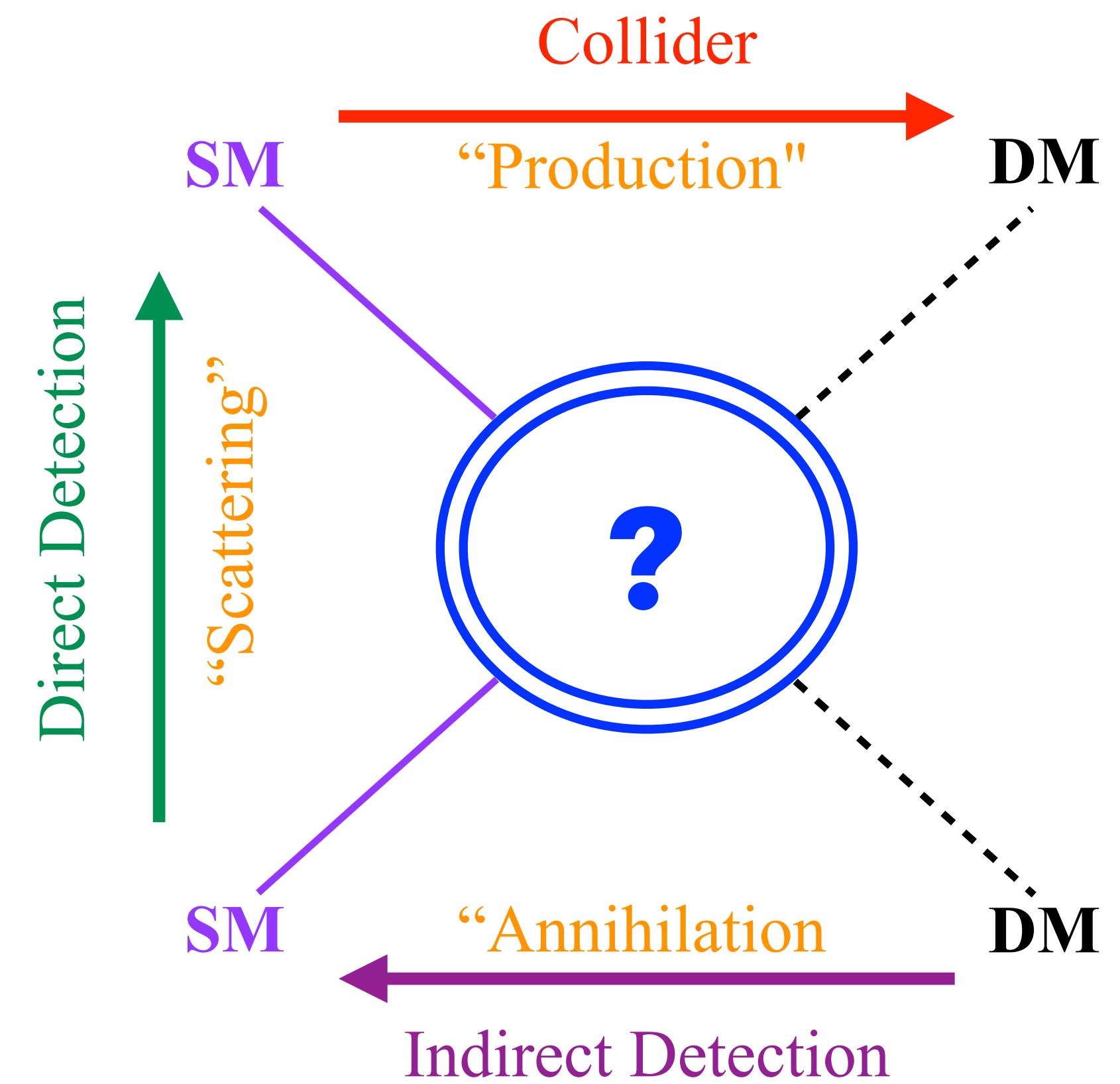
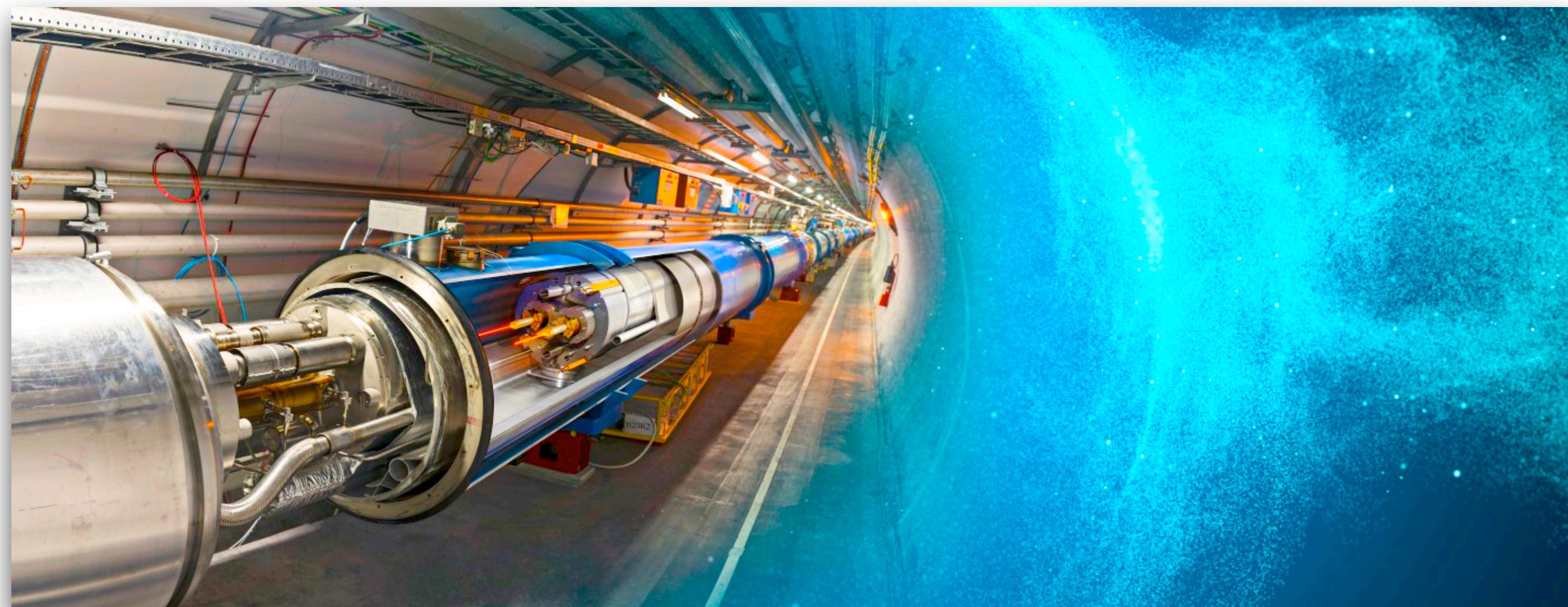
The estimated matter-energy content in the universe is:



Dark Matter Detection

DM-SM weak interaction enables different searches:

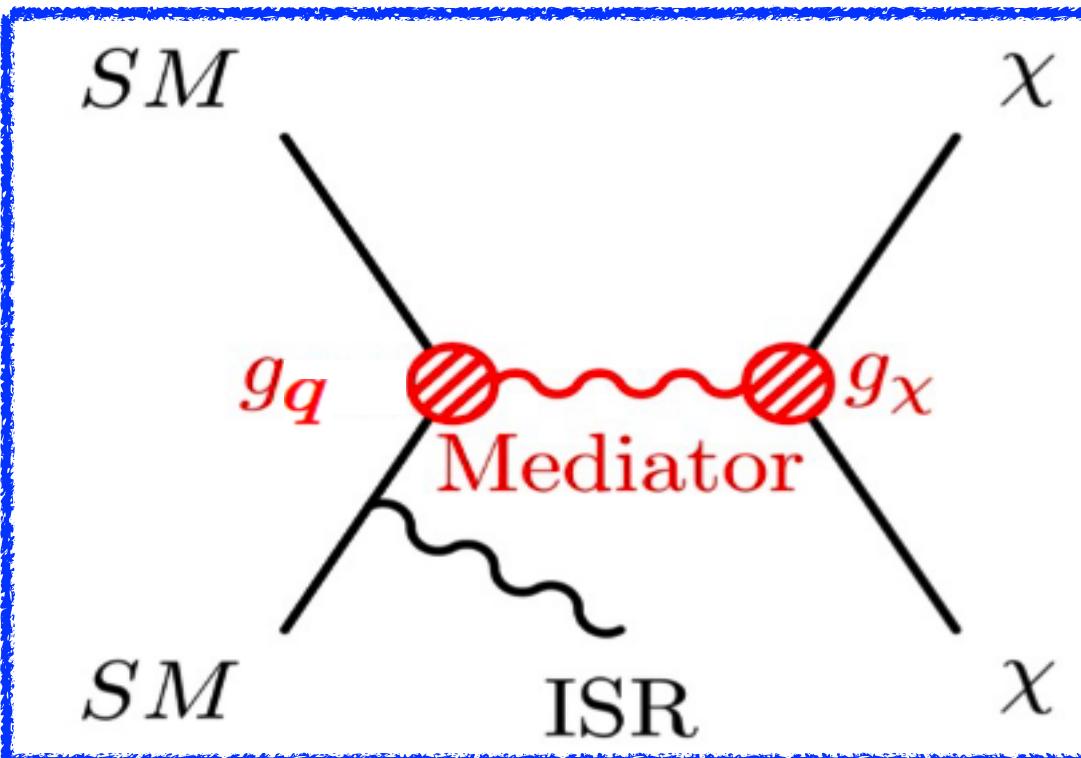
- **Indirect Detection (ID):** products from DM annihilation (HESS, IceCube, ...)
- **Direct Detection (DD):** nuclear recoils from DM-nuclei scattering (XENON, SNOLAB)
- **Colliders:** DM production in high-energy collisions (LHC)



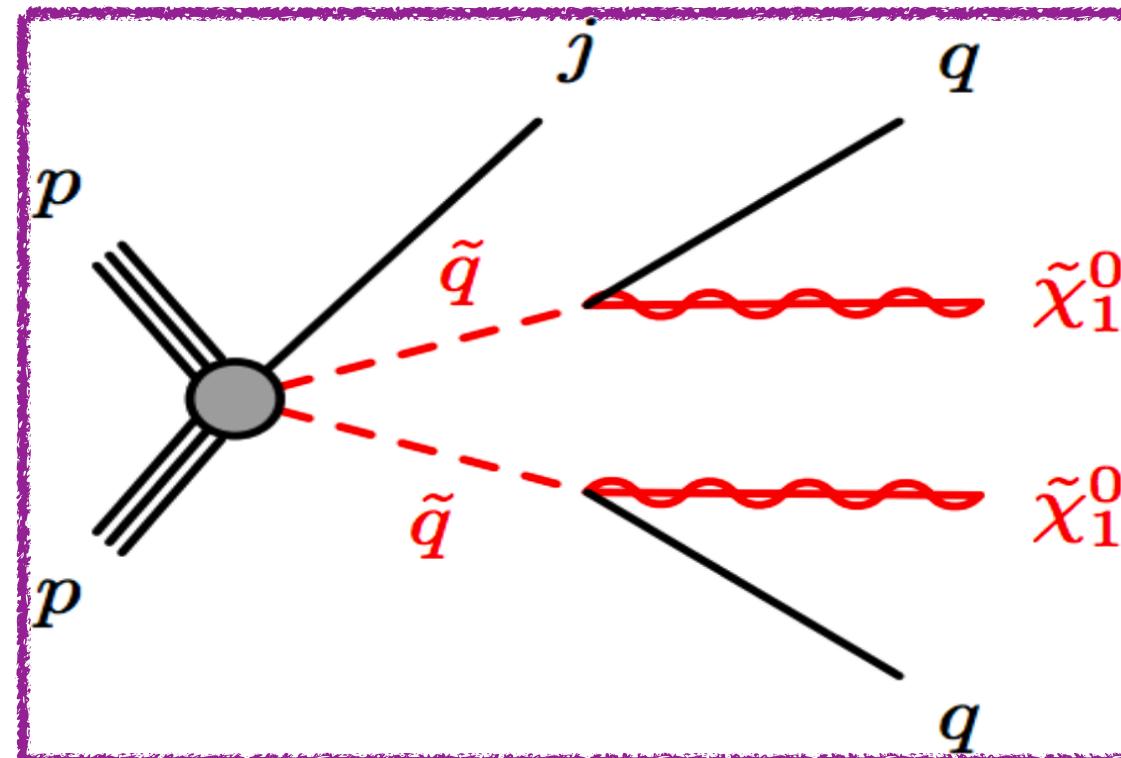
- Directly probes the DM production mechanism.
- Complementary to DD and ID searches.

Dark Matter Models at the LHC

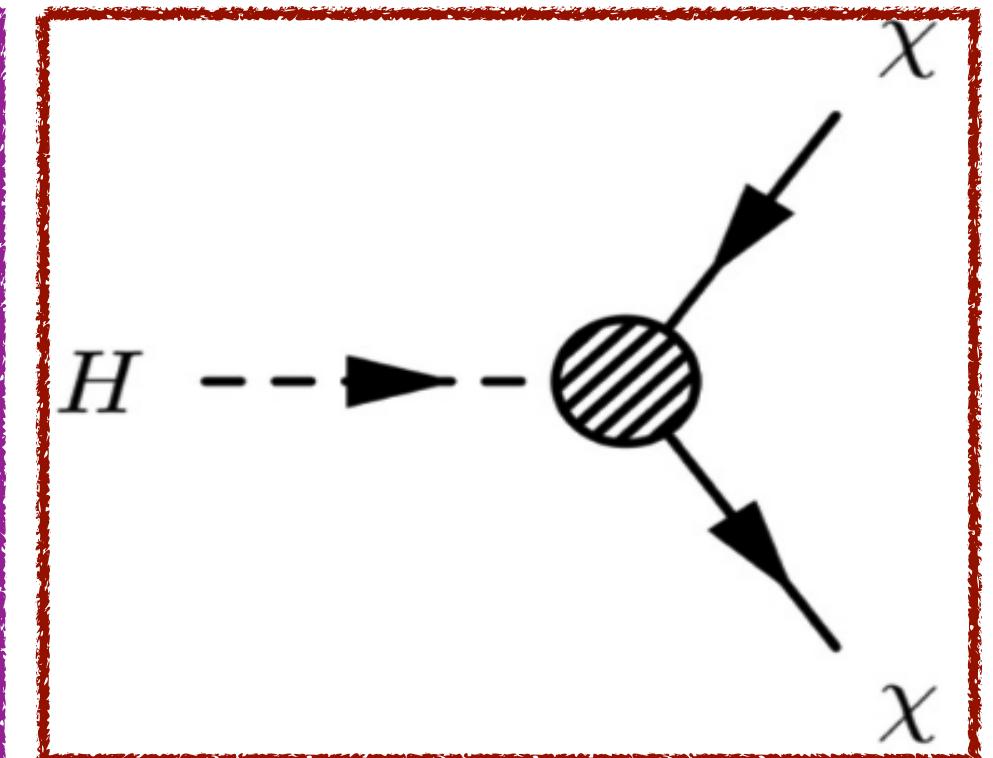
Simplified models



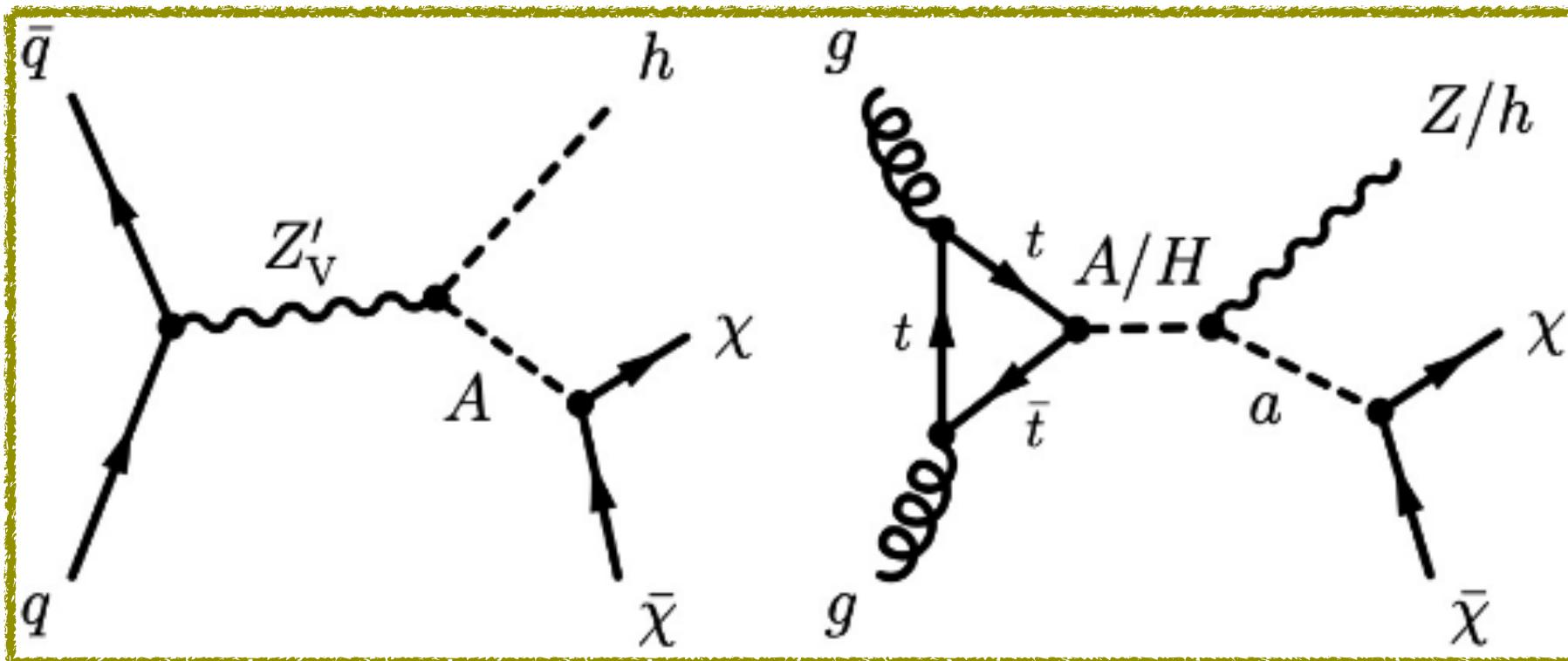
SUSY



Higgs portal



Extended Higgs sector



SM-DM boson mediator:

- Spin-0: Scalar (S) or pseudo-scalar (a)
- Spin-1: Vector (V/Z') or axial-vector (A)
- Minimal set of parameters: $M_\chi, M_{\text{mediator}}, g_\chi, g_q, g_\ell$

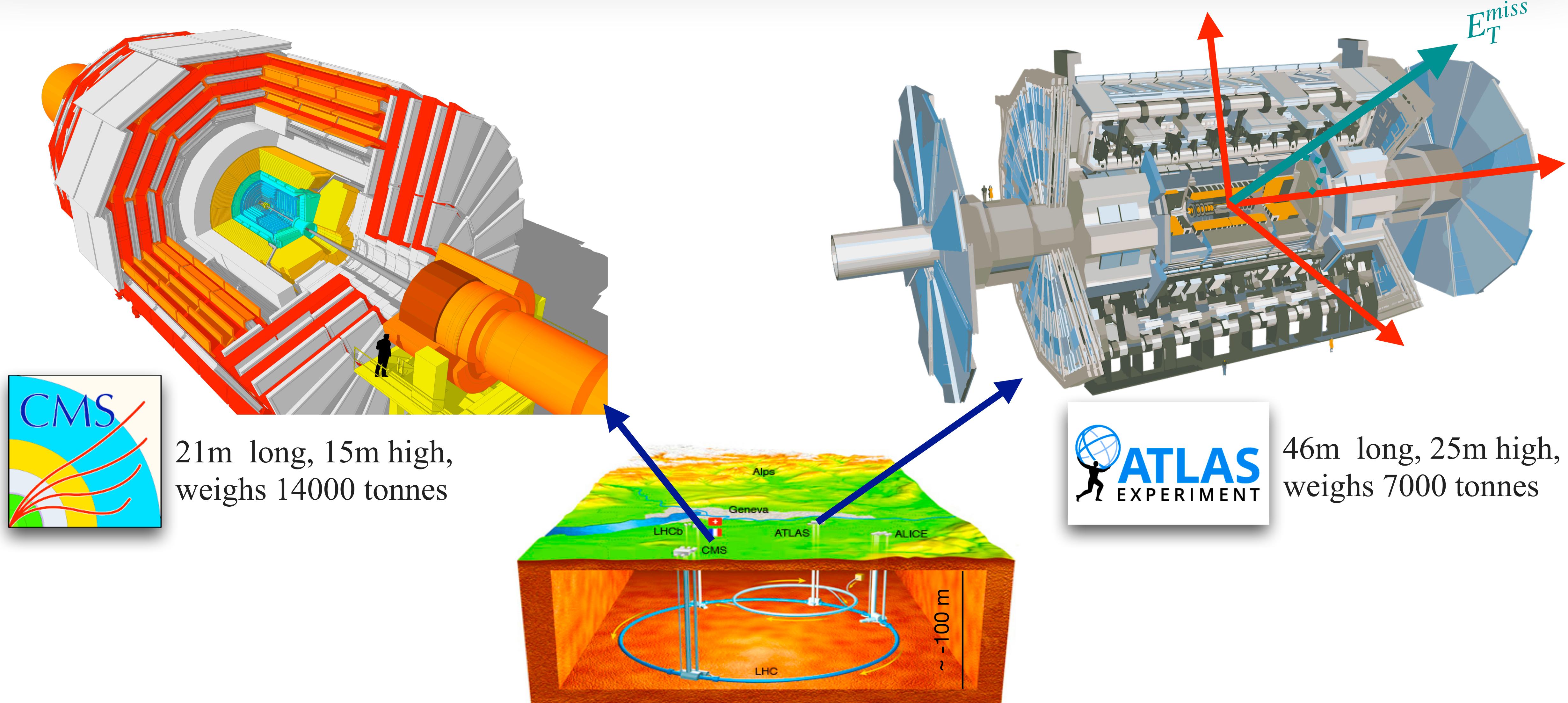
- Provides good candidate for DM
- R-parity conservation
- Lightest supersymmetric Particle (LSP)
- Model-dependent limit on DM candidate

- Higgs boson mediates DM-SM interaction: $H \rightarrow \text{invisible}$
- Parameters: m_χ, χ spin

• More complete models (more free parameters and better sensitivity) involving several Higgs-like (or scalar) bosons: 2HDMa, Dark Higgs, ..

ATLAS and CMS

p-p LHC Run 2: Center of mass energy $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$, integrated luminosity 139 (137) fb^{-1} for ATLAS (CMS)



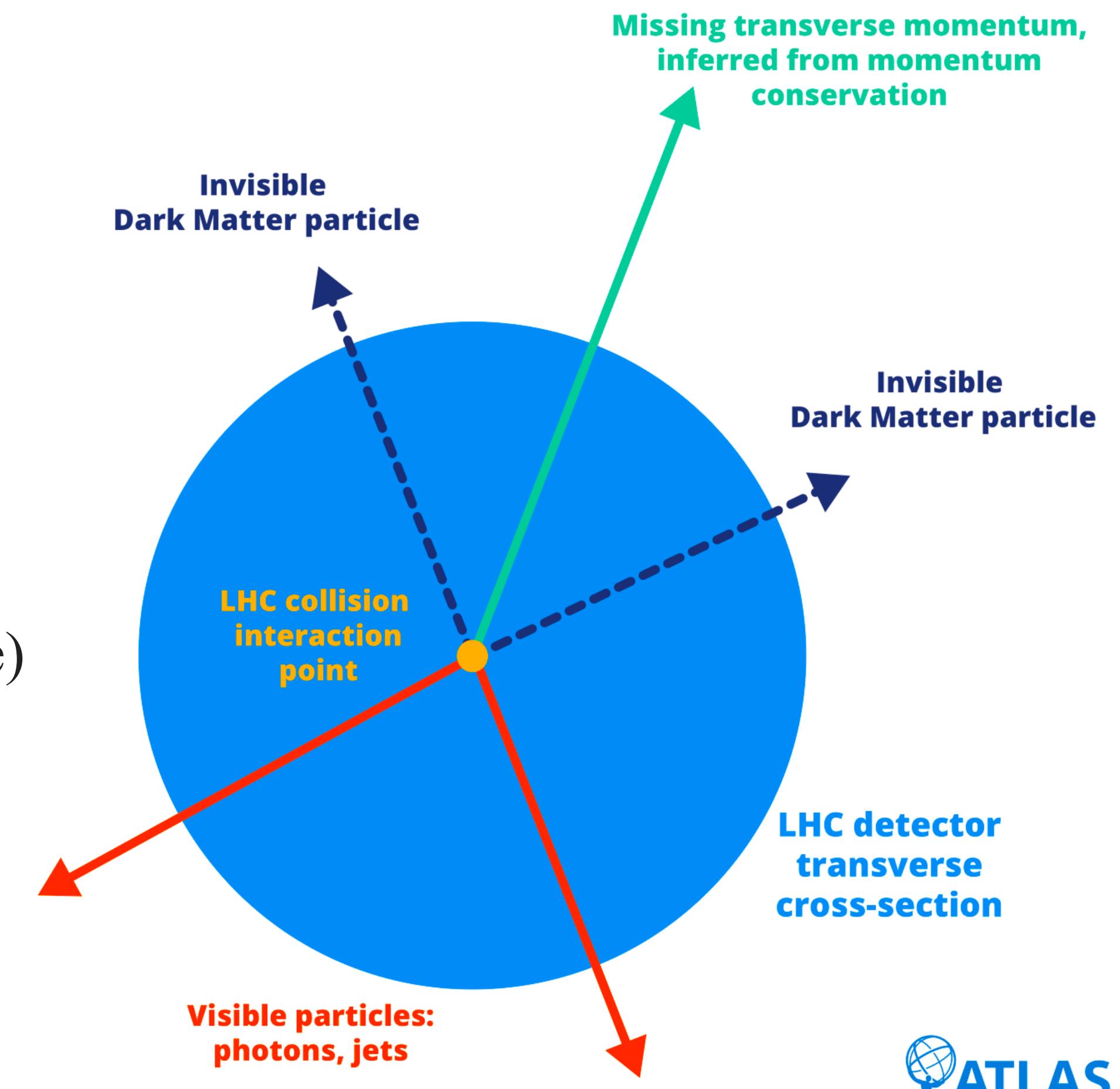
Dark Matter at the LHC

At the LHC experiments (ATLAS and CMS):

- DM makes an important part of the LHC search program
- DM does not interact with the apparatus.
 - Final states with undetected particles.
 - Creates a transverse momentum p_T imbalance
=> Detected as **Missing transverse energy** E_T^{miss} .
- Favourite collider DM candidate: WIMP
 - Weakly interacting, heavy, & stable
 - Naturally accounts for observed relic density (WIMP Miracle)

The diagram illustrates the detection of missing transverse momentum (E_T^{miss}). It shows two grey detector cones representing the sum of visible particle momenta ($\sum \vec{p}_T$). A green arrow points from the center to the right, representing the total visible momentum. The equation $E_T^{\text{miss}} \equiv | - \sum \vec{p}_T |$ is shown, indicating the magnitude of the vector difference between the total visible momentum and zero.

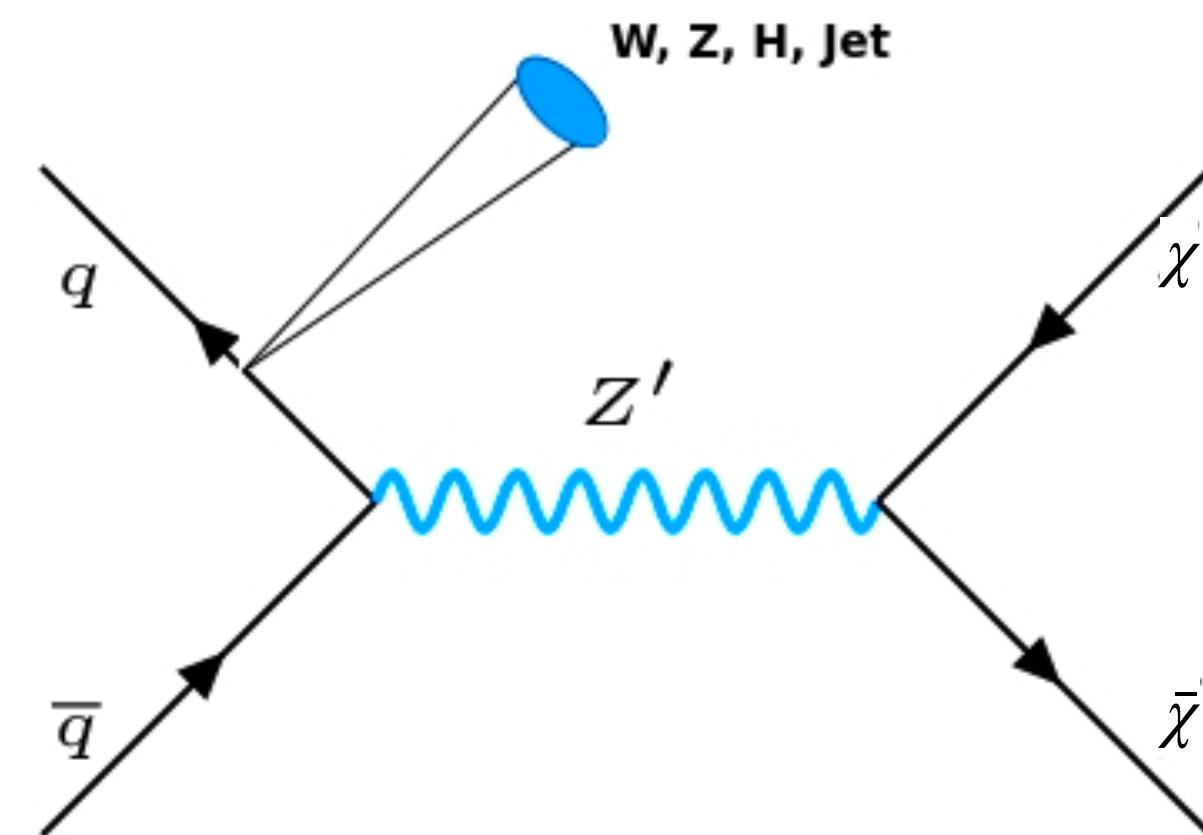
$$\nu's \text{ or } \chi's \rightarrow \sum \vec{p}_T \rightarrow E_T^{\text{miss}} \equiv | - \sum \vec{p}_T |$$



ATLAS and CMS Dark Matter Searches: Results

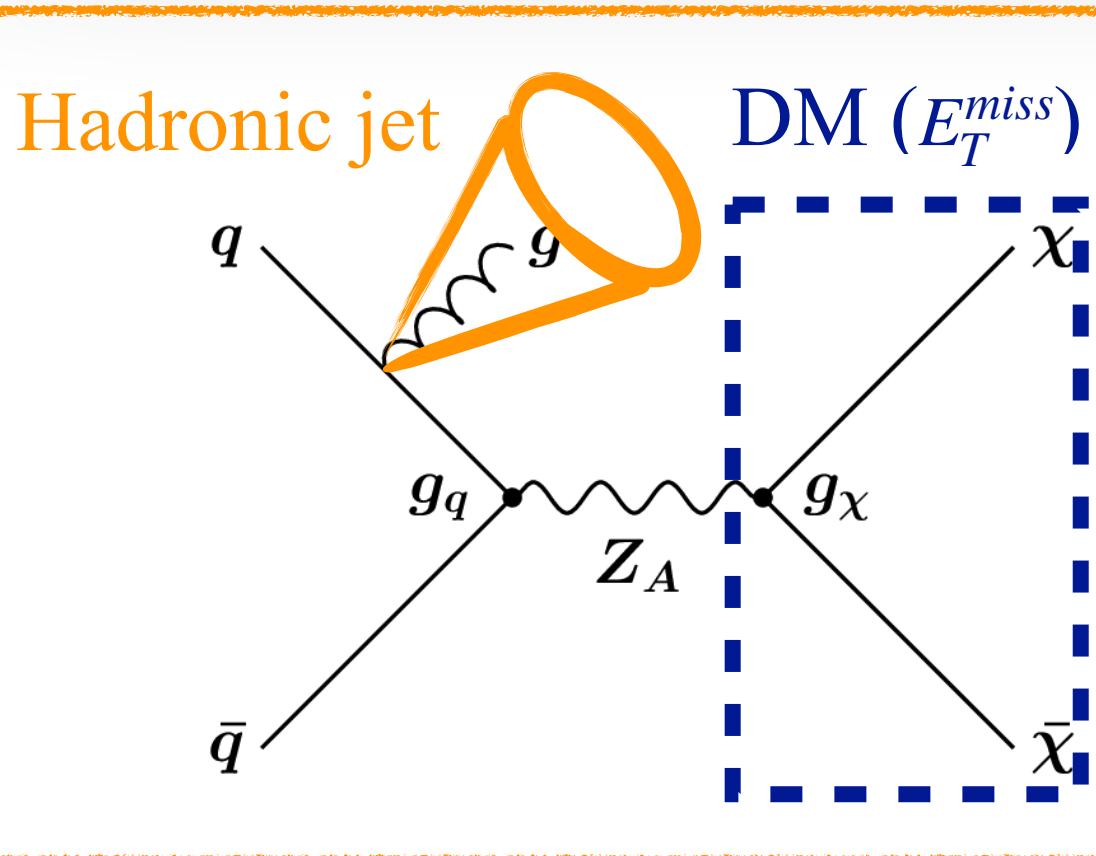
**Disclaimer: focusing only on the most recent results.
More results are included in the backup slides.**

MonoX searches: $X + E_T^{\text{miss}}$



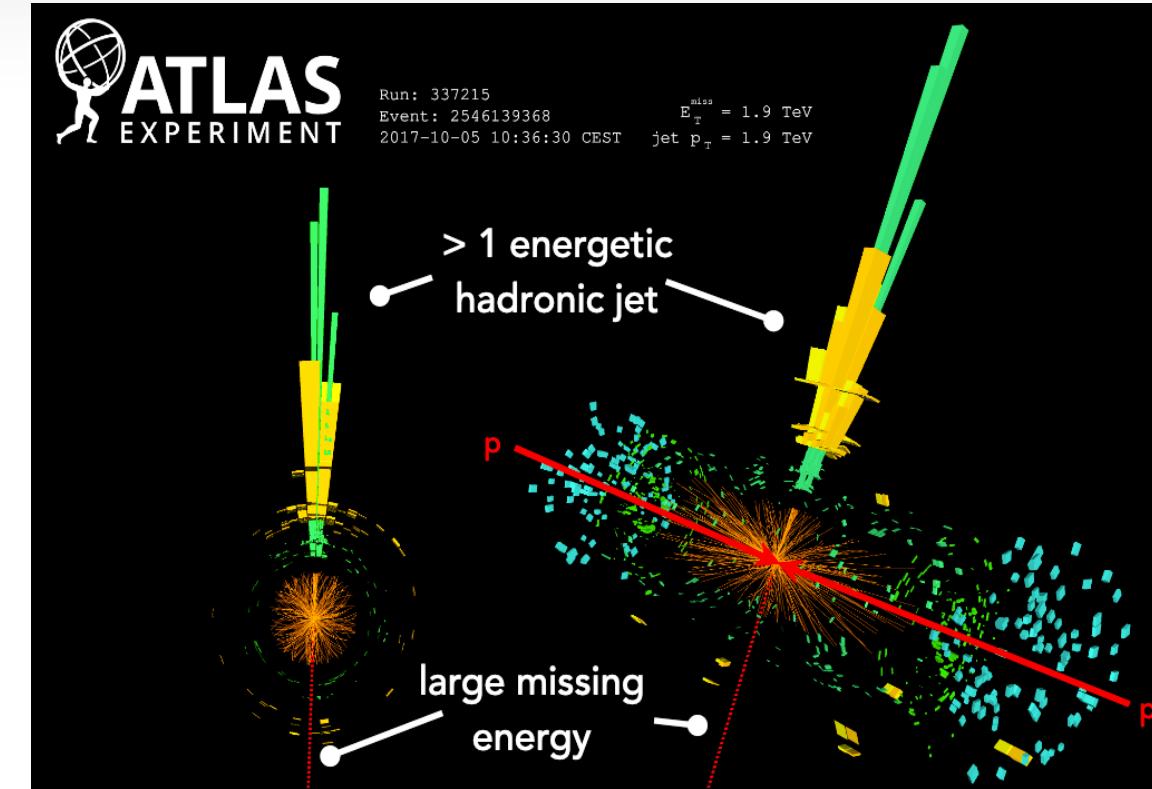
Inclusive signature sensitive to a wide range of New Physics theories

jet + E_T^{miss} events displays

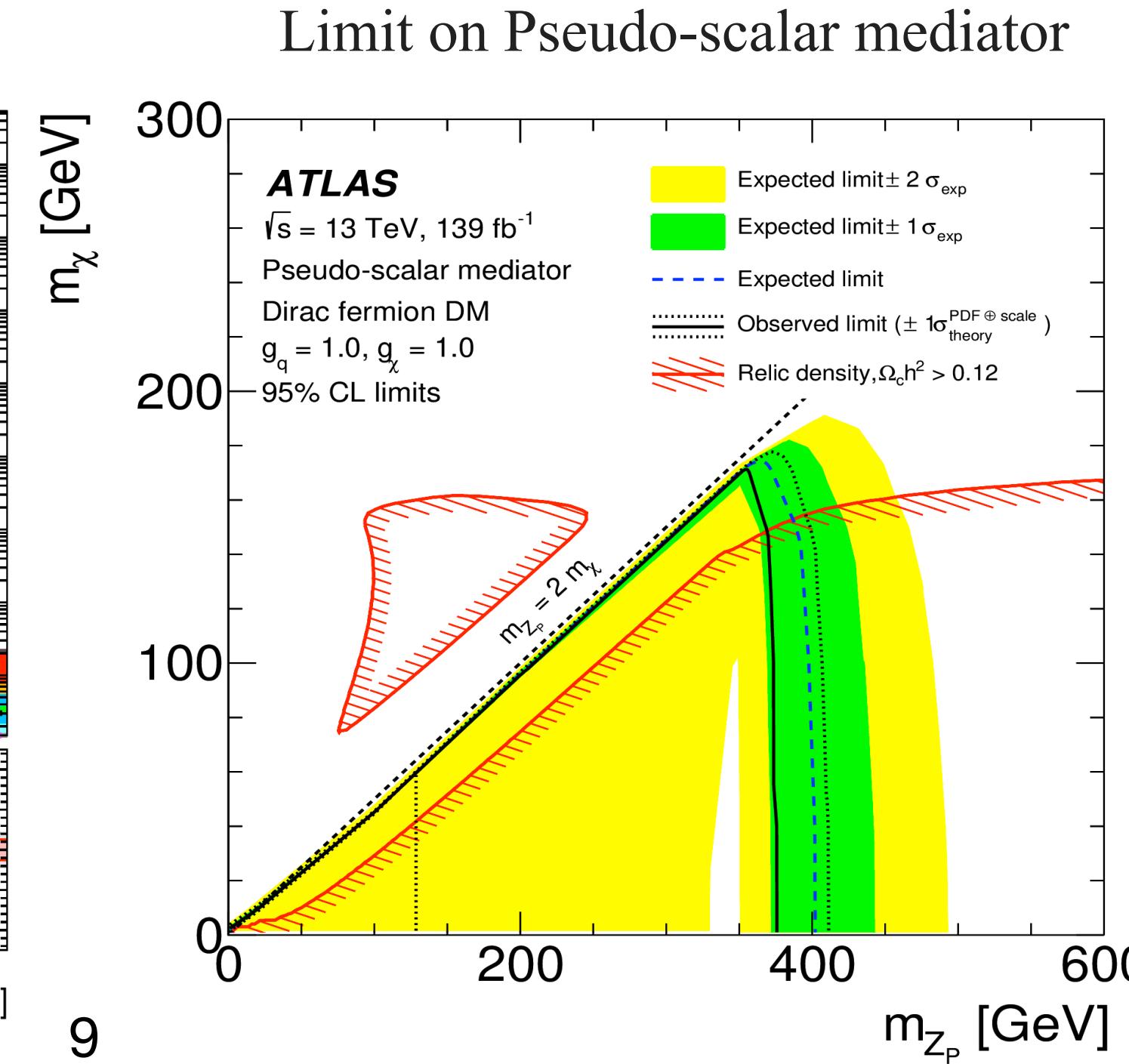
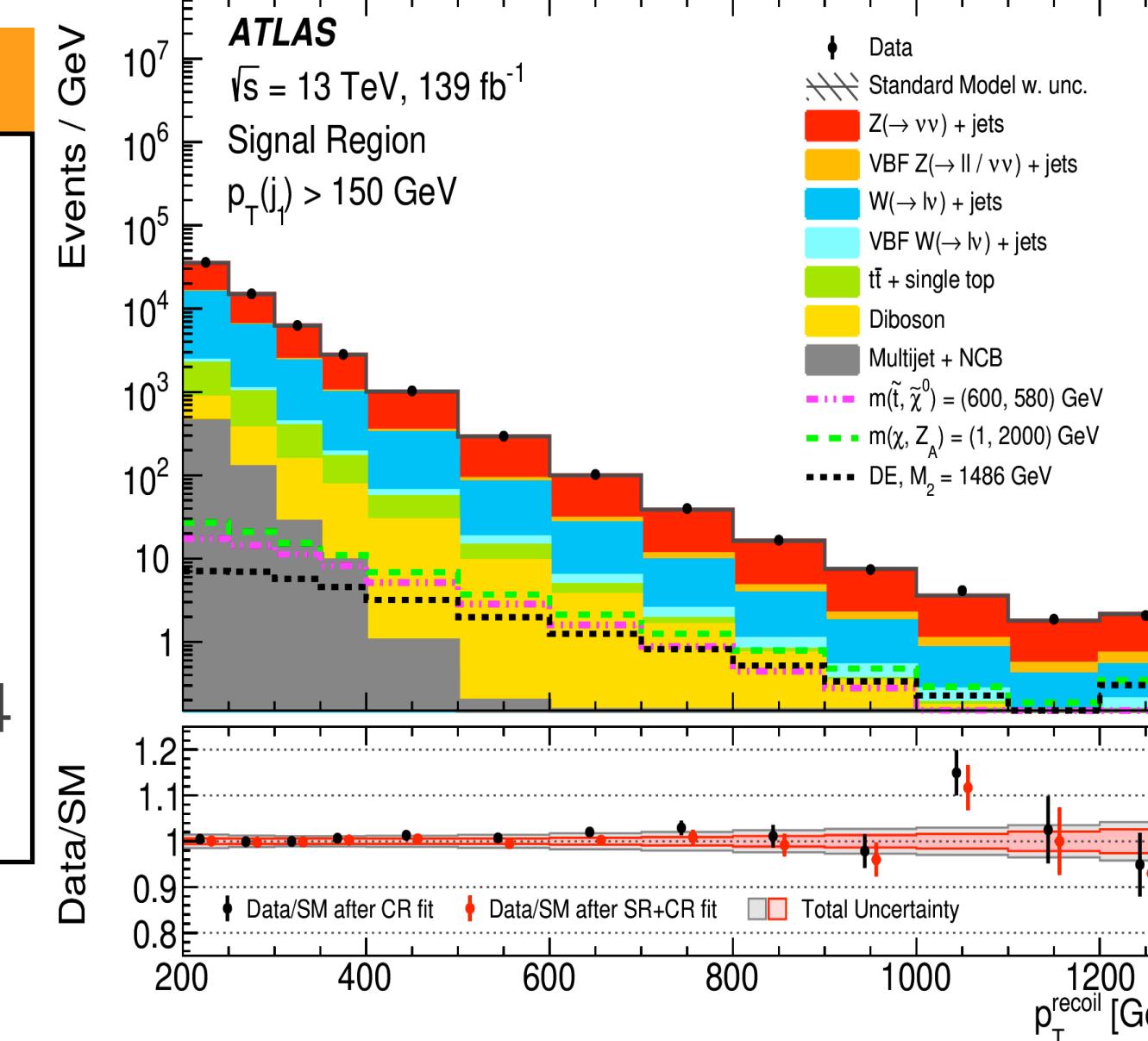


- ### Main Backgrounds
- ✓ Dominant contribution from $Z(\rightarrow \nu\nu) + \text{jets}$ and $W(\rightarrow \ell\nu) + \text{jets}$
 - Constrained in $1/2 \ell$ regions
 - Shapes modelled by state-of-the-art MC simulation: **NNLO QCD+ NLO EW**
 - ✓ 5 Control Regions (CR) in the fit: $W(e\nu)$, $W(\mu\nu)$, $Z(ee)$, $Z(\mu\mu)$, $t\bar{t} + \text{single } t$
 - ✓ Total background uncertainty: 2-4%

'simplified DM model'



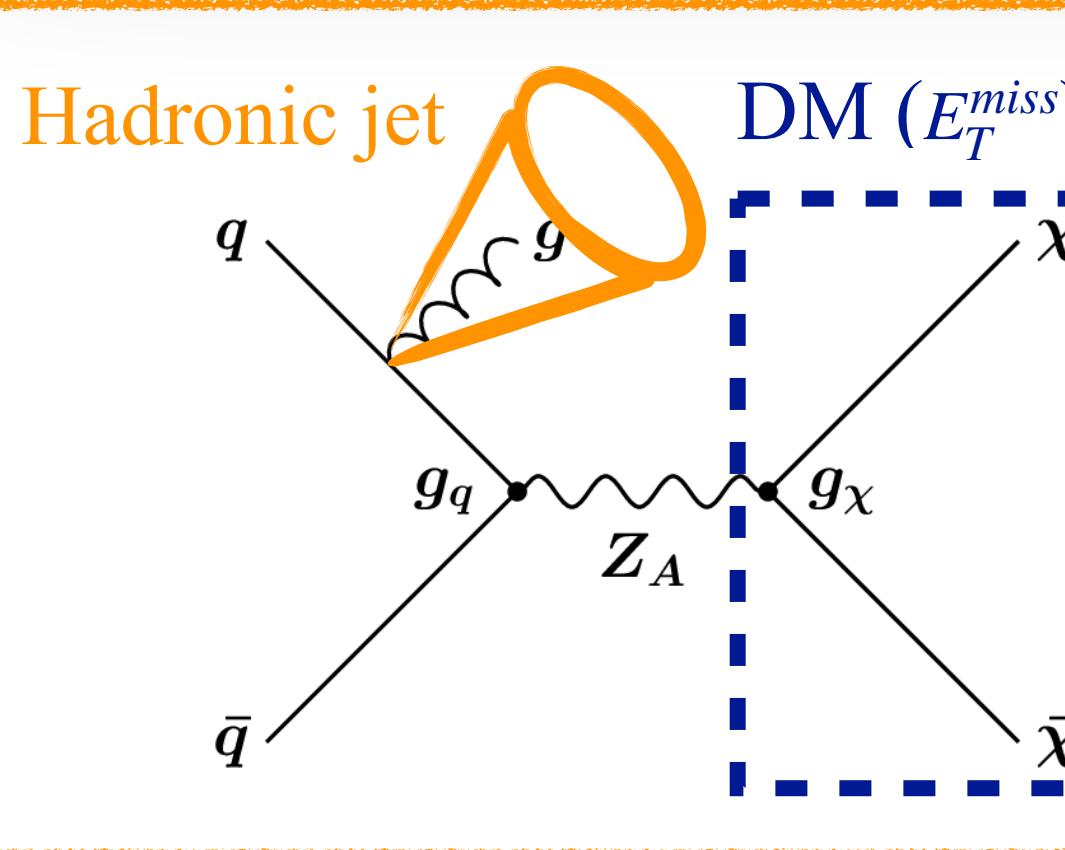
- ### Signal Region (SR)
- E_T^{miss} triggered events
 - $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 200 \text{ GeV}$ for
 - Up to 4 jets well separated from E_T^{miss}
 - Require jet from ISR with $p_T > 150 \text{ GeV}$ and $|\eta| < 2.4$
 - Veto leptons and photon



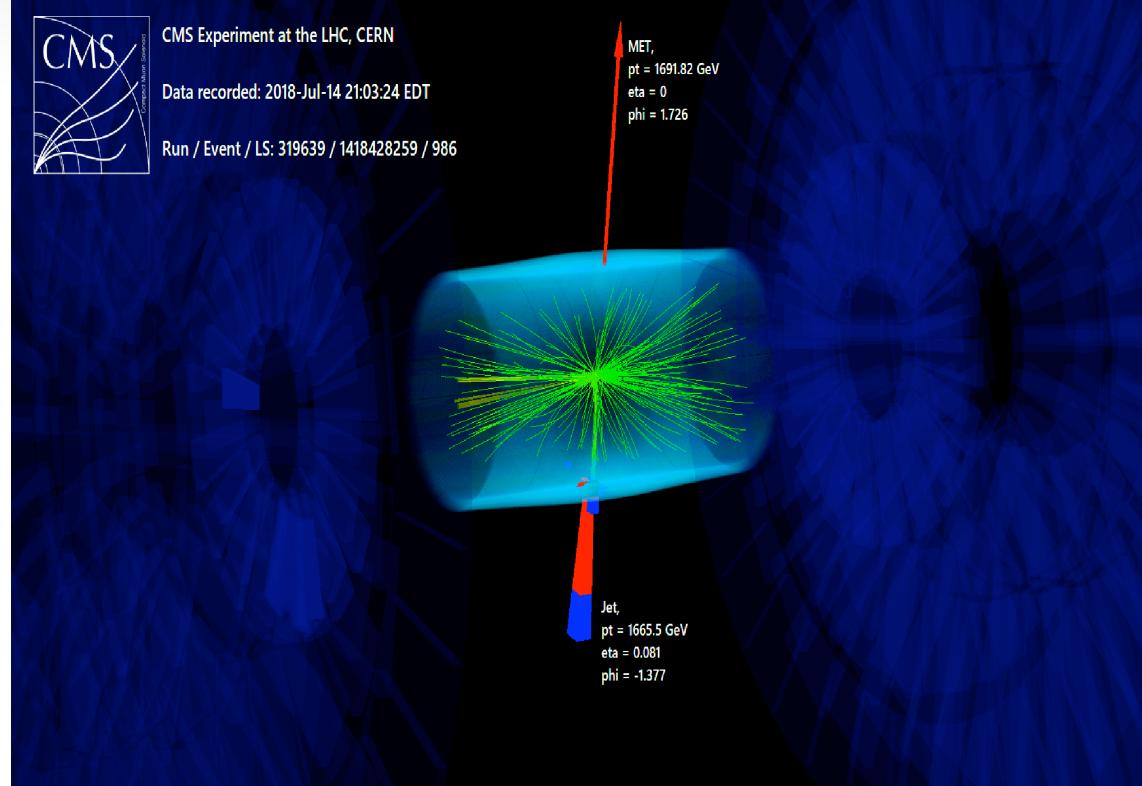
Various interpretations: model dependent & independent limits on (WIMPs, squark pair production, extra dimensions, scalar dark energy, invisible Higgs, ALPs) are included in the paper.

Inclusive signature sensitive to a wide range of New Physics theories

$jet + E_T^{\text{miss}}$ events displays

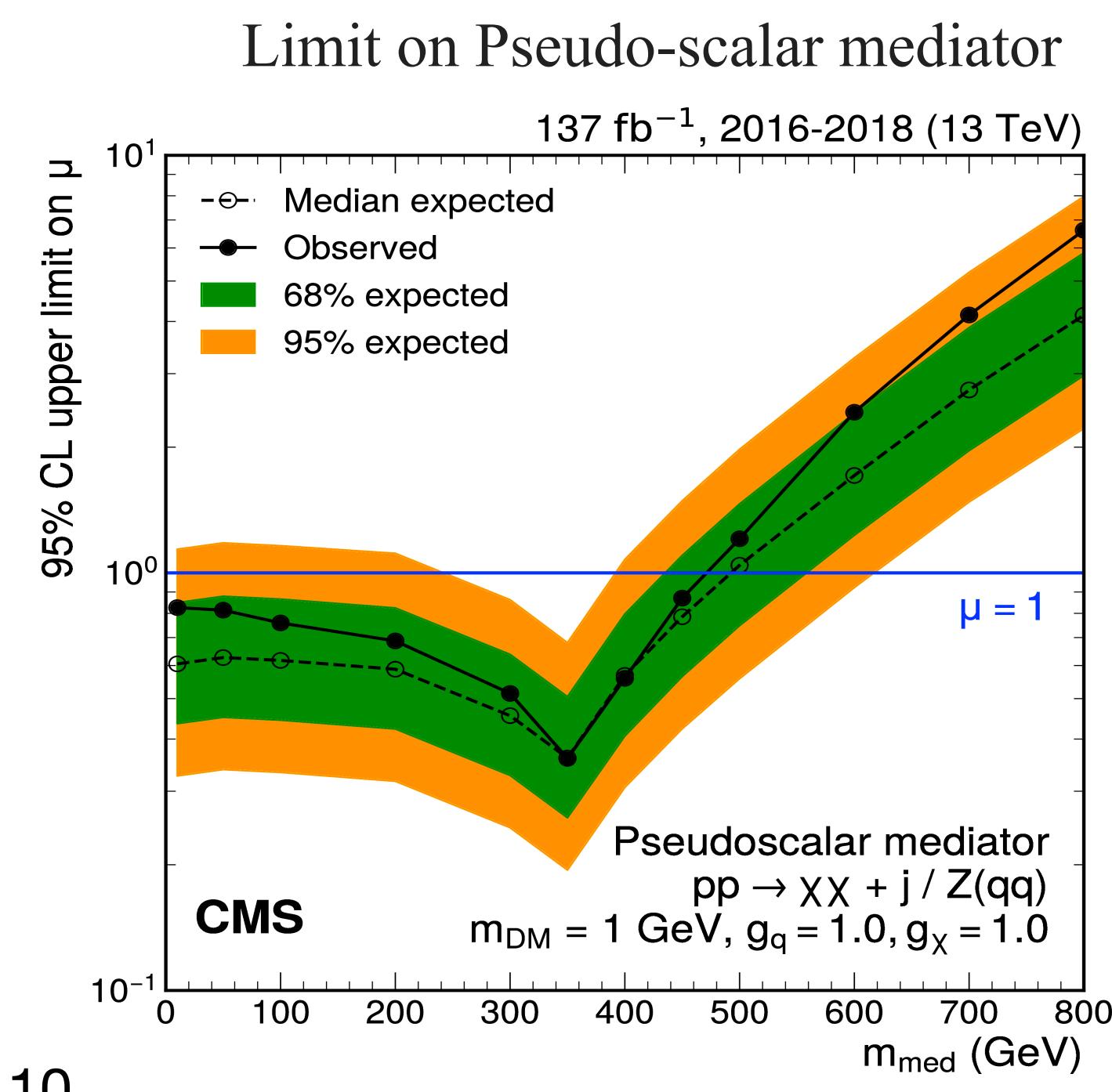
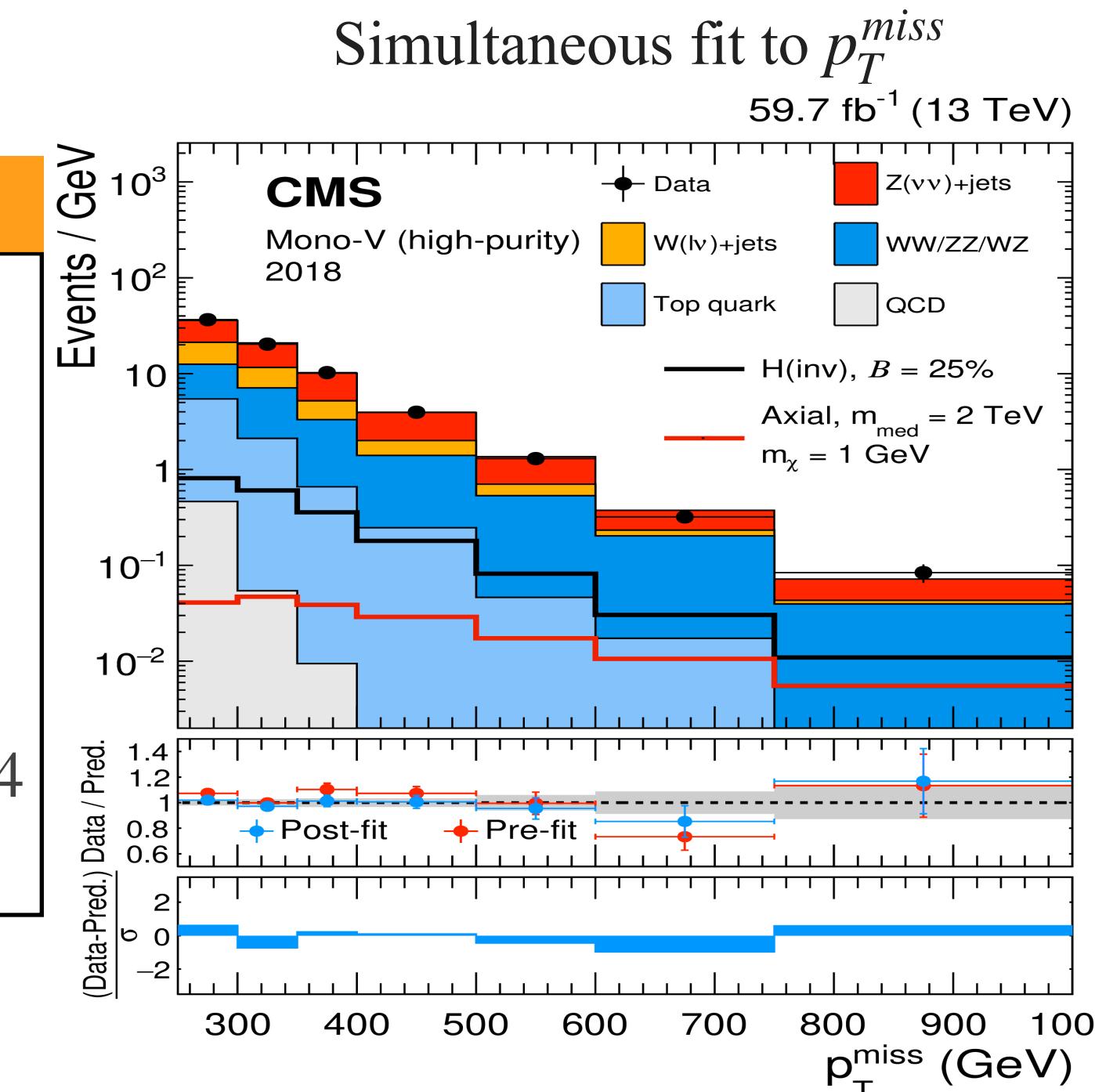


- ### Main Backgrounds
- ✓ Dominant contribution: $Z(\rightarrow \nu\nu) + jets$, $W(\rightarrow \ell\nu) + jets$ and $\gamma + jets$
→ Constrained in 3 CRs: 1 ℓ , 2 ℓ and 1 γ .
 - ✓ QCD Multi-jet: Data-Driven
 - ✓ Signal includes also $V(had) + E_T^{\text{miss}}$



'simplified DM model'

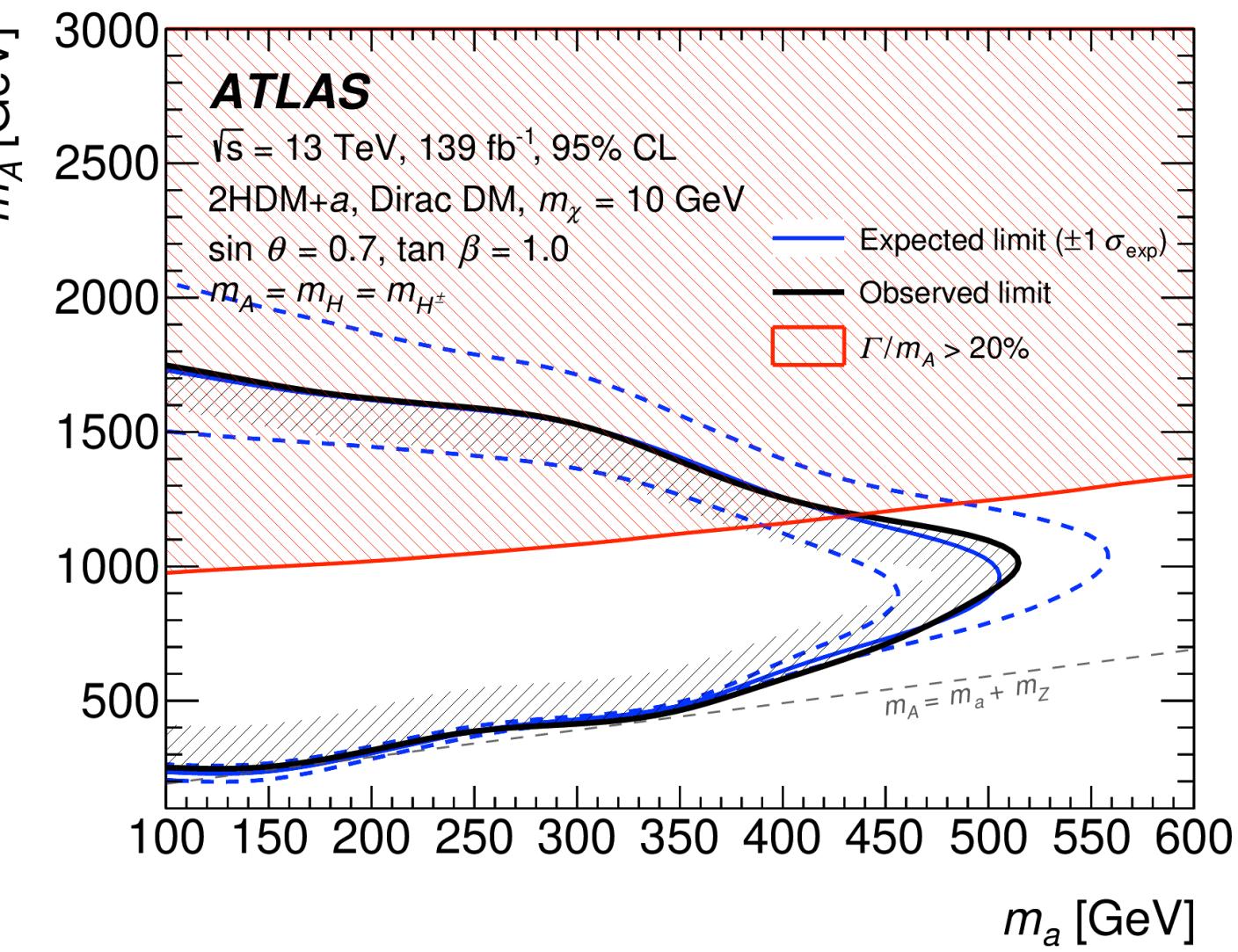
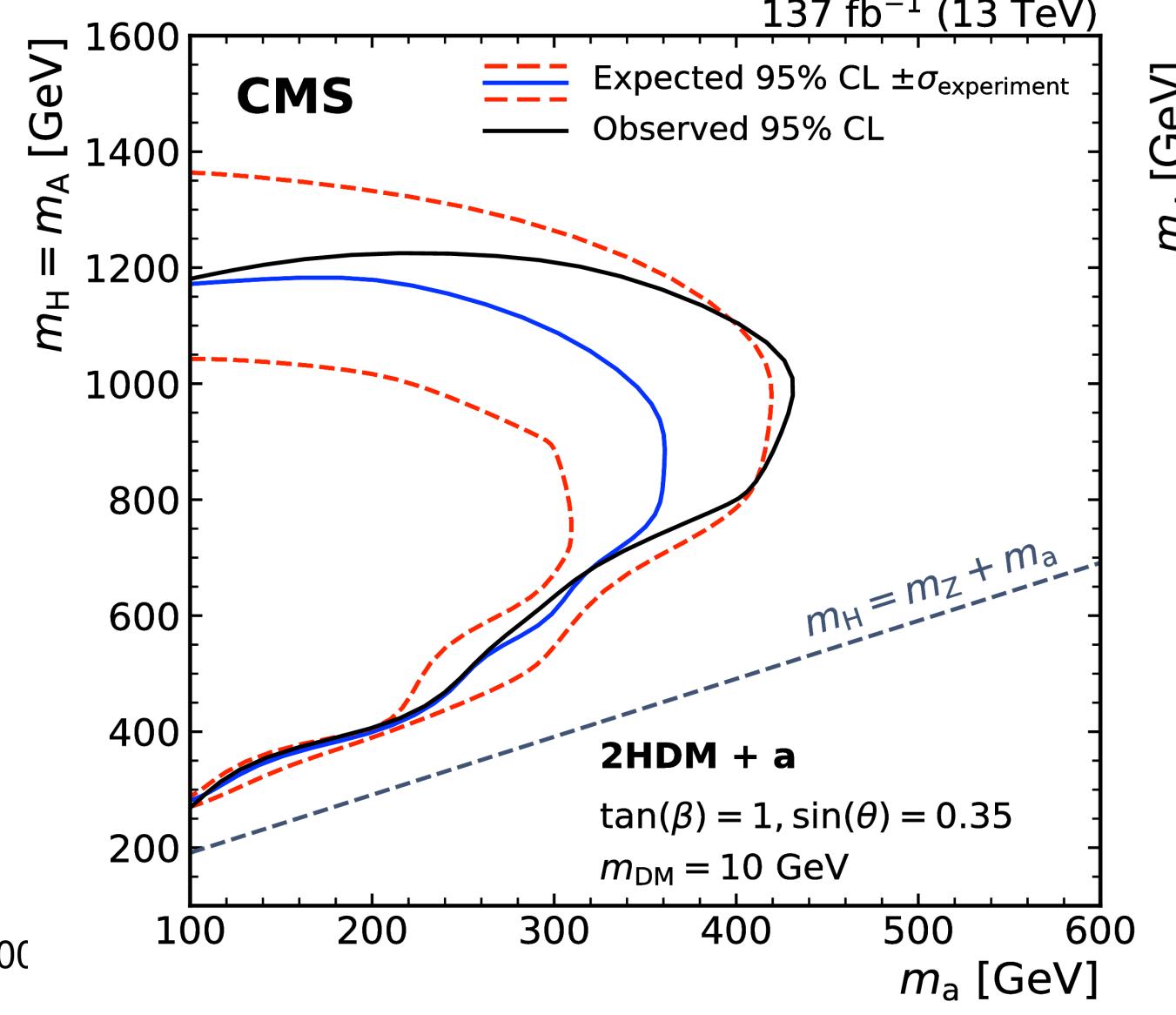
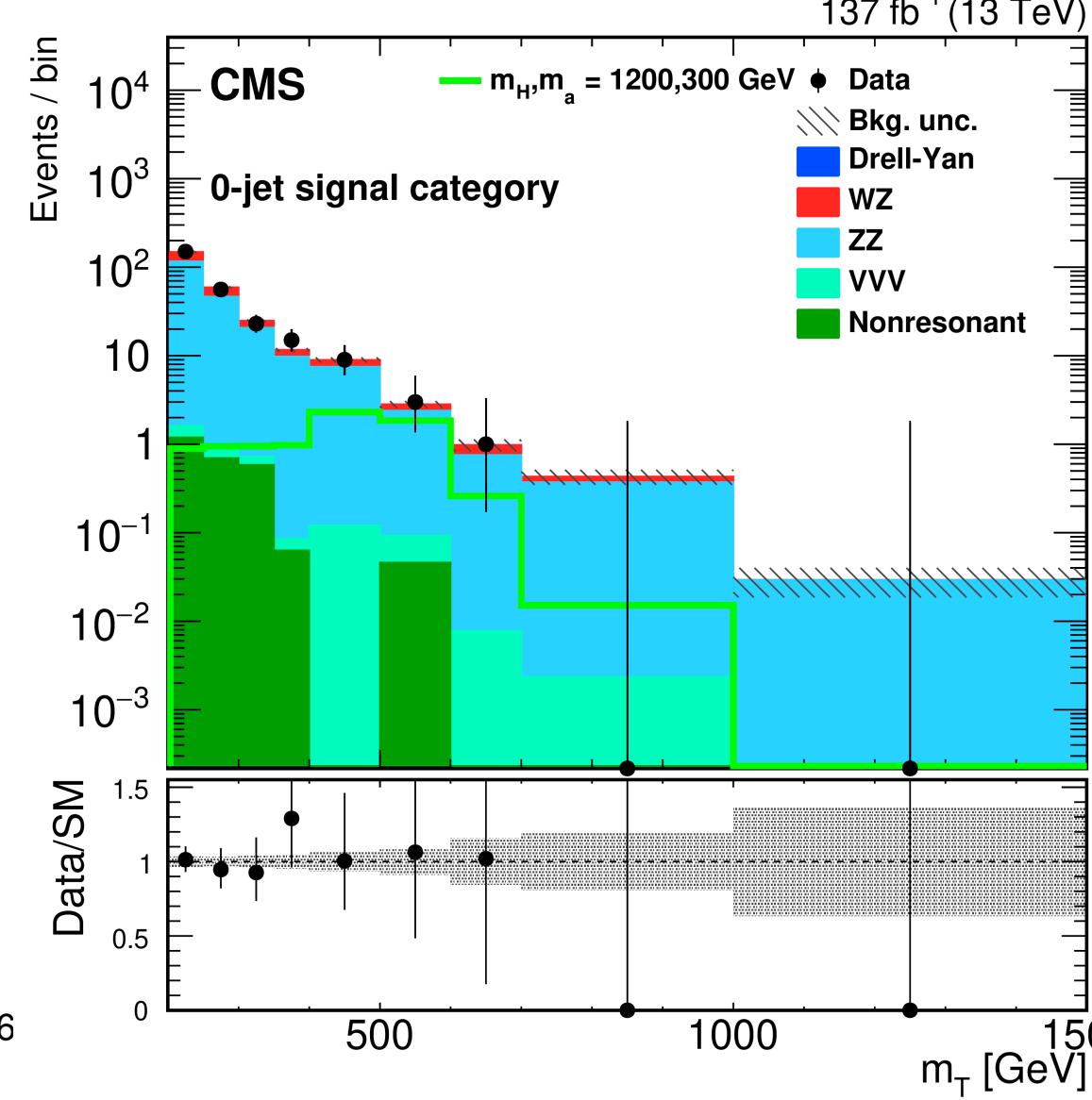
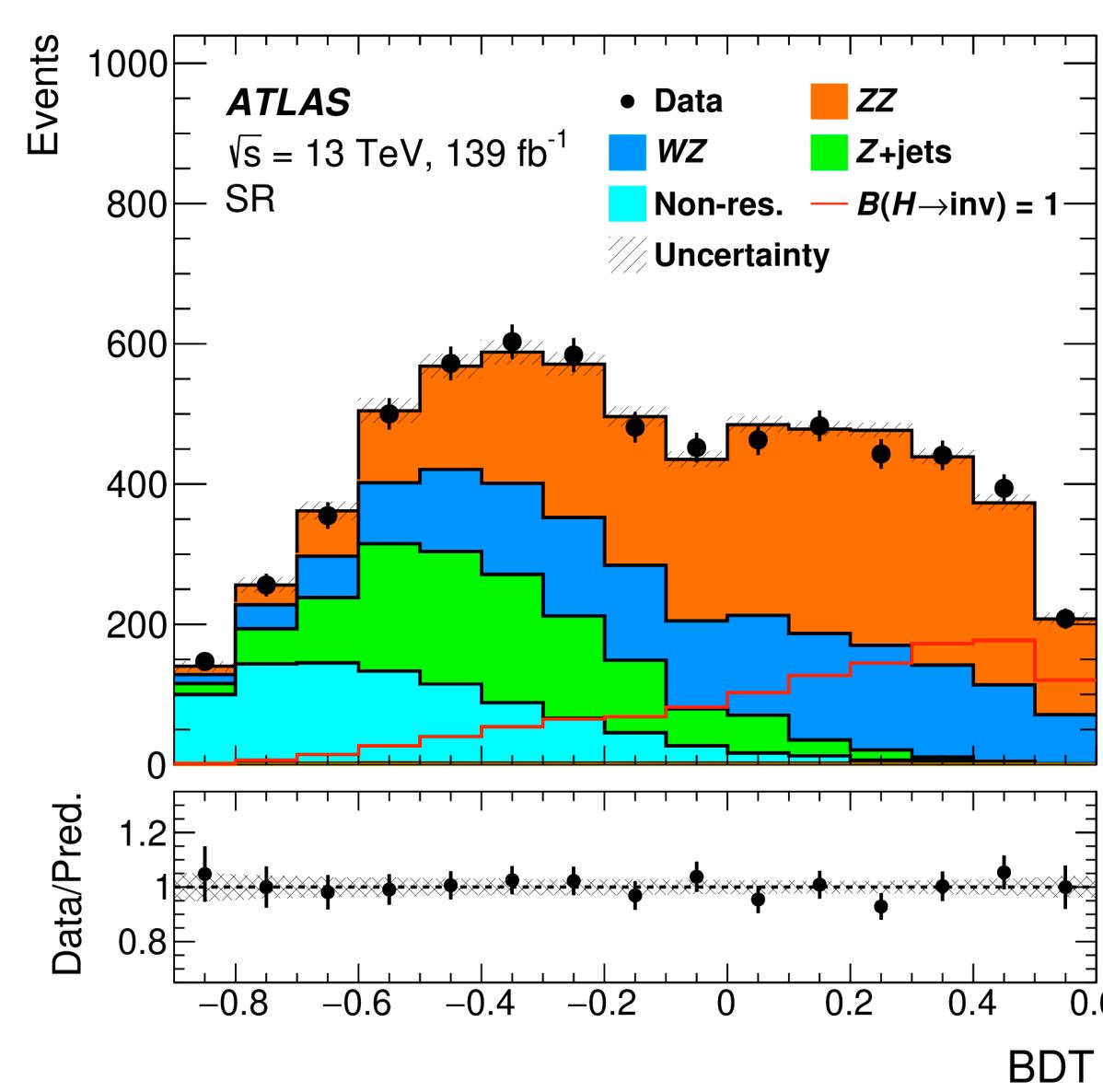
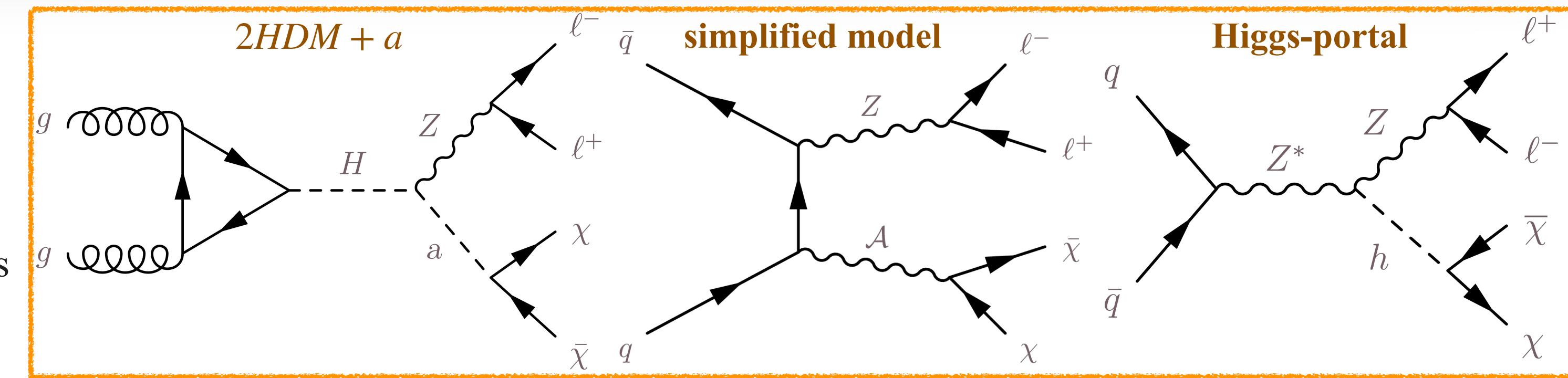
- ### Signal Region (SR)
- E_T^{miss} triggered events
 - $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 250$ GeV for
 - Up to 4 jets well separated from E_T^{miss}
 - Require jet from ISR with $p_T > 100$ GeV and $|\eta| < 2.4$
 - Veto leptons and photon



Various interpretations:
Limits on dark matter
particle production in the
context of simplified
models with vector mediator
and axial-vector mediator
are included in the paper.

'2HDM + a , simplified DM model (spin-1 mediator), Higgs-portal'

- ✓ **Signature:** 2 SFOC leptons + E_T^{miss}
- ✓ **Trigger:** 1/2 leptons
- ✓ **Dominant background:** SM $qq \rightarrow ZZ$.
 - 3 ℓ , 4 ℓ CRs used to constrain WZ/ZZ predictions
 - emu CR to constrain non-resonant (ttbar, WW) processes
- ✓ **SR:** $|m_{\ell\ell} - m_Z| < 15 \text{ GeV}$, $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 80$ (90) GeV for CMS (ATLAS), $\Delta R < 1.8$ and $p_T^{\ell\ell} > 60 \text{ GeV}$ (CMS to reject DY).



Simplified DM model

✓ Trigger: E_T^{miss}

✓ Dominant background:

- $t\bar{t}$ and Z/W+jets → constrained in CRs

✓ SR:

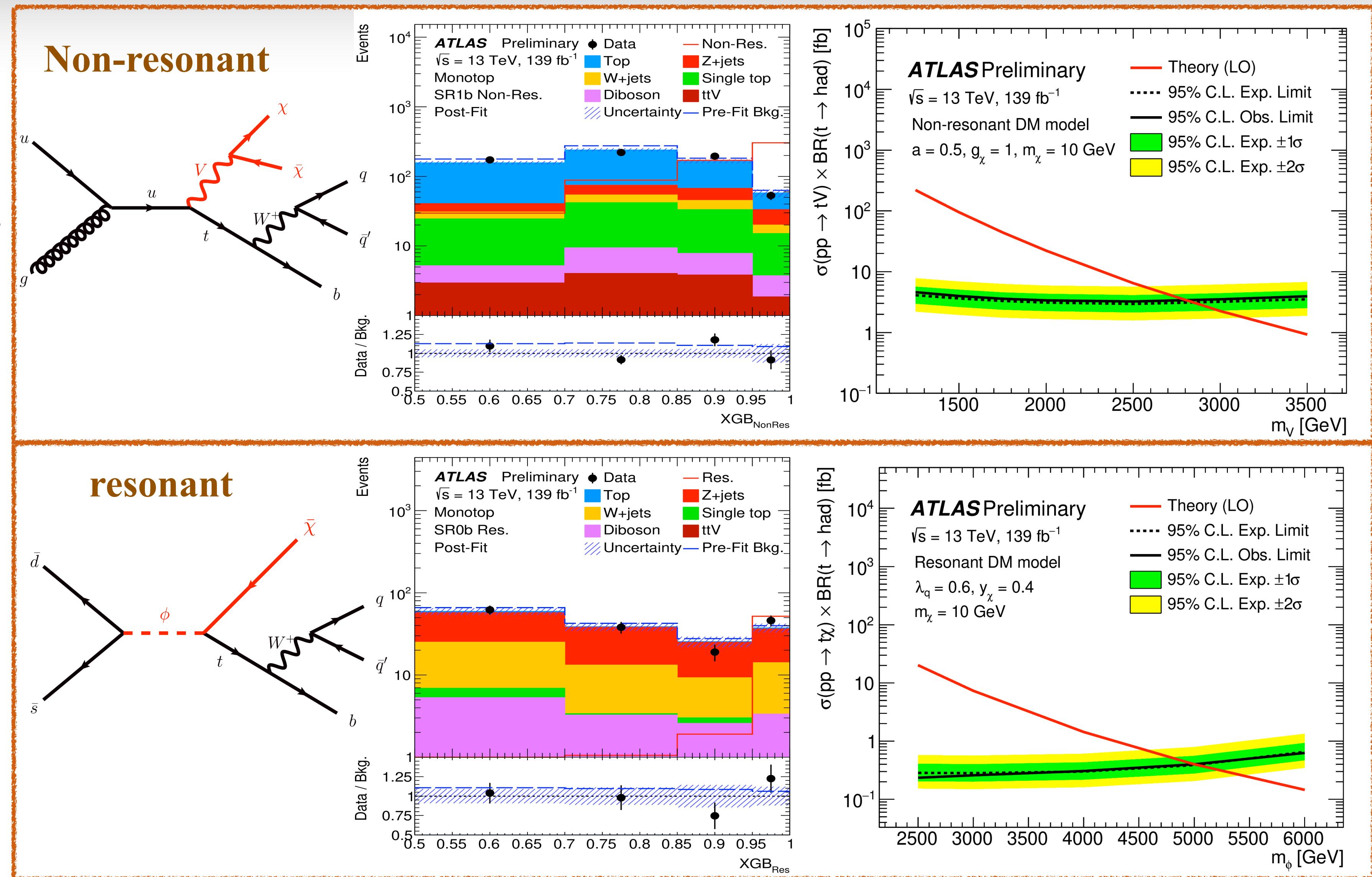
- 0 ℓ .

- $E_T^{\text{miss}} \geq 250$ GeV.

- ≥ 1 boosted Large-R jet associated to the top quark.

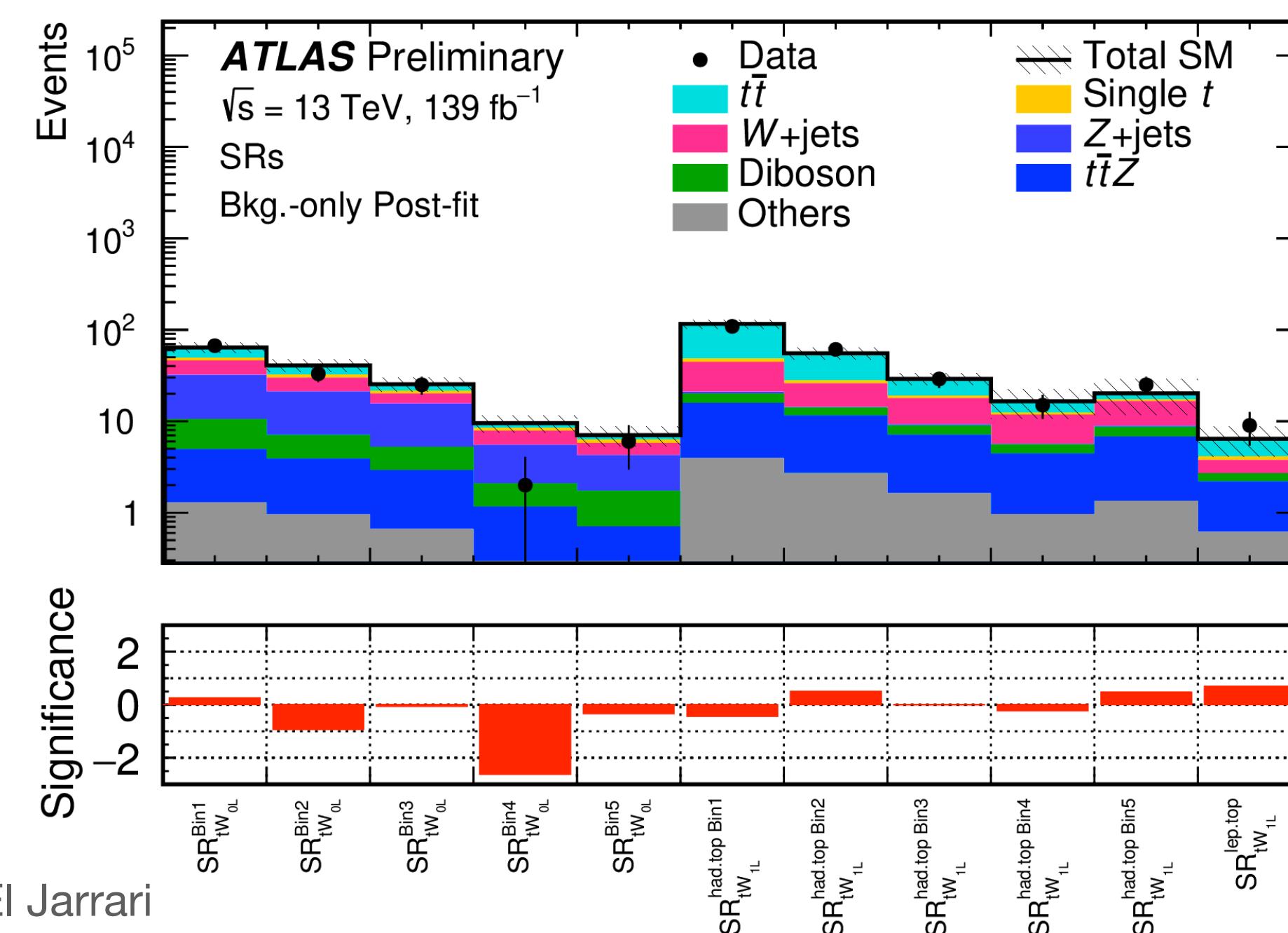
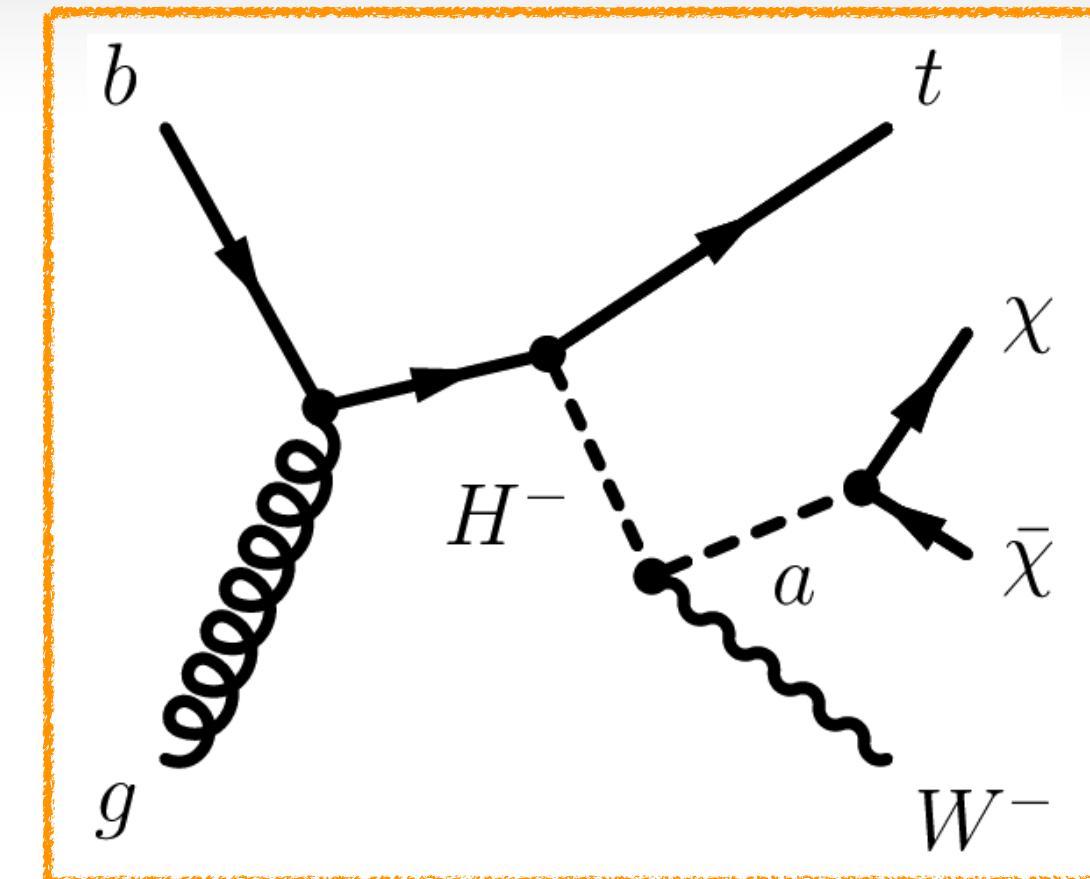
- $\Delta\phi_{\min}(E_T^{\text{miss}}, \text{small-Rjet}) > 0.2$

✓ BDT (XGBoost) is used to discriminate signal/ background (E_T^{miss} based variables and ΔR_{\max} among the most important features in the training)

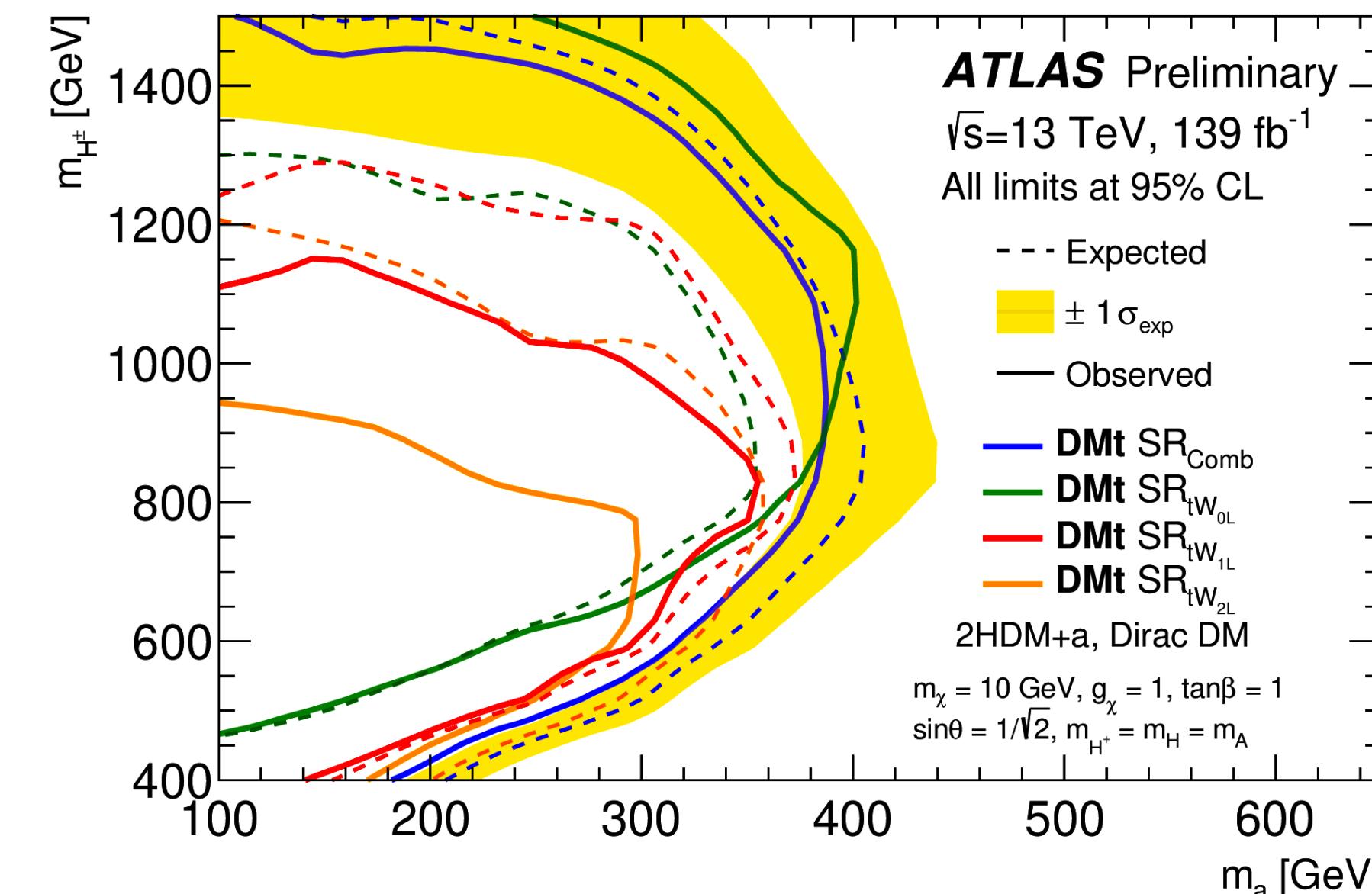


'2HDM + a, mediator search'

- ✓ Trigger: E_T^{miss}
- ✓ Dominant background:
 - $t\bar{t}$, Z/W+jets and $t\bar{t}Z \rightarrow$ constrained in CRs
- ✓ SR: 0-1 electrons/muons, 1 b-jet, $E_T^{\text{miss}} \geq 250$ GeV. Large-R jets with W-tagging or two small-R jets for hadronic W candidate.
- ✓ Discriminators depend on the target signature: m_T , BDT, ..
- ✓ 6 CRs, 6 VRs: $t\bar{t}$ ($tW_{0\ell}, tW_{1\ell}$), single t , $V + \text{jets}$ and $t\bar{t}Z$
- ✓ Fit to data under the background-only hypothesis yields to measure the normalization of the main backgrounds.
- ✓ Results provided for separate and combined 0, 1 and 2 lepton selections



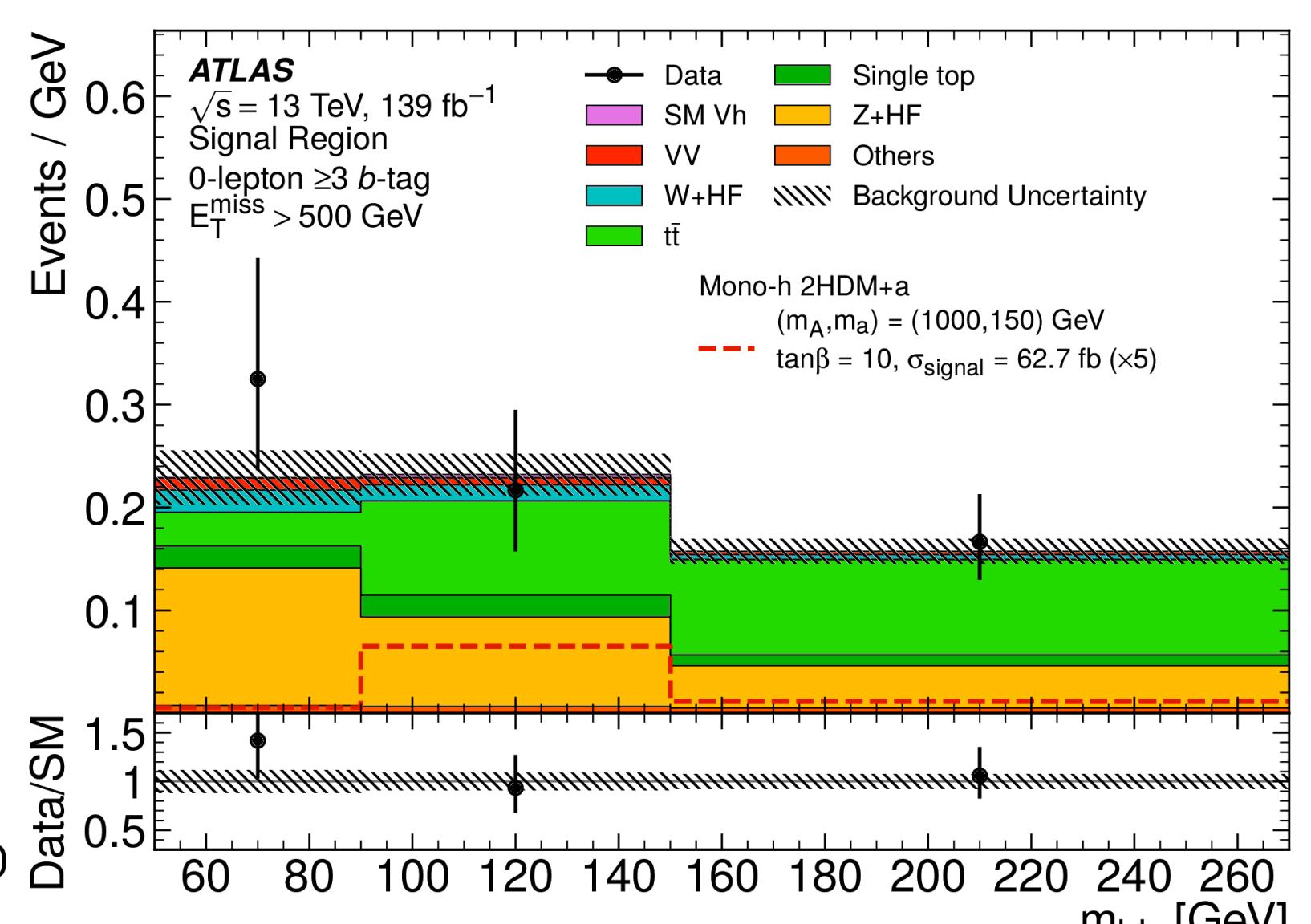
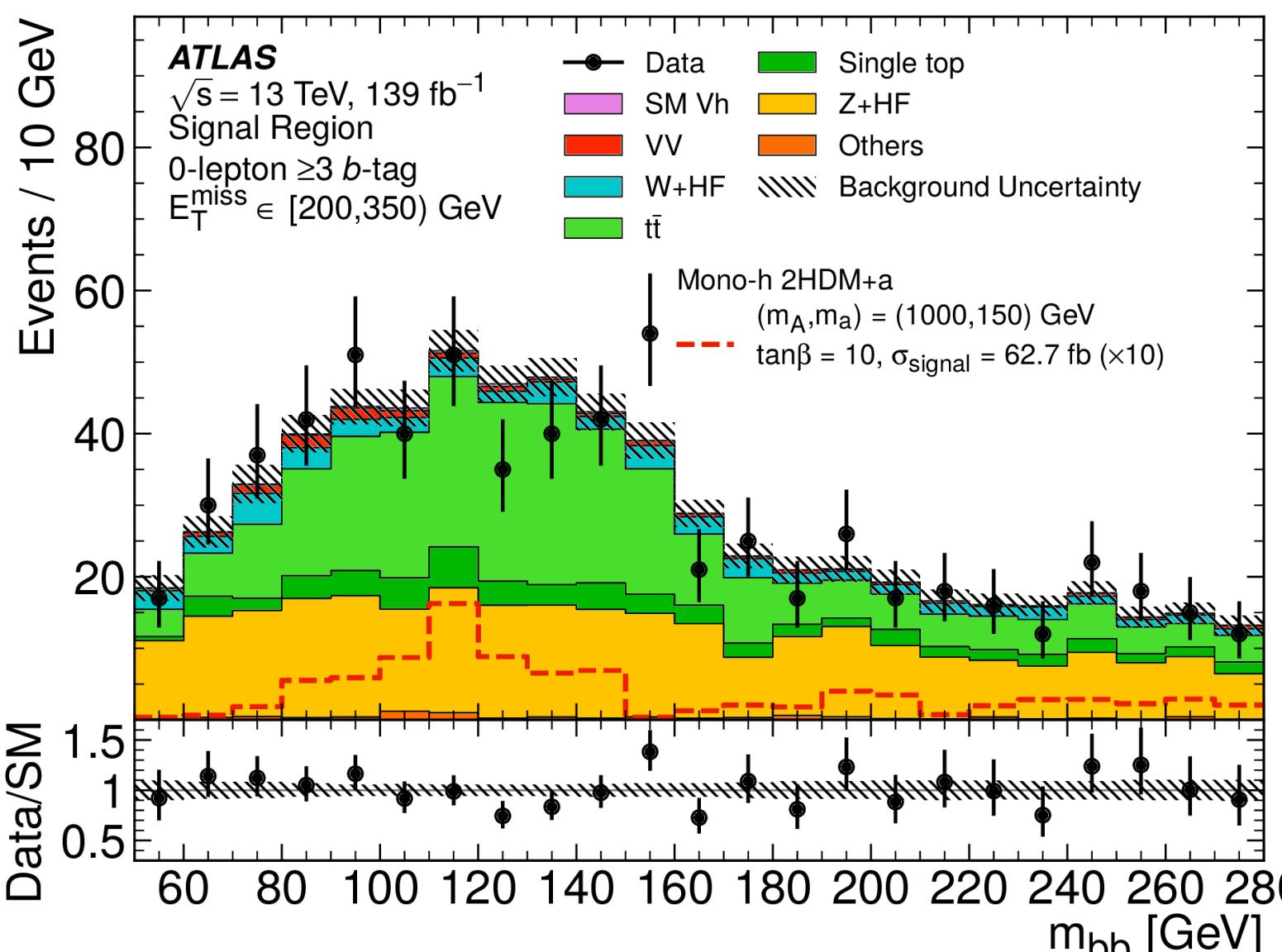
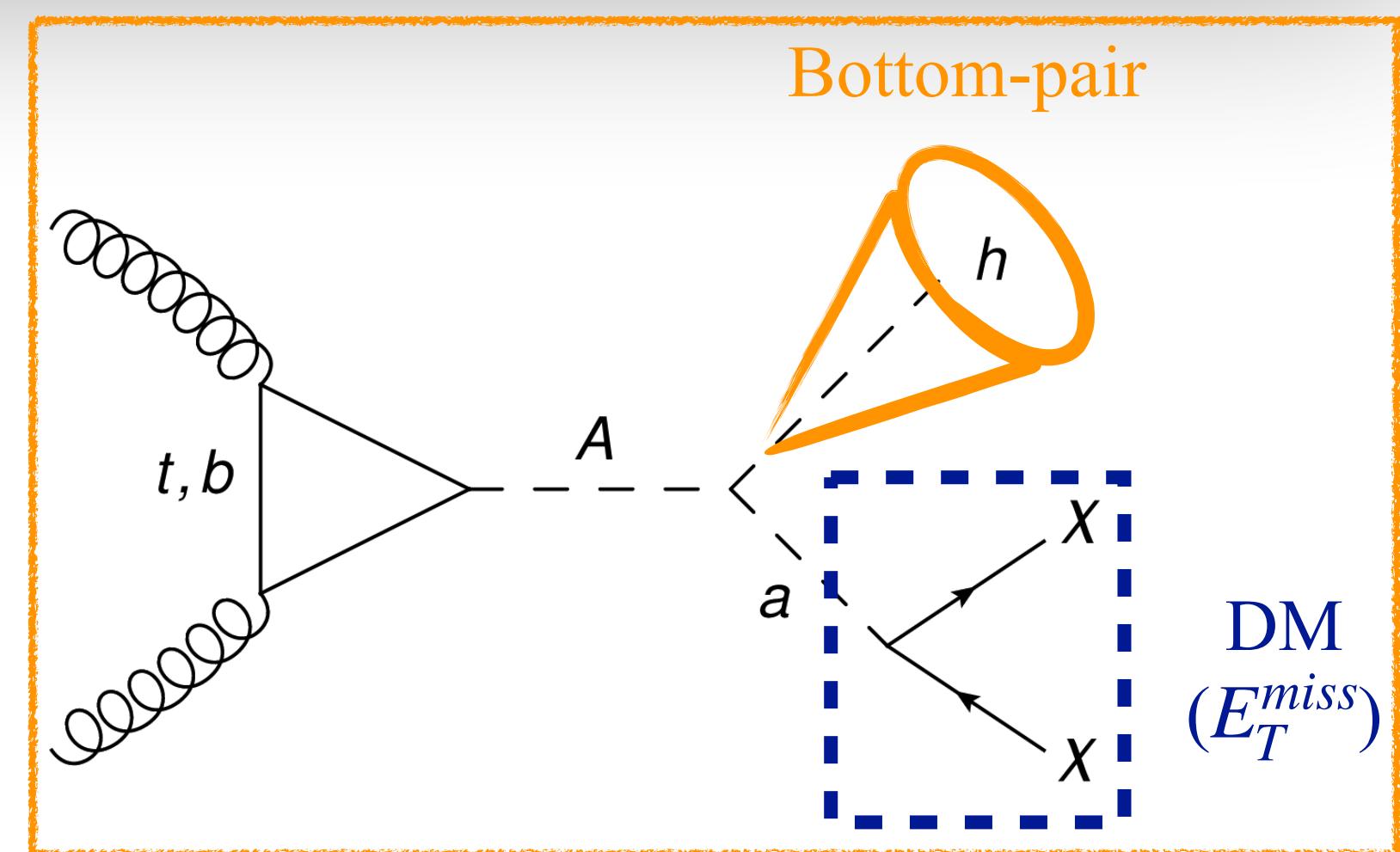
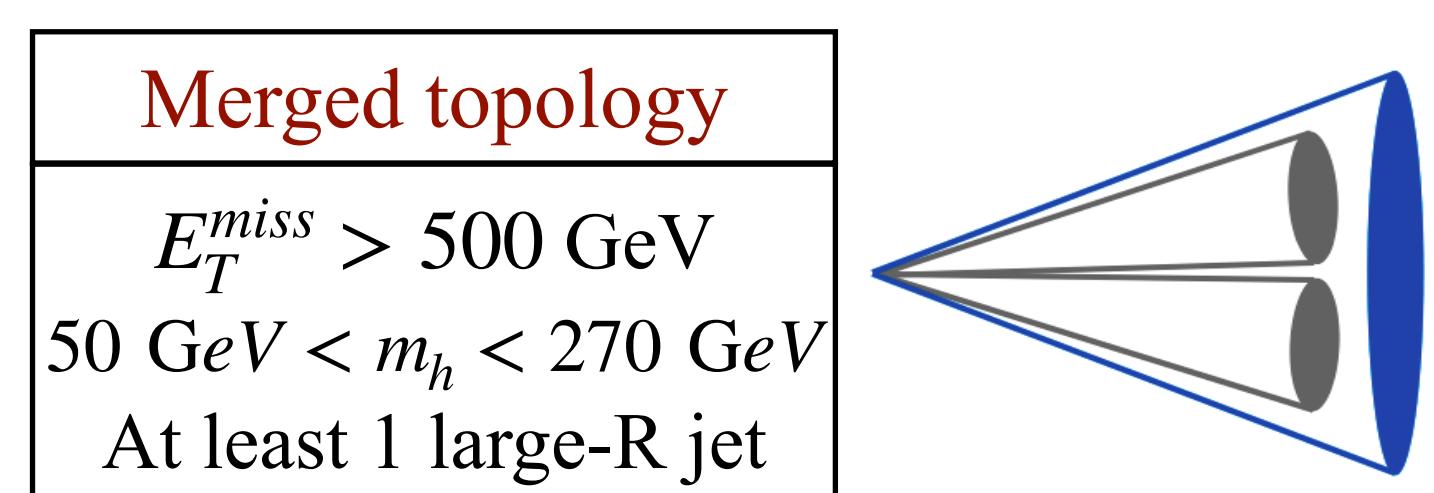
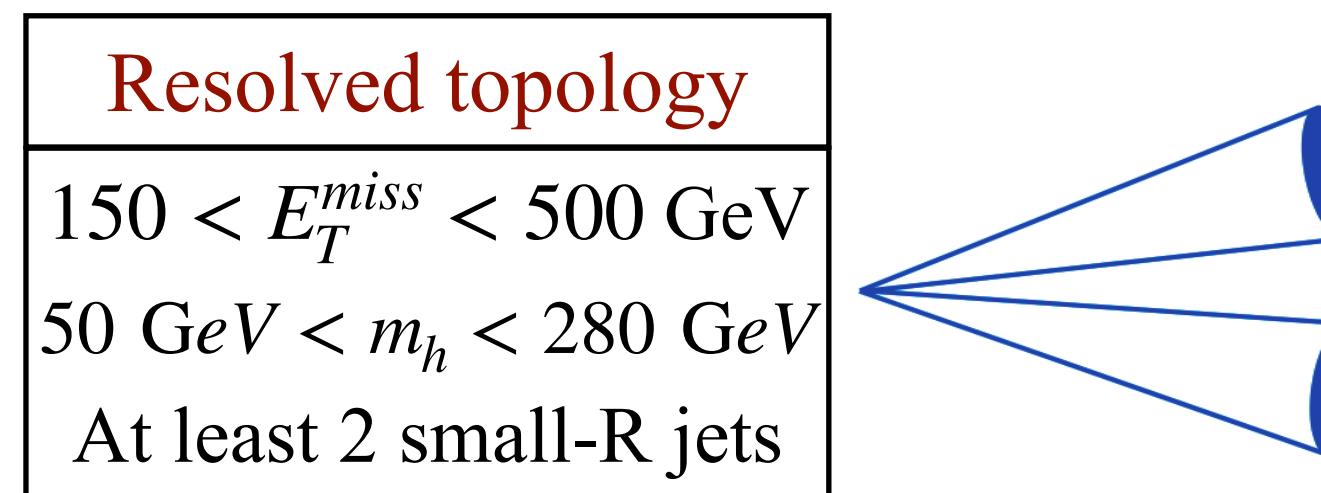
Model excluded up to $m_a = 350$ GeV and $m_{H^\pm} = 1500$ GeV



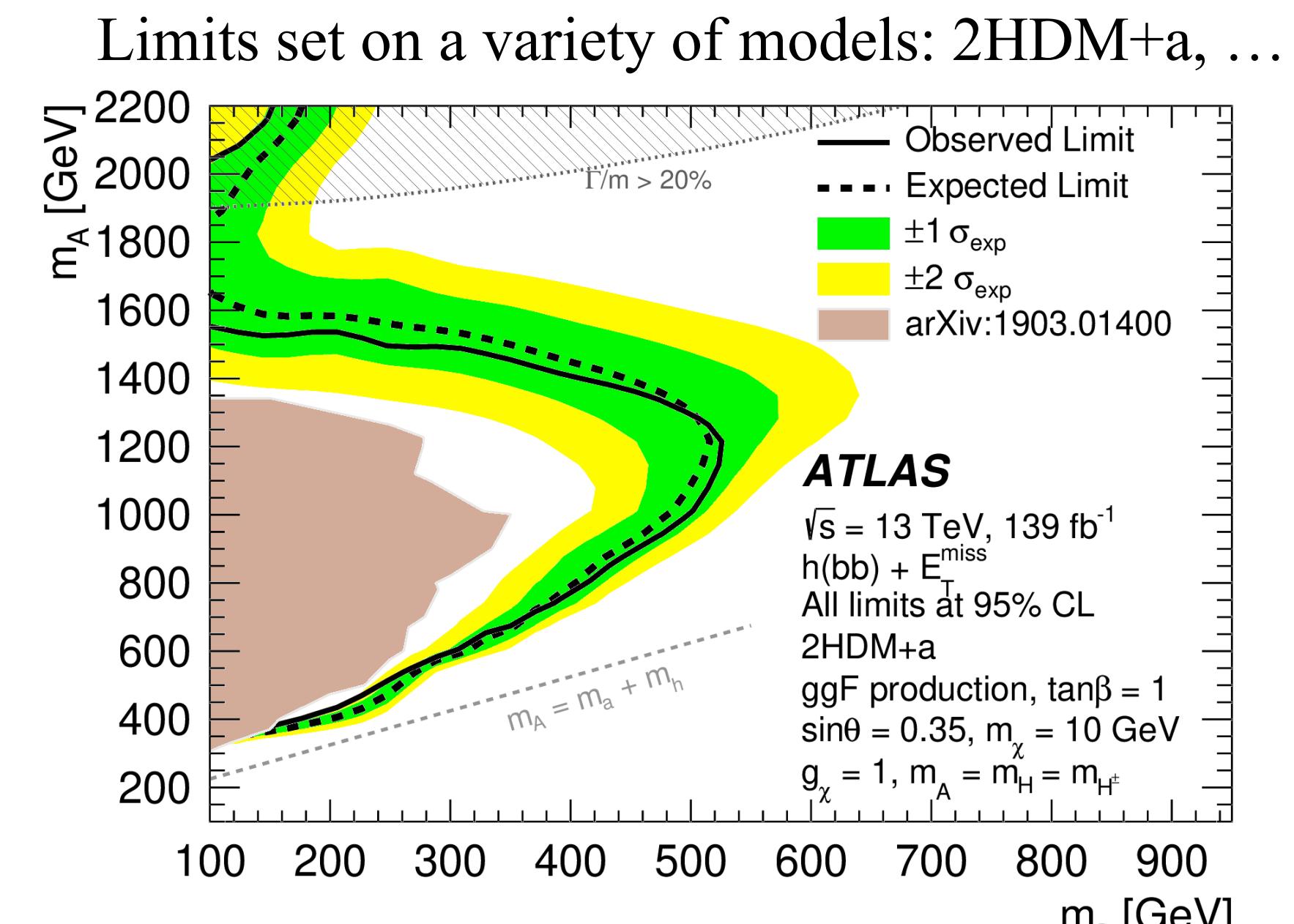
'2HDM + a, 2HDM + Z', Z'_B'

✓ Trigger: E_T^{miss}

✓ Dominant background: $V + (\text{HF}) \text{ jets}$ (constrained in CR1 (1 muon) and CR2 (2 leptons))
 $t\bar{t}$ (suppressed by a cut on the missing energy significance $S < 5$)



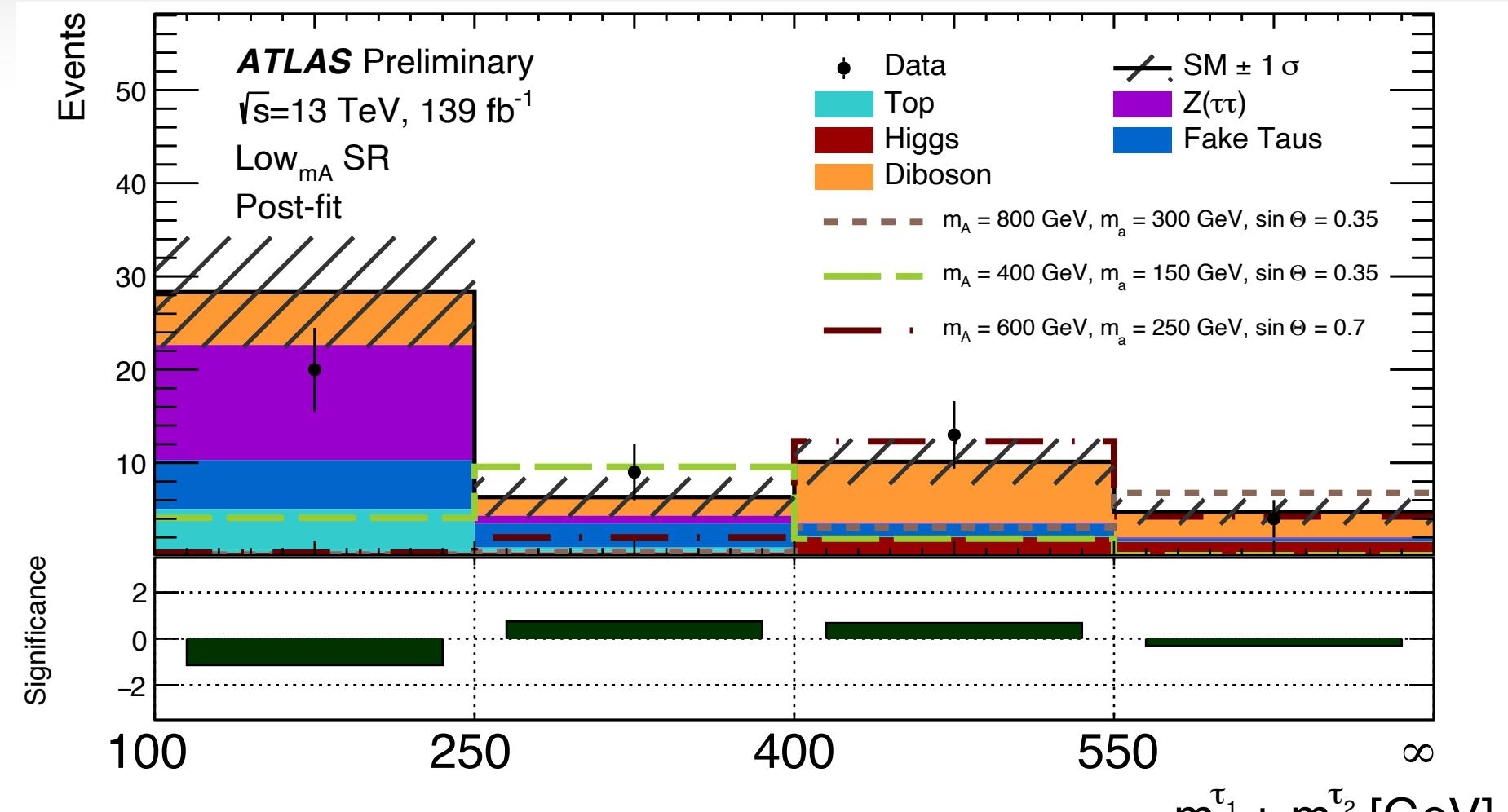
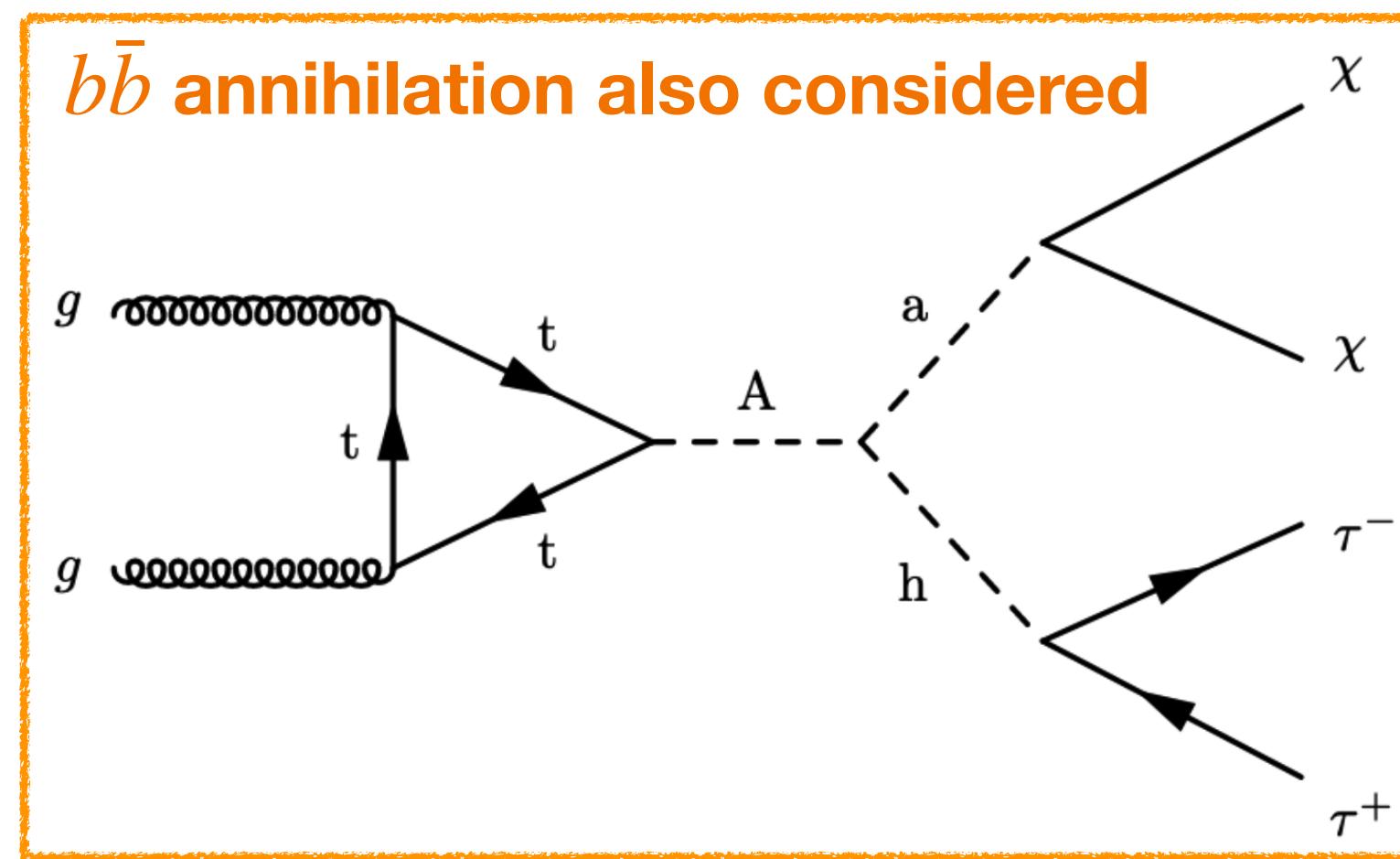
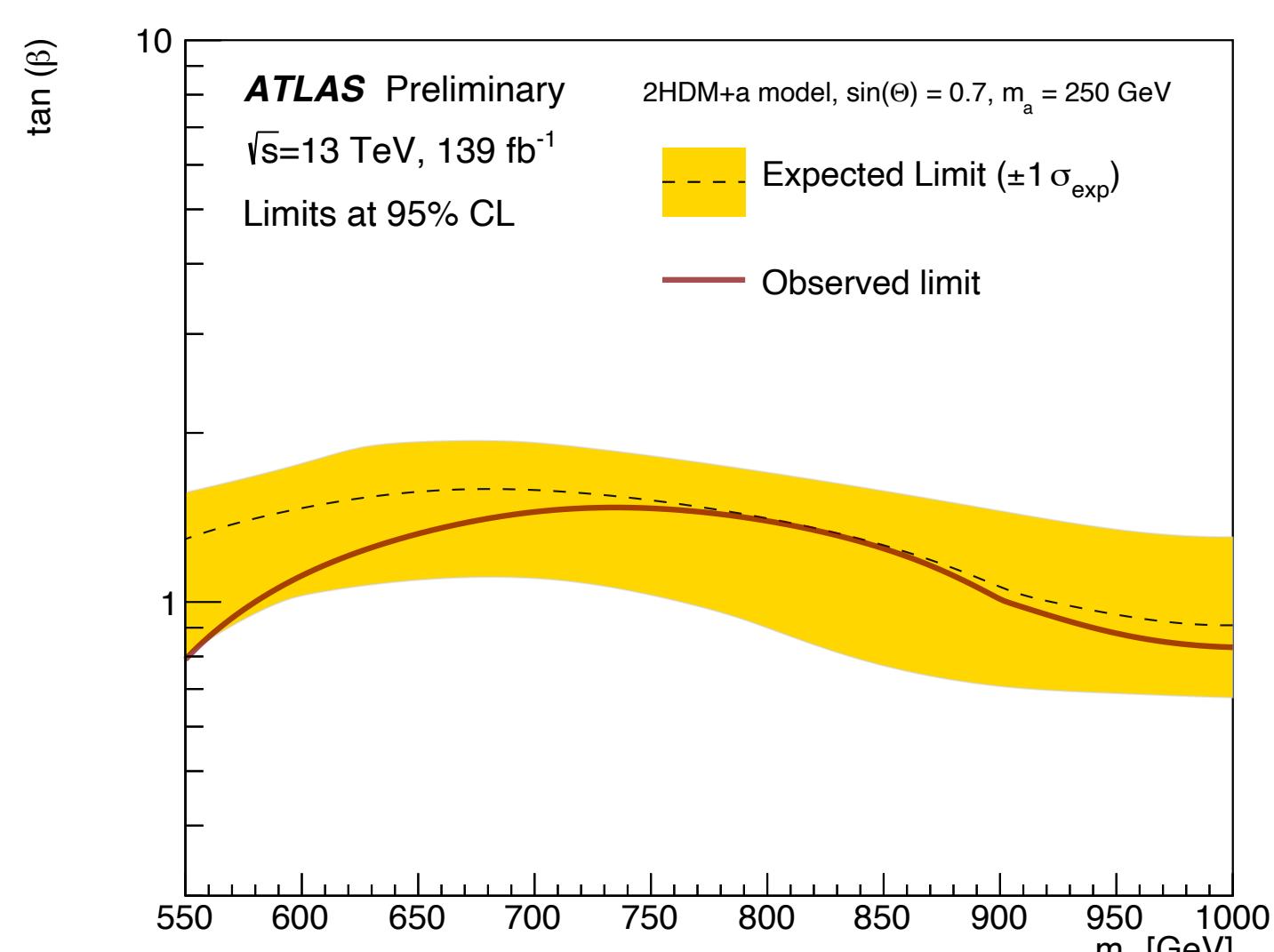
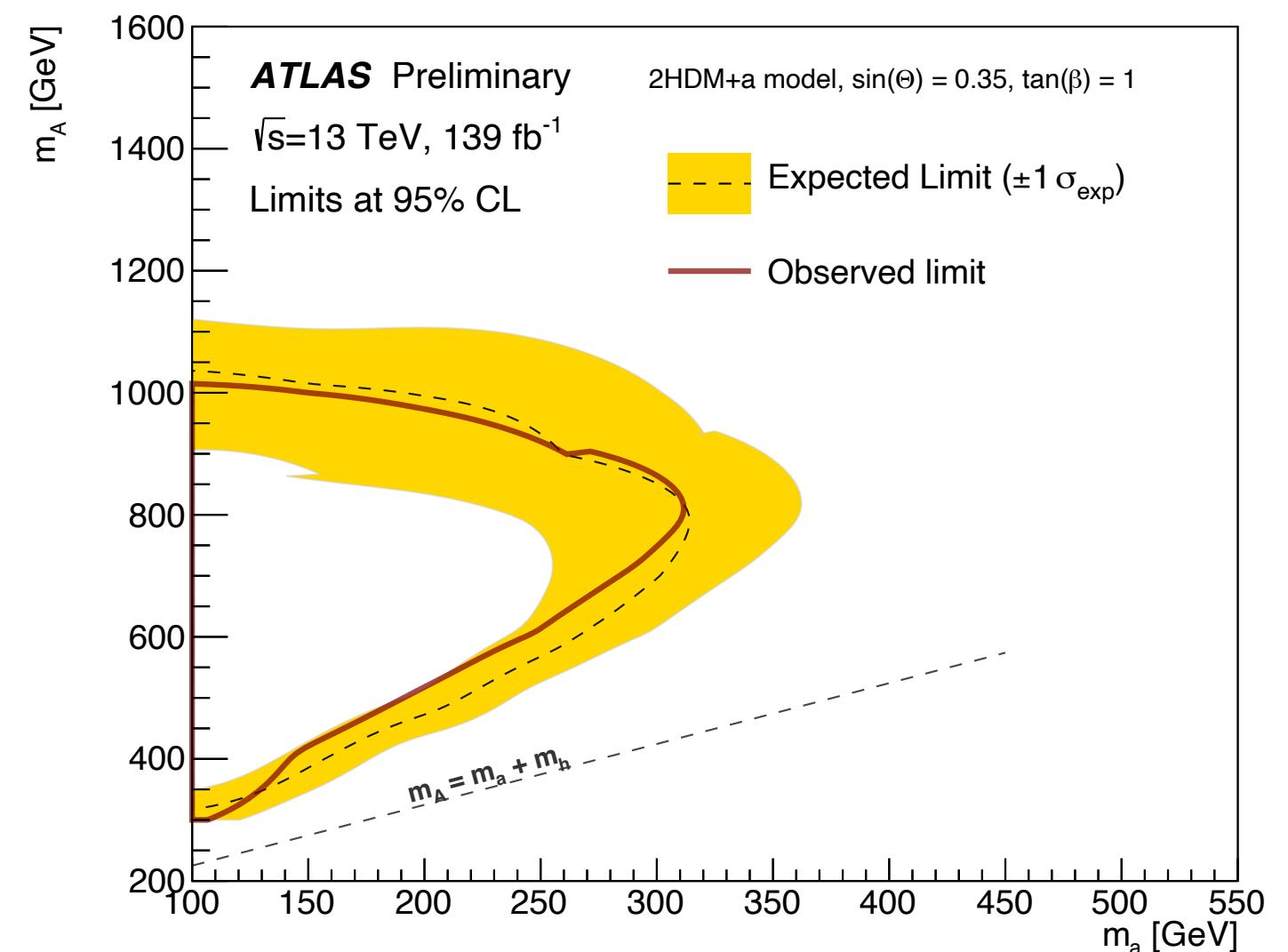
$H(\rightarrow bb)$ recoiling against large E_T^{miss}



'2HDM + a'

Search for a new charged Higgs decay mode supported by numerous theoretical models.

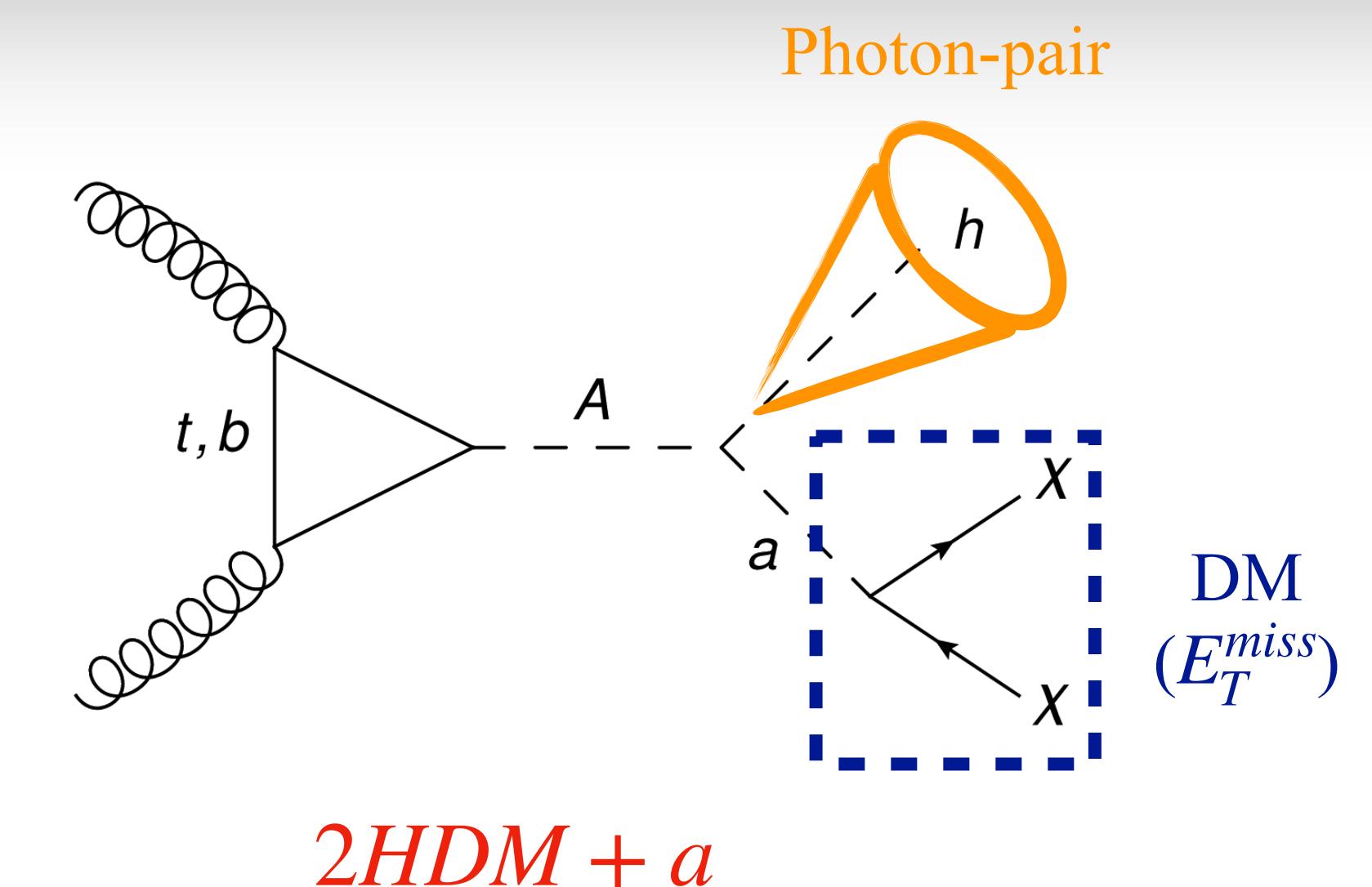
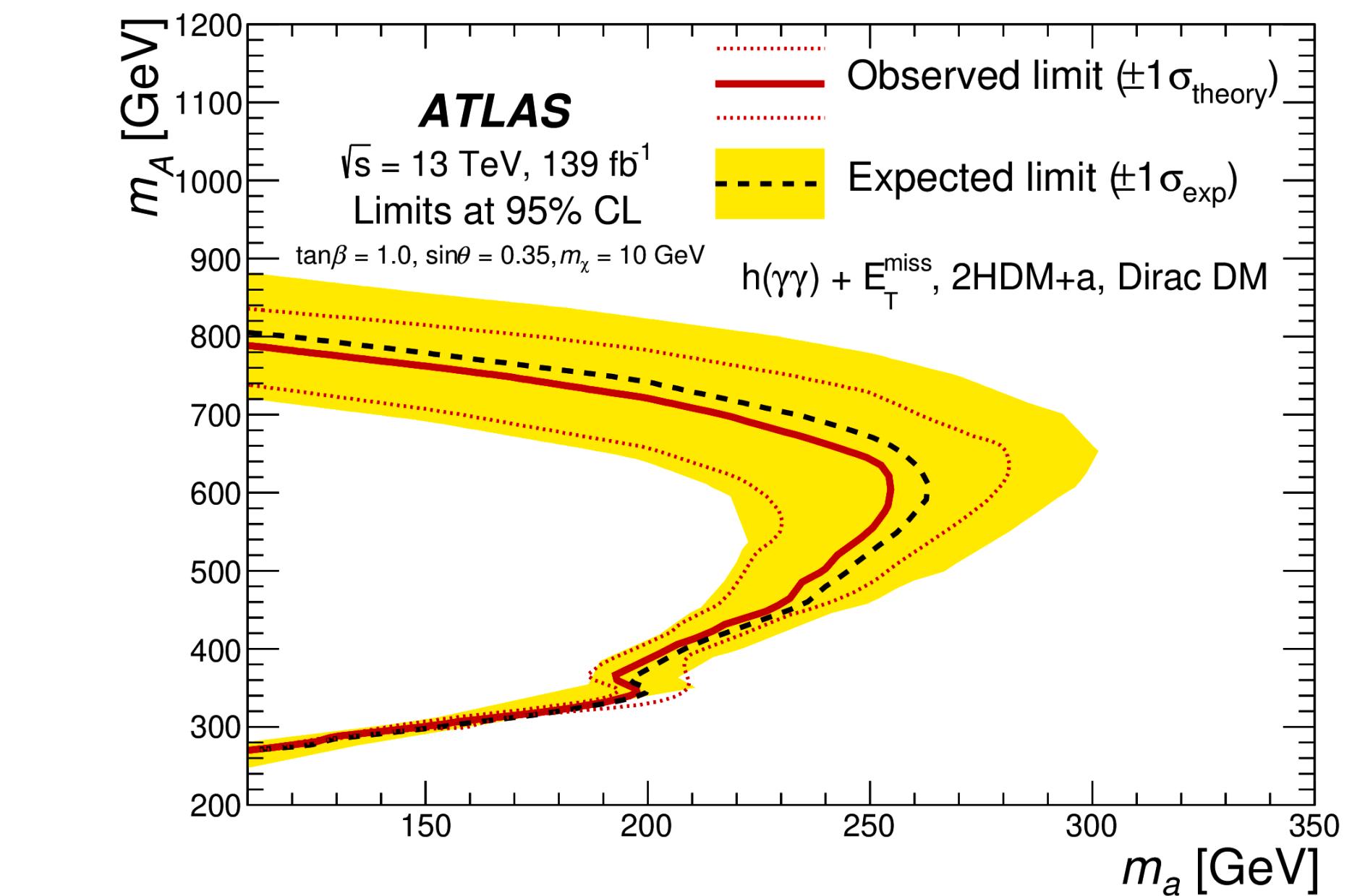
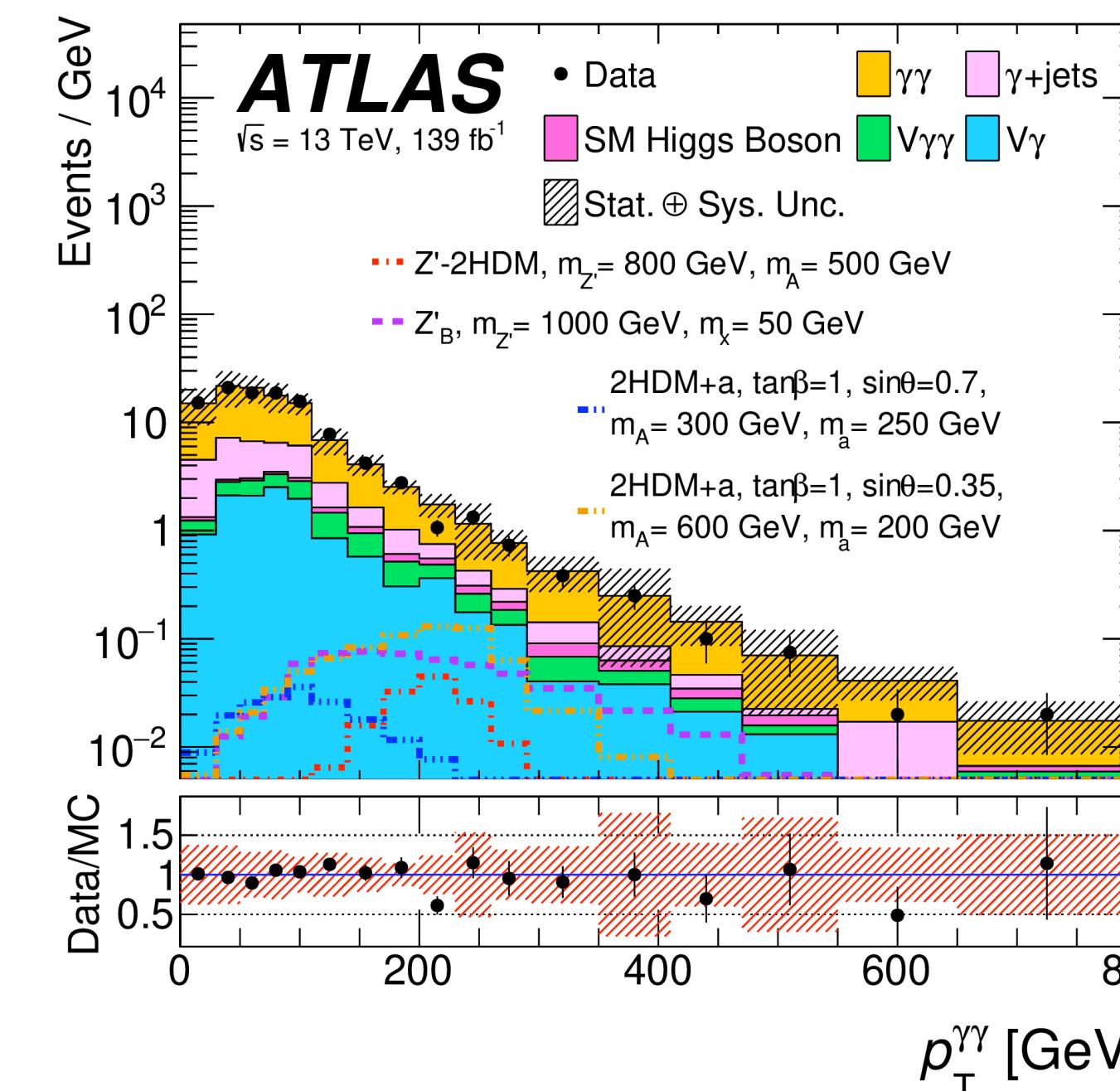
- ✓ **Trigger:** di- $\tau_{had} + E_T^{miss}$
- ✓ **Discriminant variable:** Sum of τ -lepton transverse masses
- ✓ Dominant background: VV , VH , $t\bar{t}$, $V + jets$.
 - Lepton and b-jet veto applied.
 - Fake τ estimated using the Data-driven fake factor method.
 - CRs for $Z + jets$, $t\bar{t}$ and 4 VRs.
- ✓ Strong kinematics dependence on m_A
- ✓ DM candidate mass of 10 GeV
- ✓ Model-independent limits on BSM signal for every bin, $\sigma_{vis} < 0.04 - 0.08 \text{ fb}$.


Scans in m_A vs m_a and $\tan(\beta)$ vs m_A .


'2HDM + a, 2HDM + Z', Z'_B'

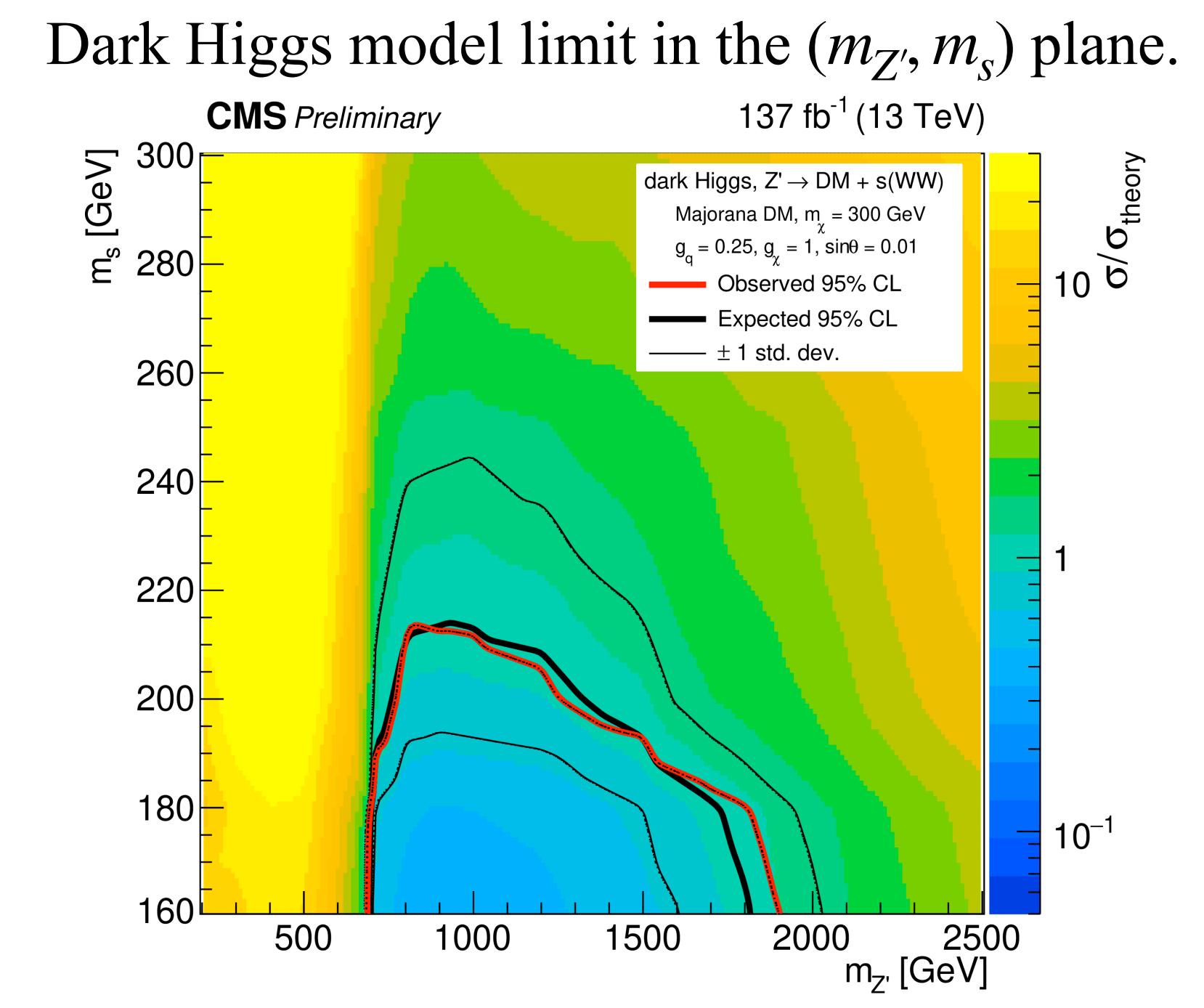
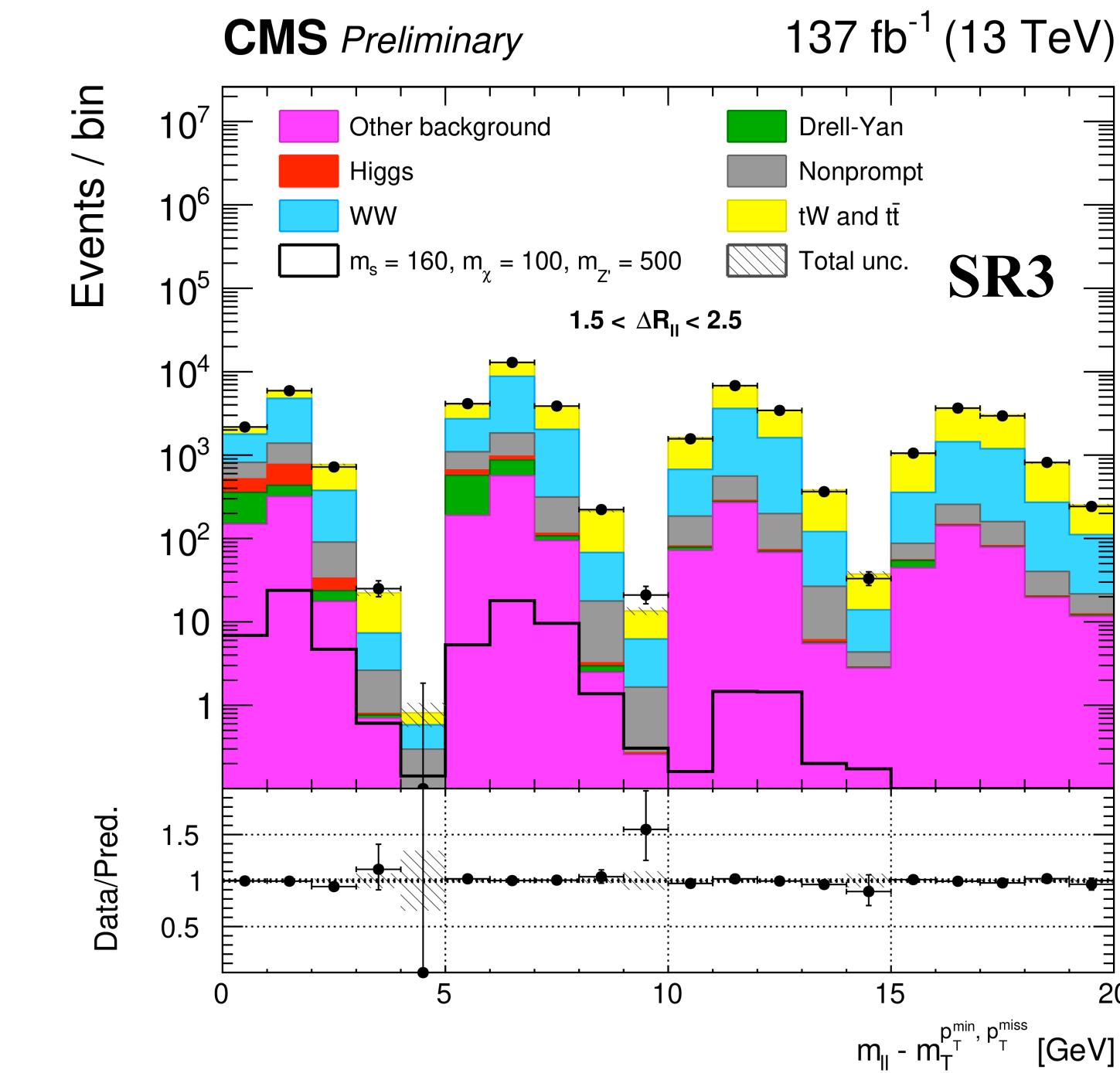
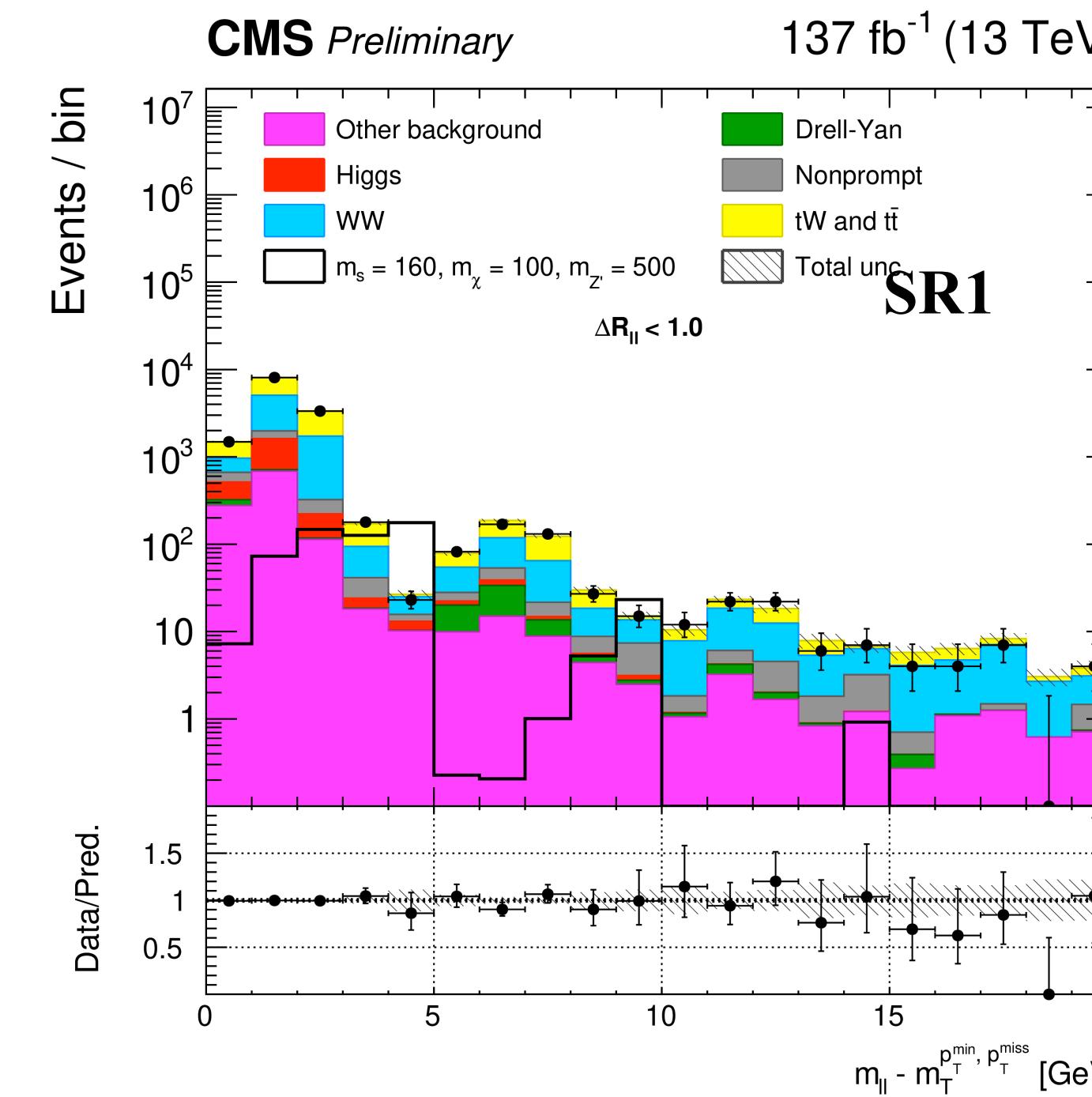
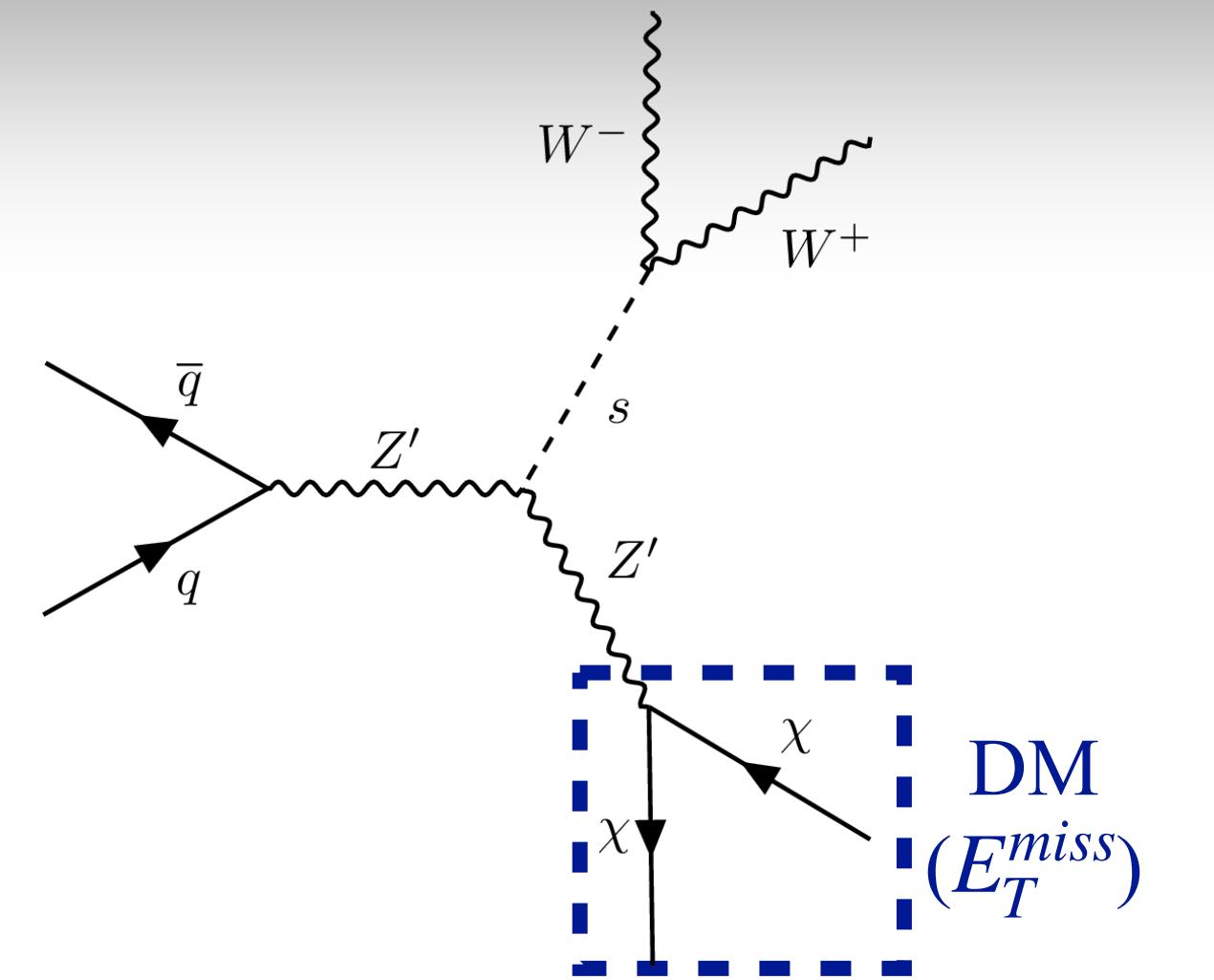
- ✓ **Signature:** 2 photon + E_T^{miss}
- ✓ **Trigger:** Diphoton
- ✓ **Dominant background:** SM Higgs boson, QCD-induced non-resonant diphoton ($\gamma\gamma, V\gamma\gamma$)
- ✓ **BDT** (XGBoost) used to discriminate signal/ non-resonant diphoton background
- ✓ **SRs:** $105 < m_{\gamma\gamma} < 160$ GeV and $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 90$ GeV

Category	E_T^{miss} requirement	BDT score range
High E_T^{miss} BDT tight	$E_T^{\text{miss}} > 150$ GeV	$0.950 < \text{BDT score} < 1$
High E_T^{miss} BDT loose	$E_T^{\text{miss}} > 150$ GeV	$0.694 < \text{BDT score} < 0.950$
Low E_T^{miss} BDT tight	$E_T^{\text{miss}} < 150$ GeV	$0.864 < \text{BDT score} < 1$
Low E_T^{miss} BDT loose	$E_T^{\text{miss}} < 150$ GeV	$0.386 < \text{BDT score} < 0.864$



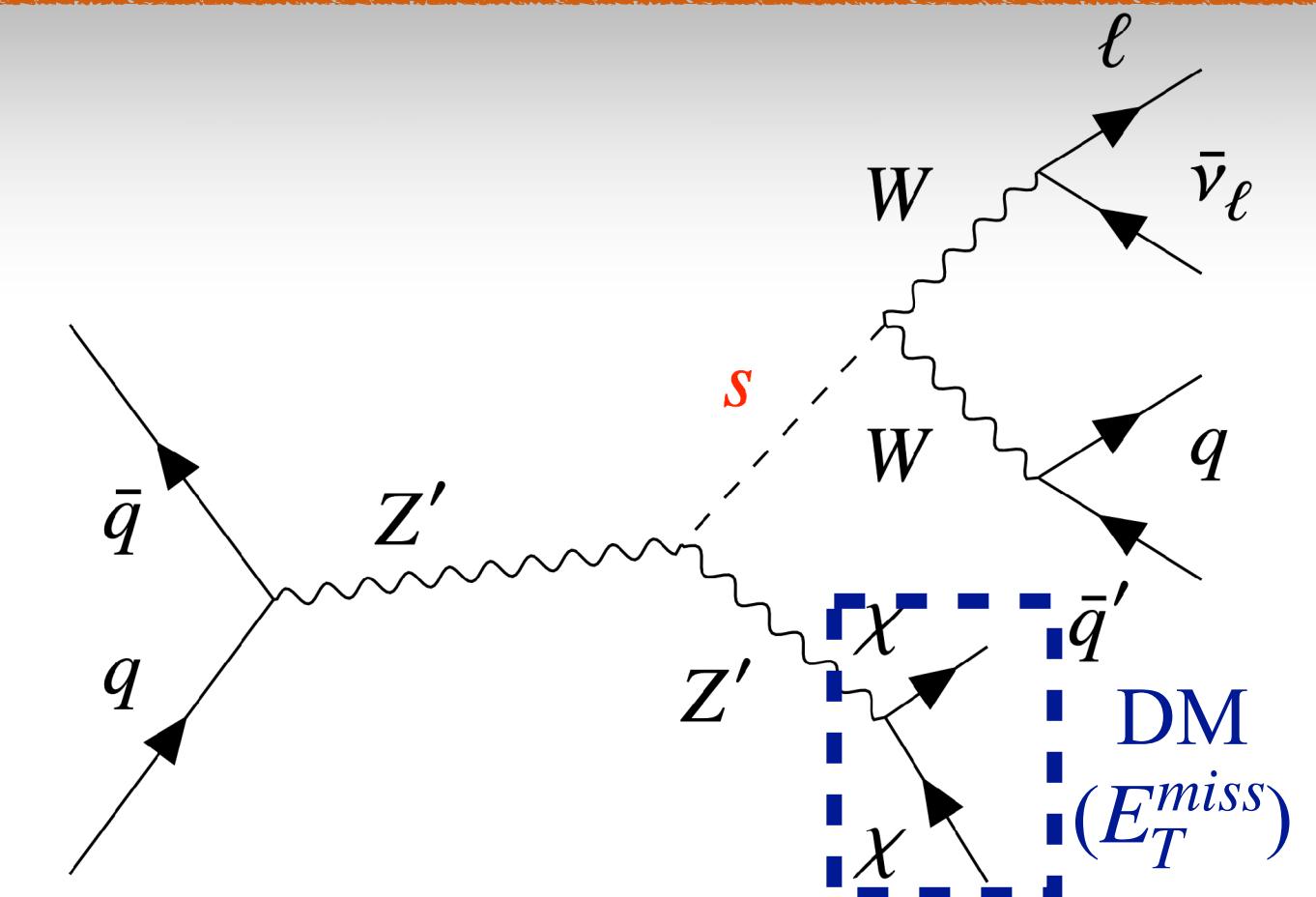
'Dark Higgs model'

- ✓ **Signature:** $s \rightarrow WW$ (2 charged leptons DFOC to suppress Drell-Yan)
- ✓ **3 SRs:** SR1 ($\Delta R_{\ell\ell} < 1.0$ high boost), SR2 ($1.0 < \Delta R_{\ell\ell} < 1.5$ medium boost), SR3 ($1.5 < \Delta R_{\ell\ell} < 2.5$ low boost)
- ✓ **Trigger:** 1/2 leptons
- ✓ **Dominant background:** W^+W^- , $t\bar{t} + tW$ and Drell-Yan (constrained in CRs enriched in these events by investing some the SR cuts [N b-jets, $\Delta R_{\ell\ell}$ and $m_T^{\ell\ell, p_T^{miss}}$])



'Dark Higgs two-mediator DM model'

- ✓ **Signature:** $s \rightarrow WW \rightarrow \ell\nu q\bar{q}'$ (1 charged lepton)
- ✓ **Trigger:** E_T^{miss} or single muon
- ✓ **Discriminant variable:** m_s^{min}
- ✓ **Dominant background:** $W + jets$ (constrained in a CR requiring a large $\Delta\phi(W_{had}, \ell)$)
 $t\bar{t}$ (constrained in a CR requiring at least two b-quark jets)

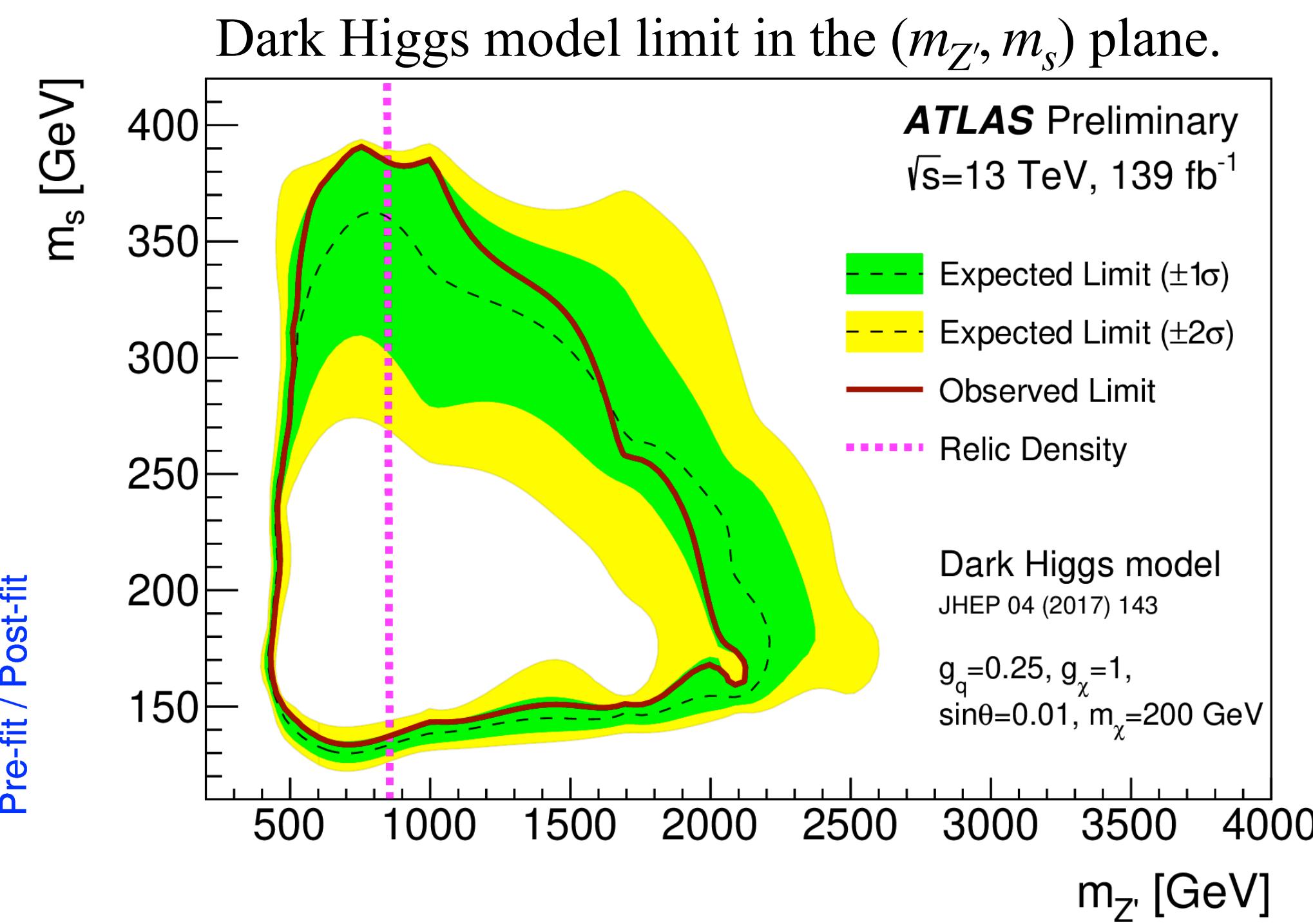
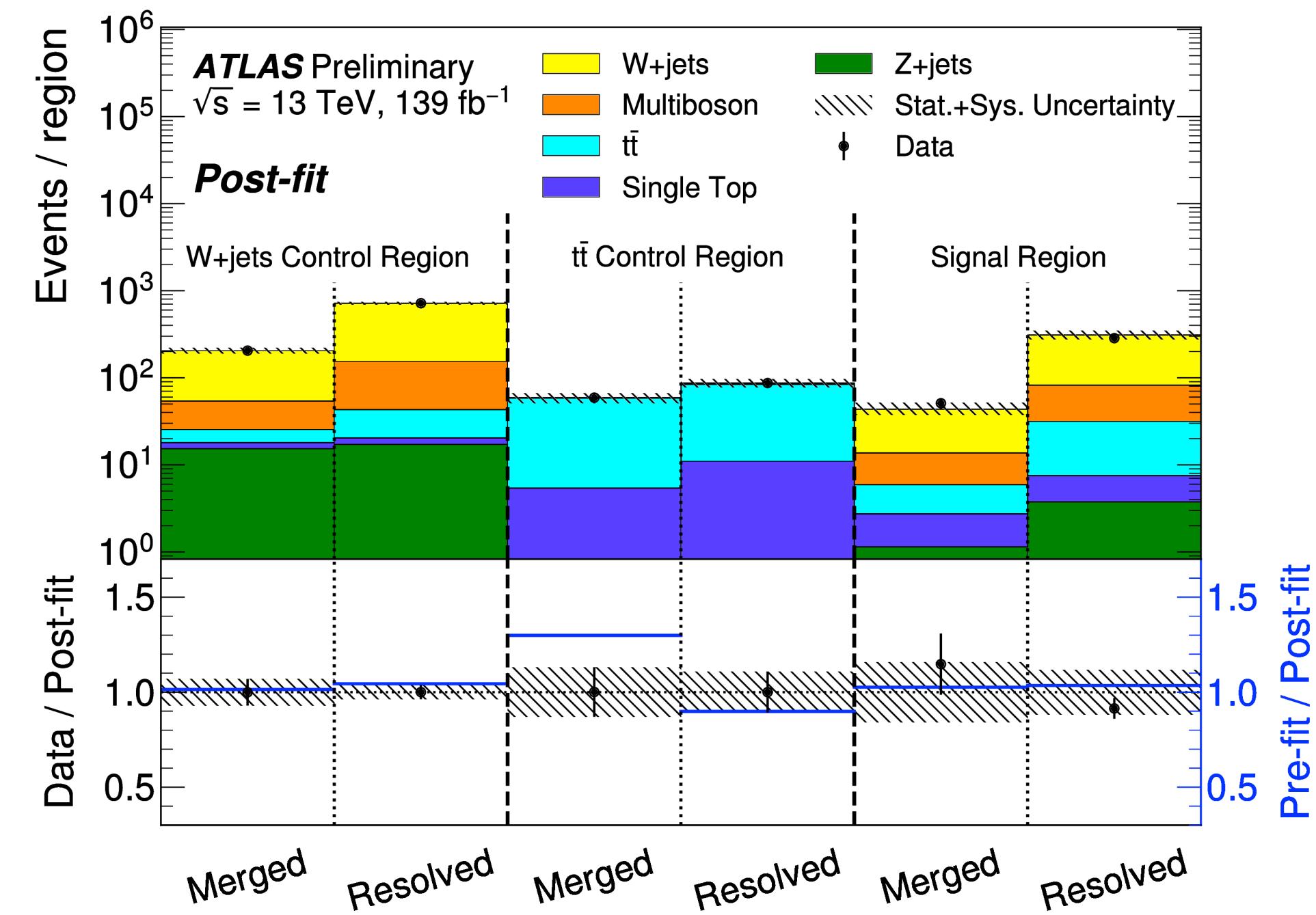


Resolved topology

- $E_T^{miss} > 250$ GeV
- $m_T > 200$ GeV
- At least 2 small-R jets

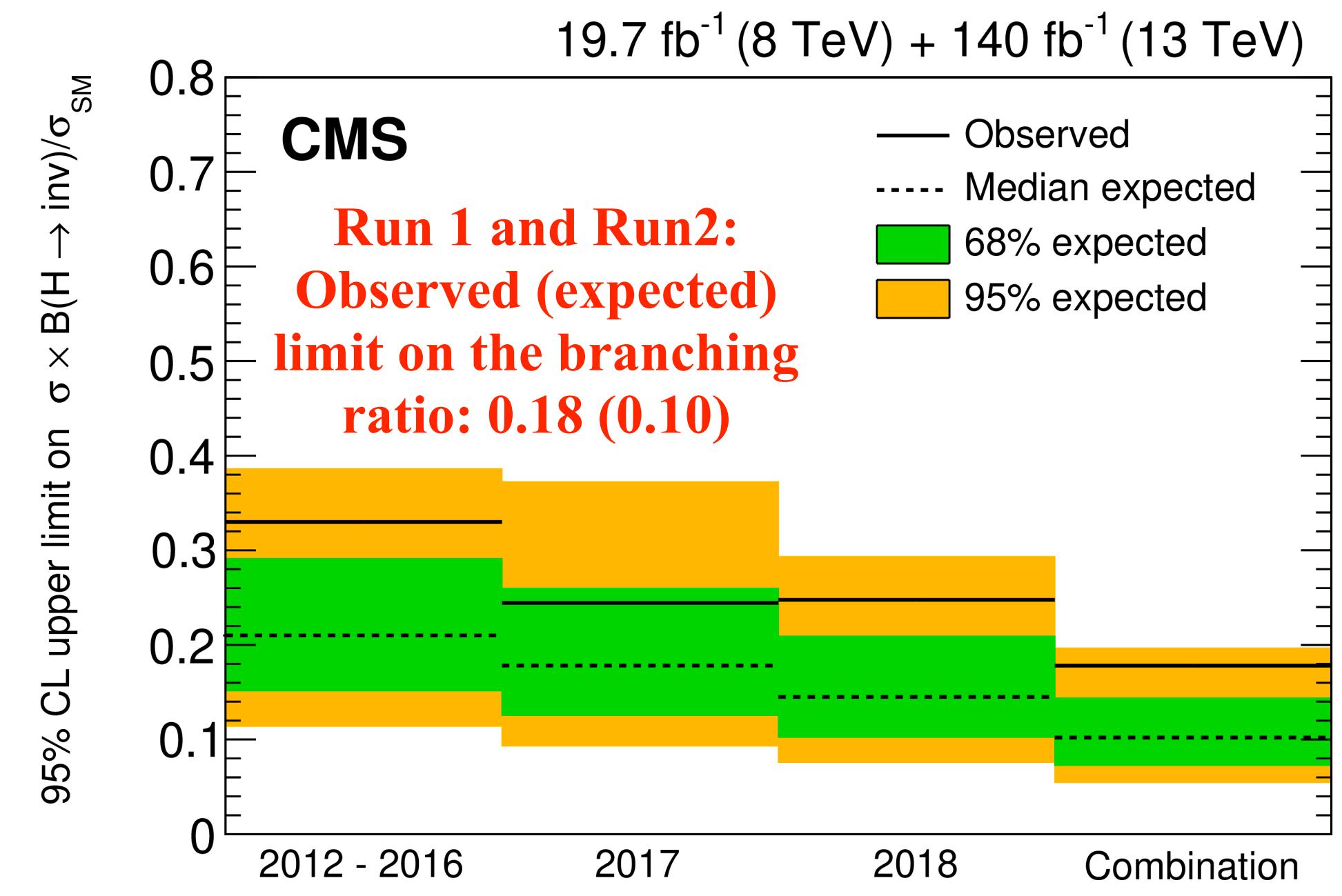
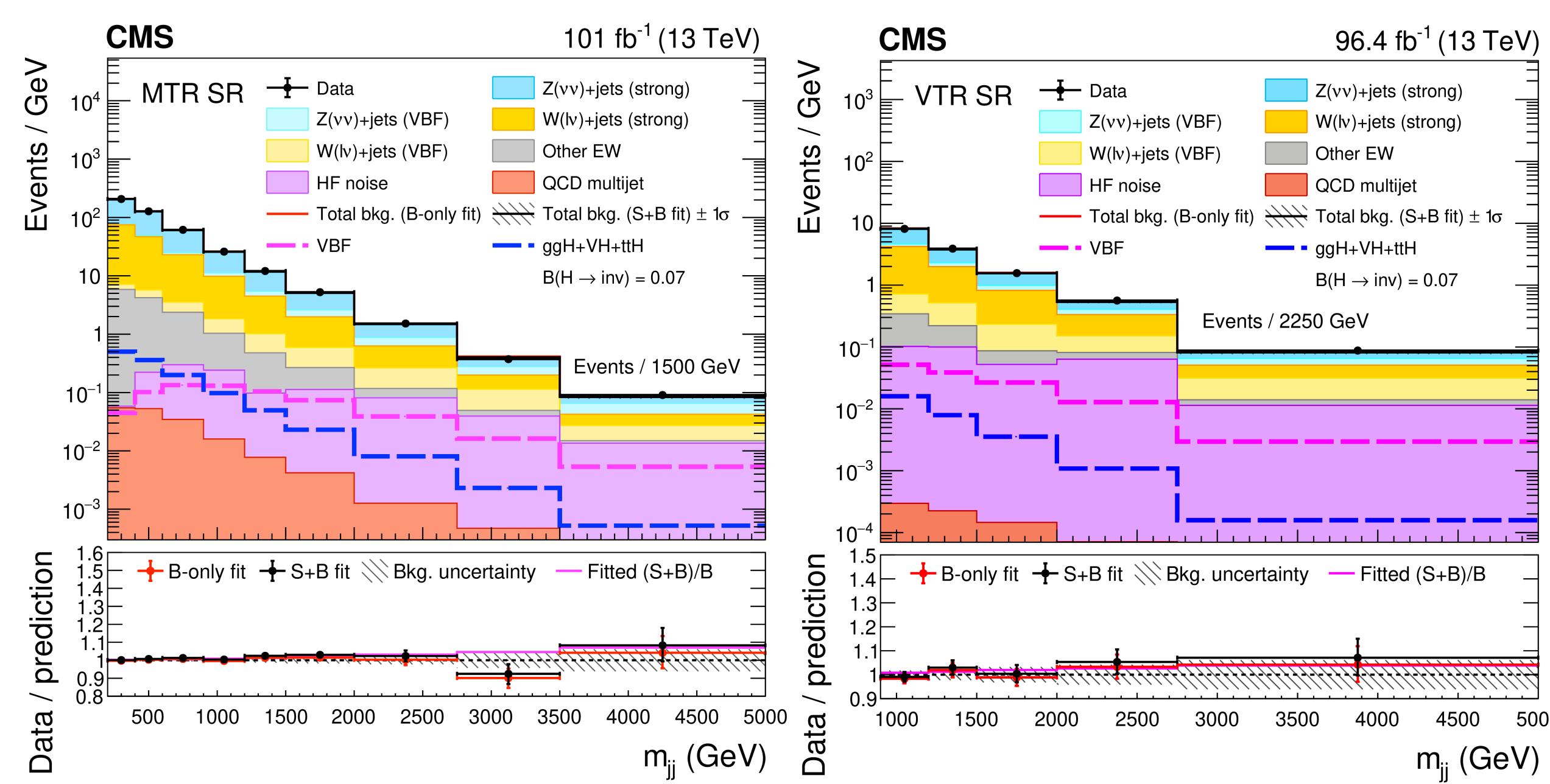
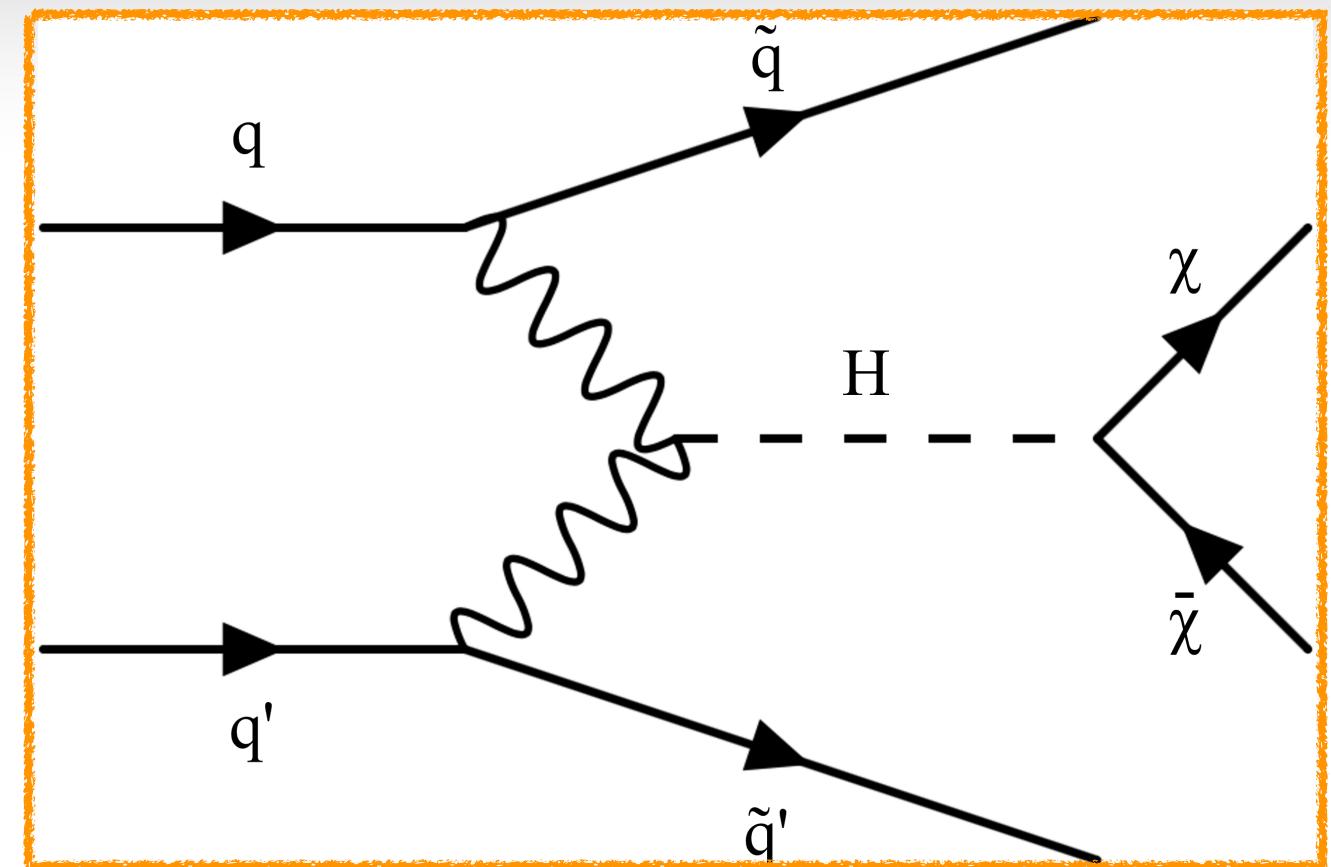
Merged topology

- $E_T^{miss} > 200$ GeV
- $m_T > 220$ GeV
- At least 1 large-R jet



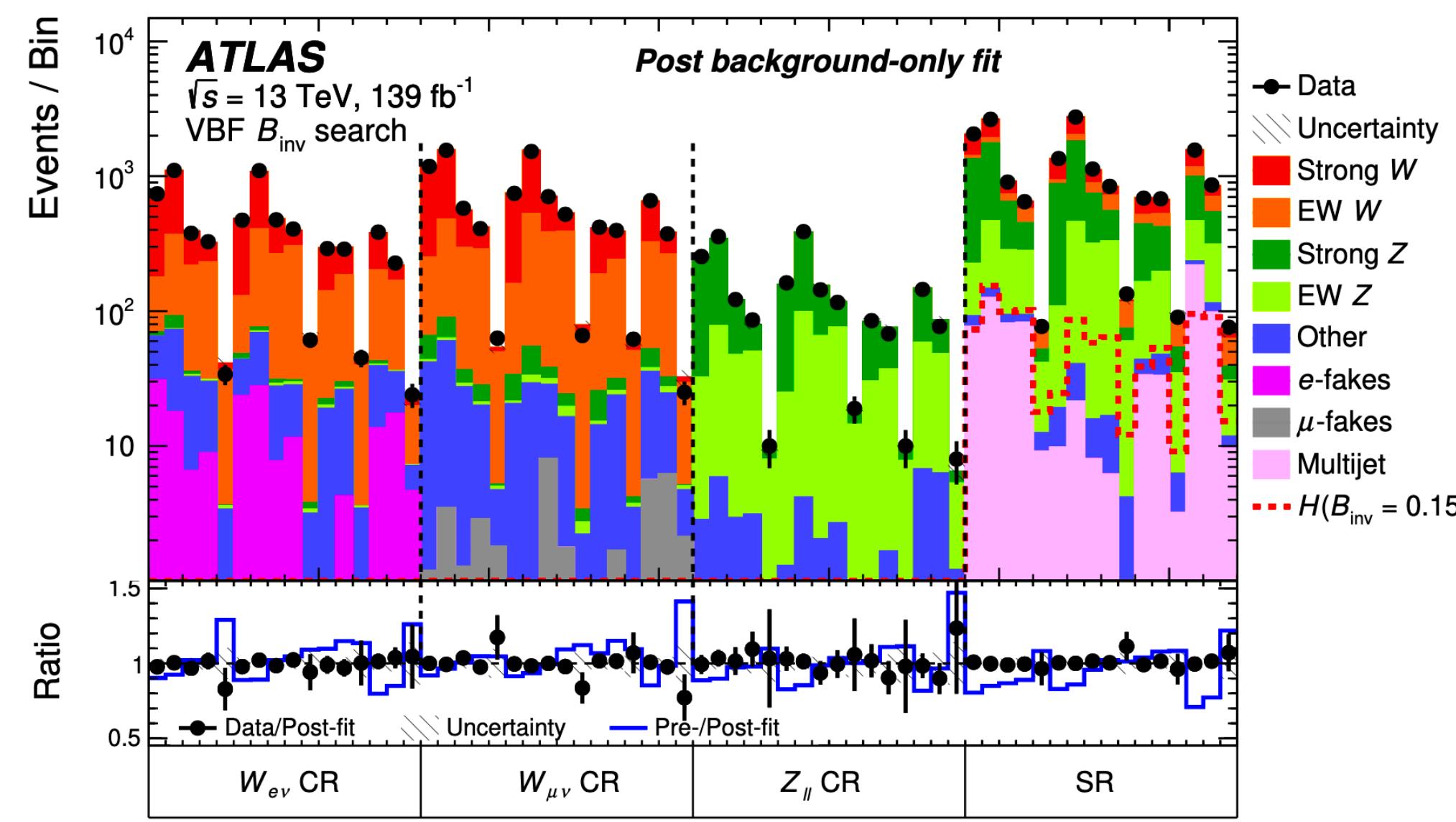
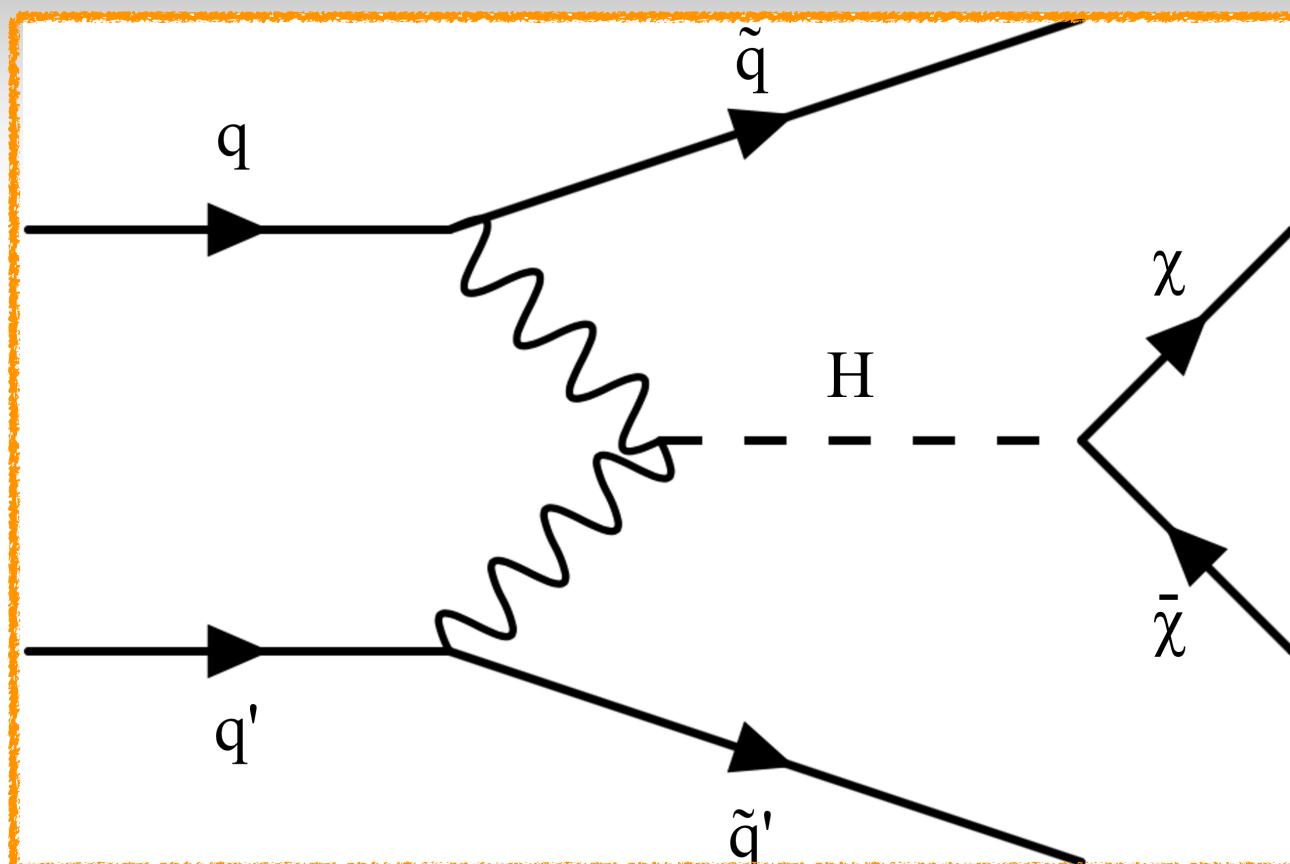
Higgs Portal, most sensitive $H \rightarrow invisible$ channel

- ✓ **Signature:** Vector-Boson Fusion VBF [large $\Delta\eta_{jj}$ and m_{jj} . Small $\Delta\phi_{jj}$]
- ✓ **Dominant background:** $Z \rightarrow \nu\nu$, $W \rightarrow \ell\nu$, *multijet*
- **SR:** Two different trigger strategies
 - MTR:** missing momentum triggered region: $E_T^{miss} > 250$ GeV, $m_{jj} > 200$ GeV
 - VTR:** VBF jets triggered region: $160 < E_T^{miss} \leq 250$ GeV, $m_{jj} > 900$ GeV

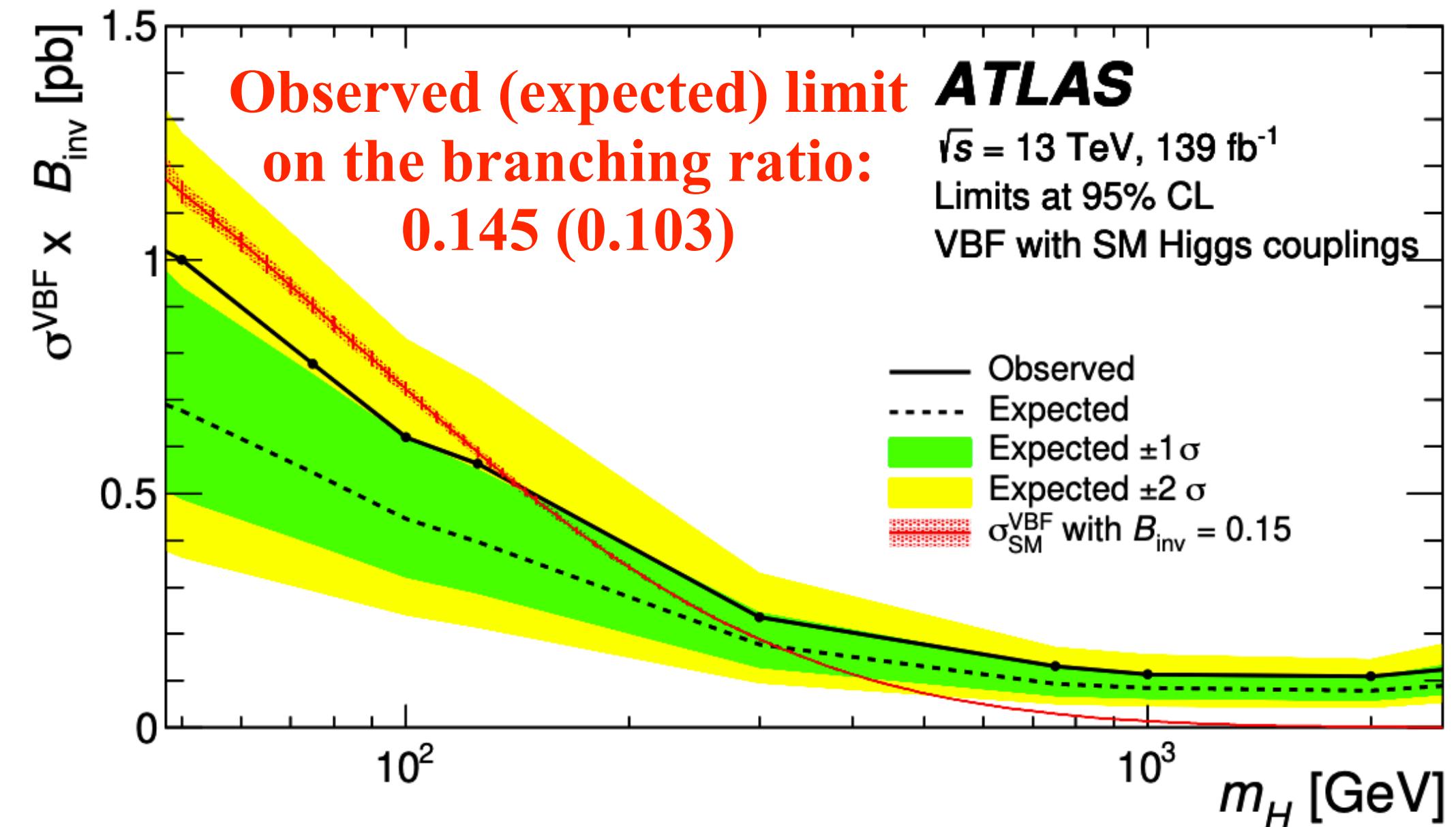


Higgs Portal, most sensitive $H \rightarrow invisible$ channel

- ✓ **Signature:** Vector-Boson Fusion VBF [large $\Delta\eta_{jj}$ and m_{jj} . Small $\Delta\phi_{jj}$]
- ✓ **SR:** $E_T^{miss} \geq 160$ GeV. 2, 3 or 4 jets with $p_T > 25$ GeV.
Leading/Subleading jet: $p_T > 85/50$ GeV ($\Delta\phi_{jj} < 2$, $m_{jj} > 0.8$ TeV)
- ✓ **Trigger:** E_T^{miss} (SR), 1/2 leptons ($V + jets$ CR) and single-jet (QCD multi-jet)
- ✓ **Dominant background:** $Z \rightarrow \nu\nu$, $W \rightarrow \ell\nu$, *multijet*
- ✓ Strong and ewk $V + jets$ correction: State-of-the art precision achieved thanks to the double ratio $R_{TH}^{Z/W}/R_{MC}^{Z/W}$



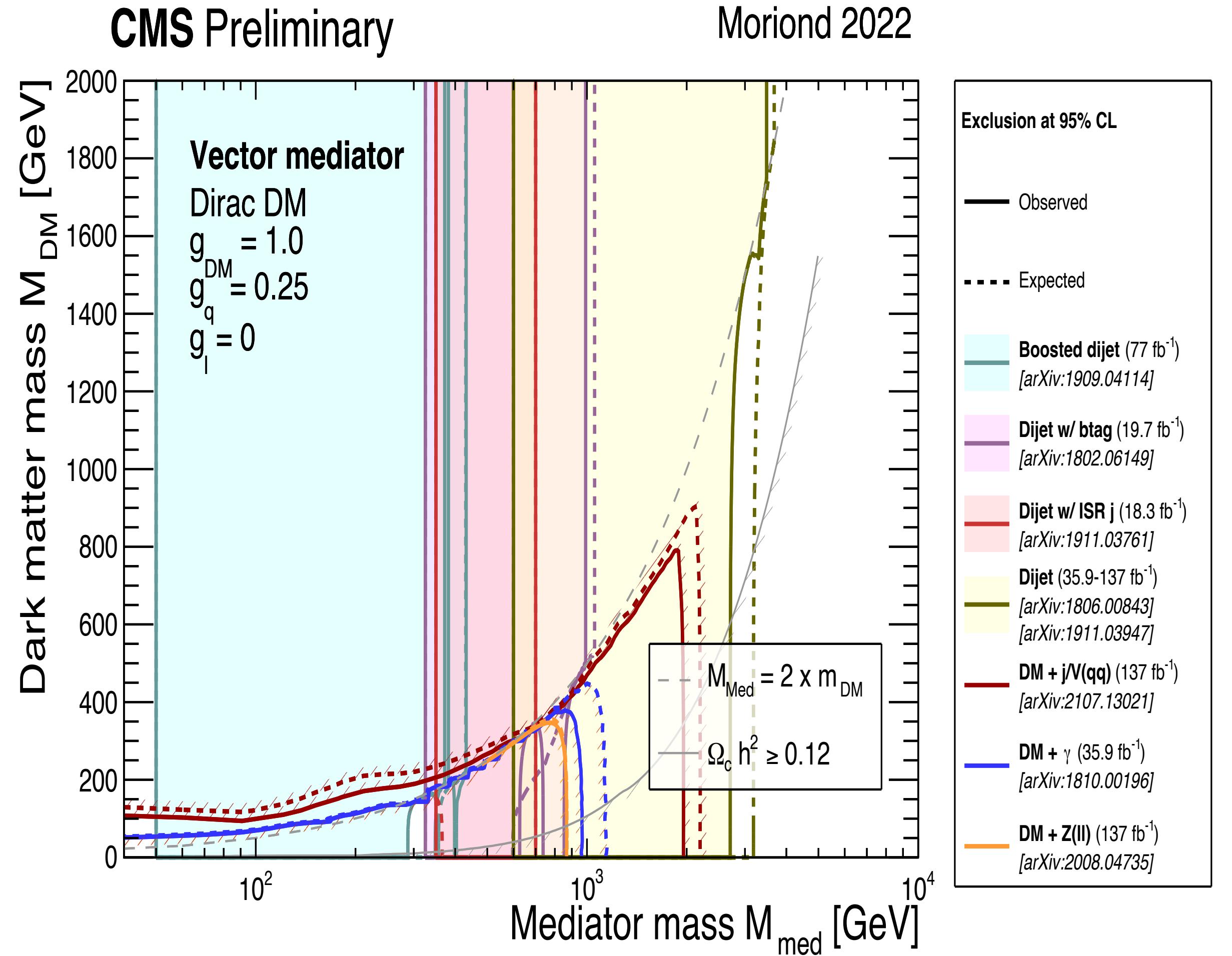
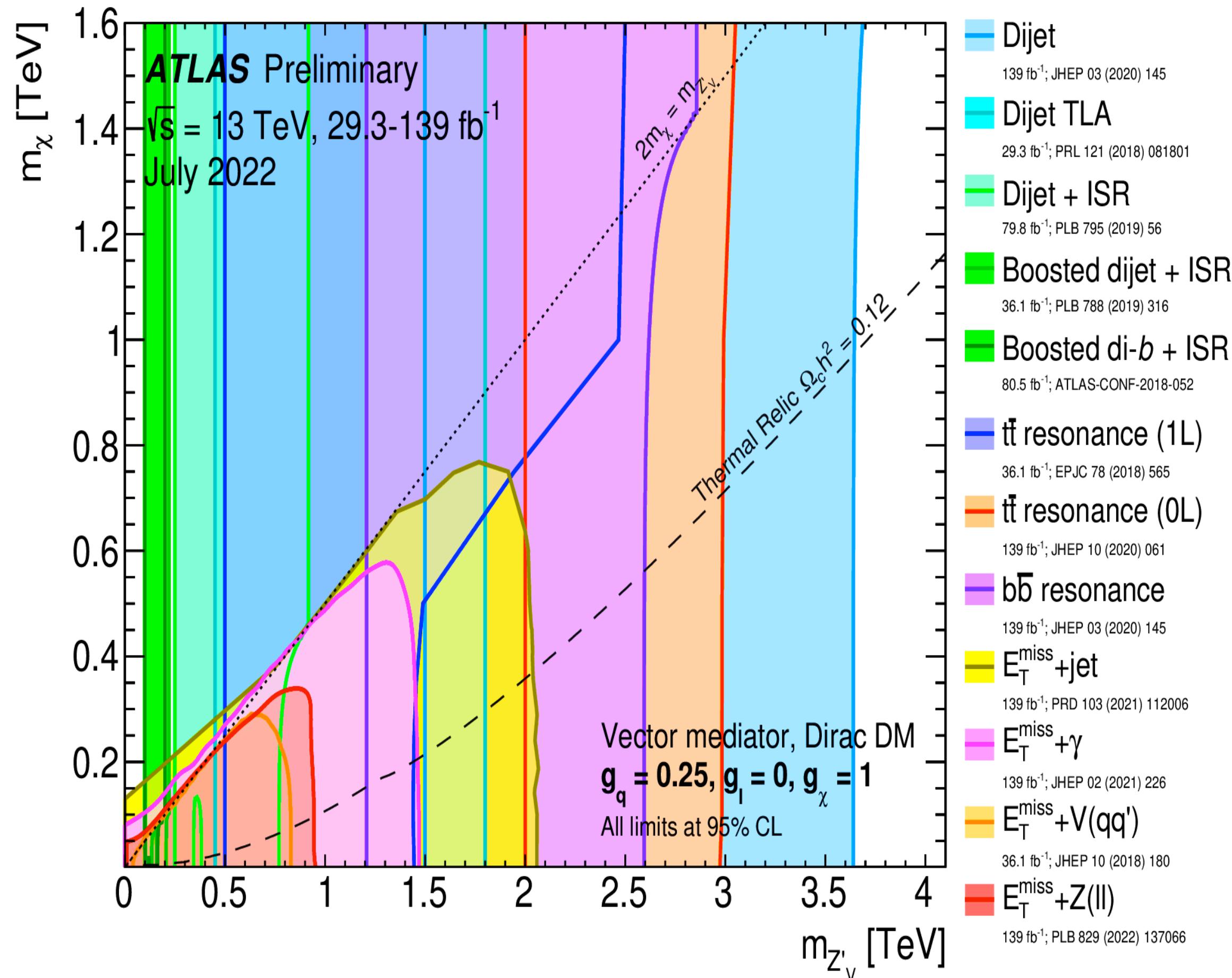
No excess over
Standard Model predictions



NEW $H \rightarrow invisible$ combination in the backup: page 51

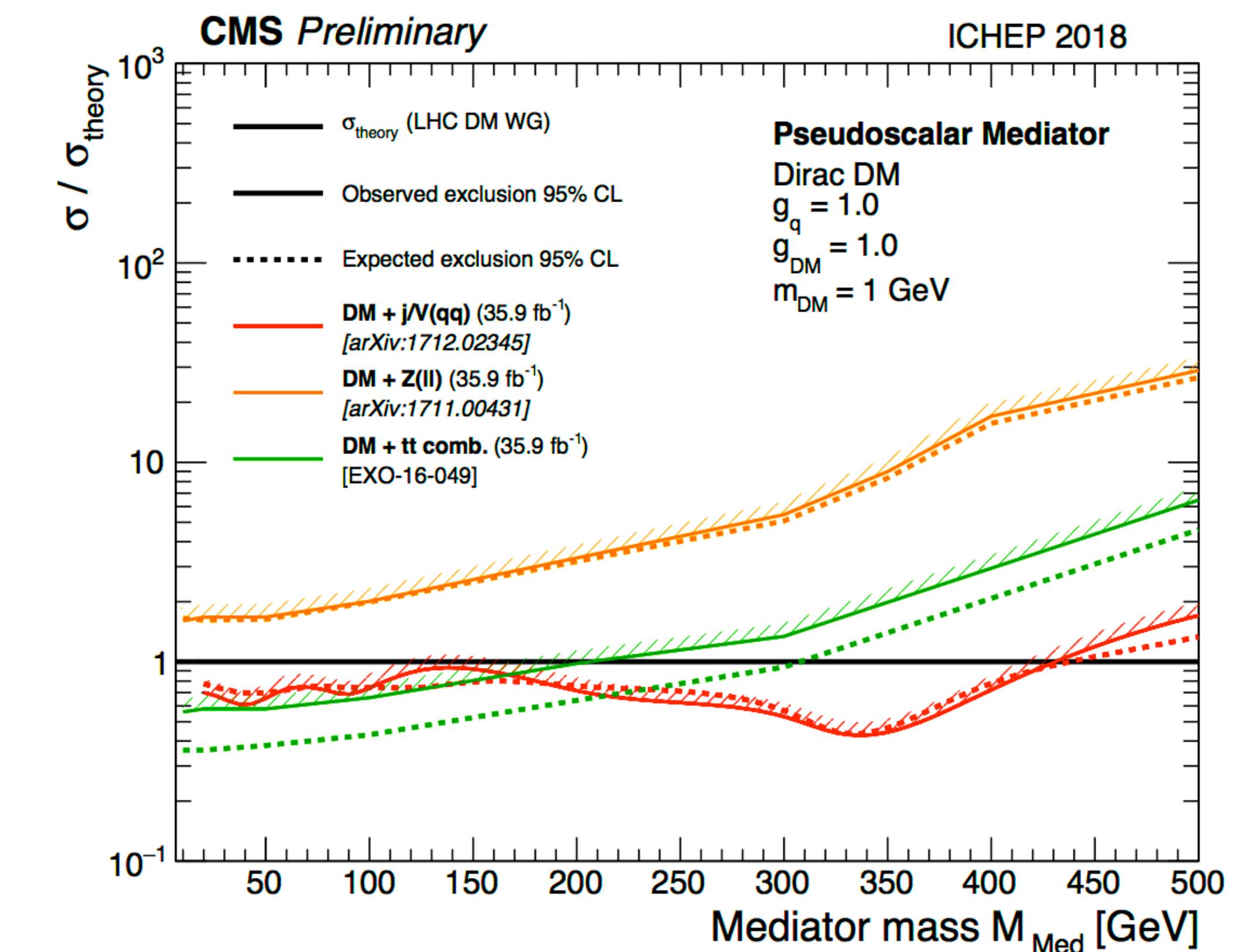
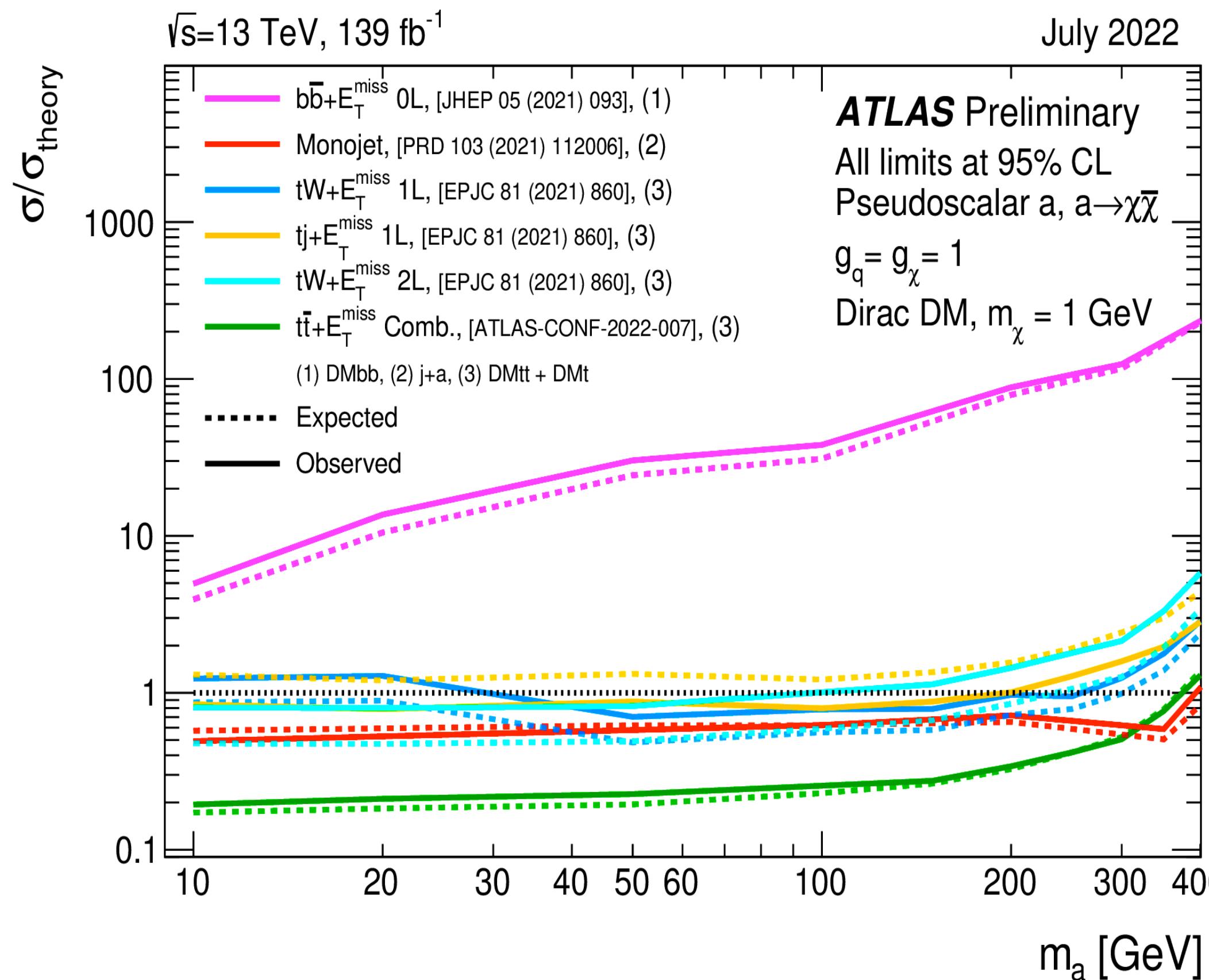
Summary /combination results

Simplified DM model Vector



More combinations in the backup slides

Simplified DM model Pseudo-scalar mediator

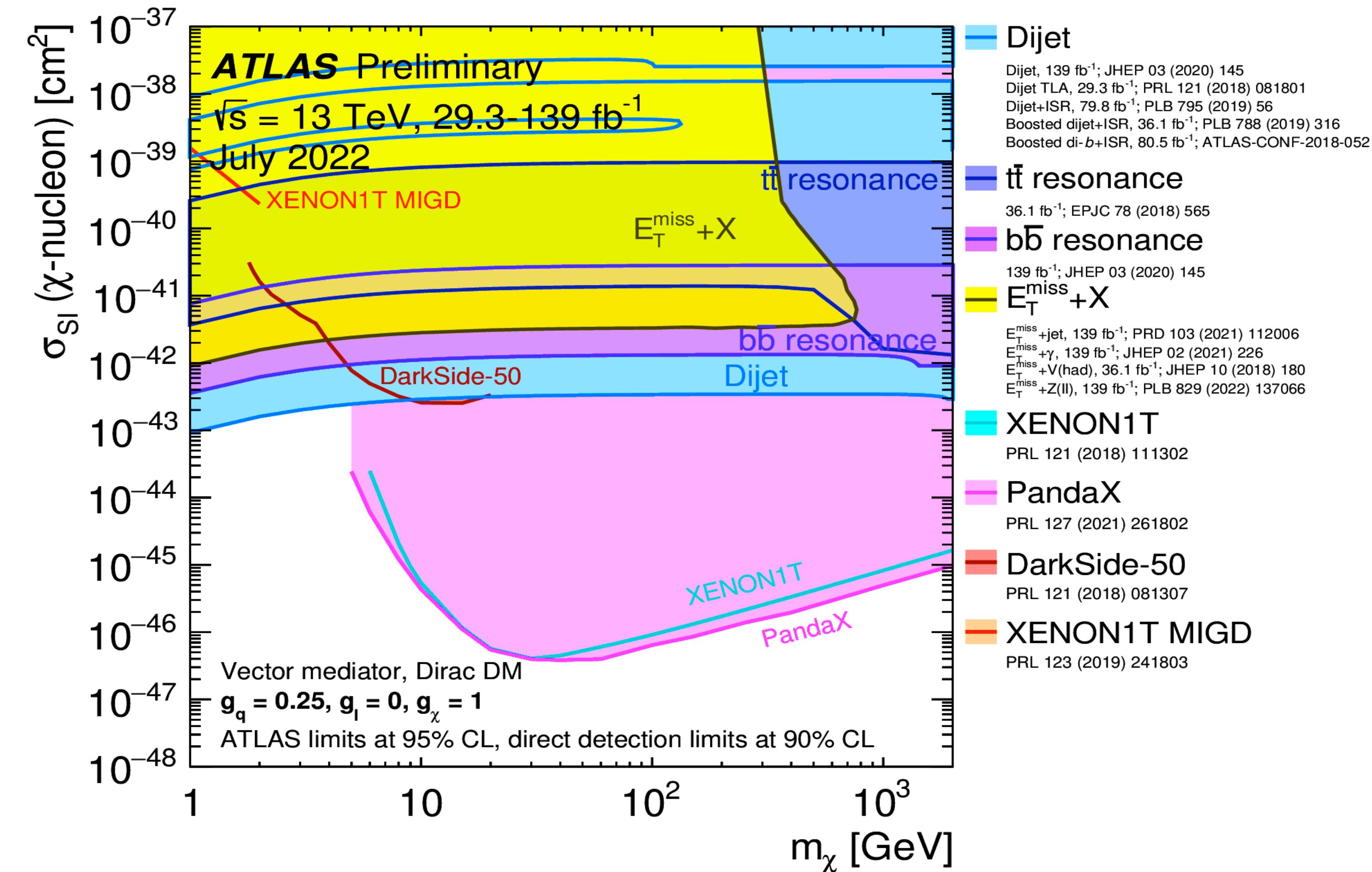


More combinations in the backup slides

ATLAS results are also used to extract limits on the DM-nucleon cross-section with a better exclusion limits at lower dark matter masses.

Direct detection has better exclusion limits for the spin-independent nucleon cross-section

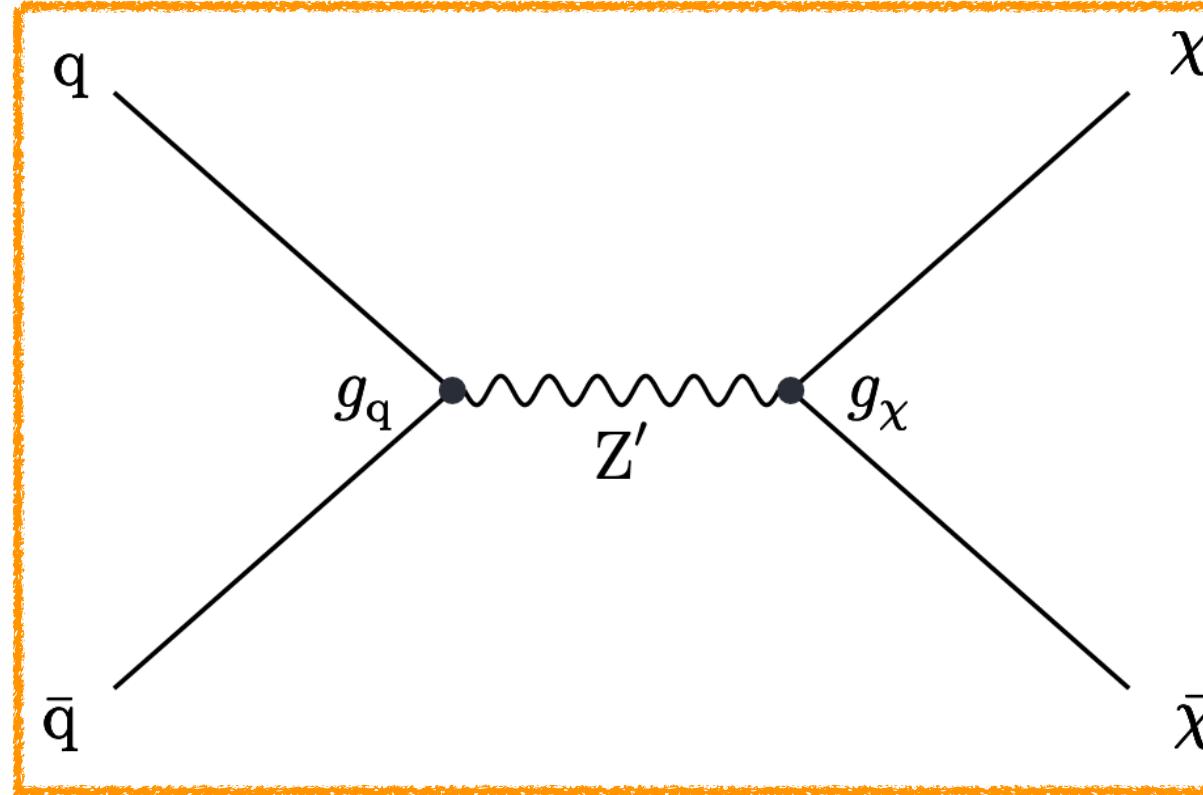
Combination with DD experiments



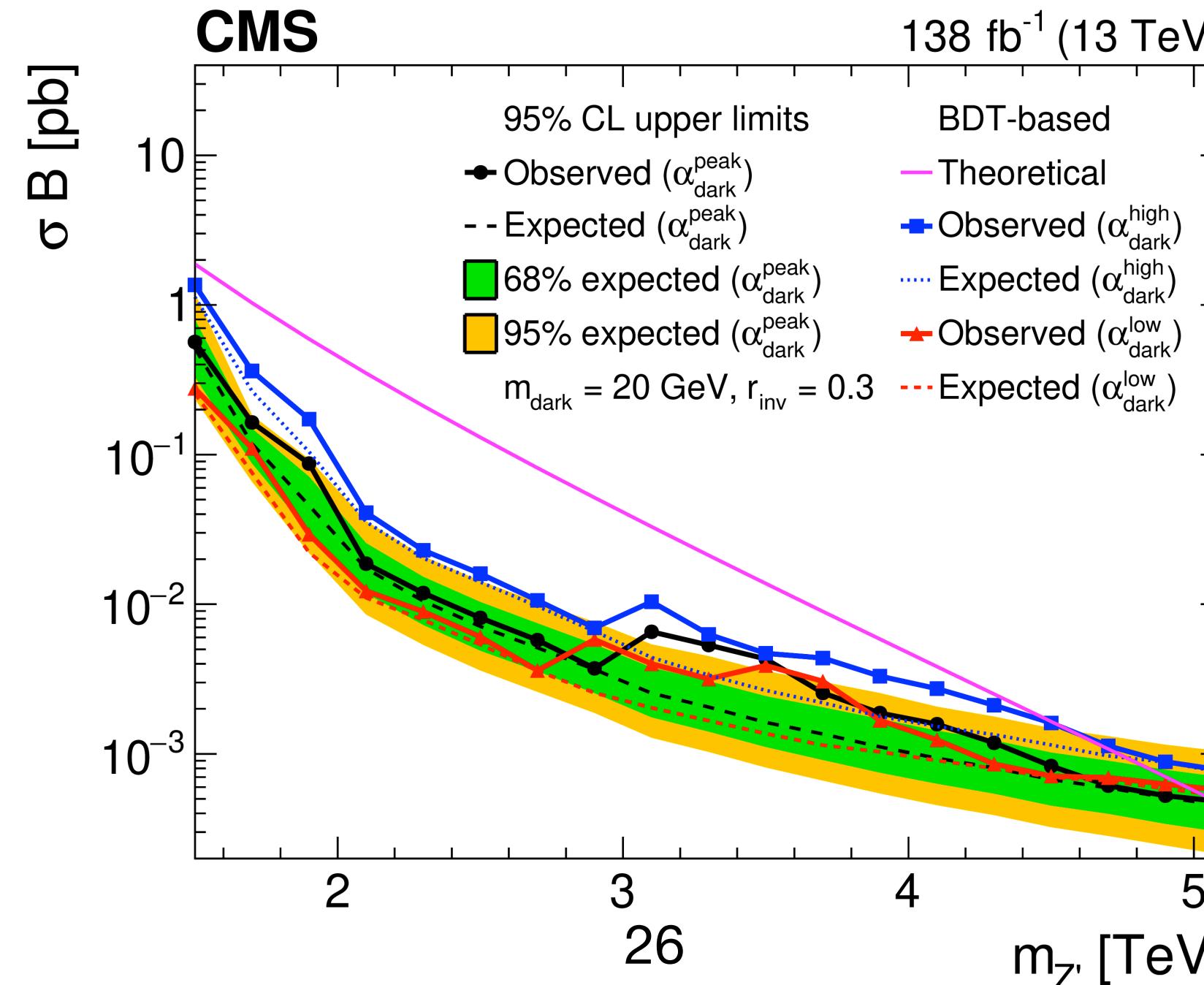
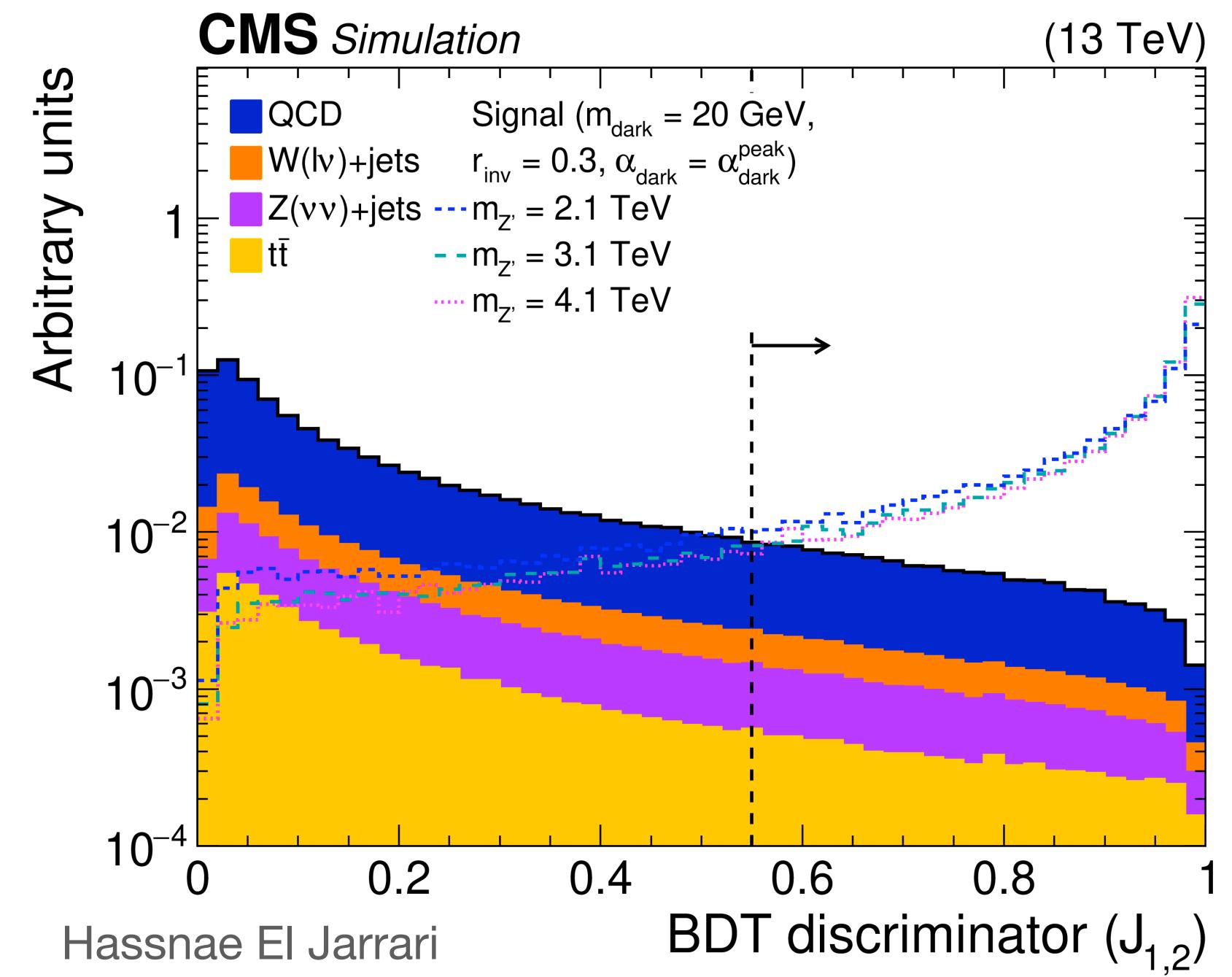
non-WIMP DM candidates

Strongly-interacting dark sector

Dark quarks form bound dark hadron states

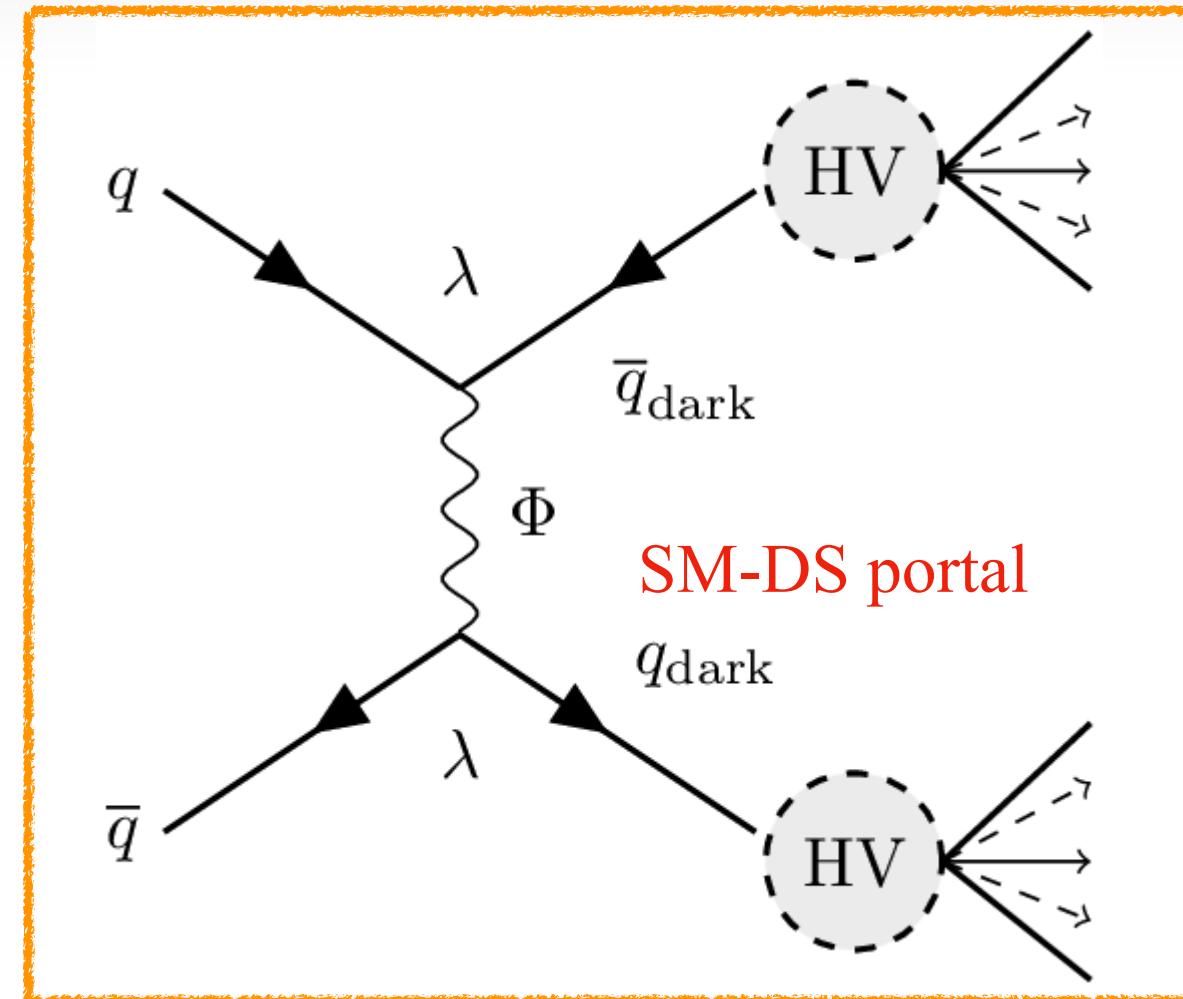


- ✓ **Signature:** 1 jet aligned to the E_T^{miss} direction → Previous searches for jets+ E_T^{miss} not sensitive.
- ✓ The scalar mediator (Z') acts as a SM-DS portal
- ✓ **Trigger:** jet
- ✓ BDT used to tag semivisible jets and define a high purity category.
- ✓ **Sensitive variables:** Di-jet transverse mass m_T and E_T^{miss}
- ✓ **Dominant background:** QCD multijet, rejected by $R_T = p_T^{miss}/m_T > 0.15$ and this reject t-channel as well
- ✓ **SR:** 2 are defined (low- R_T : $0.15 < R_T \leq 0.25$ and high- R_T : $R_T > 0.25$). Focus on s-channel

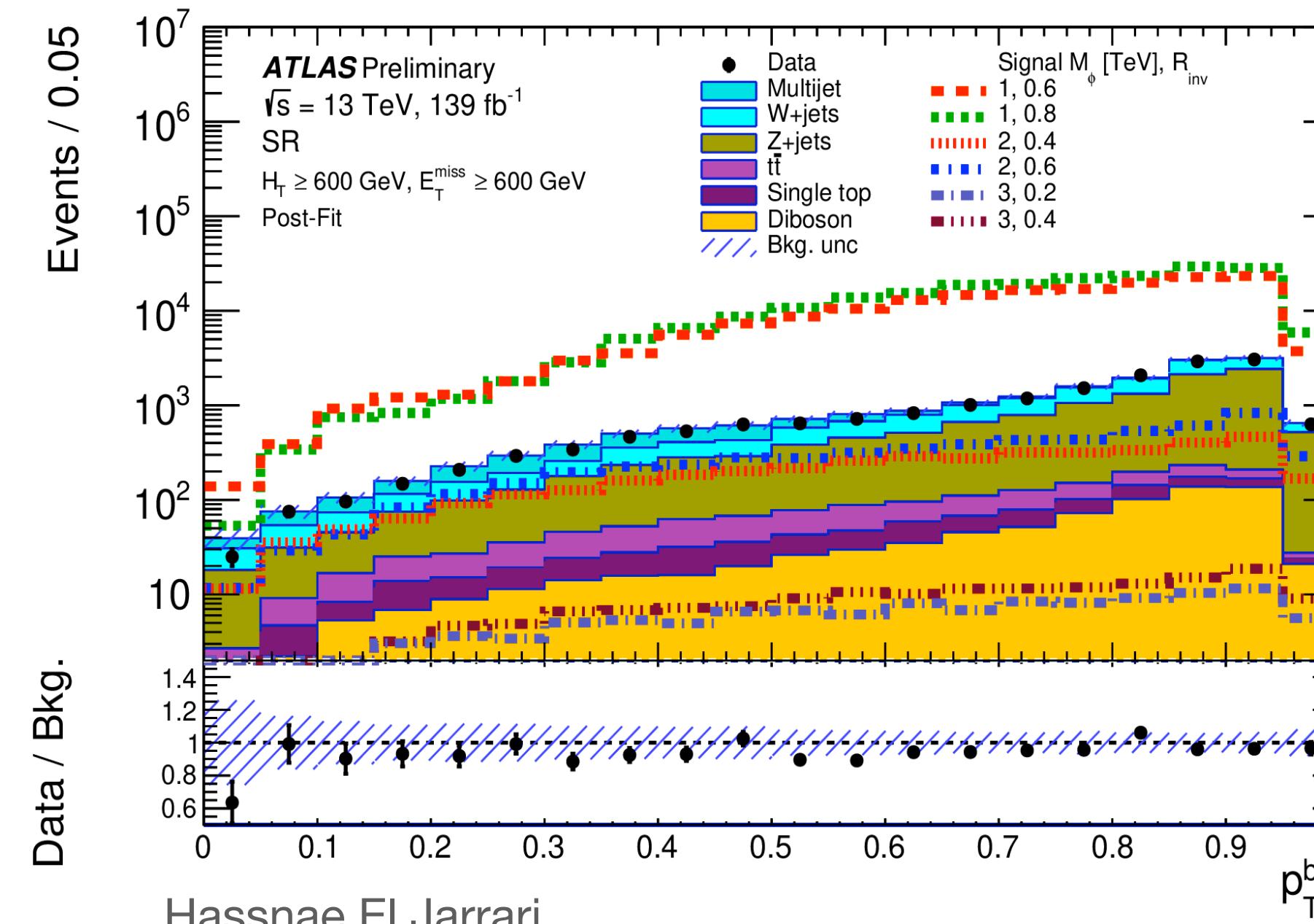


- Large improvement vs analysis without BDT identification of semi-visible jets
- Excluding $1.5 \leq m_{Z'} \leq 5$ TeV for $r_{Inv} = 0.3$
- Excluding $0.01 \leq r_{Inv} \leq 0.77$ TeV for $m_{dark} = 20$ GeV
- Small excess around $m_{Z'} = 3.5$ TeV with no real significance (~ 2σ local)

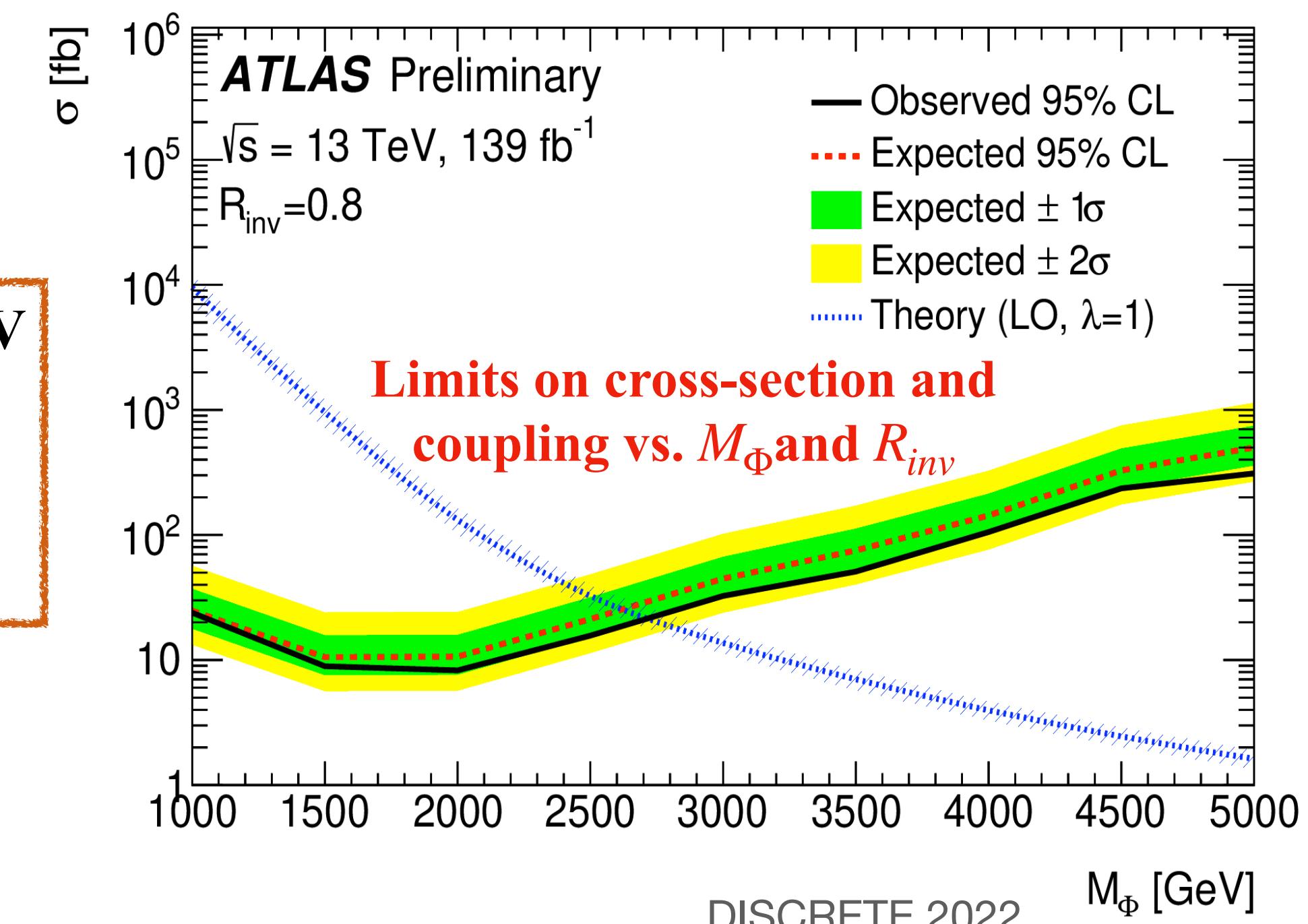
Strongly-interacting dark sector



- ✓ **t -channel:** to probe a broad class of non-resonant signals and reach higher masses
- ✓ **Trigger:** E_T^{miss}
- ✓ **CR:** 1L, 1L1B and 2L control regions
- ✓ **Discriminant variables:** p_T balance and $|\Phi_{\max} - \Phi_{\min}|$
- ✓ **SR:** 2 semi-visible jets (SVJs), Leading/sub-leading jet $p_T > 150/30$ GeV
 - ≥ 1 additional jet to suppress the **dominant** multijet background
 - Veto e, μ , and ≥ 2 b-tags to suppress other backgrounds
 - High $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 600$ GeV and $H_T = \sum_{\text{jets}} p_T > 600$ GeV



- ✓ mediator masses up to 2.7 TeV can be excluded
- ✓ Upper limits on the coupling strength



Dark Photons (VBF)

ATLAS:Eur. Phys. J. C 82 (2022) 105

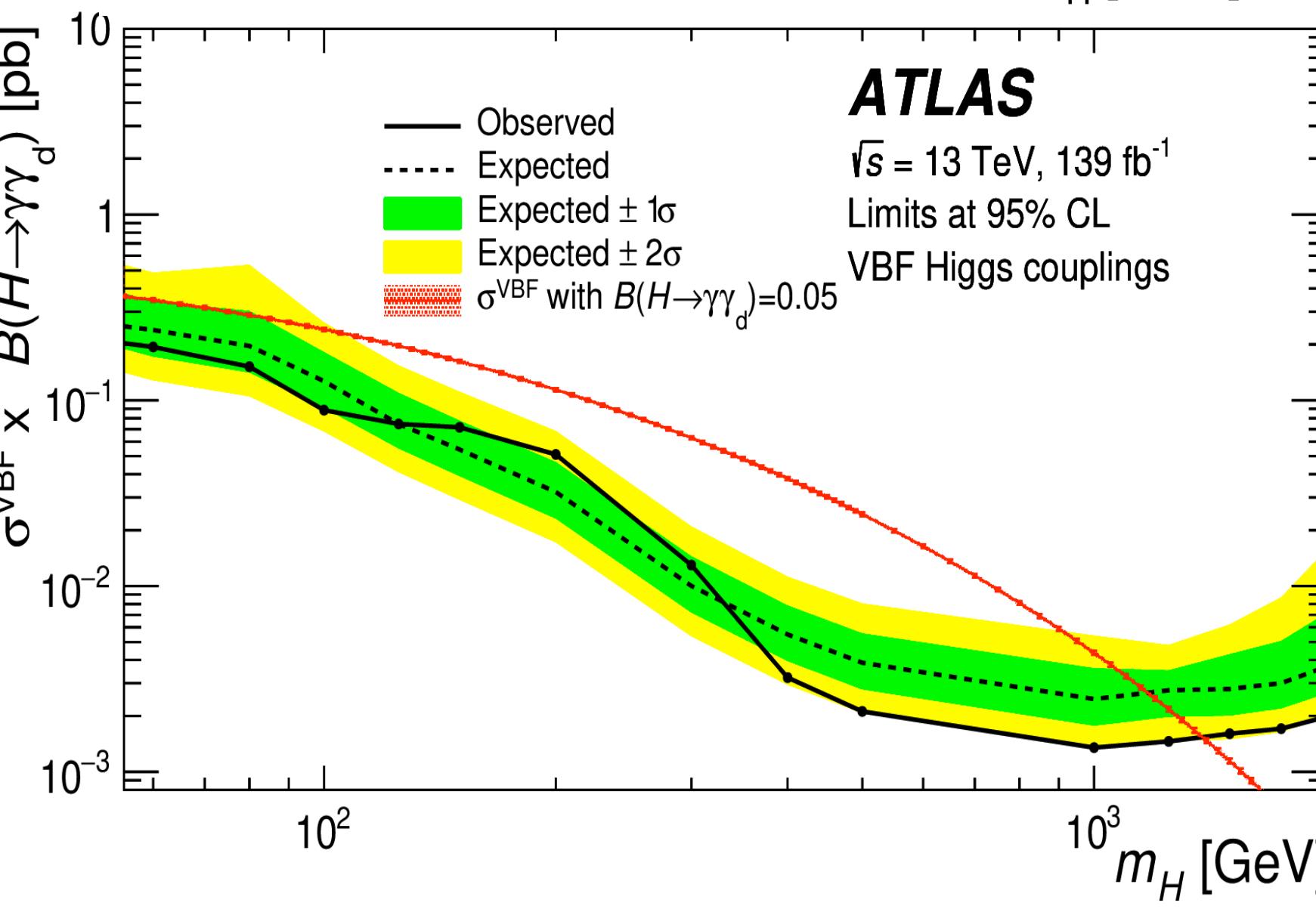
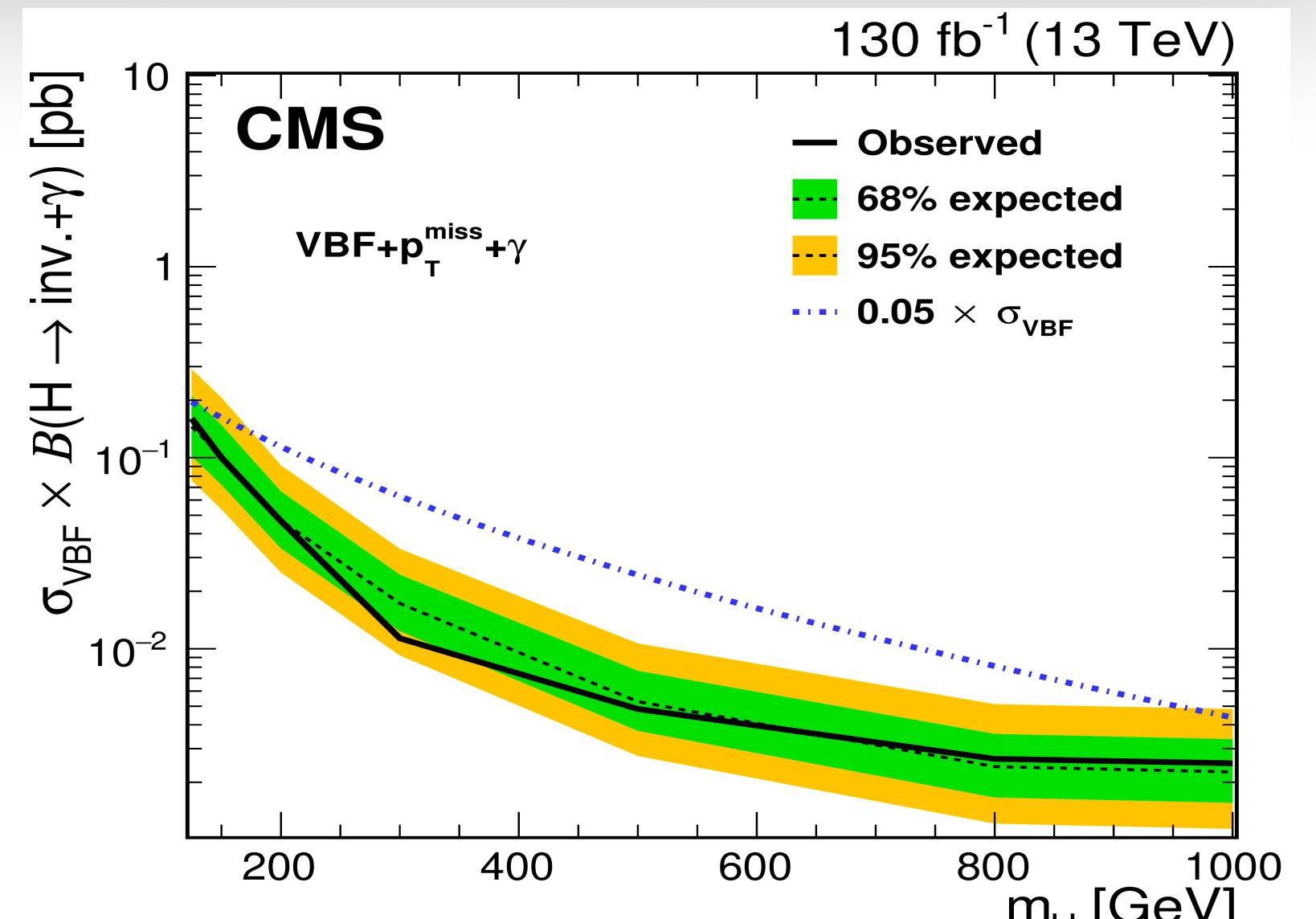
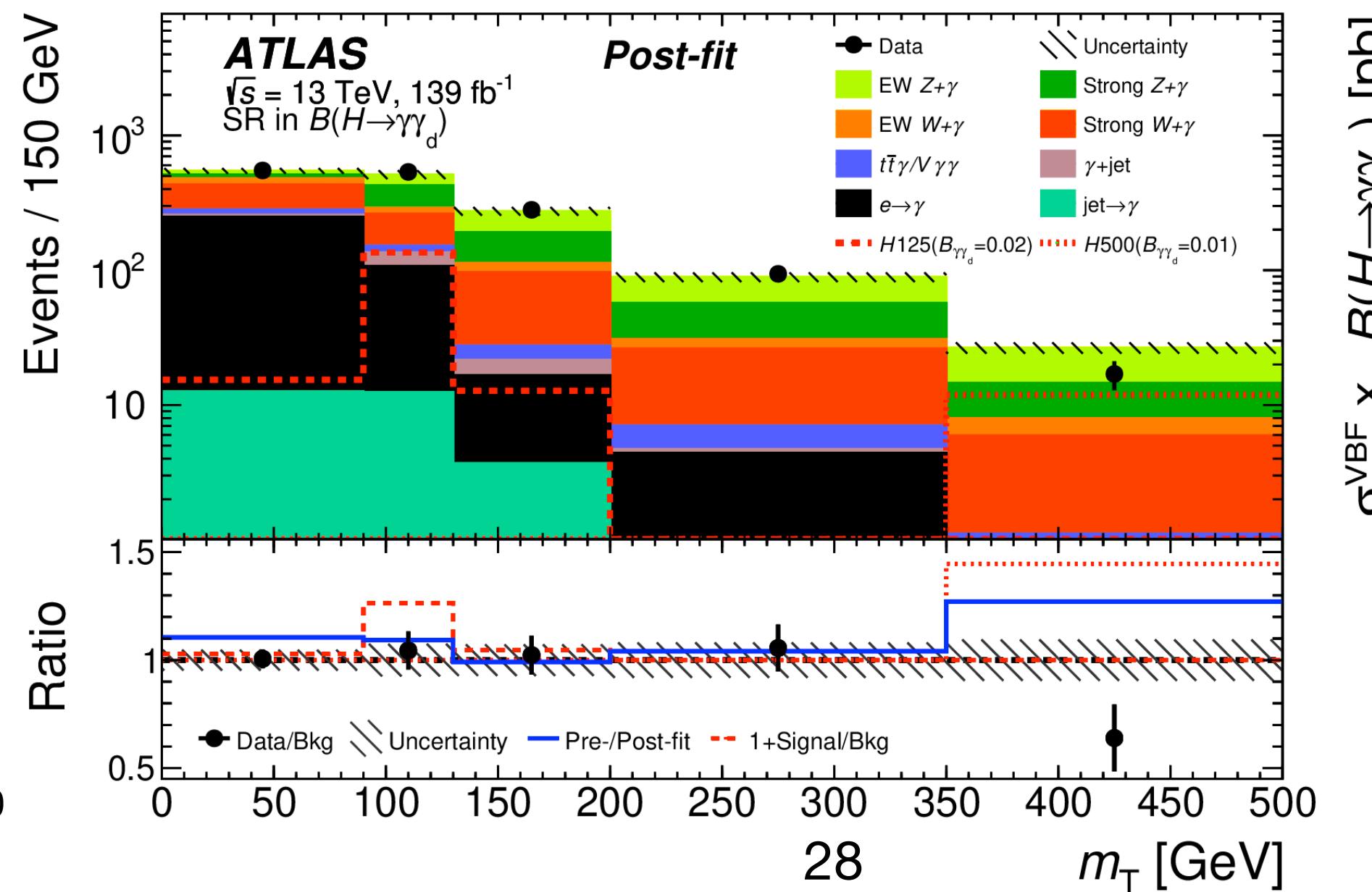
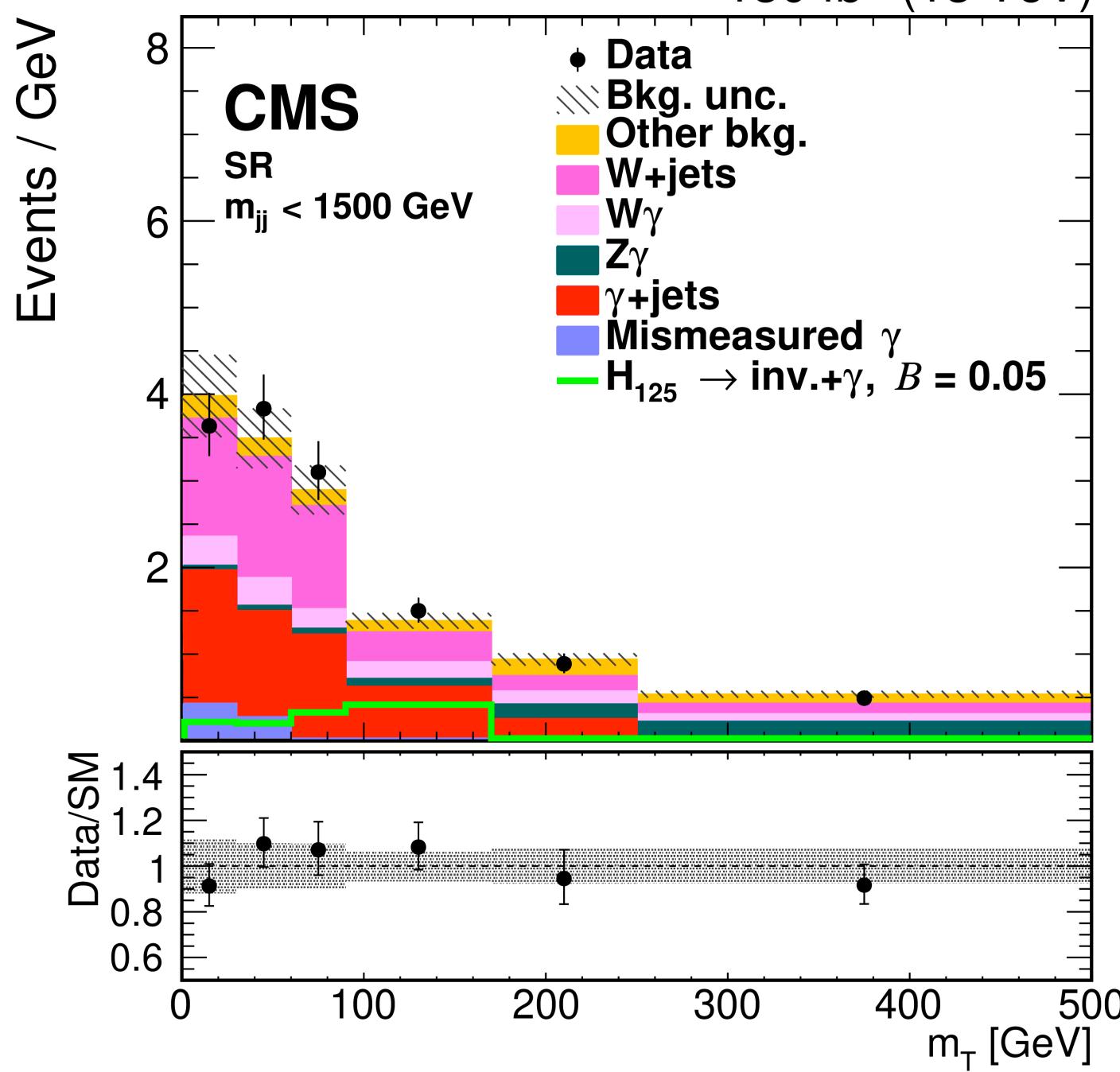
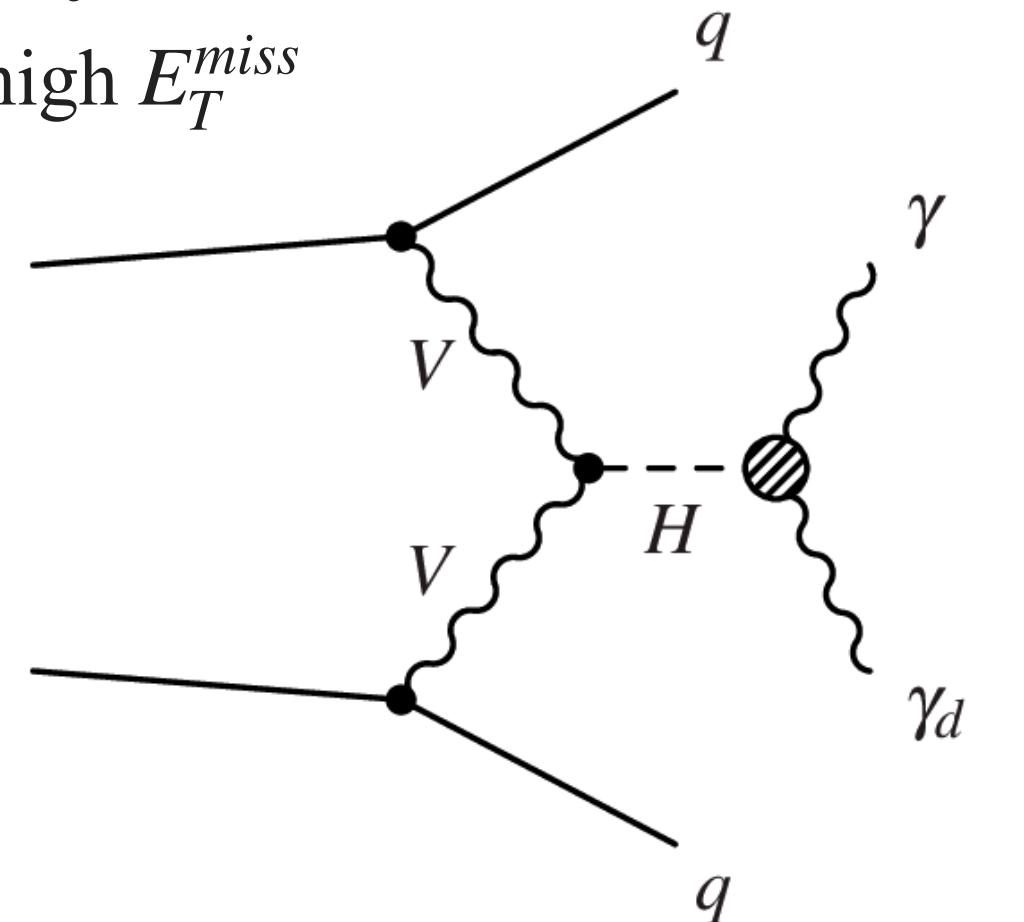
CMS: JHEP 03 (2021) 011

✓ Trigger: single-photon (ATLAS, CMS)+ E_T^{miss} (CMS)

✓ Dominant background: $W(\rightarrow \ell\nu)(+\gamma) + \text{jets}$ and $Z(\rightarrow \nu\nu)(+\gamma) + \text{jets}$

✓ SR: Selecting events with a photon, two jets with $|\Delta\eta_{jj}| > 2.5$ and high E_T^{miss}

$$m_T(\gamma, E_T^{\text{miss}}) = \sqrt{2p_T^\gamma E_T^{\text{miss}} [1 - \cos(\phi_\gamma - \phi_{E_T^{\text{miss}}})]}$$



Dark Photons (ZH)

ATLAS:ATLAS-CONF-2022-064

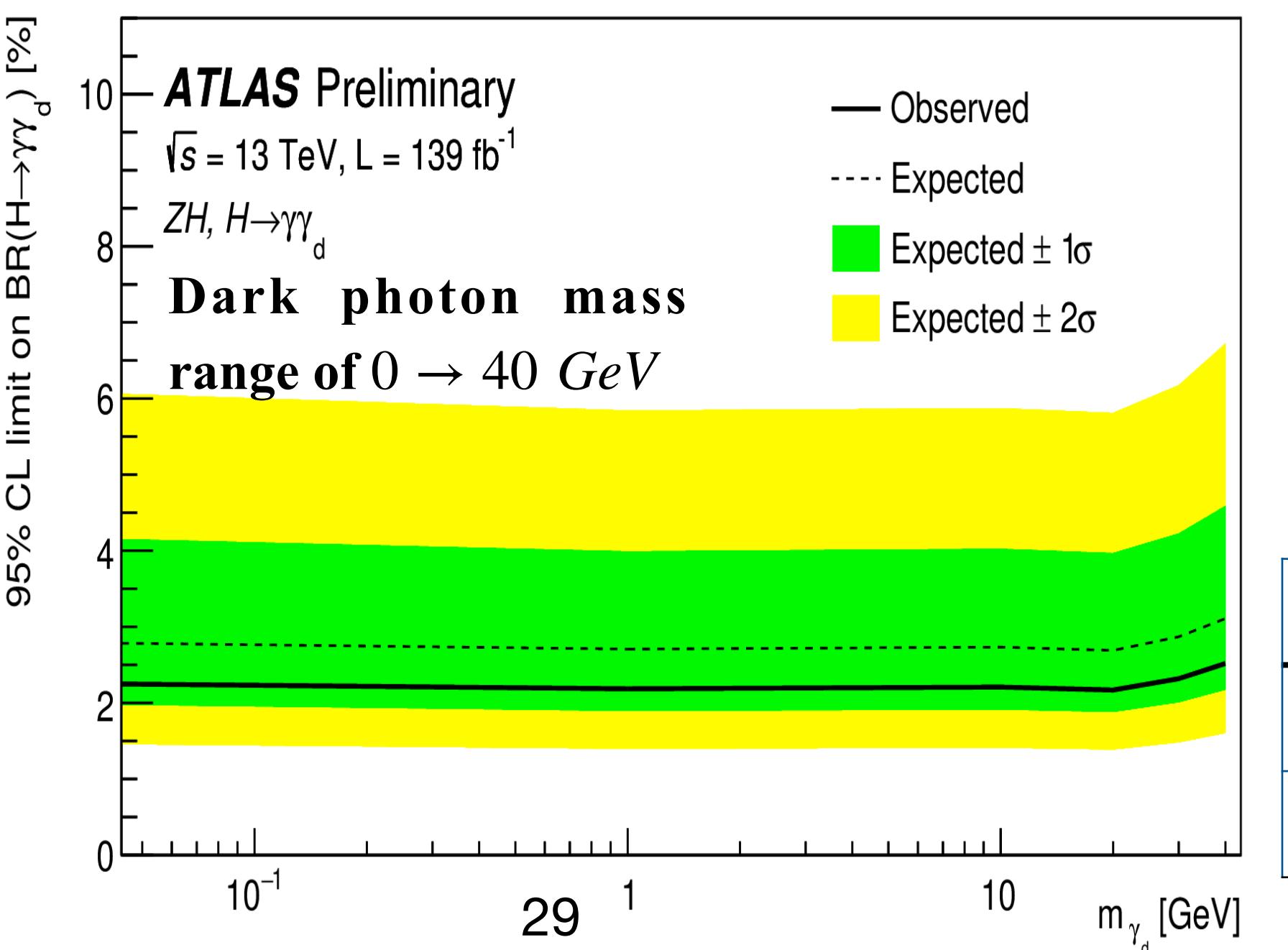
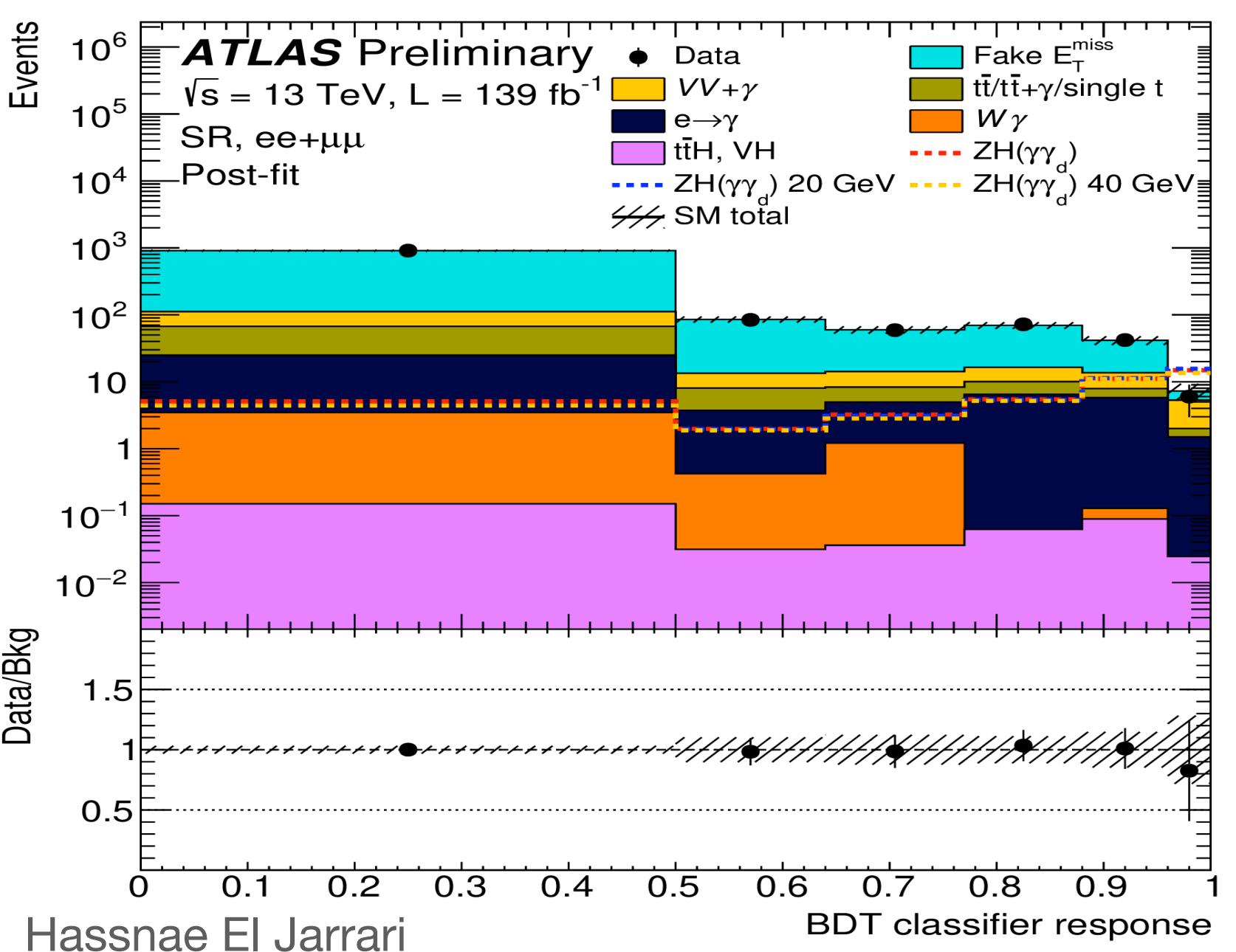
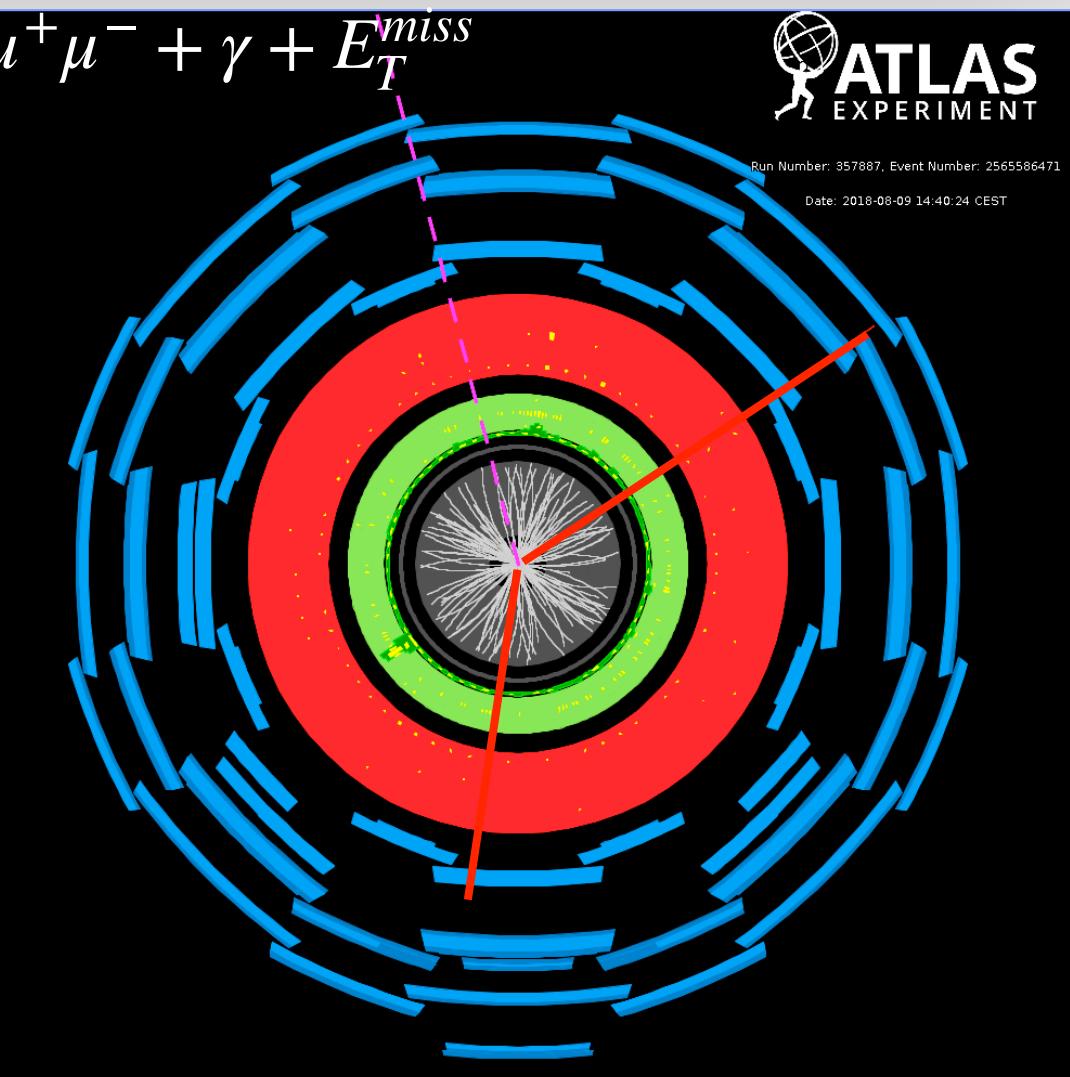
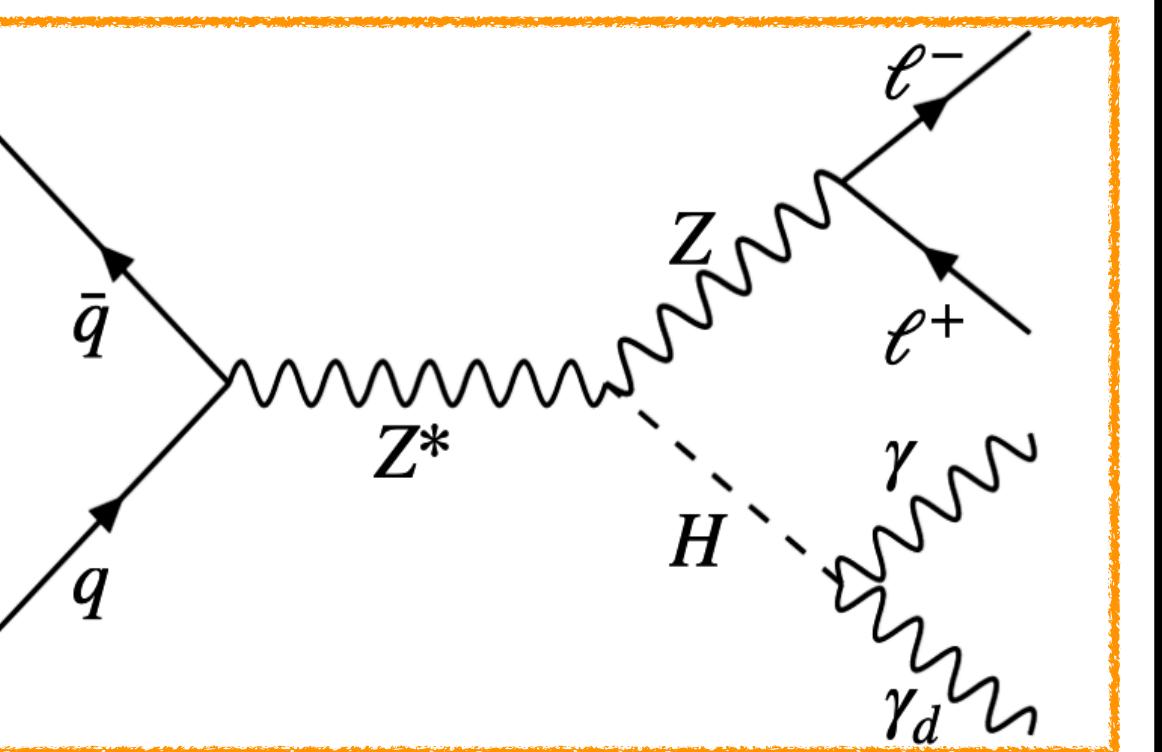
CMS:JHEP 10 (2019) 139

✓ Signal: ZH , $Z \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-$ and $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma_d$ (undetected dark photon $\rightarrow E_T^{miss}$).

✓ BDT classifier response (XGBoost) is used to enhance the analysis sensitivity using 6 input variables.

✓ Background estimation:

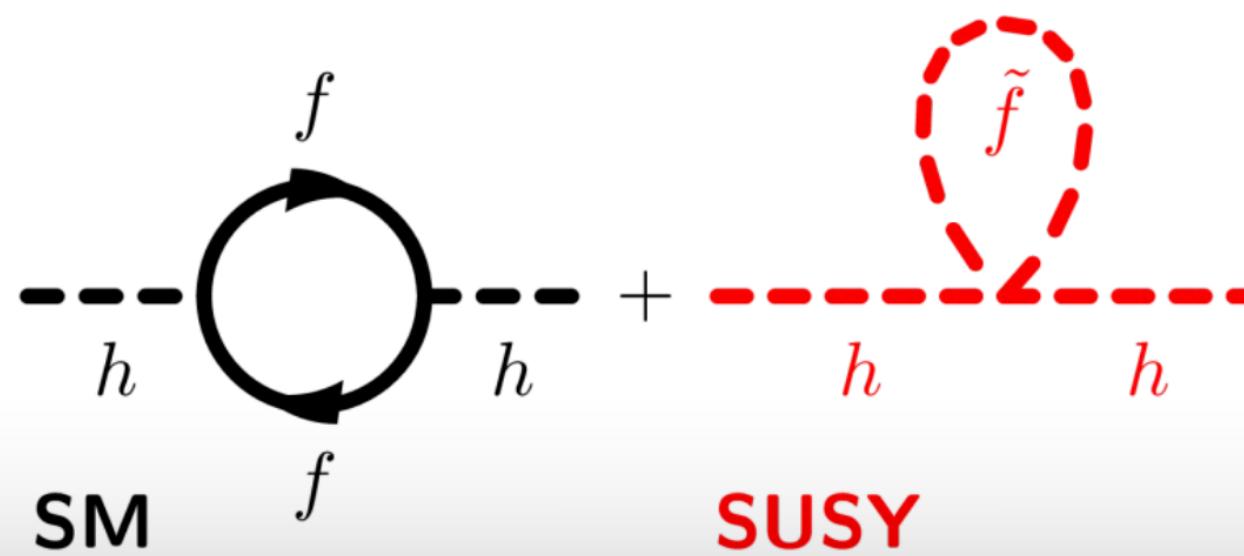
- * **Fake E_T^{miss}** : $Z\gamma + jets$, $Z + jets \Rightarrow$ Data-driven ABCD
- * **$e \rightarrow \gamma$ fake**: VV , $VVV \Rightarrow$ Data-driven fake rate and probe-electron CR
- * **top**: MC, with 20% systematic uncertainty from the **top VR** (≥ 1 b-tag).
- * **$VV\gamma$** : MC normalised to data in the $VV\gamma$ CR (enhanced in $WZ\gamma$ ($3\ \mu + 1\gamma$)).
- * **$W\gamma$, Higgs**: pure MC.



Observed (expected) exclusion limits at 95% CL on the $\text{BR}(H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma_d)$ as a function of the dark photon mass:
are found to be within the [2.19-2.52]% ([2.71-3.11])% range.

Observed (expected) LHC Limits on $\text{BR}(H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma_d)$ for massless dark photons:

Production	ZH	VBF
ATLAS	2.3 (2.8)%	1.8 (1.7)%
CMS	4.6 (3.6)%	3.5 (2.8)%



SUSY as a DM generator

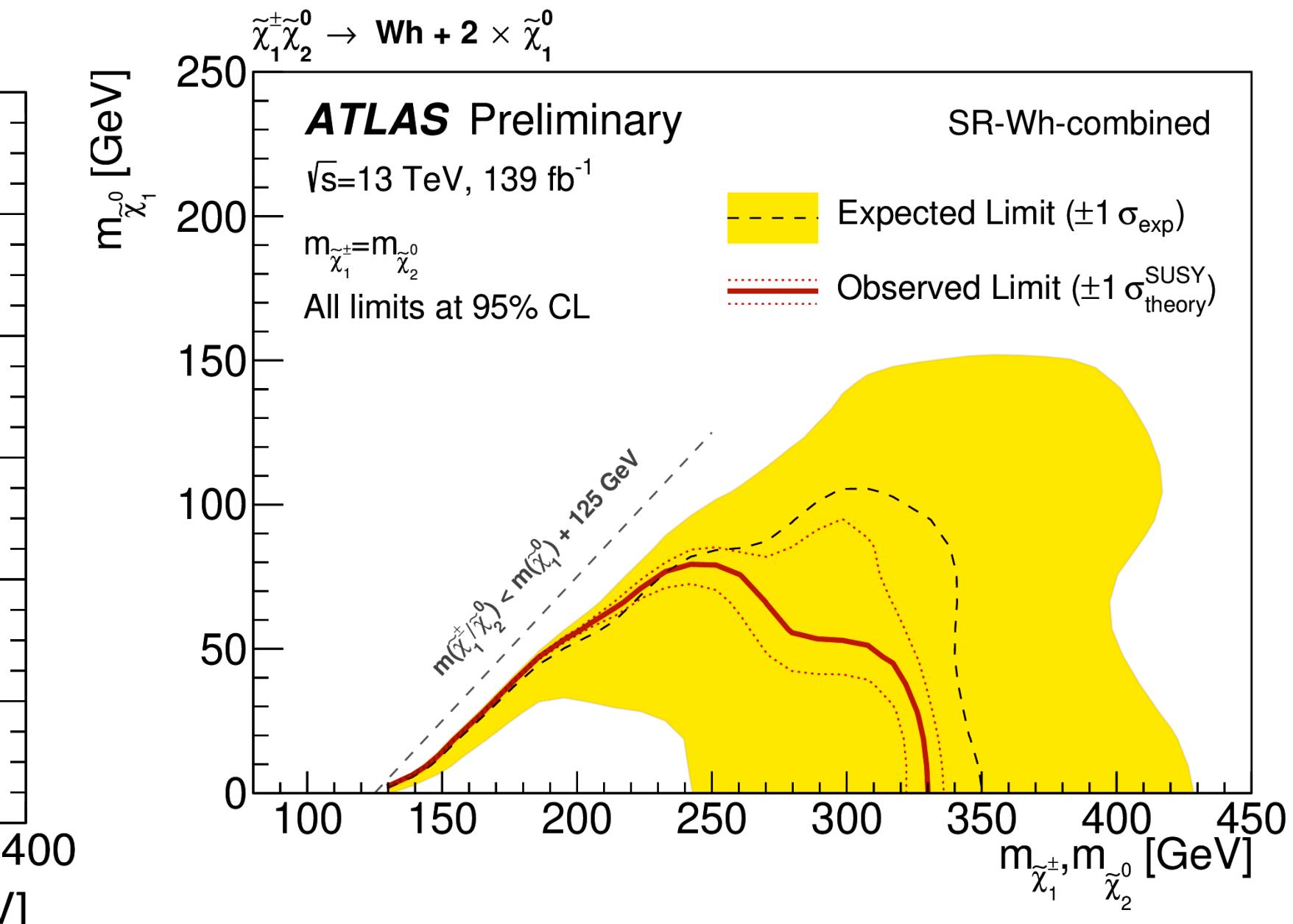
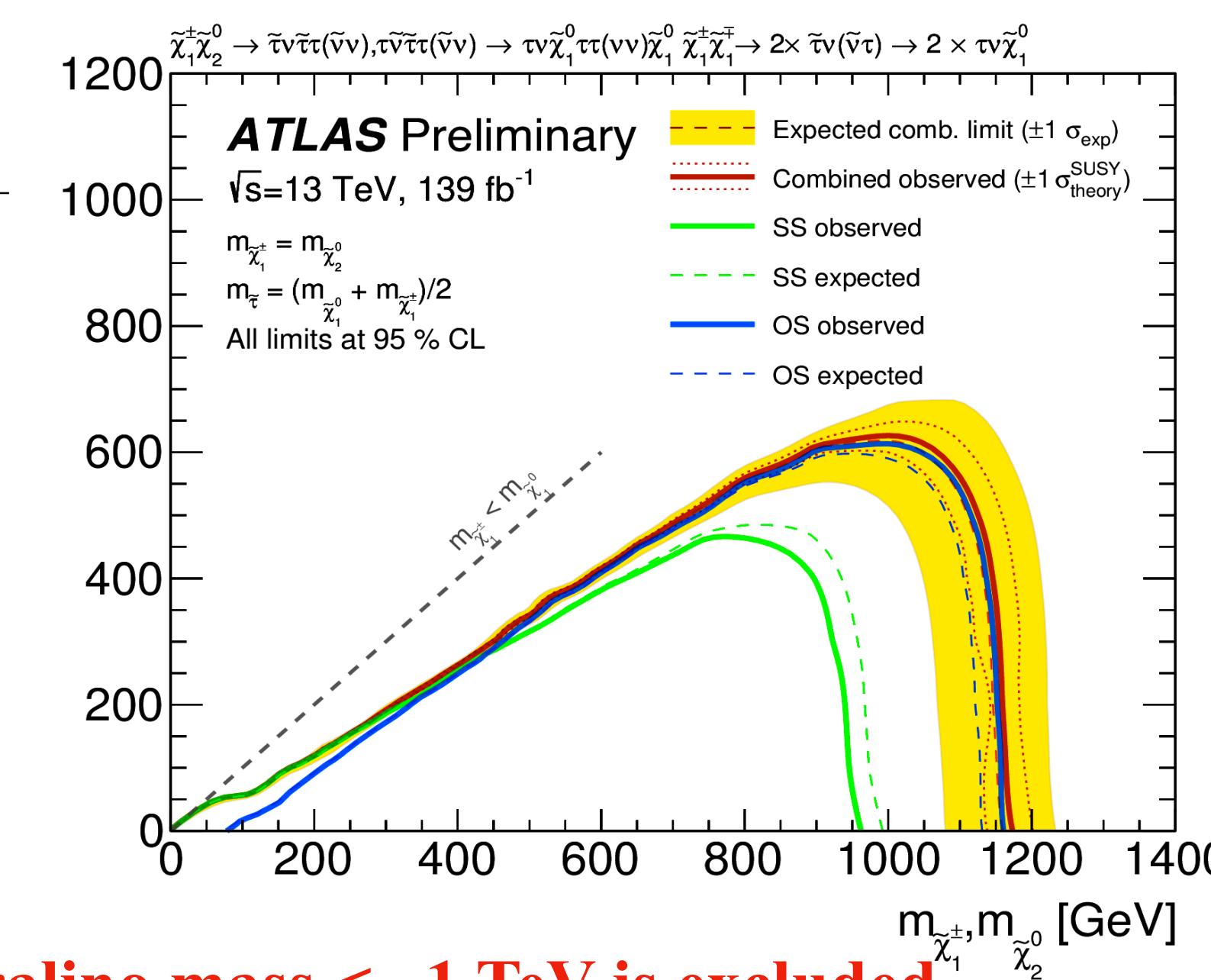
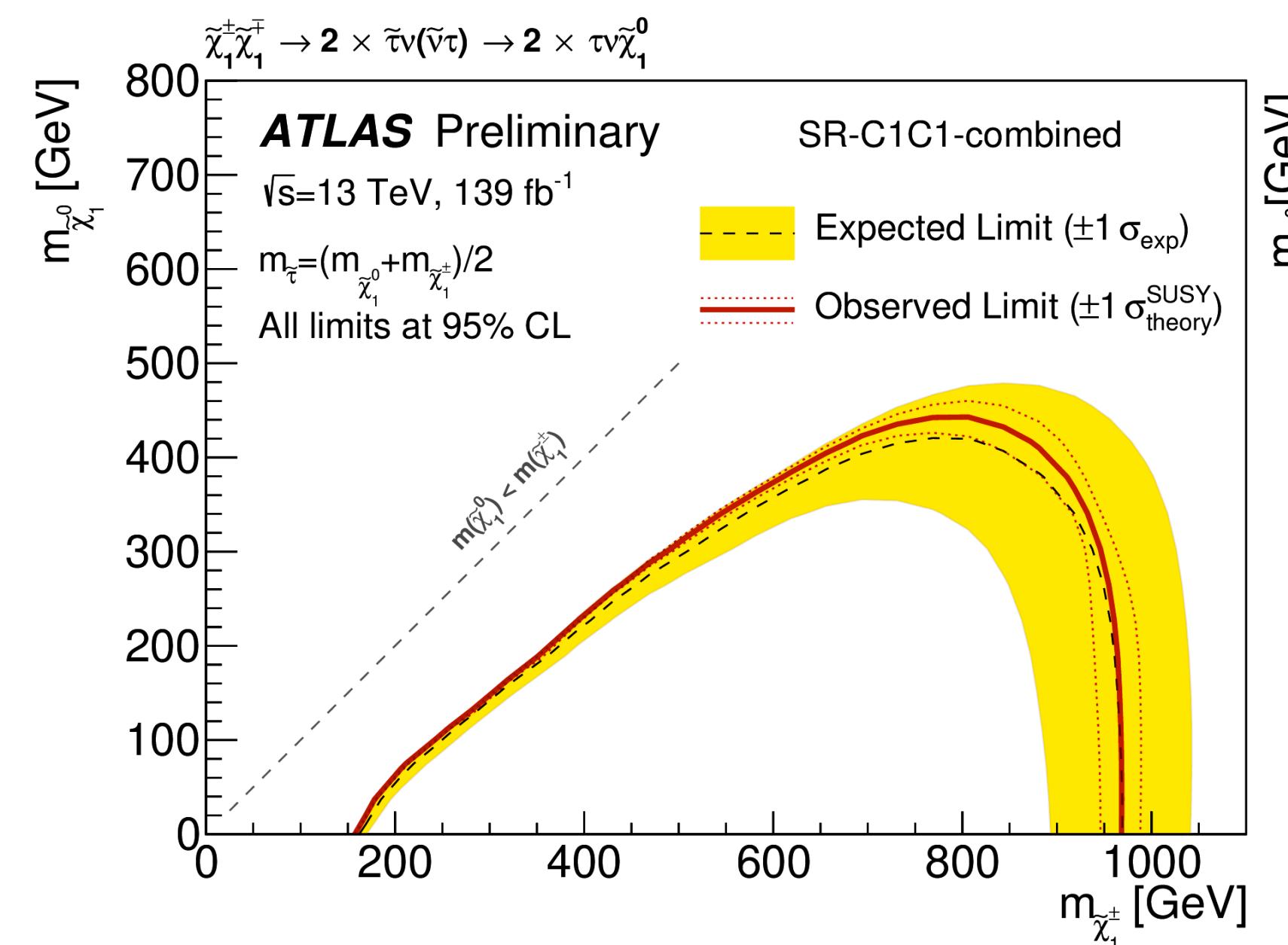
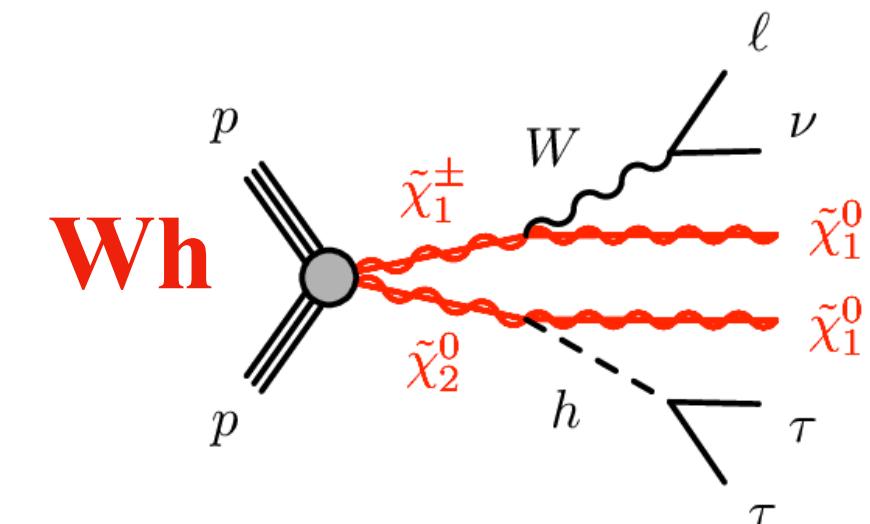
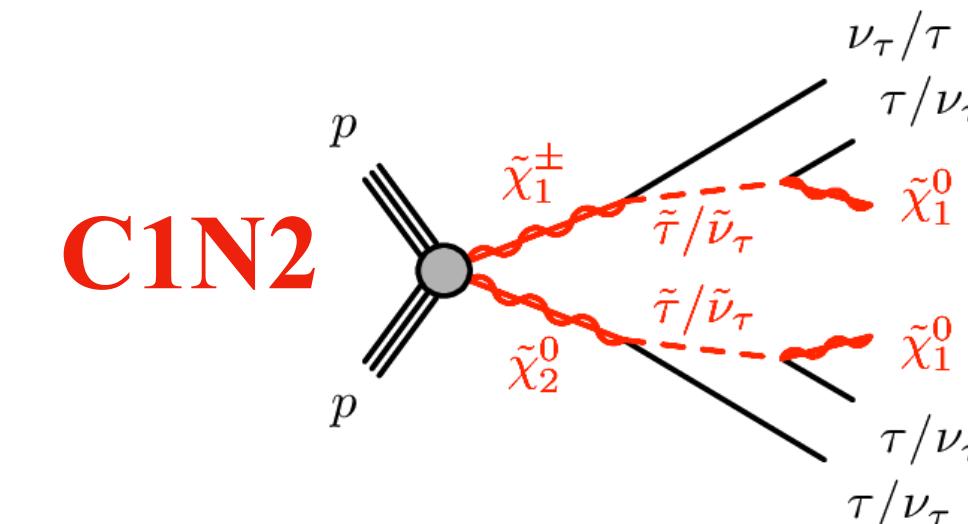
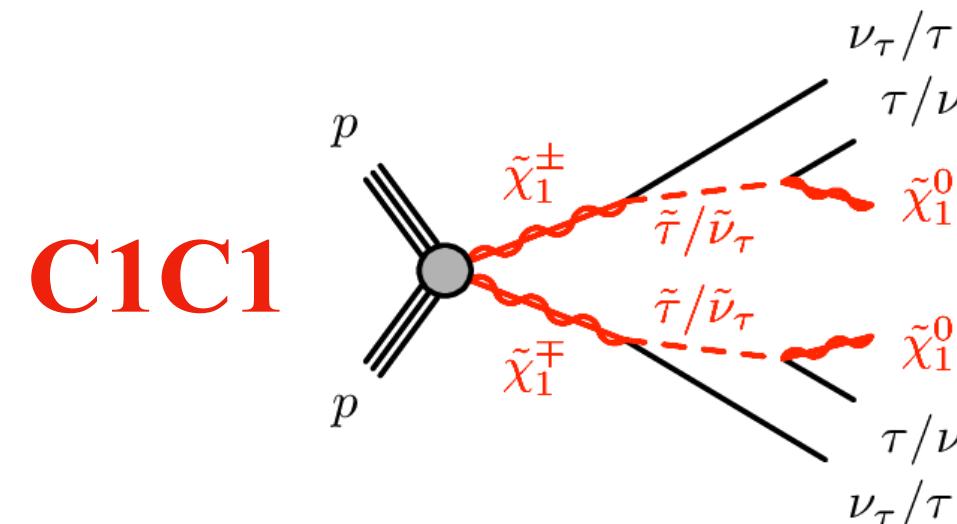
Remember that supersymmetry can be a dark matter model as well.

R-parity conservation requires an even number of SUSY particles in each interaction.

Therefore, Lightest Supersymmetric Particles (LSP) must be stable \Rightarrow DM candidate!

May induce non-trivial signals in detectors

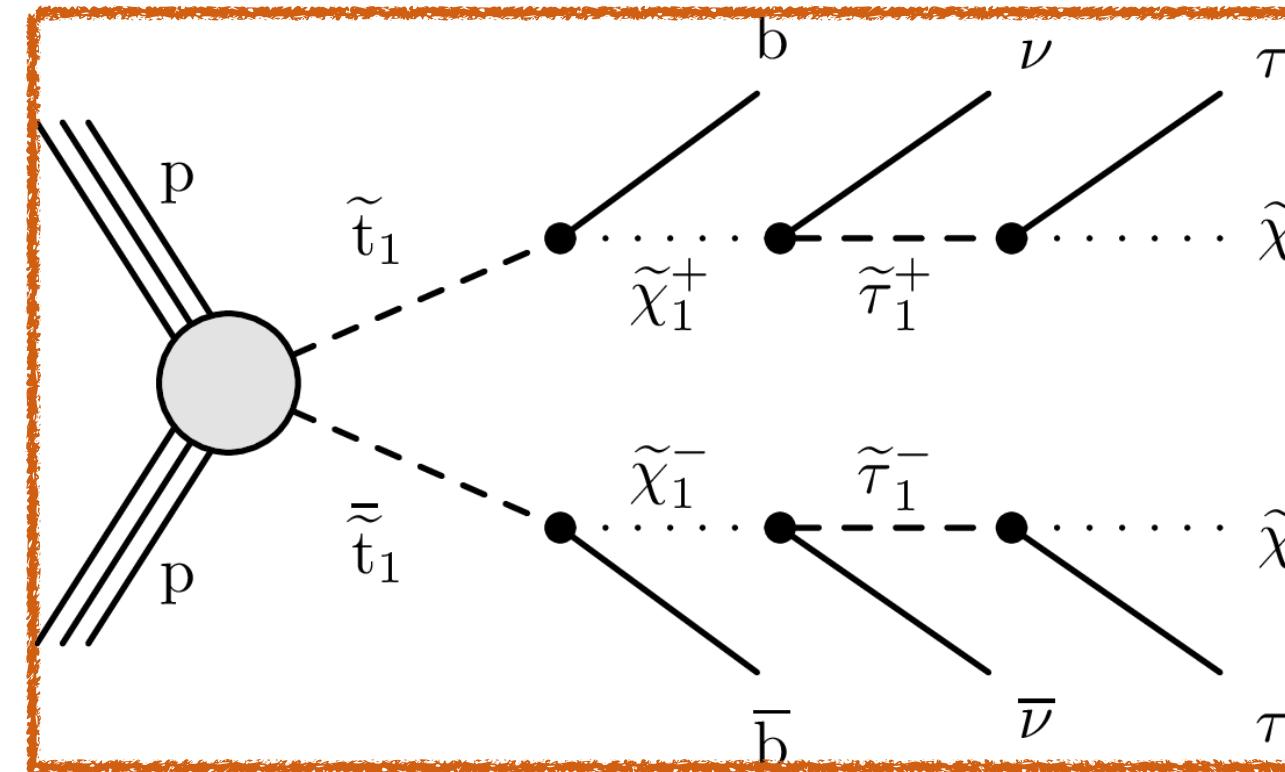
- Chargino/neutralino pair production decaying to LSP via stau using ≥ 2 tau final states
- Categorised into chargino-chargino(C1C1)/ chargino-neutralino(C1N2), same-sign(SS)/ opposite-sign(OS) and high-mass(HM)/ low-mass(LM) channels



C1C1/C1N2: Chargino/neutralino mass $<\sim 1$ TeV is excluded

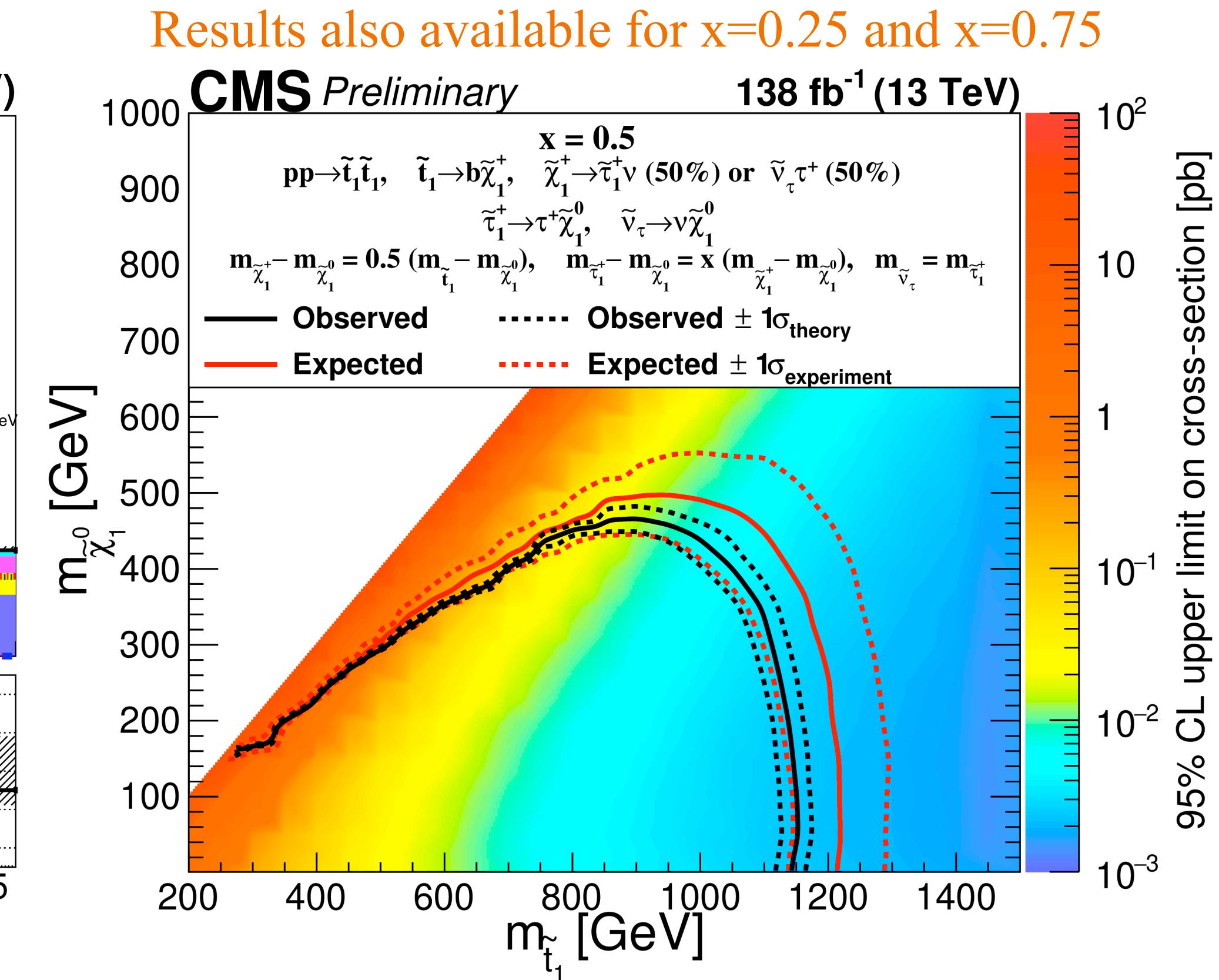
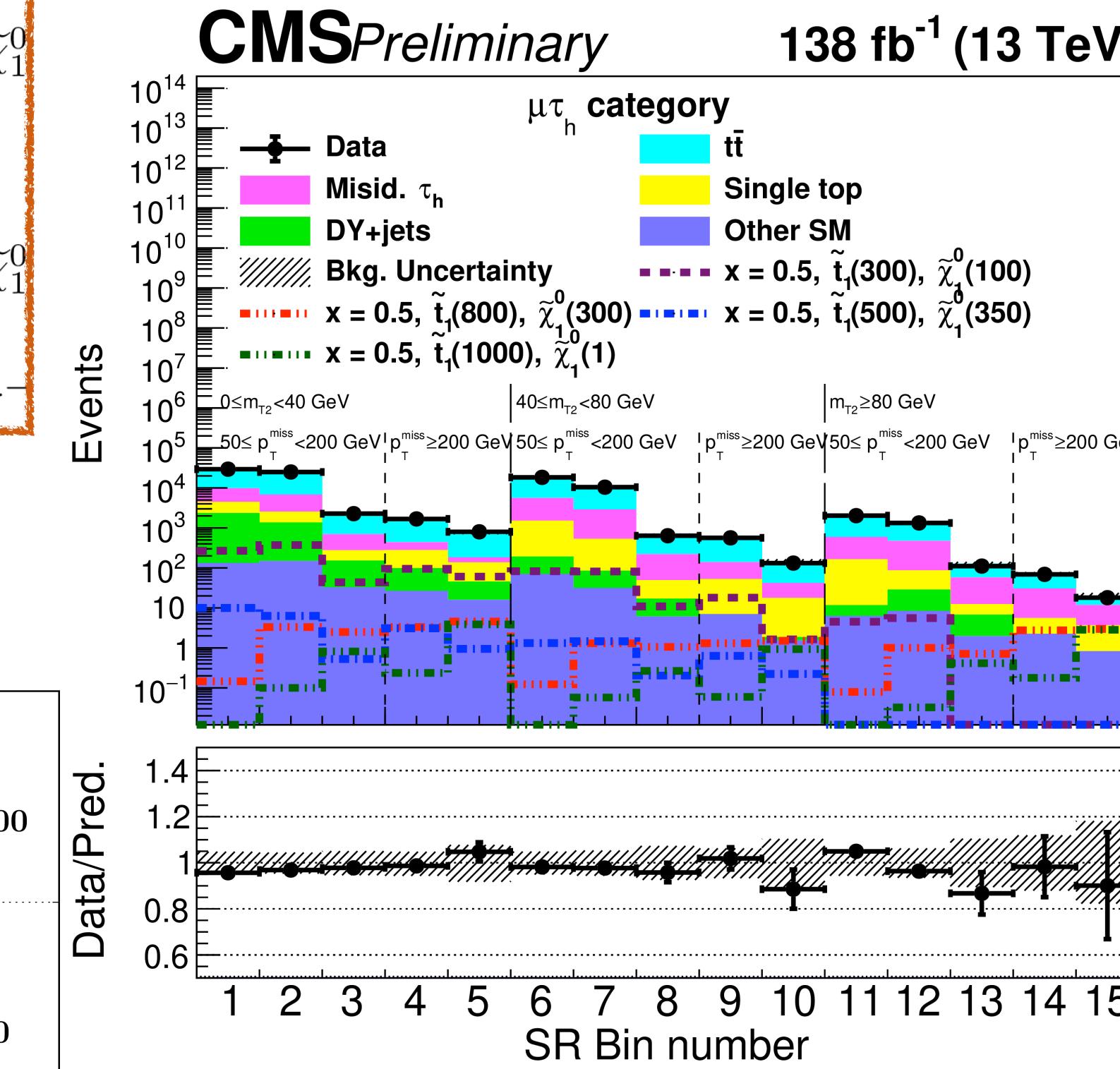
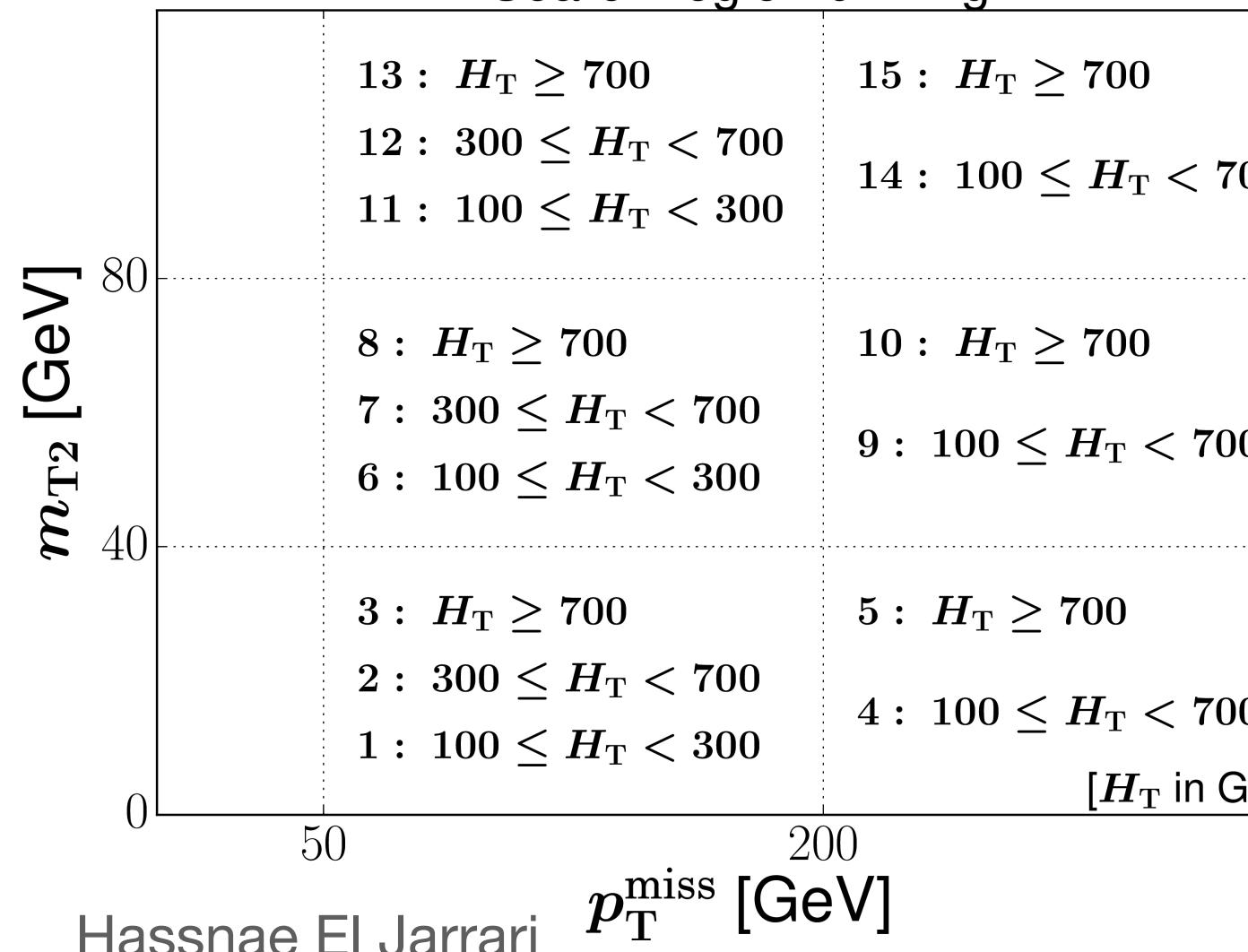
→ Using as assumption: $m_{\tilde{\tau}} = (m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0})/2$

- Highly sensitive to high $\tan(\beta)$ and higgsino-like scenarios.
- Exclusion limits on top squark and lightest neutrino masses under the assumption of simplified models.



- 15 bin signal region
- 3 categories: $e\tau_h$, $\mu\tau_h$, $\tau_h\tau_h$

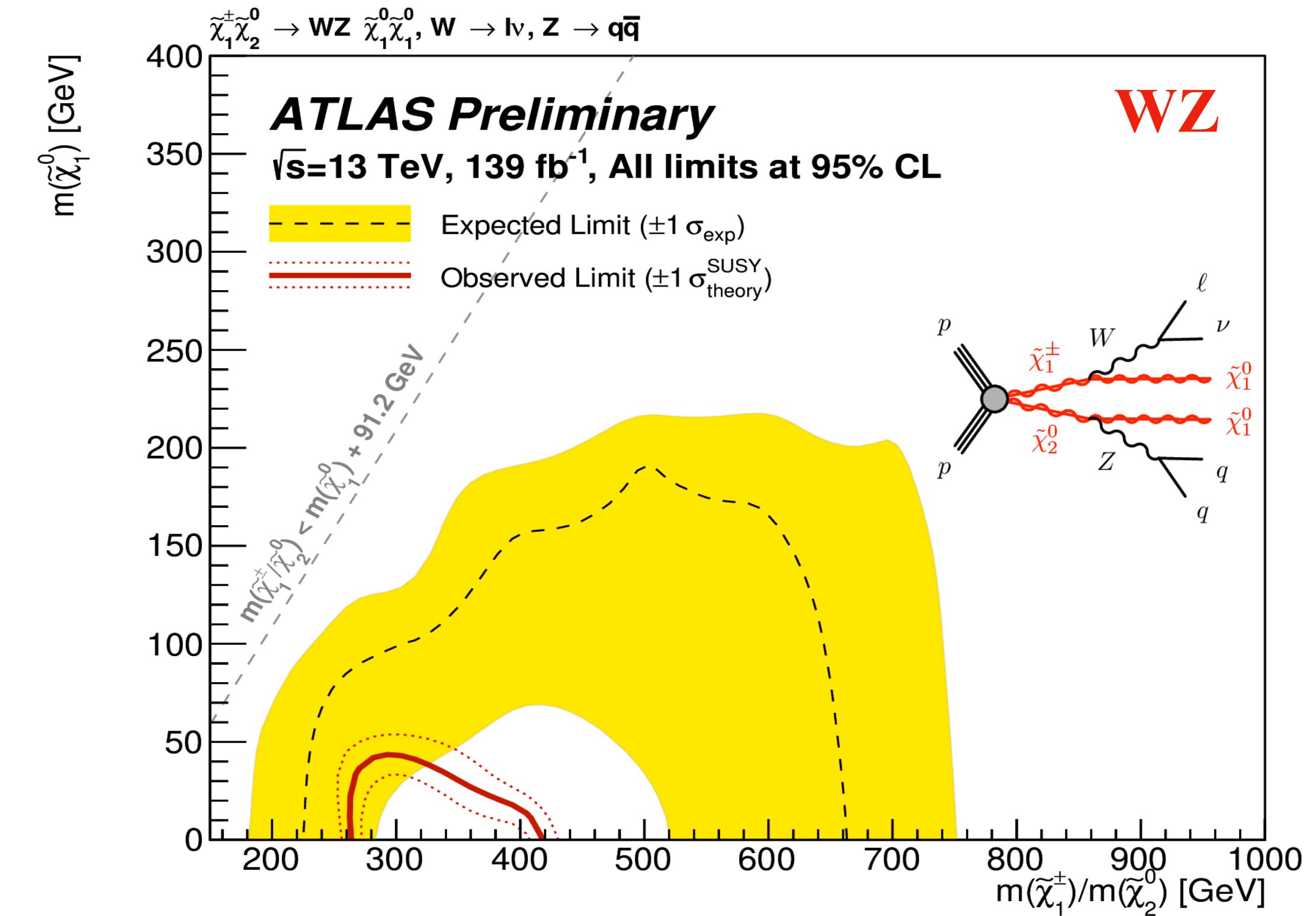
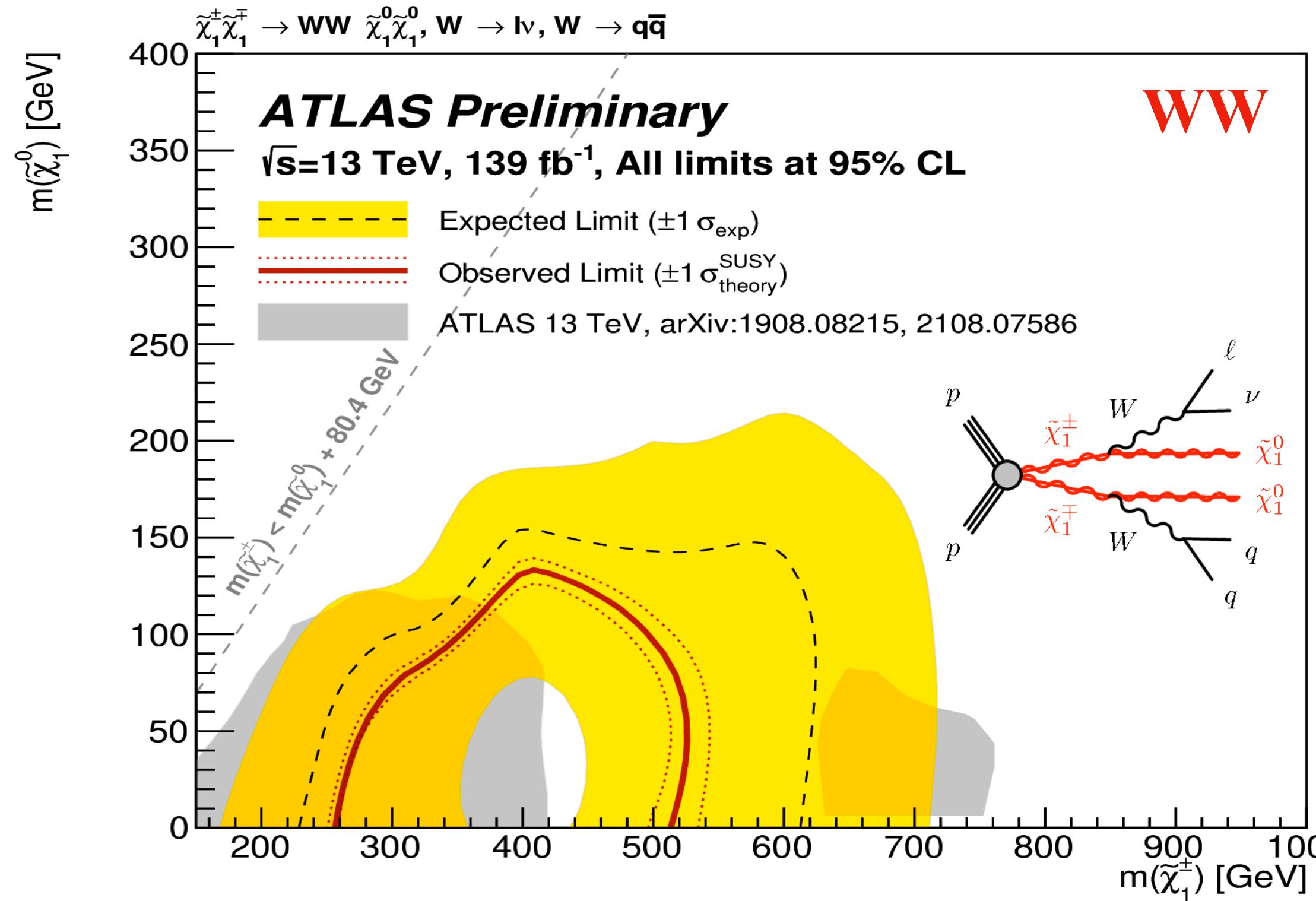
Search region binning



- Exclusion of top squark masses up to 1150 GeV for a nearly massless neutralino (1GeV LSP).
- LSP masses up to 450 GeV excluded for a top squark mass of 900 GeV.

Best sensitivity for such signal model

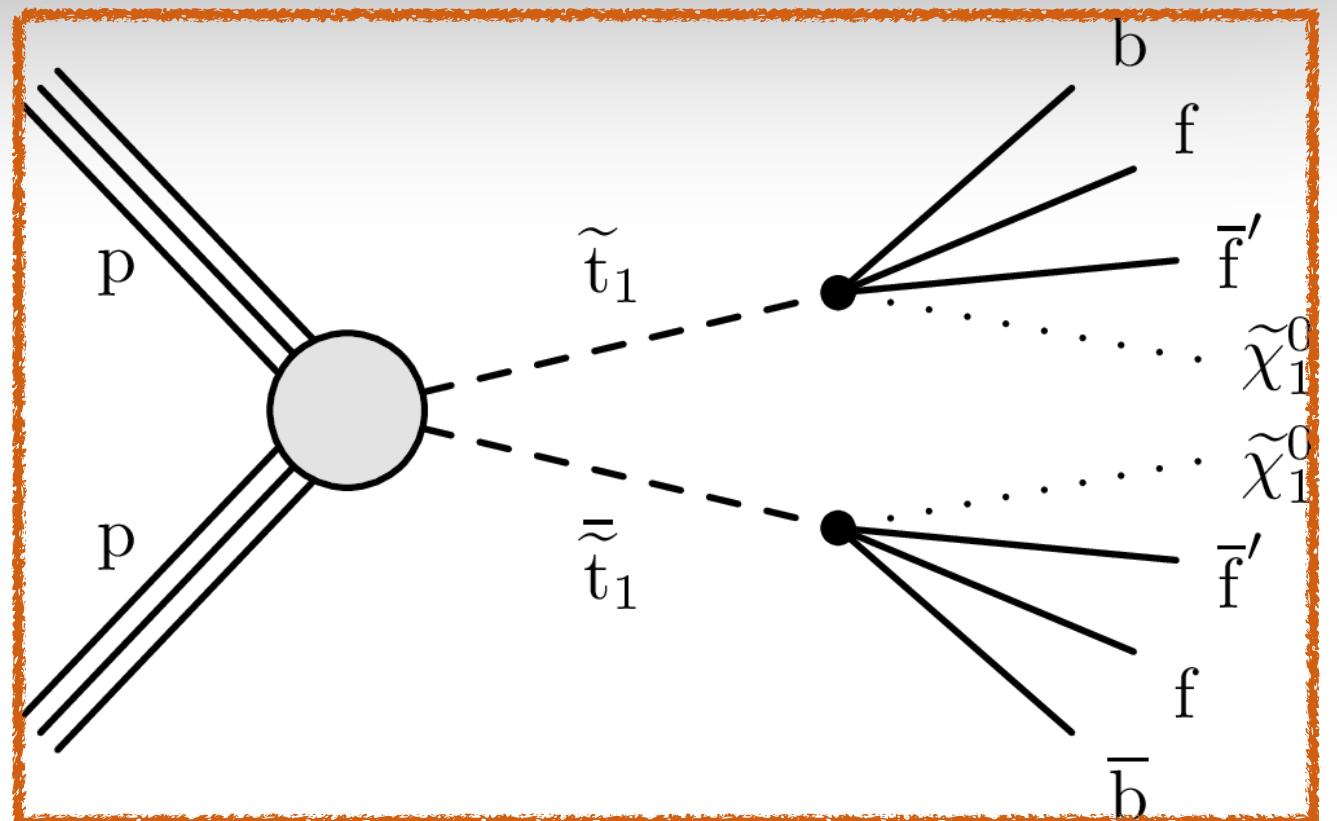
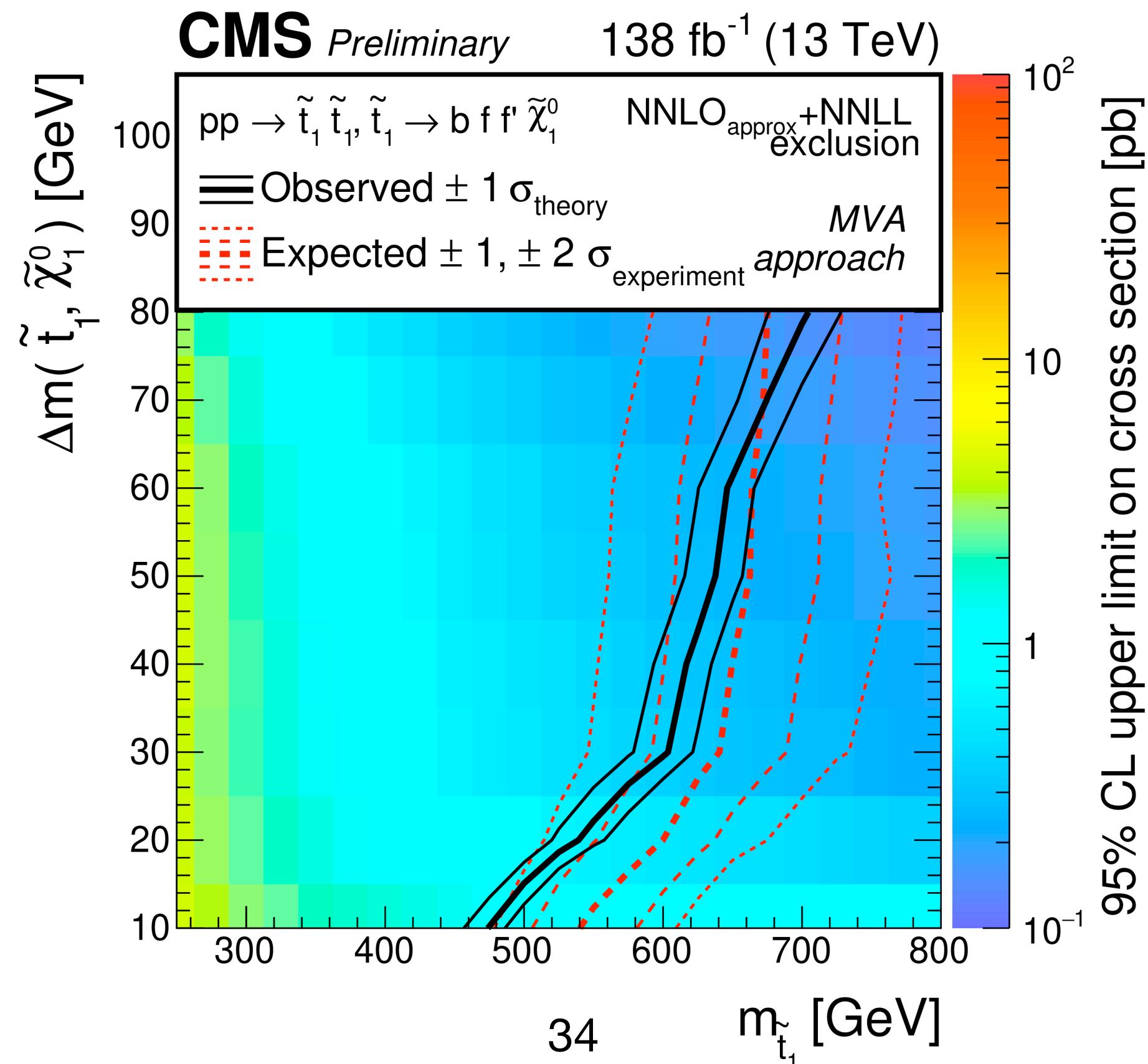
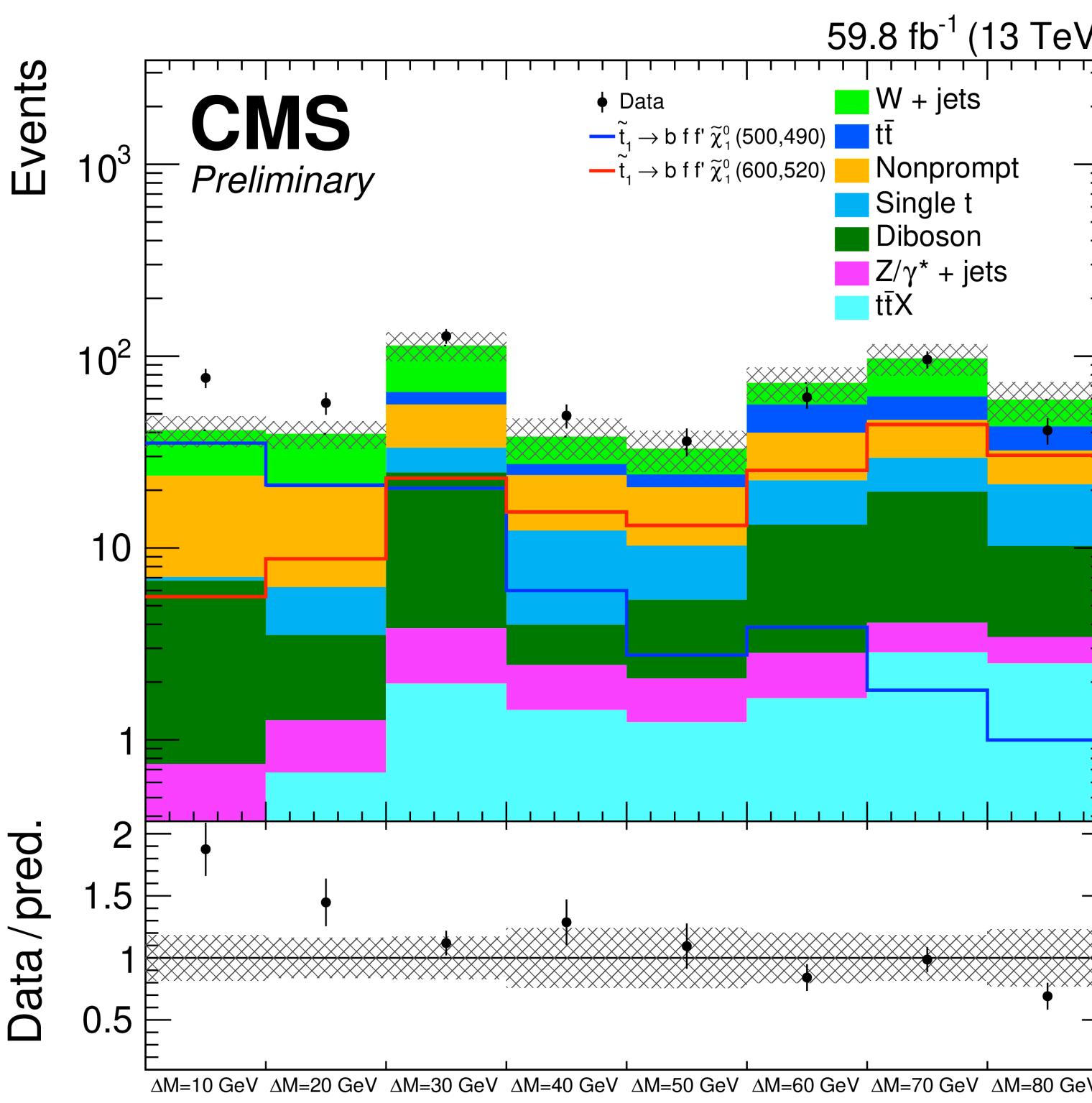
- ✓ Trigger: single lepton
- ✓ Dominant background: $W + \text{jets}$ and VV
- ✓ Signature: single isolated lepton, at least two jet, and missing transverse energy.



- ✓ WW: chargino masses 260-520 GeV can be excluded (for a massless neutralino).
- ✓ WZ: degenerate chargino/neutralino masses 260-420 GeV can be excluded (for a massless neutralino).

Best sensitivity in 1L2J

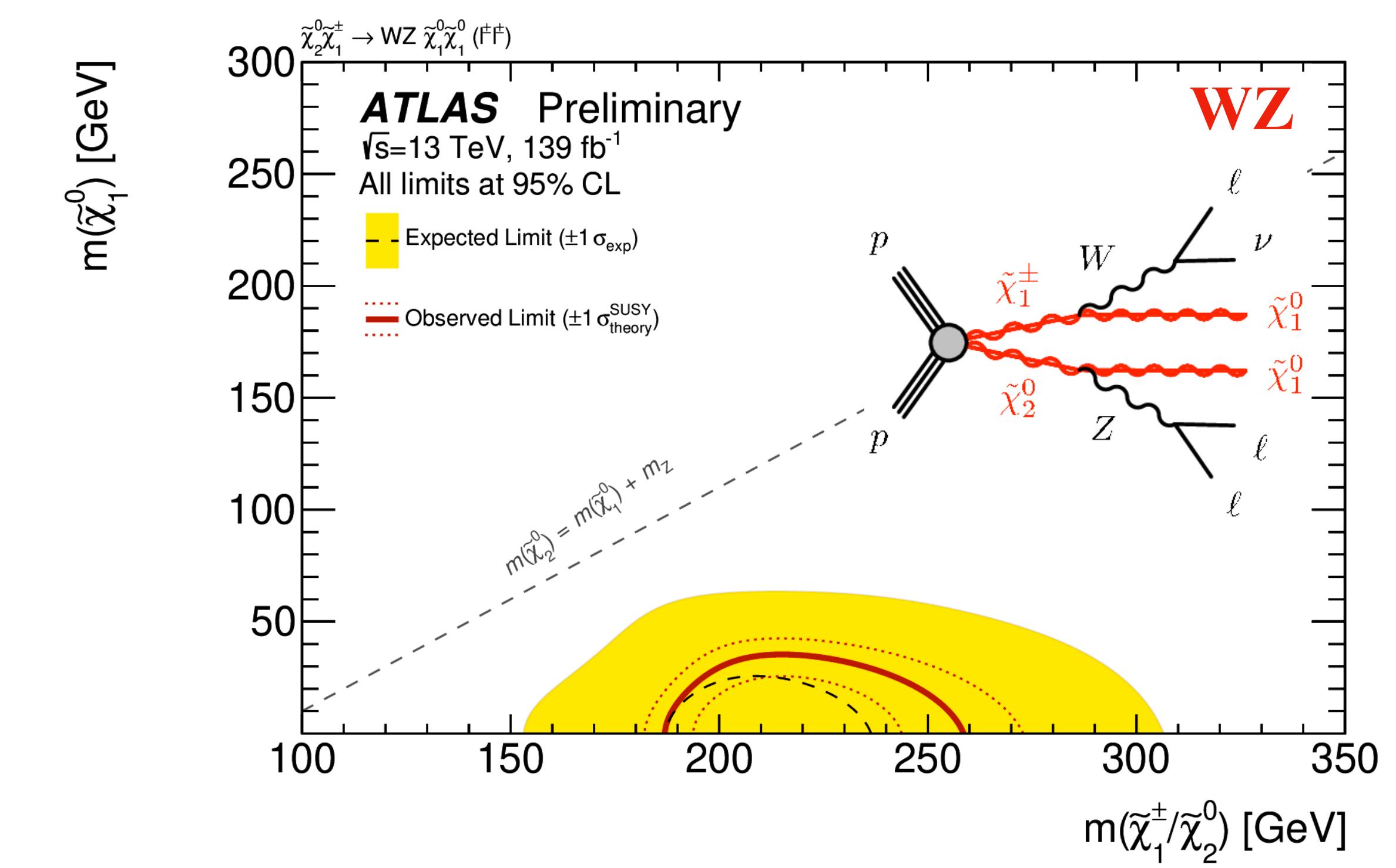
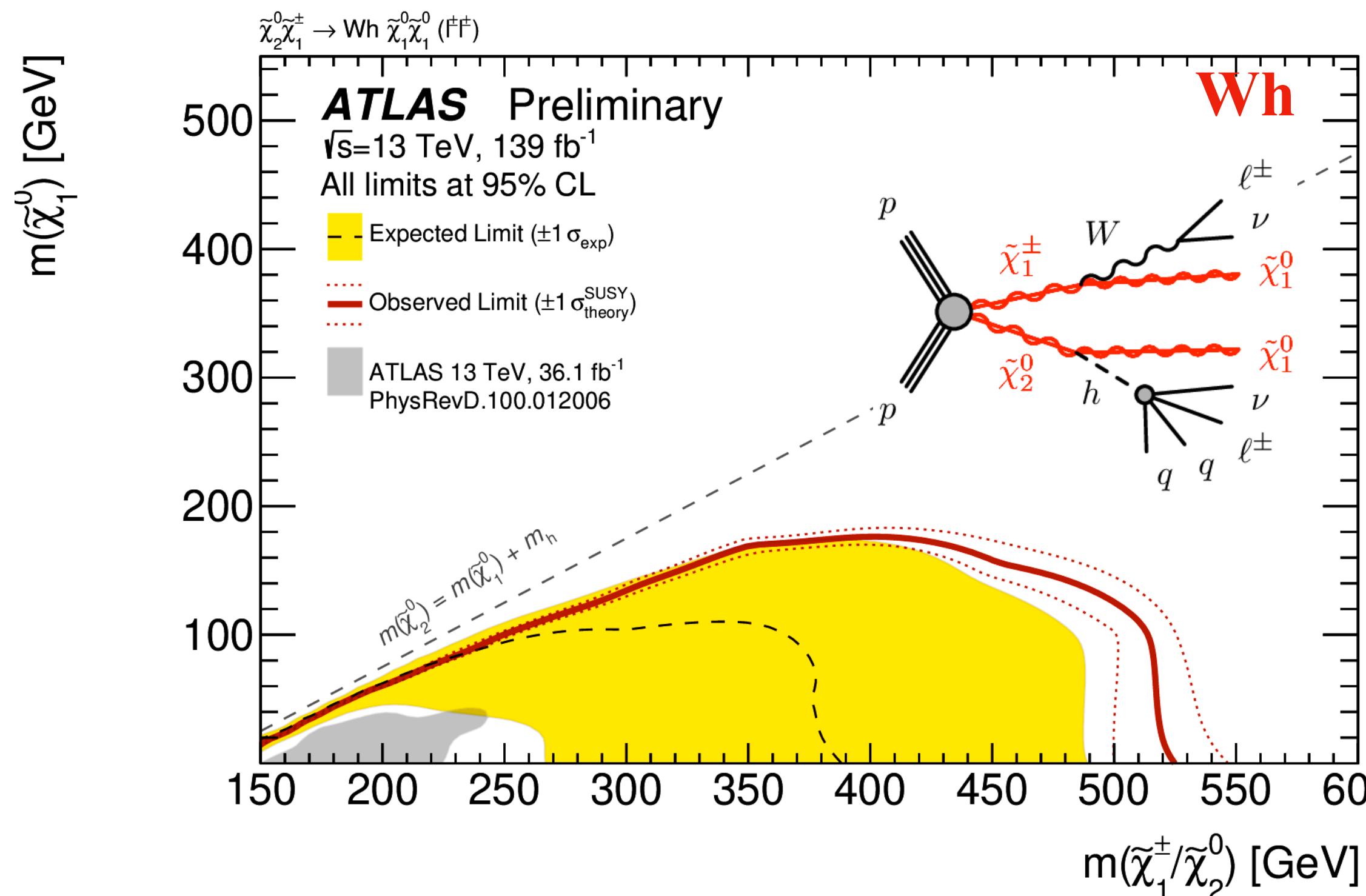
- Four-body decay of the \tilde{t}_1 : $b f \bar{f}' \tilde{\chi}_1^0$
- **Signature:** high p_T^{jet} , significant E_T^{miss} and low $p_T^{e||\mu}$
- Signal selected based on a multivariate approach (BDT) adapted to the $m(\tilde{t}_1) - m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)$ mass difference that should not exceed the W boson mass.
- Leading background processes ($W + jets$, $t\bar{t}$) are determined from data.



- Exclusion limits on the production cross section as a function of the \tilde{t}_1 and $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ masses under the assumption of simplified models.
- top squark masses excluded depending on the $\Delta m = m(\tilde{t}_1) - m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)$ mass difference.
- $\Delta m = 10 \text{ GeV} \Rightarrow$ up to 480 GeV excluded, $\Delta m = 80 \text{ GeV} \Rightarrow$ up to 700 GeV

Best sensitivity for such signal model

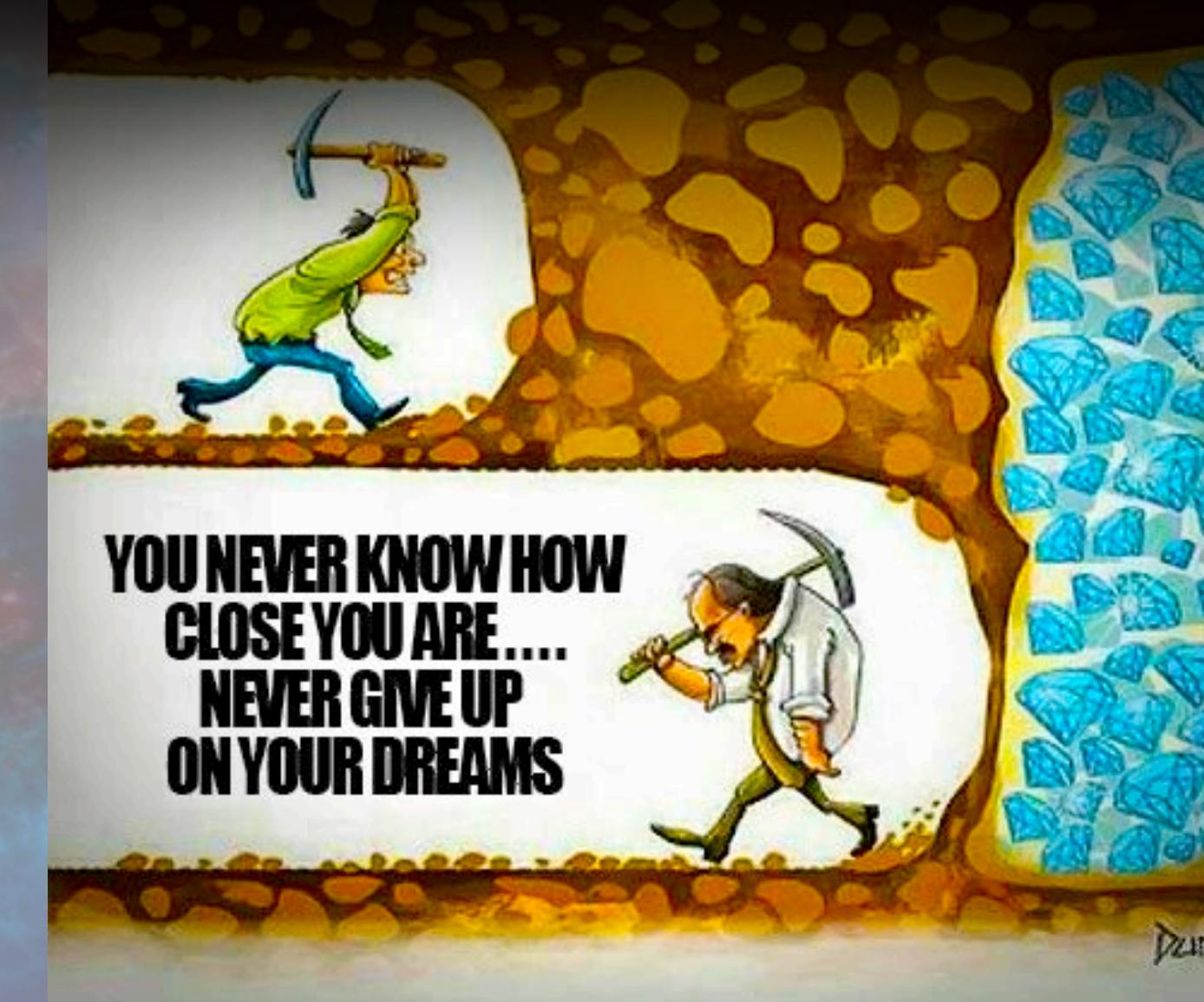
- ✓ Trigger: di-lepton+ E_T^{miss}
- ✓ Dominant background: WW and WZ
- ✓ Signature: Wino-bino production with Wh or WZ bosons (a pair of isolated light leptons (same sign), $m_{jj} < 350$ GeV (to reduce WW))



- ✓ wino masses up to 525 GeV and 260 GeV are excluded (for Wh and WZ respectively).
- ✓ Higgsino masses smaller than 440 GeV are excluded

Best sensitivity in 2-SSL

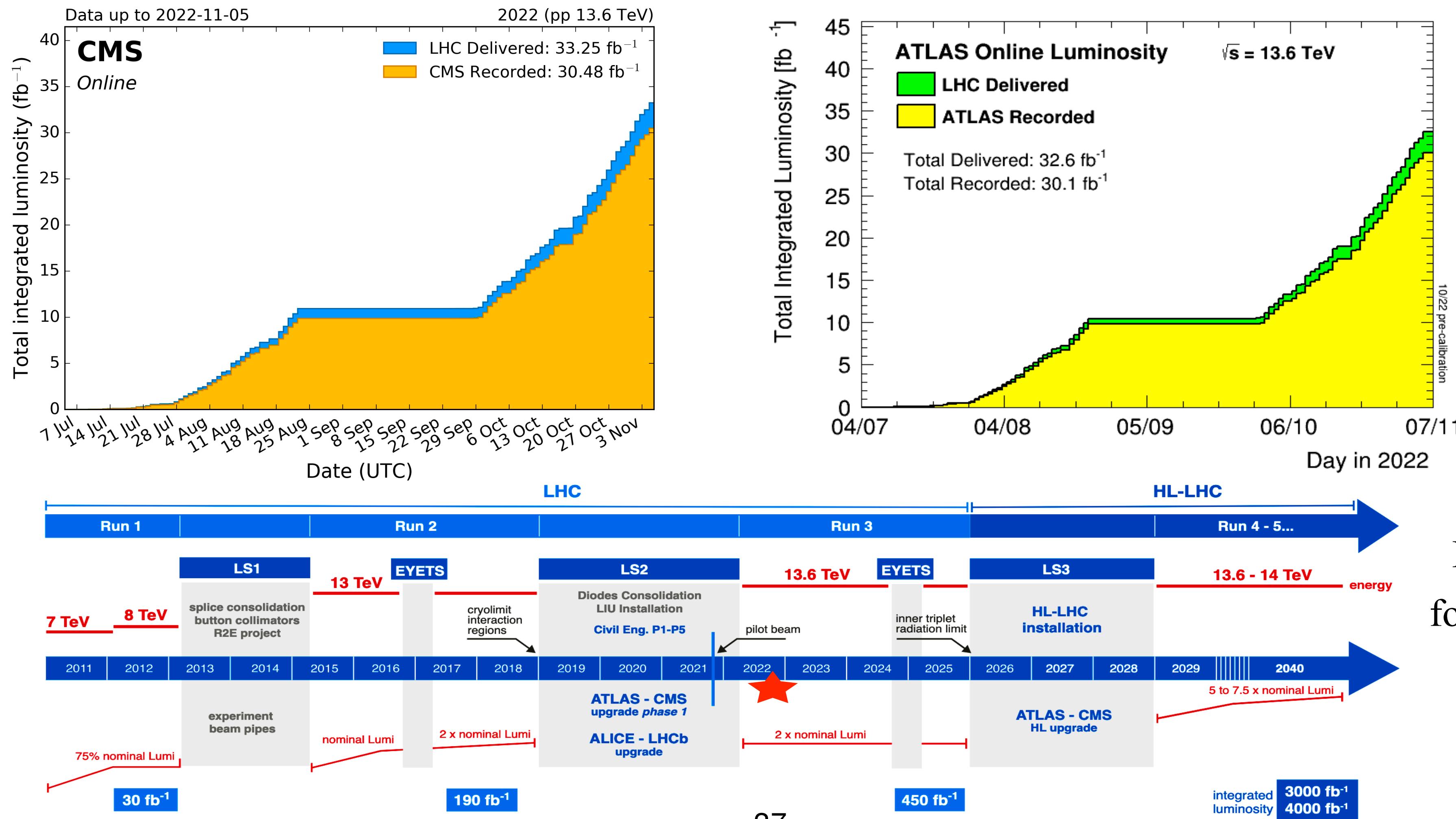
ATLAS and CMS Dark Matter Searches: Future Opportunities



The LHC Timelines

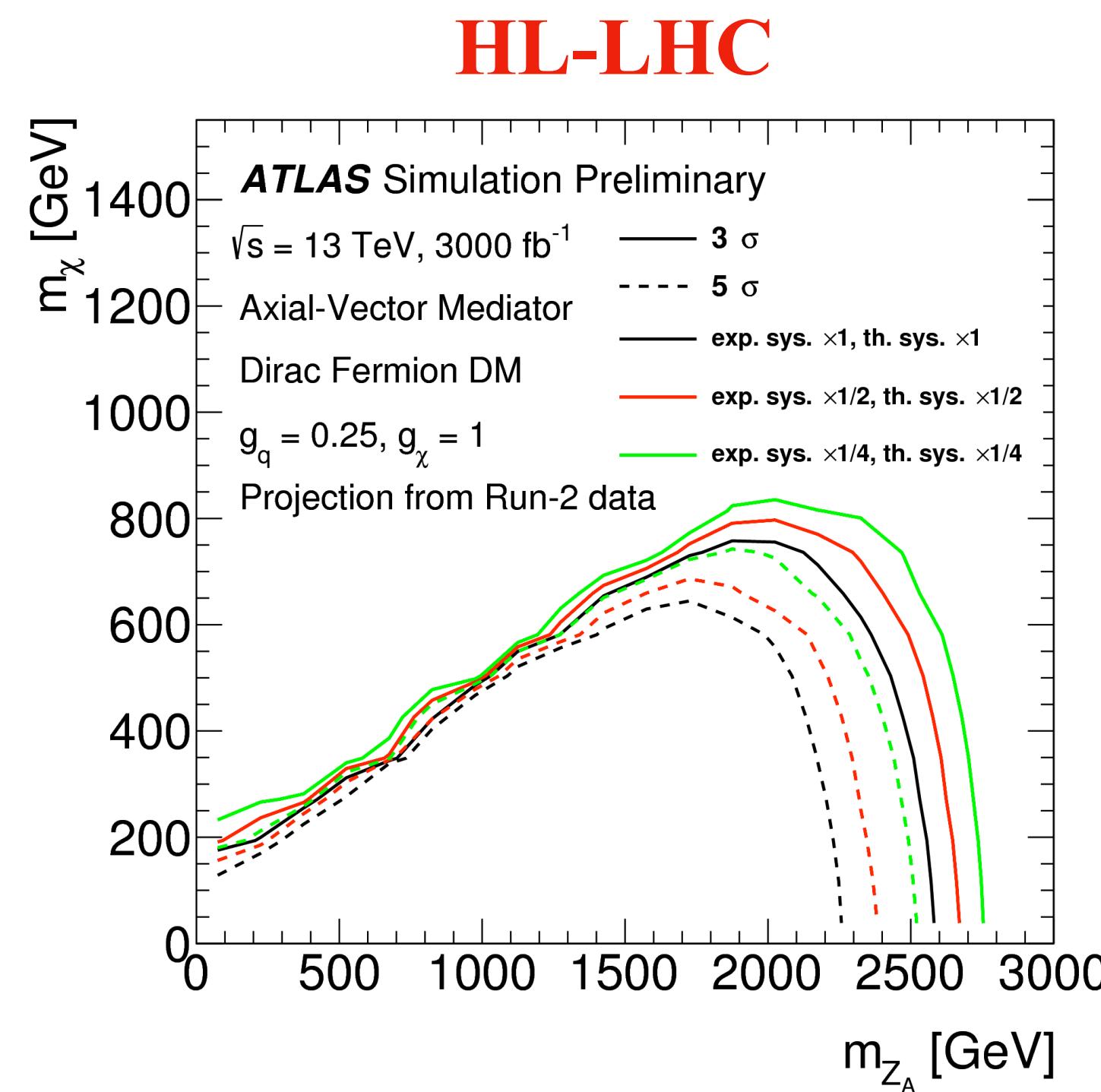
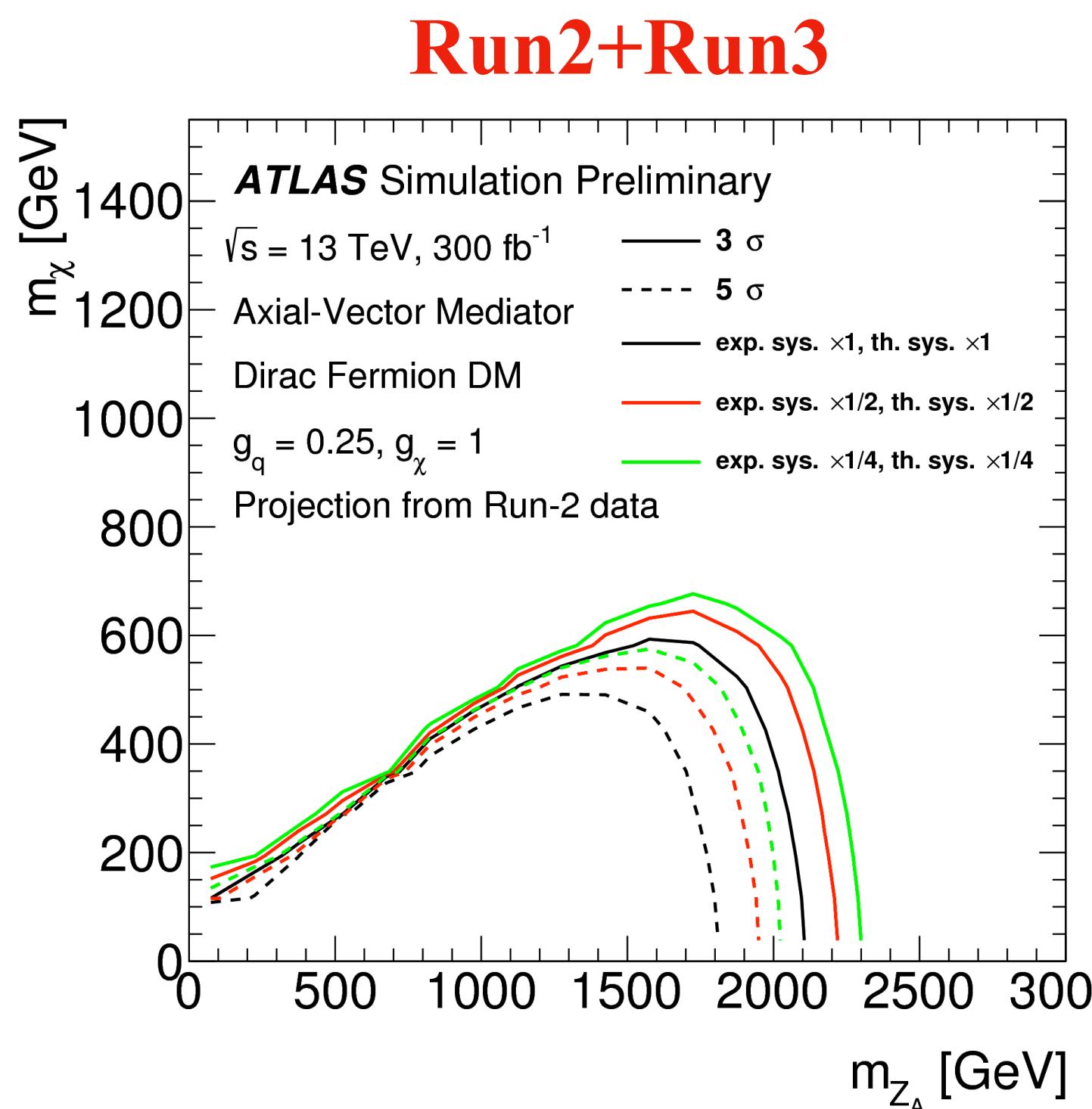
LHC $\sqrt{s} = 13.6$ TeV RUN3 is ongoing.

- Higgs production rate ($\sigma * L$) 7% larger than Run2.
- Total ~50M Higgs to be produced by the end of RUN3.



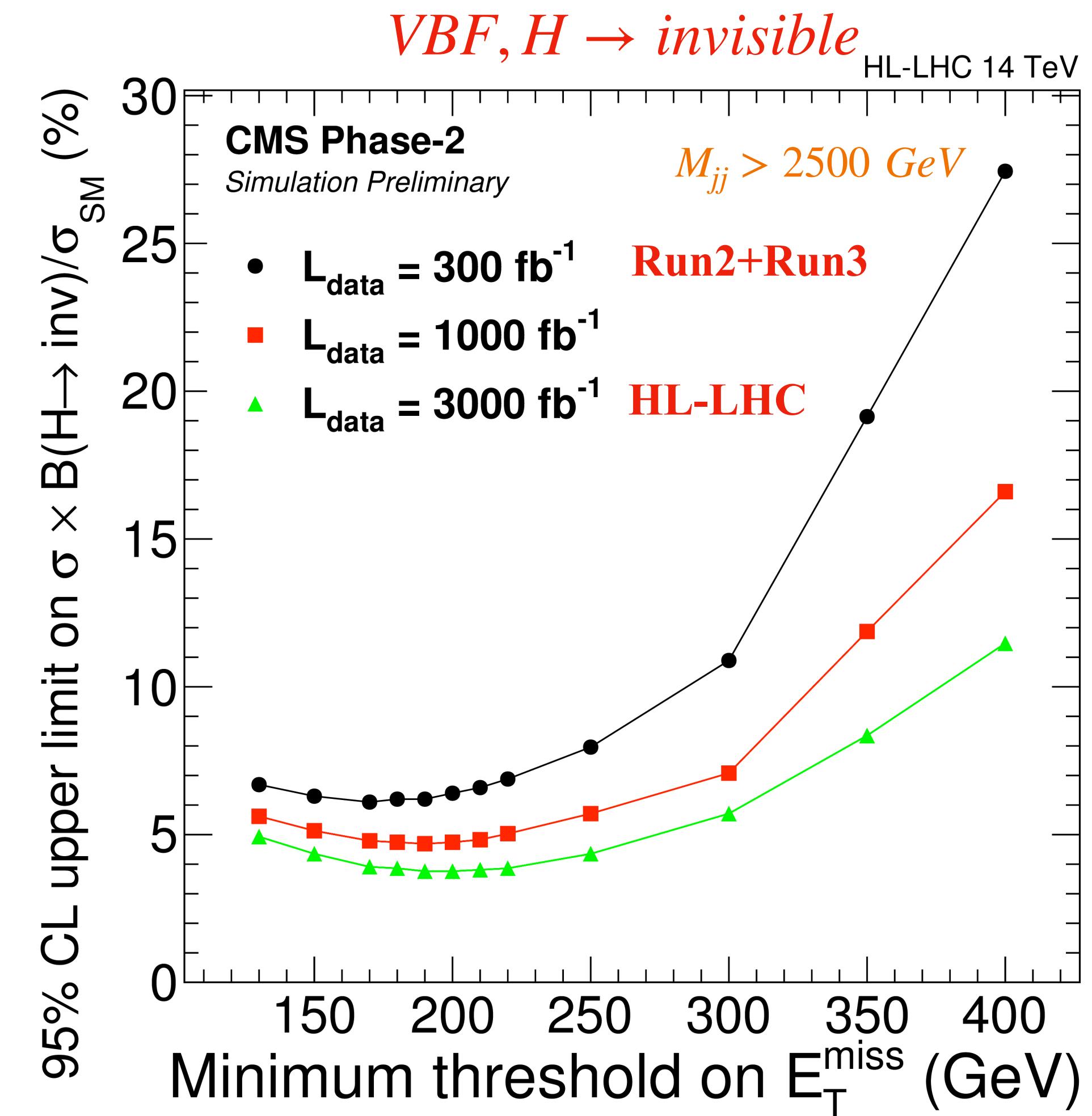
Future improvement

- Extrapolation from current results to 300 fb^{-1} (Run2+Run3) and 3000 fb^{-1} (HL-LHC) show the reach in DM searches
- Impact of different systematic uncertainties scenarios was investigated

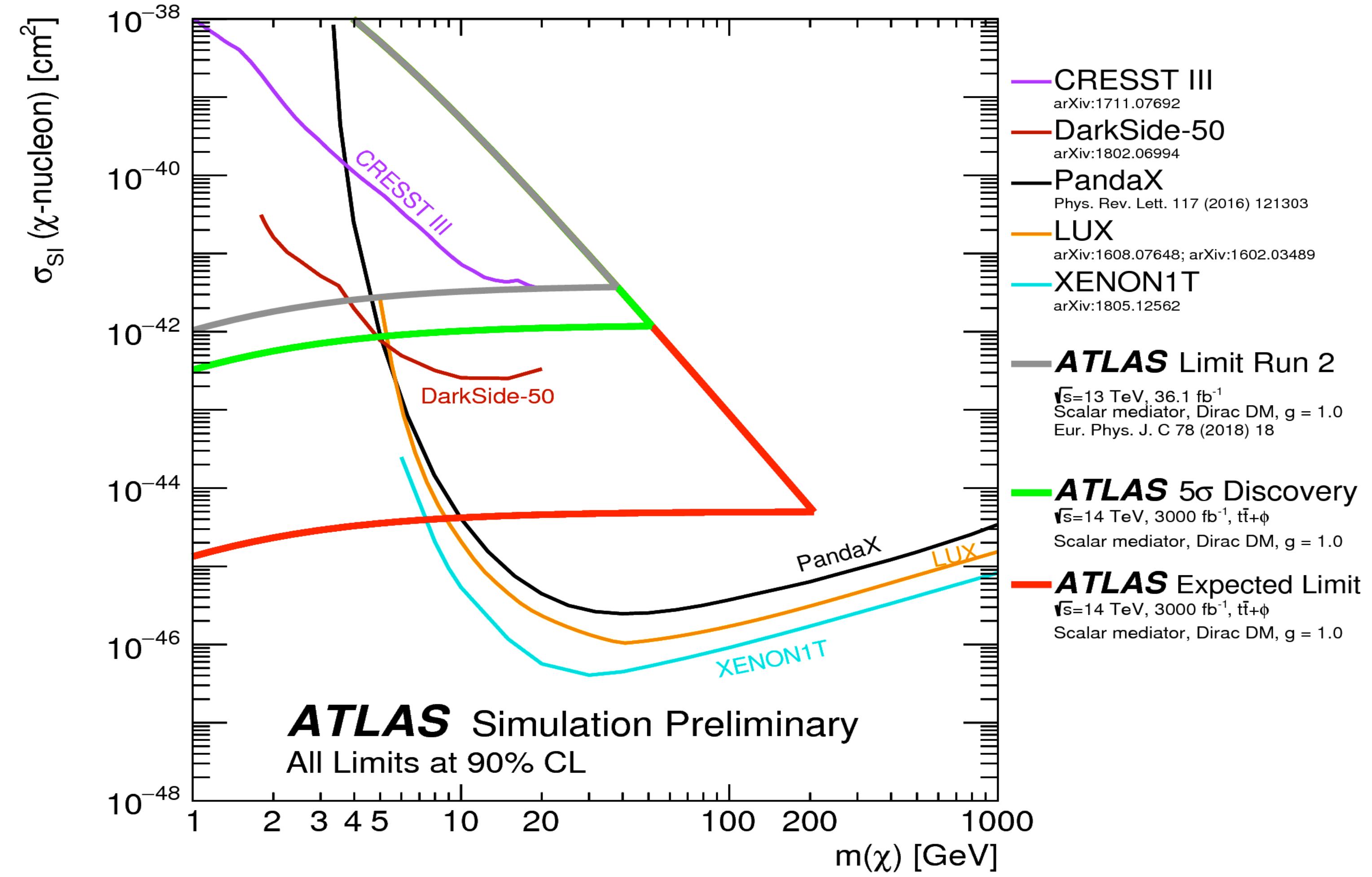


Mono-jet search (one of the most systematic-limited DM analyses):

Expected 3σ (solid) and 5σ (dashed) discovery contours on the (m_χ, m_{Z_A}) mass plane



Heavy quarks:
Comparison of the spin-independent DM-nucleon cross-section as a function of DM mass, to the DD experiments



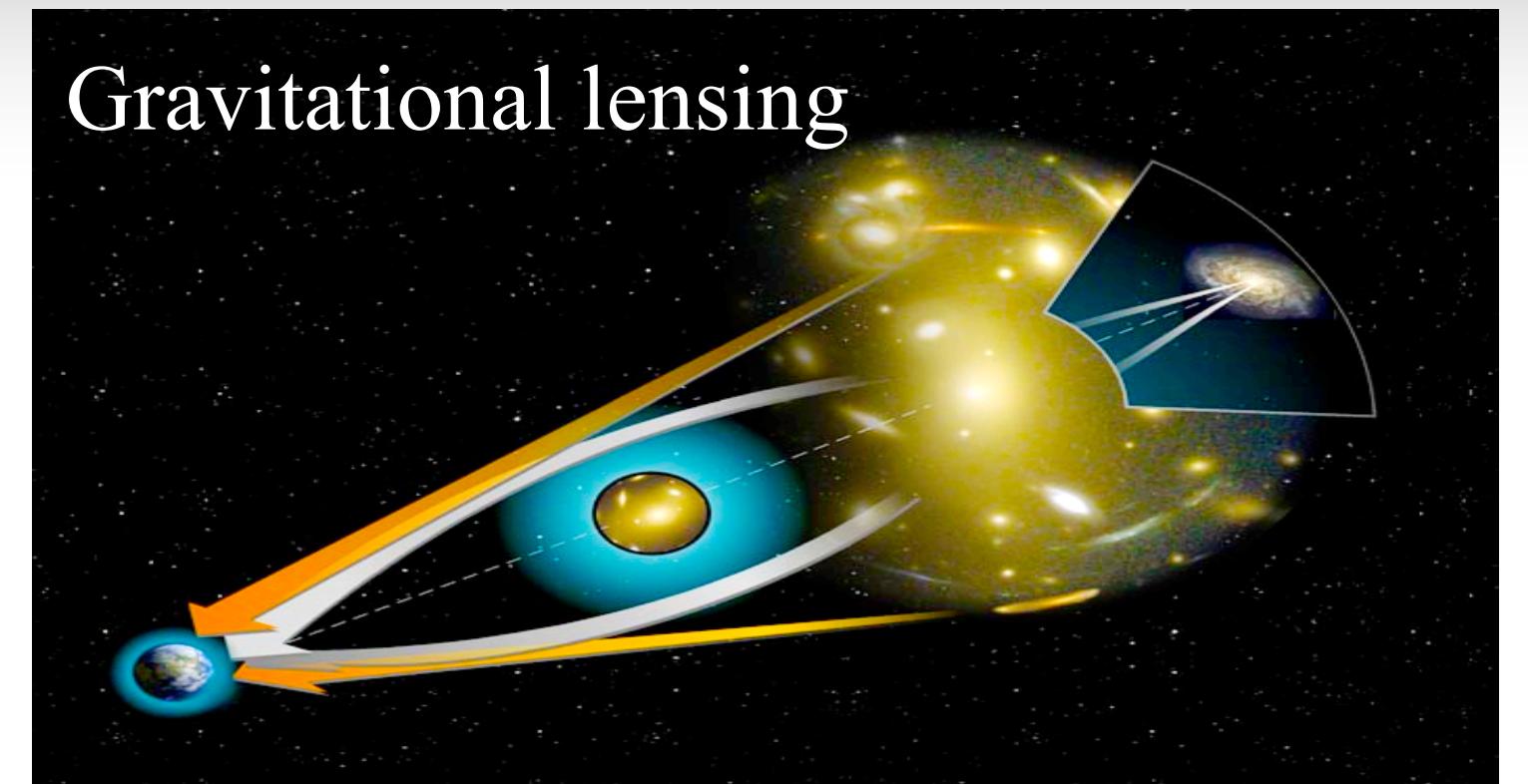
Conclusion

- Both astrophysical and terrestrial searches are needed to uncover a complete dark matter model.
- Many signatures were explored thanks to excellent detector performance
- Wide range of parameter space investigated by ATLAS and CMS, no hint so far
- No significant excess of events above SM background prediction with the current LHC Run 2 data.
- Observed complementarity with non-collider DM searches.
- ATLAS and CMS ATLAS underwent several upgrades during the Long Shutdown 2.
- All legacy and upgraded components (re)commissioned using splashes and pp collision data
- The LHC delivered the stable proton-proton collisions at 13.6 TeV, on July 5, starting Run 3
- Stay tuned for new Run 3 ATLAS and CMS results



Thank you

Dark Matter

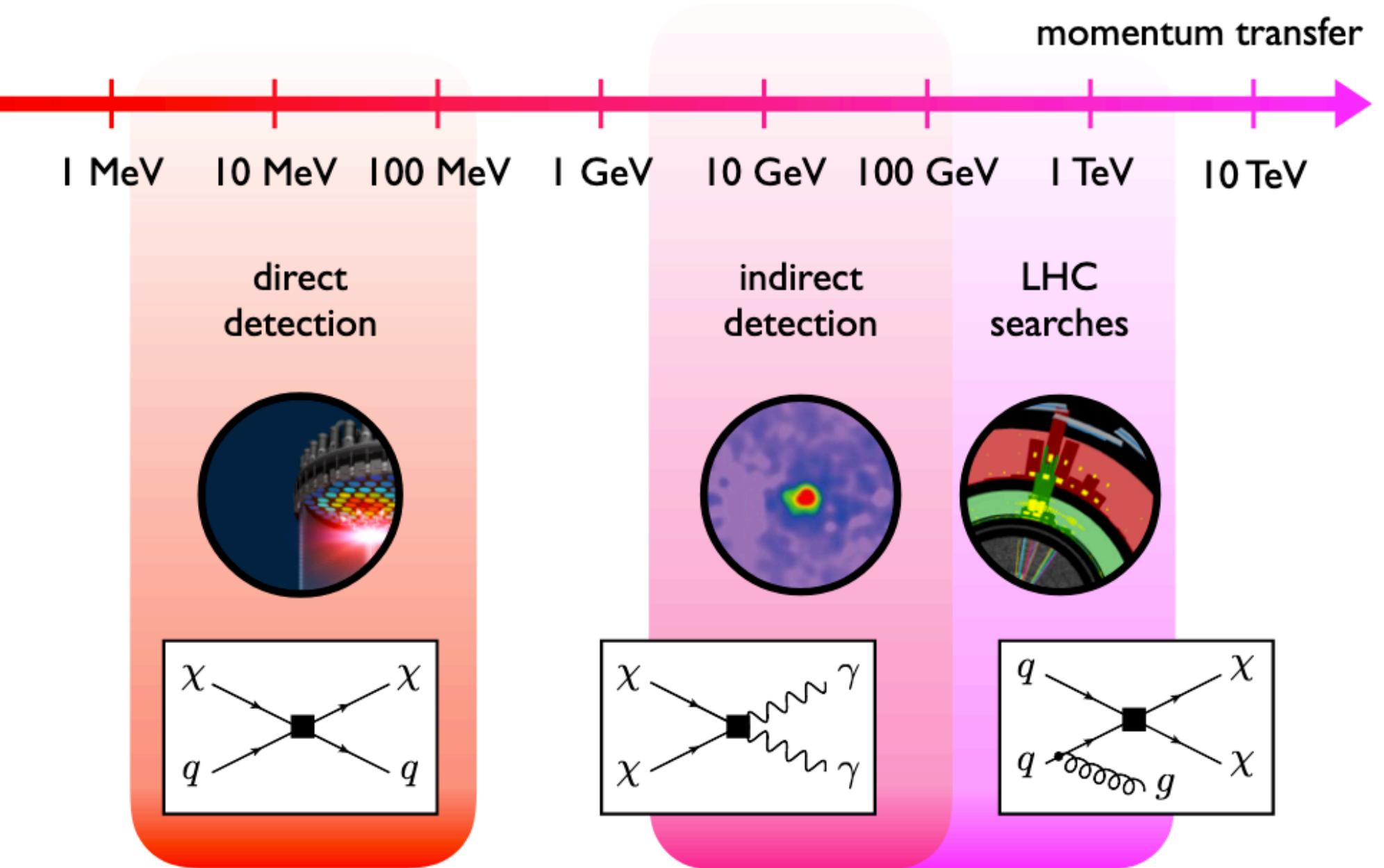


What do we know about DM ?

- Stable
- Massive
- Non-baryonic
- Electrically neutral
- No SM candidate
- 85% of all matter in the Universe
- Sensitive to gravitational interactions

Dark Matter Detection

Range of momenta probed in DD,
ID experiments and LHC searches



[arXiv:1810.09420](https://arxiv.org/abs/1810.09420)

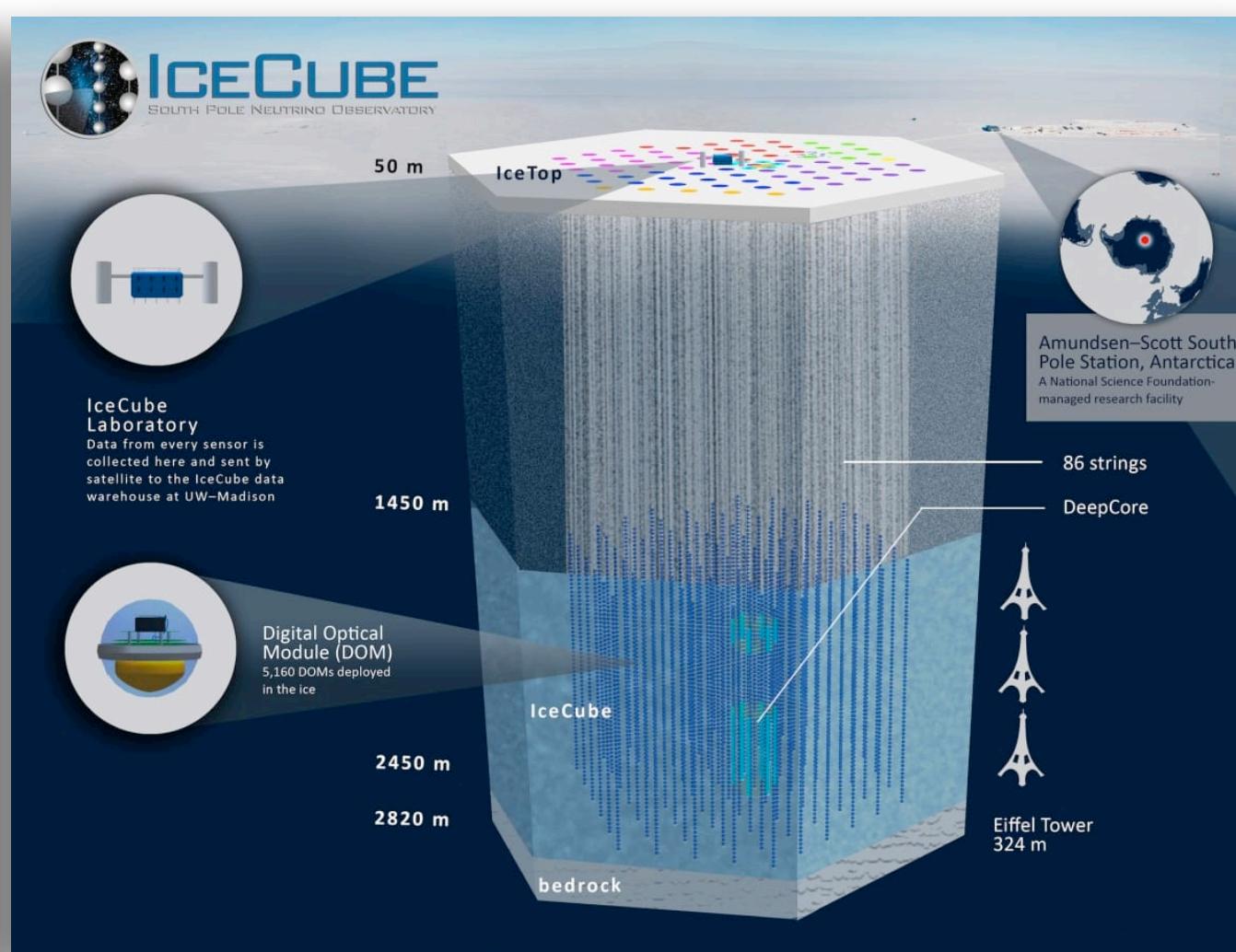
Dark Matter Detection

DM-SM weak interaction enables different searches:

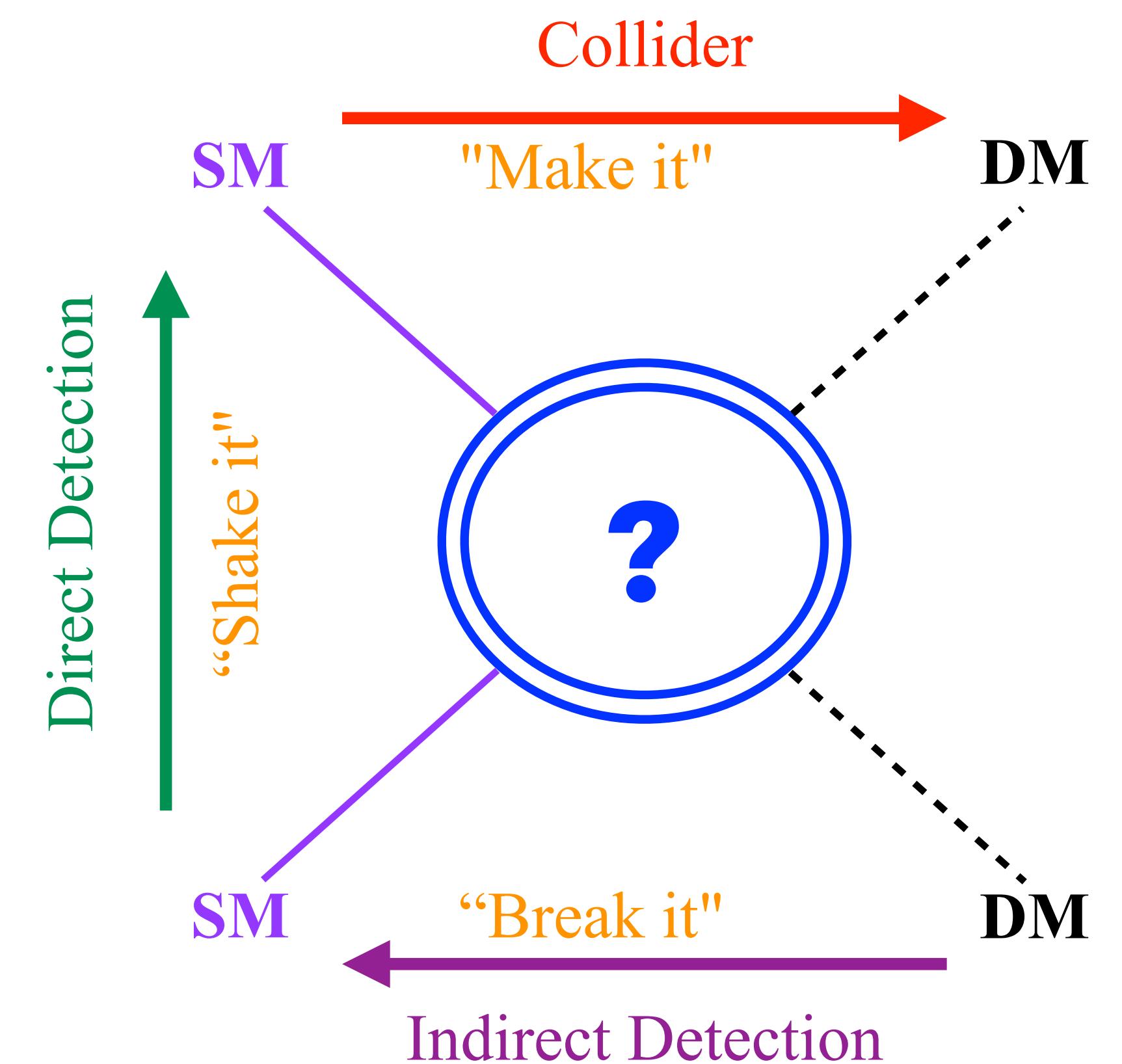
- **Indirect Detection (ID):** products from DM annihilation



HESS



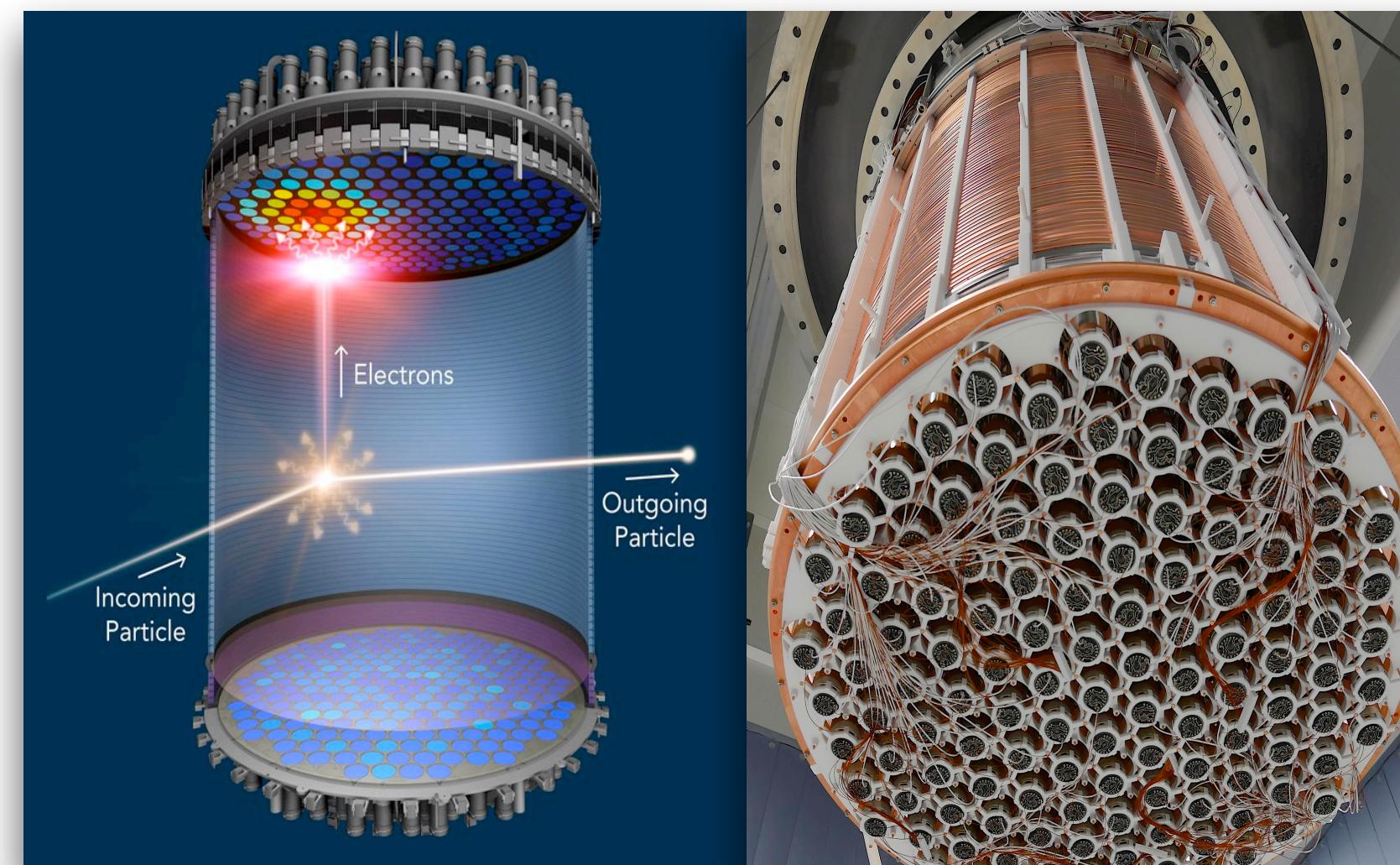
IceCube



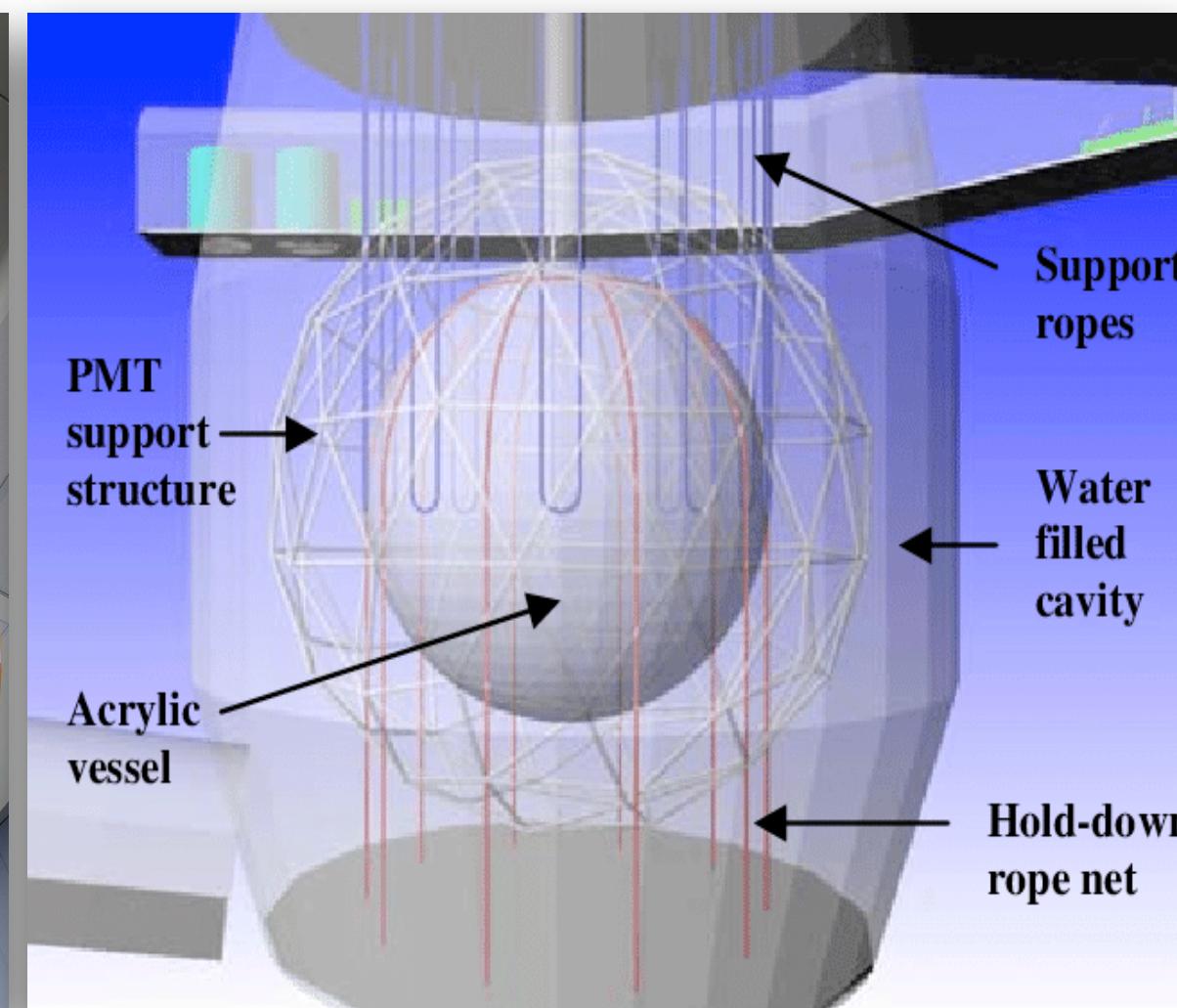
Dark Matter Detection

DM-SM weak interaction enables different searches:

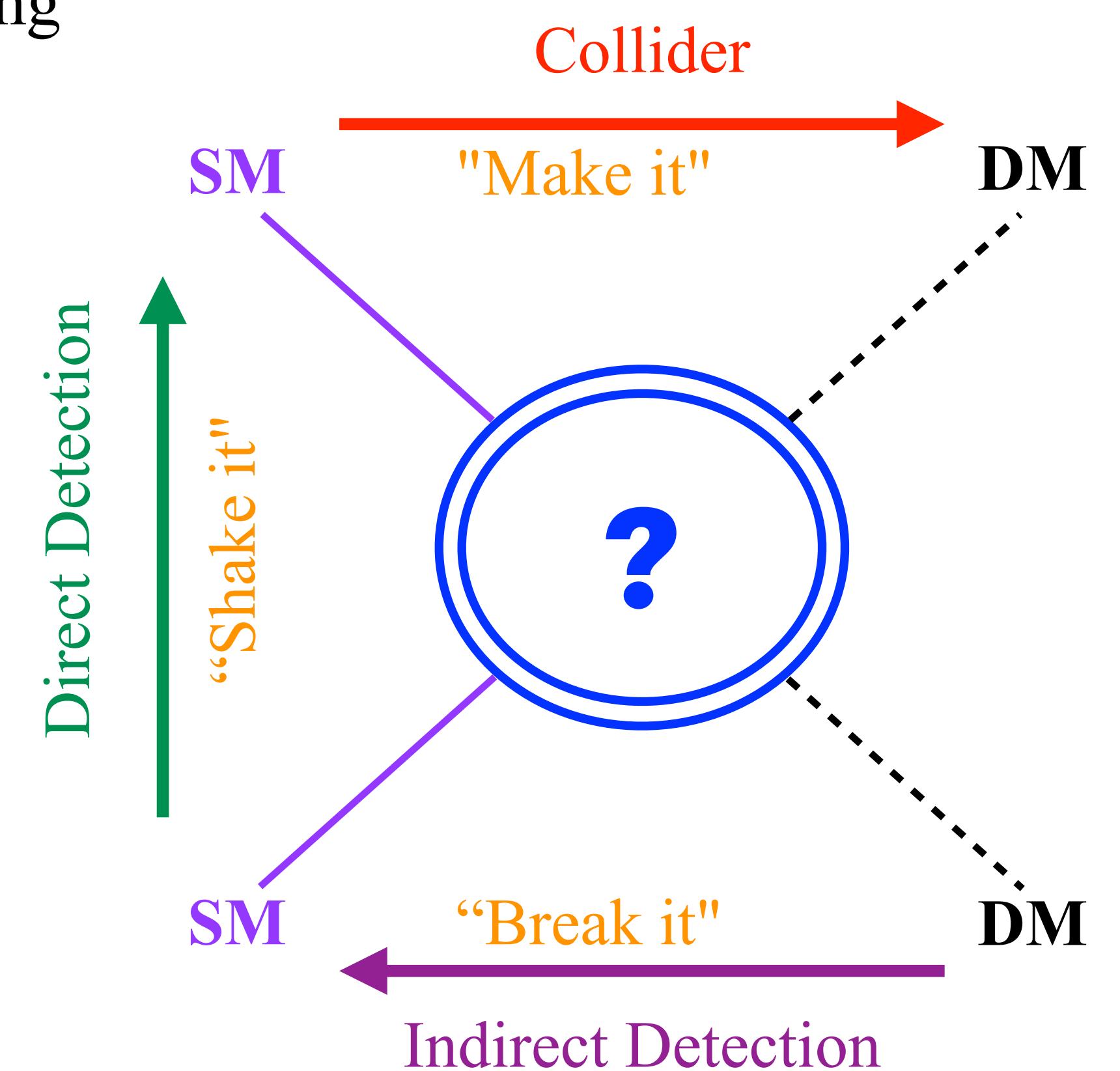
- **Indirect Detection (ID):** products from DM annihilation
- **Direct Detection (DD):** nuclear recoils from DM-nuclei scattering



XENON



SNOLAB



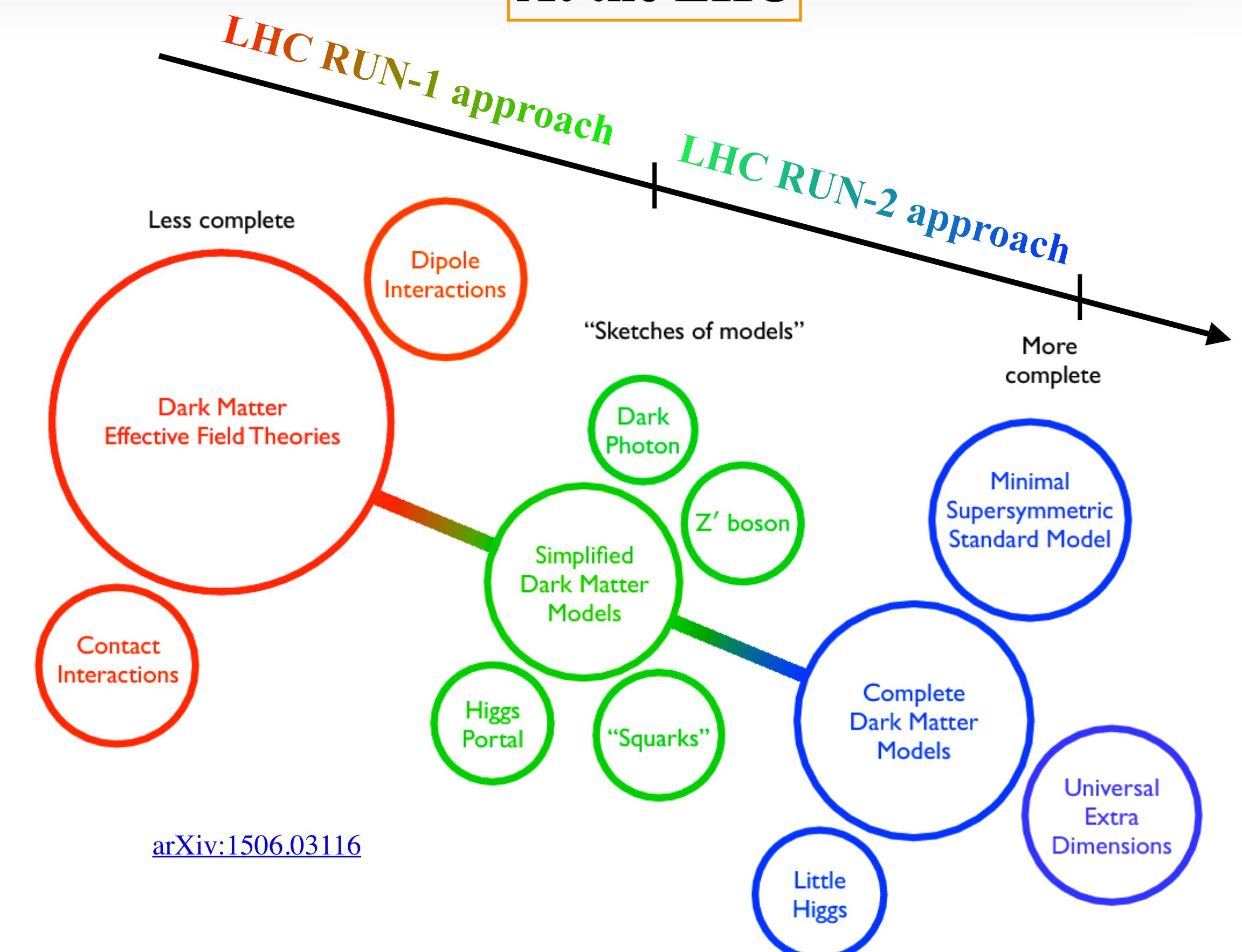
Dark Matter Models

Theories of Dark Matter



Perhaps a new dark sector consisting of many DM particles

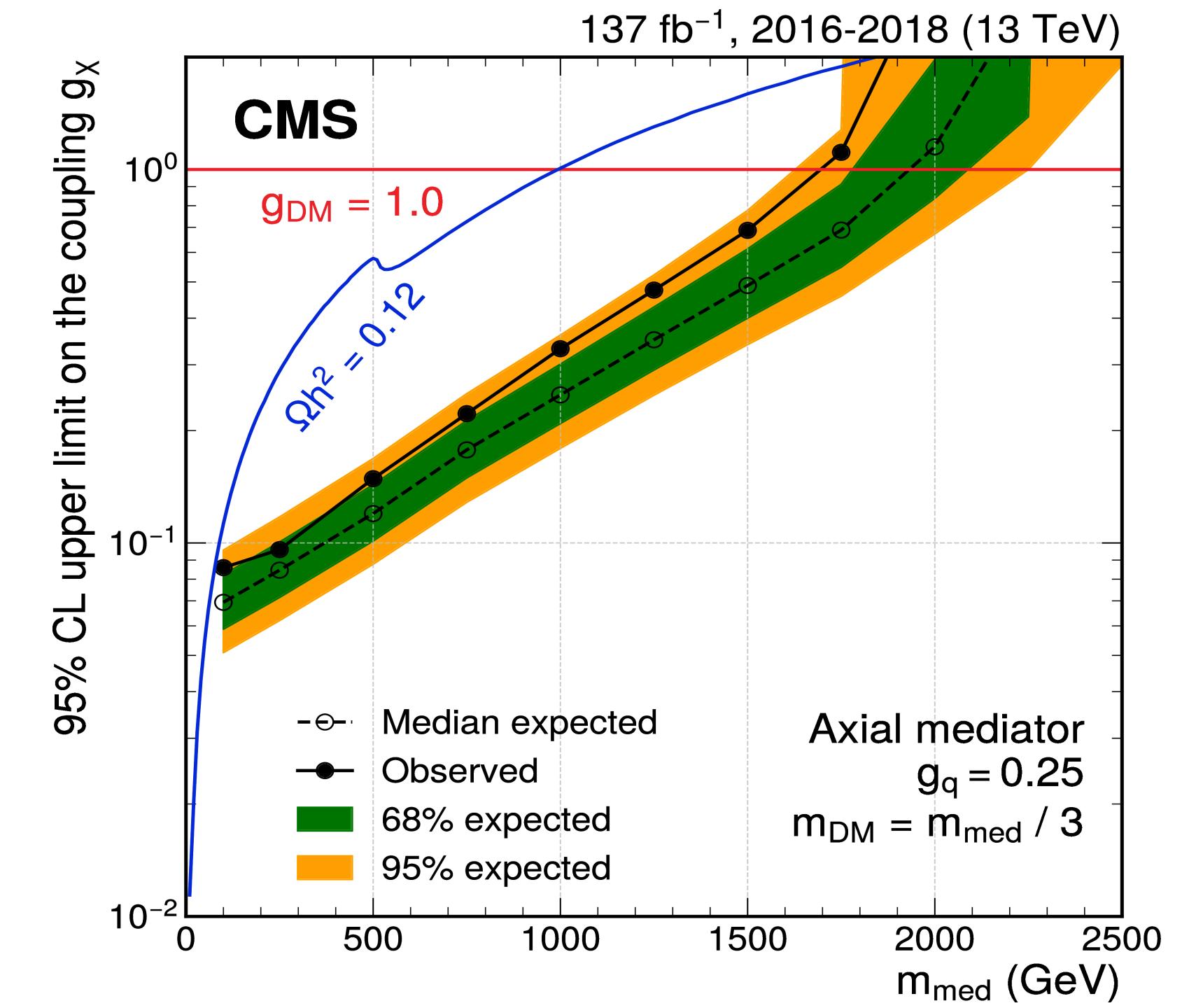
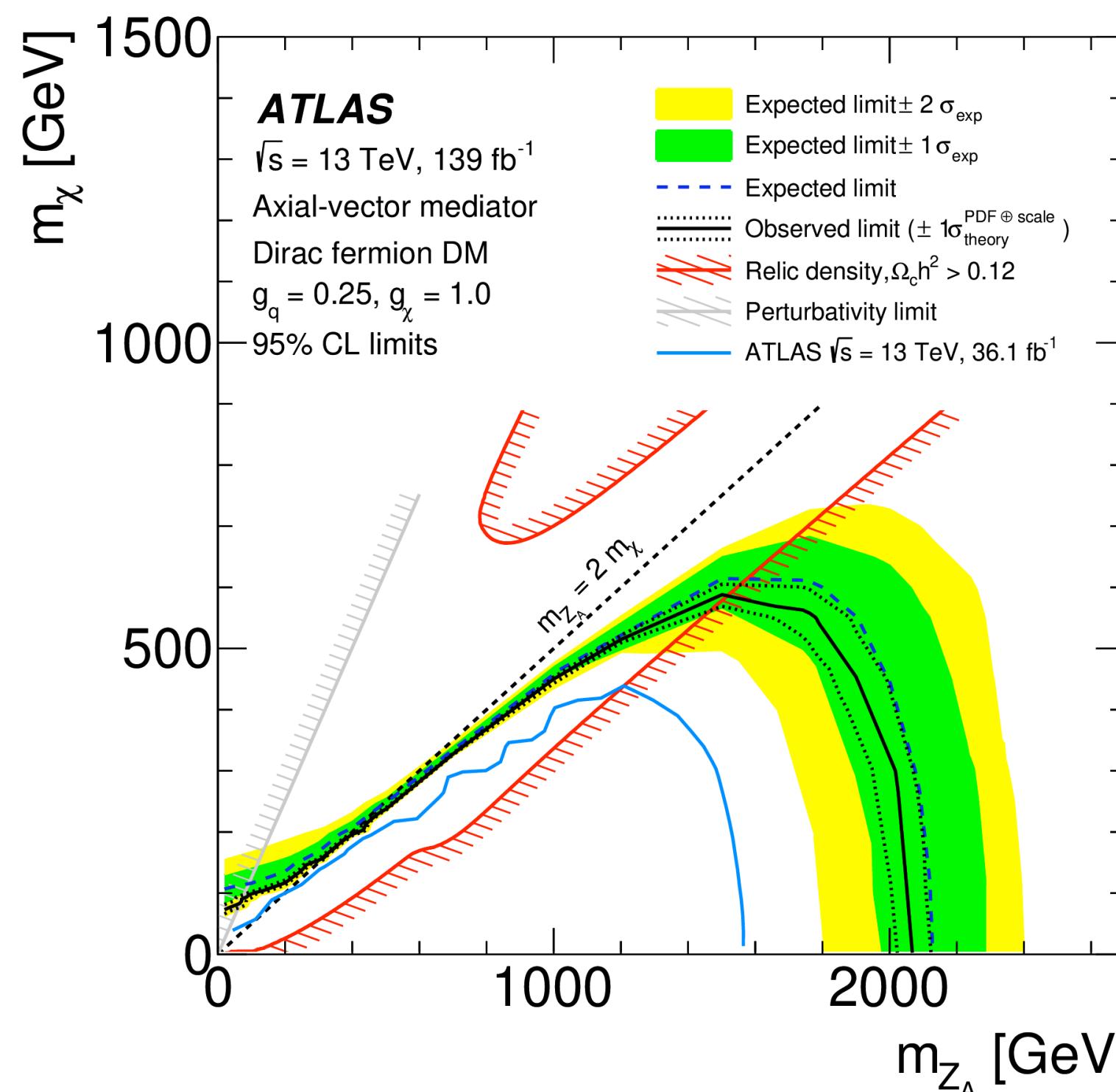
At the LHC



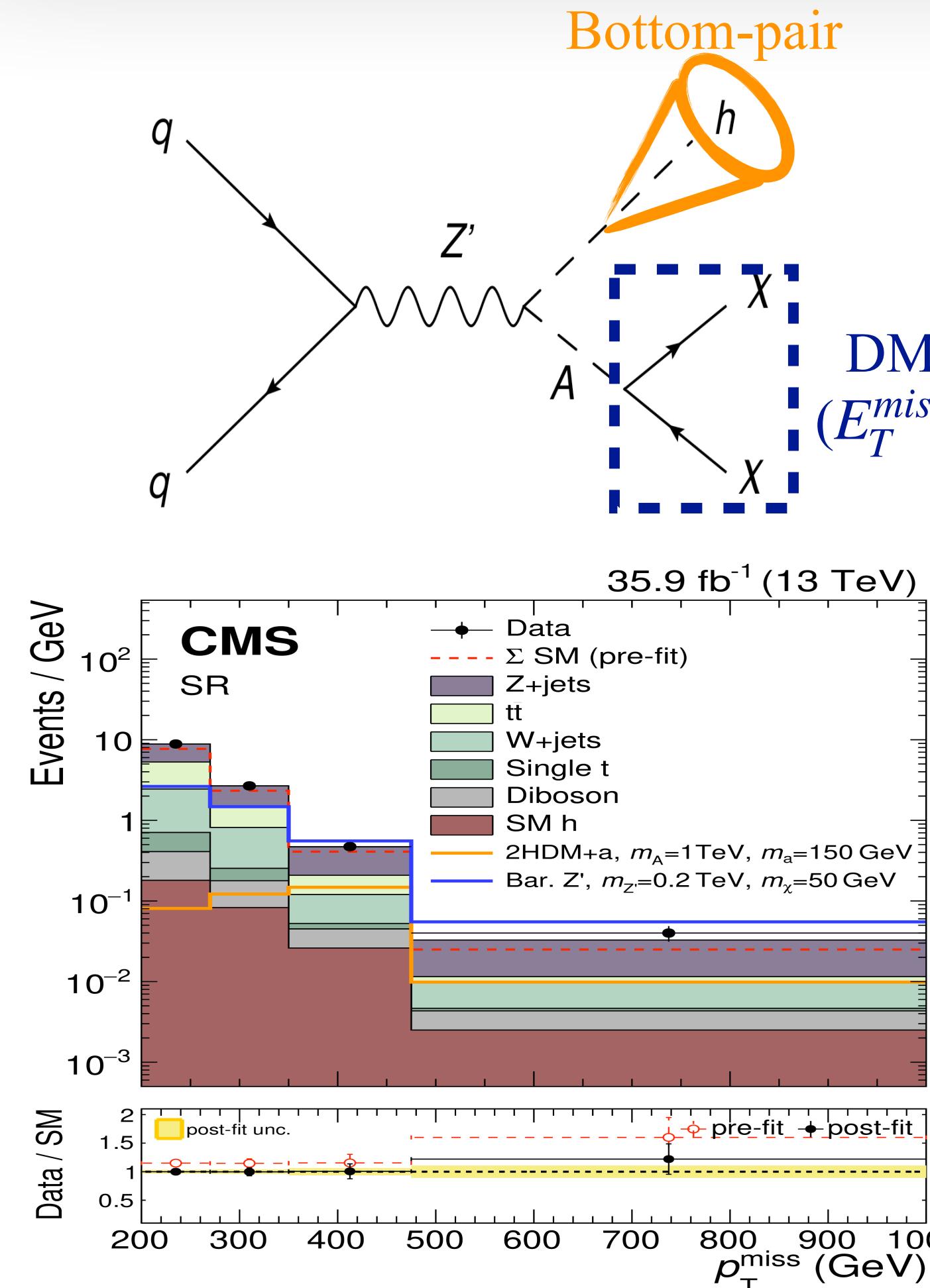
Most models provide some kind of WIMPs

- ✓ Additional background from t , $t\bar{t}$, VV and Multijet (data-driven jet-smearing)
- ✓ CMS: Additional background from t , $t\bar{t}$, VV (MC simulation)

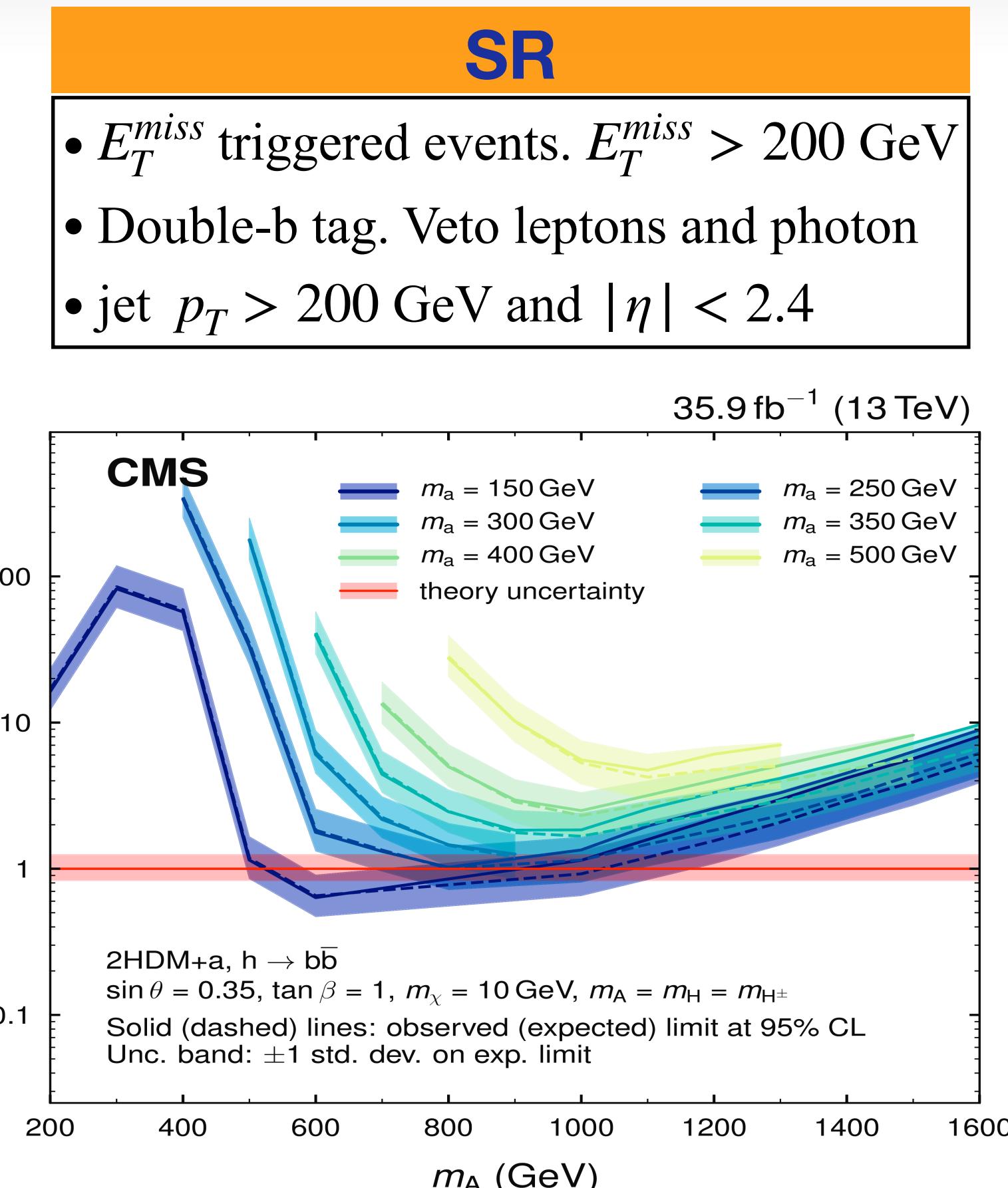
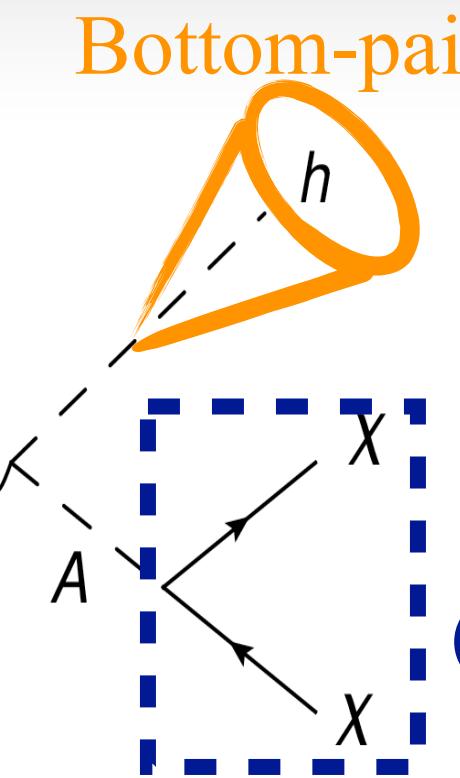
Limit on Axial-vector



'2HDM + a, 2HDM + Z', Z'_B'

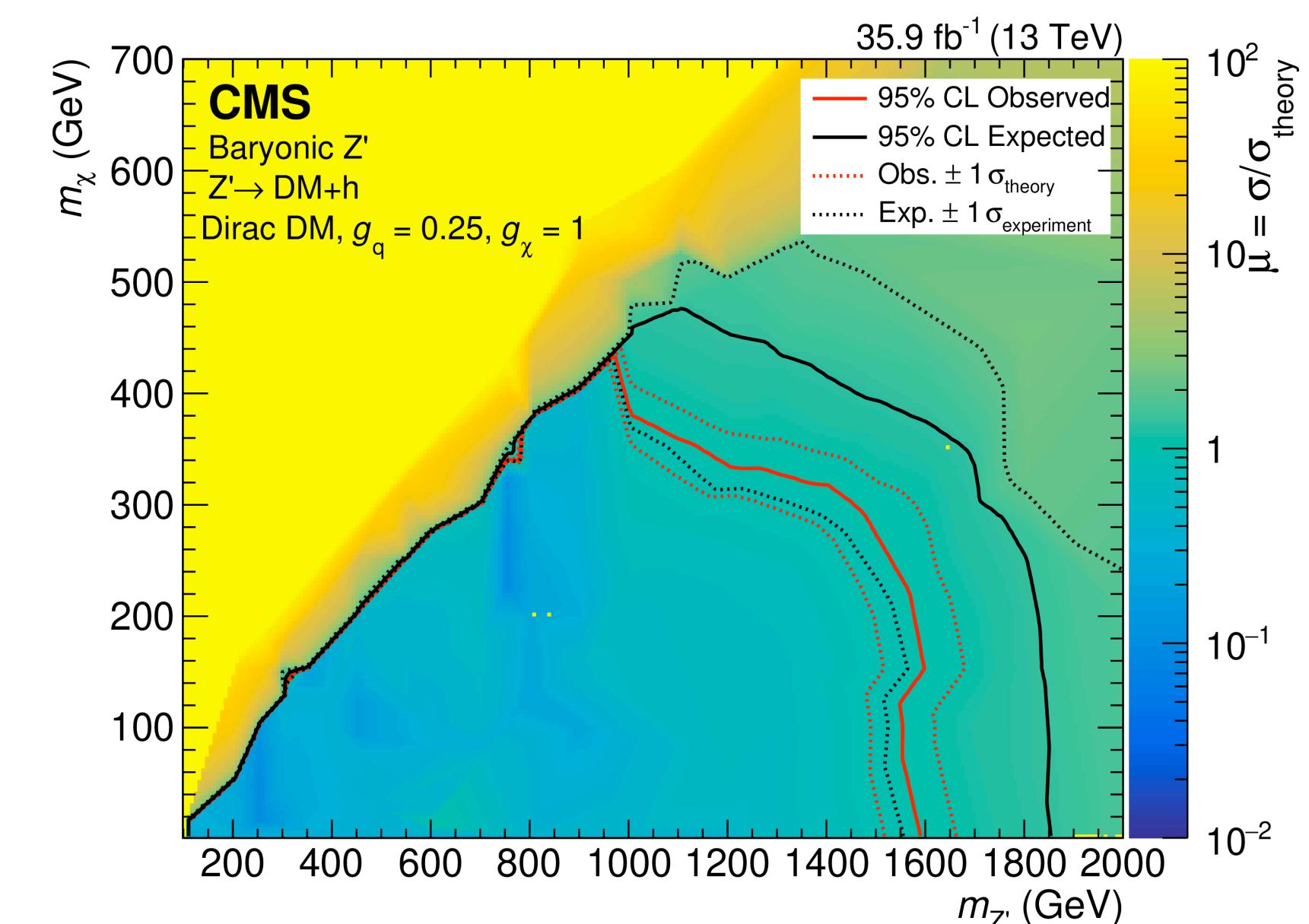


The data are in agreement with the post-fit SM predictions

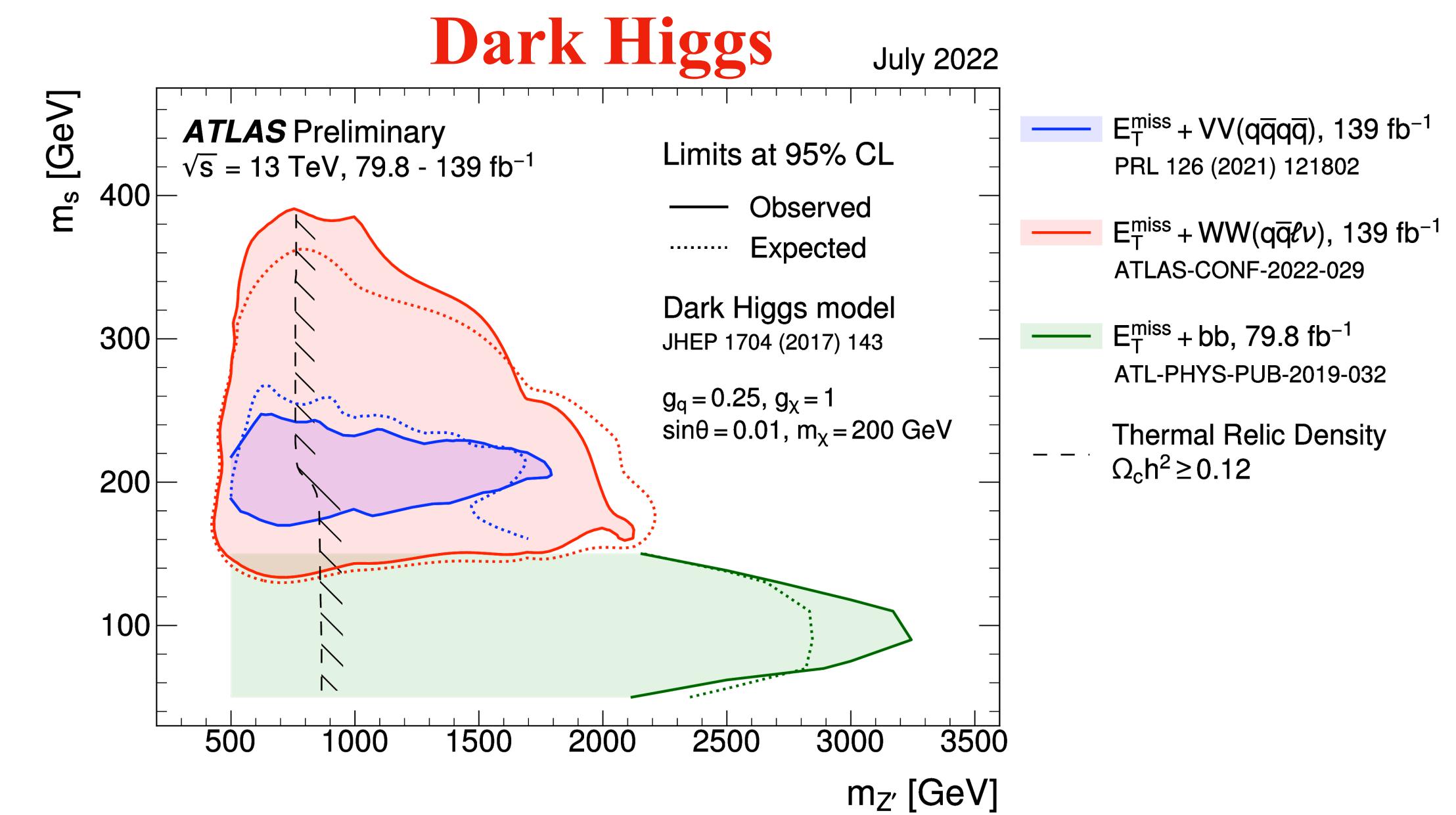
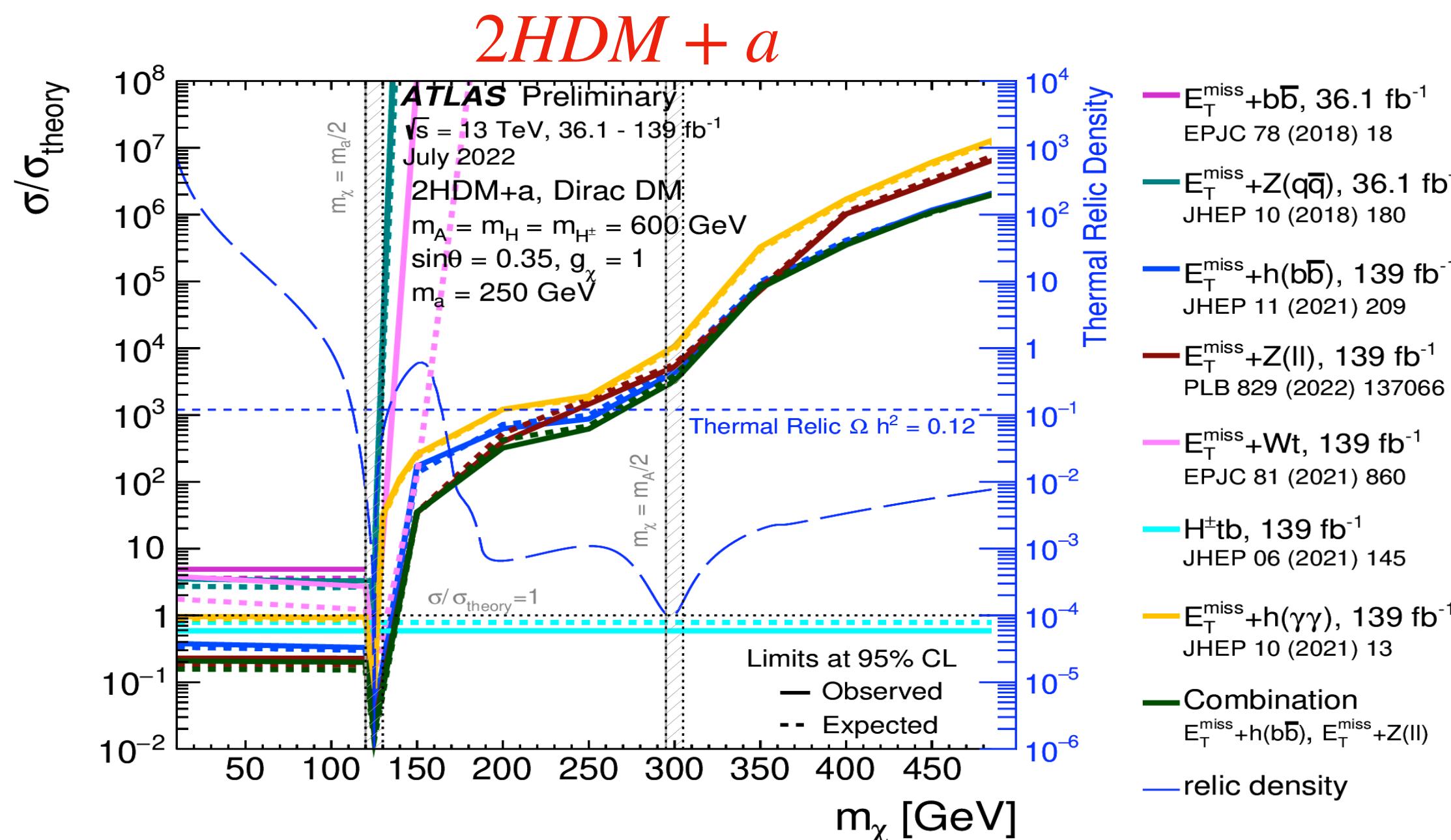


Upper limits for the 2HDM+a on the signal strength modifier: $\mu = \sigma/\sigma_{\text{theory}}$ as a function of m_A

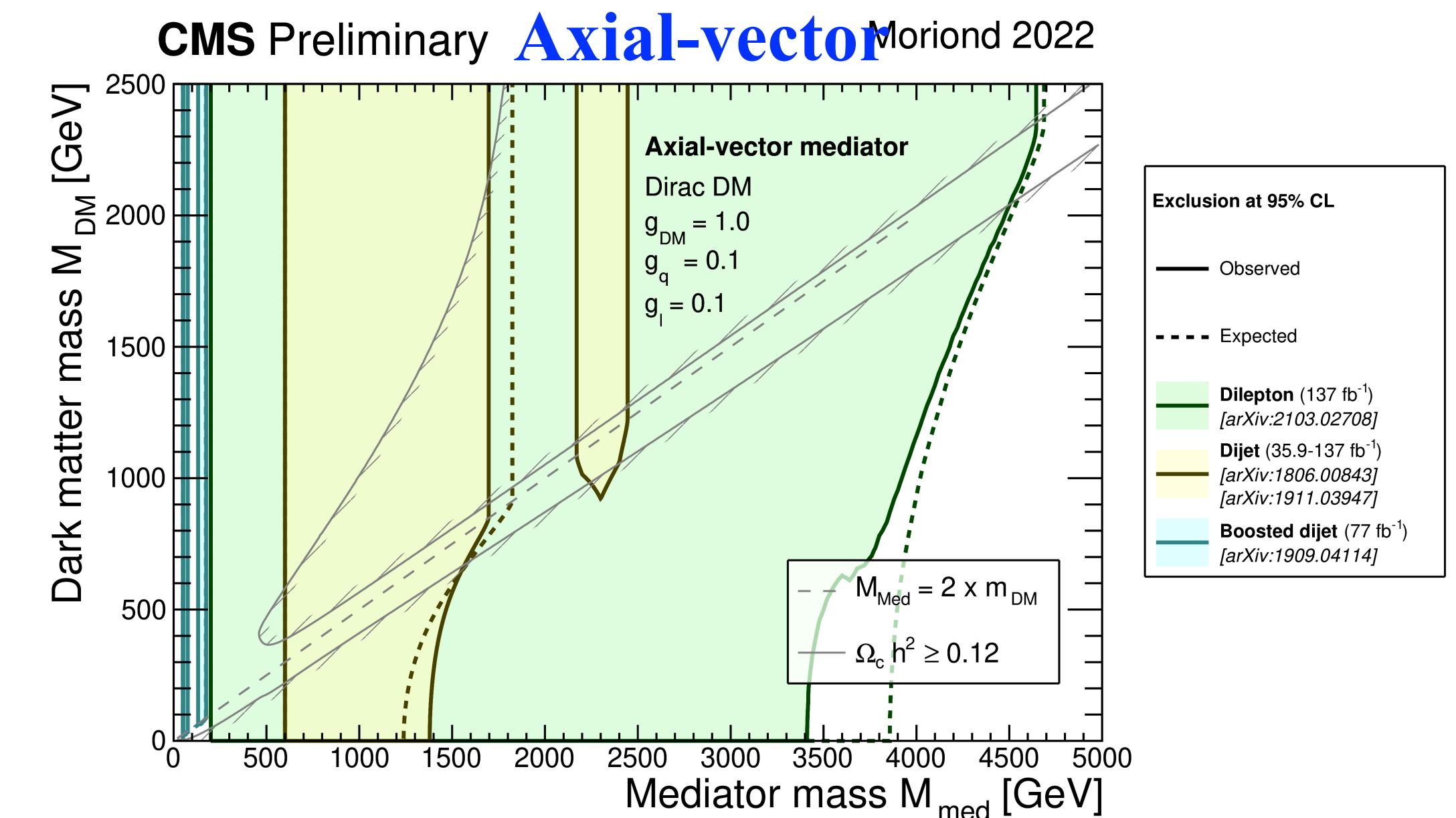
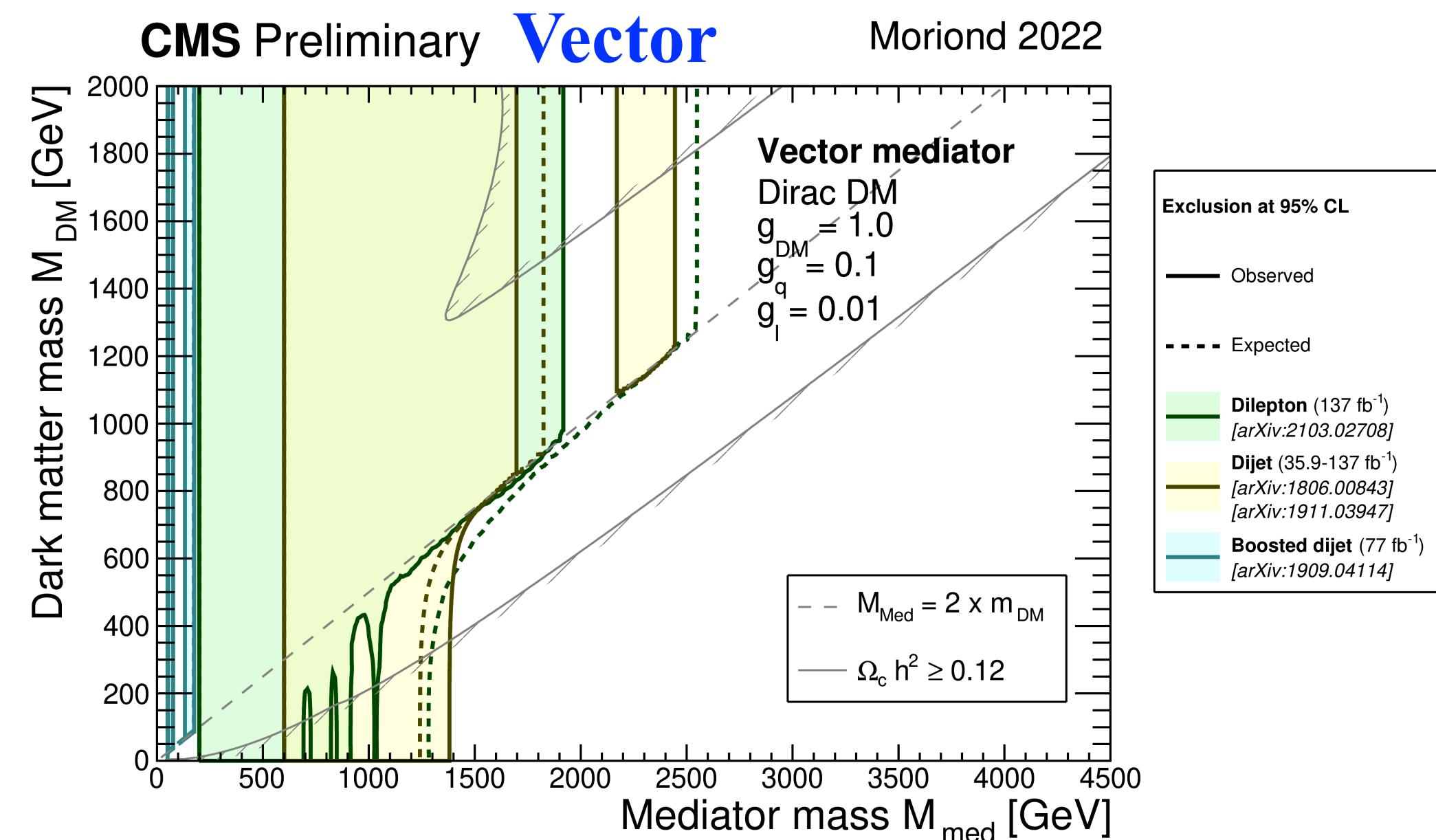
Region	Main background process
Signal	$Z+\text{jets}, t\bar{t}, W+\text{jets}$
Single-lepton	$W+\text{jets}, t\bar{t}$
Single-lepton, b-tagged	$t\bar{t}, W+\text{jets}$
Dilepton	$Z+\text{jets}$



Upper limits for the Baryonic Z' model on the signal strength modifier: $\mu = \sigma/\sigma_{\text{theory}}$ as a function of $m_{Z'}$

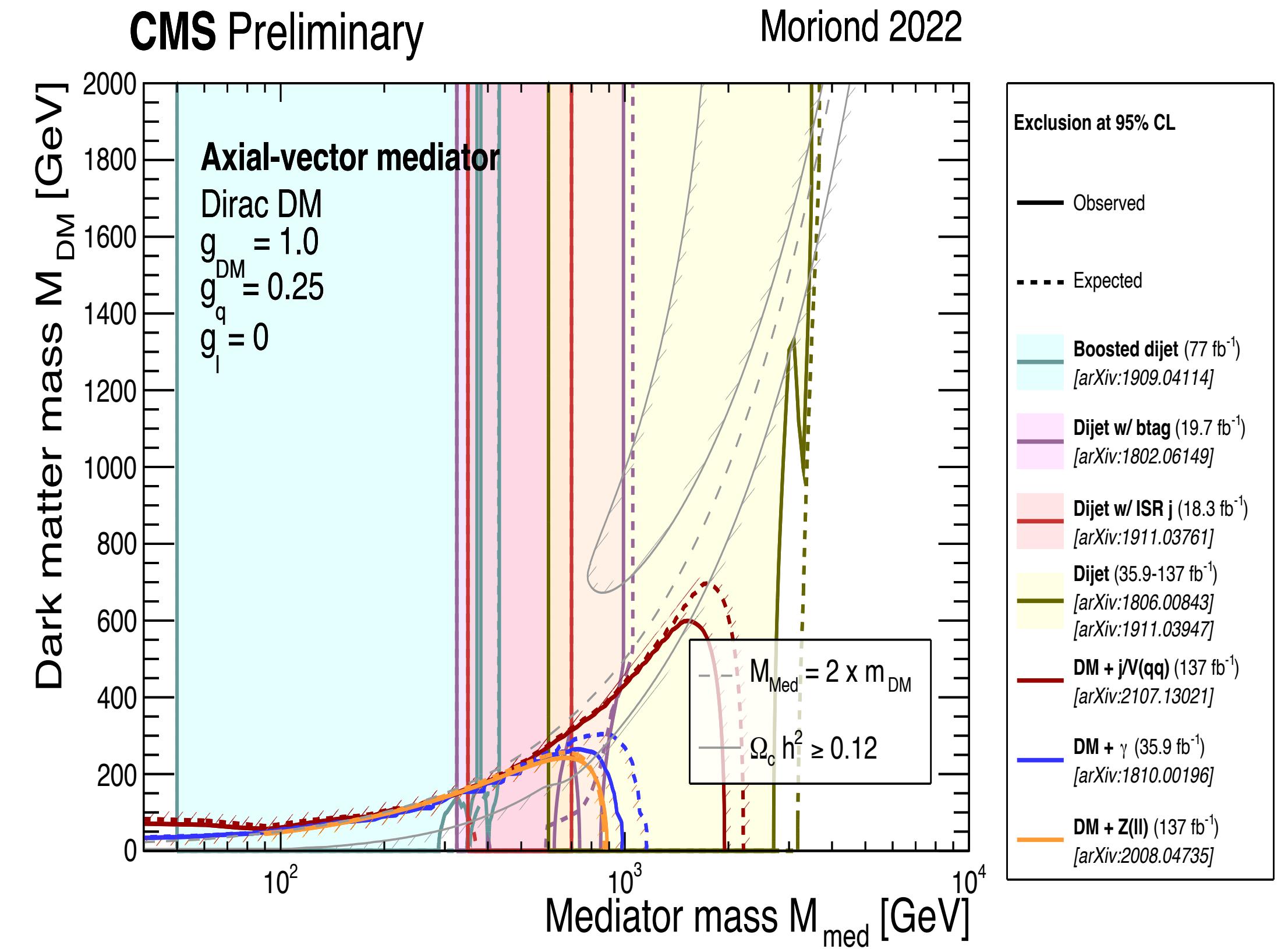
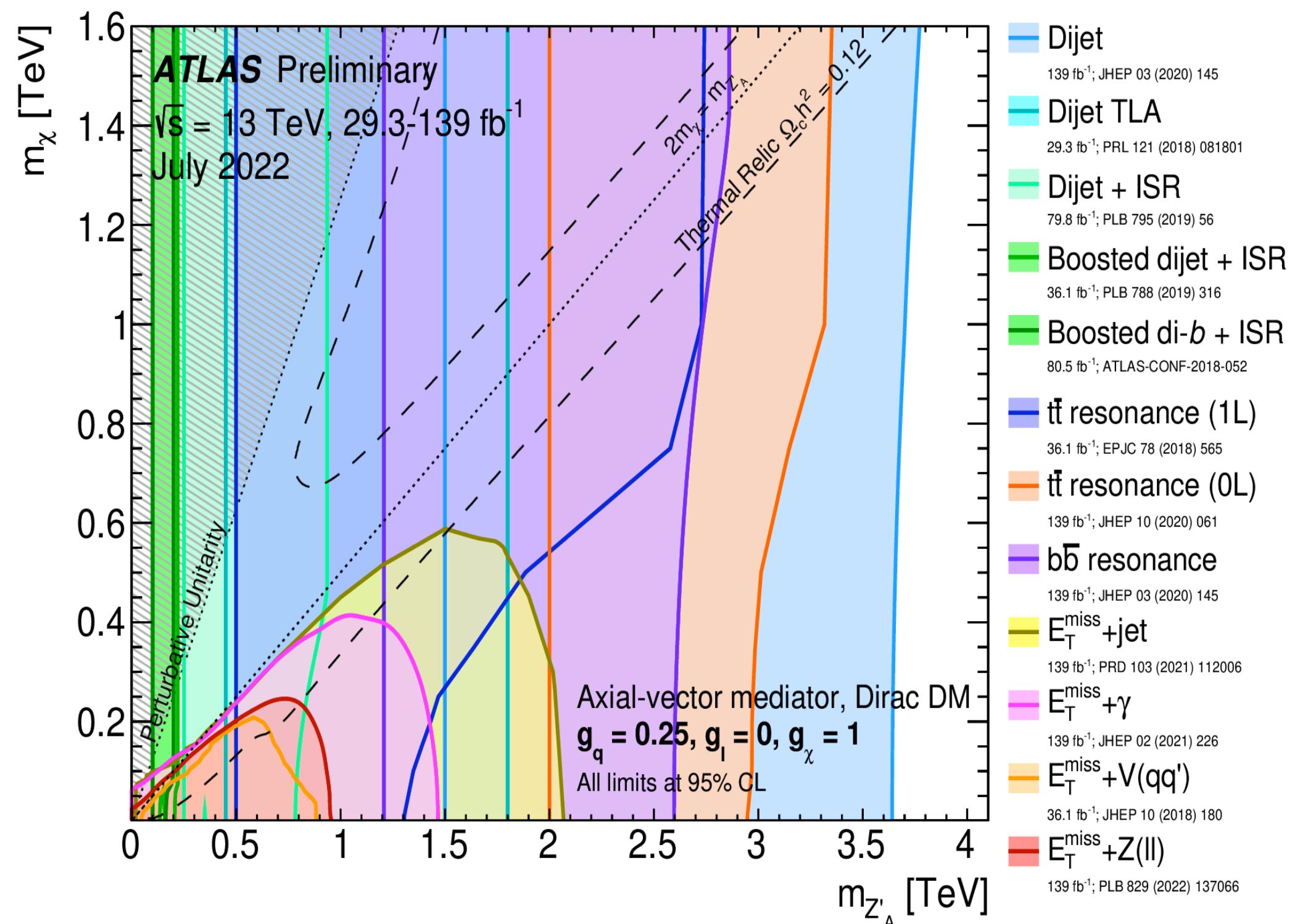


Simplified DM model

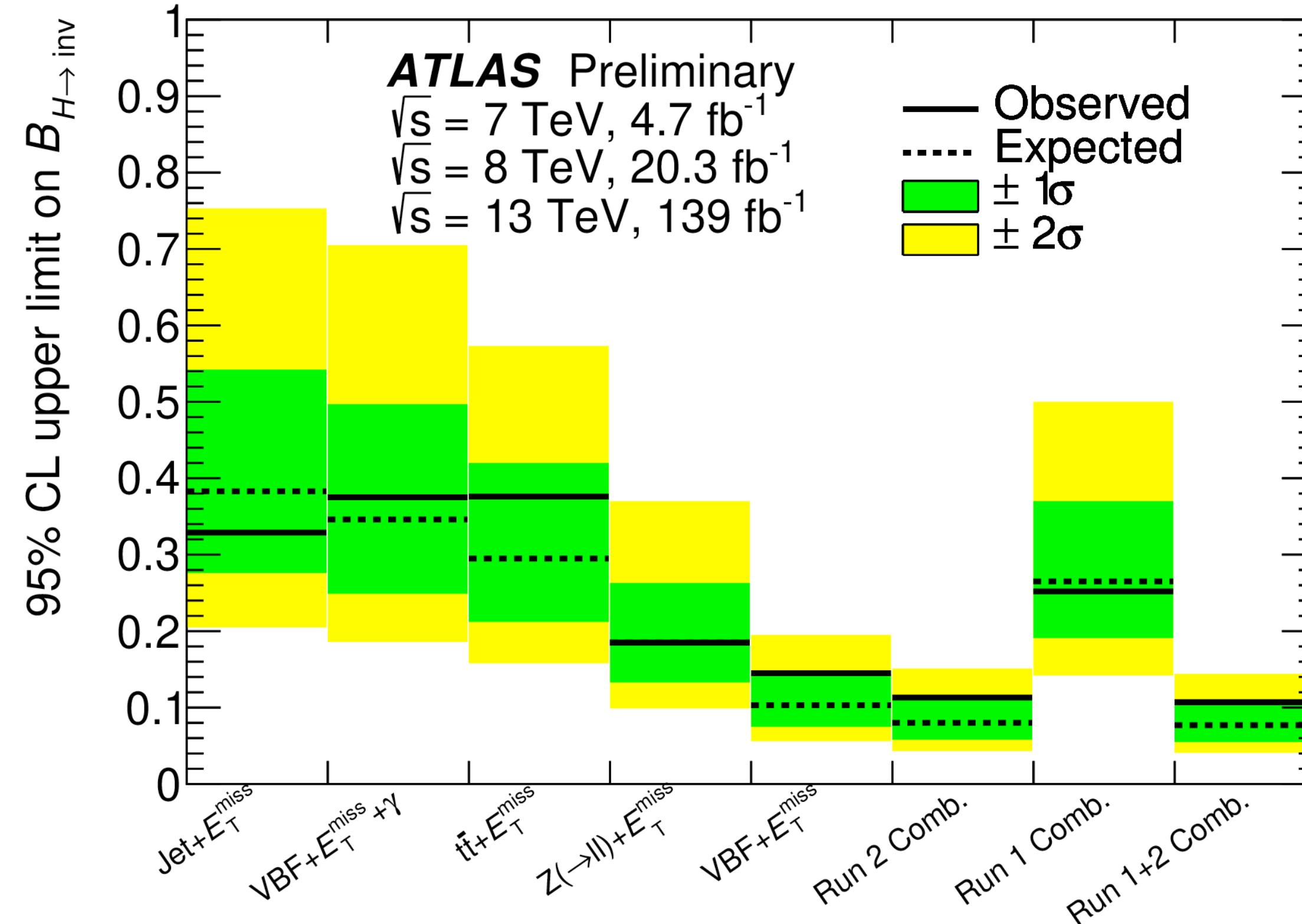


Simplified DM model

Axial-vector

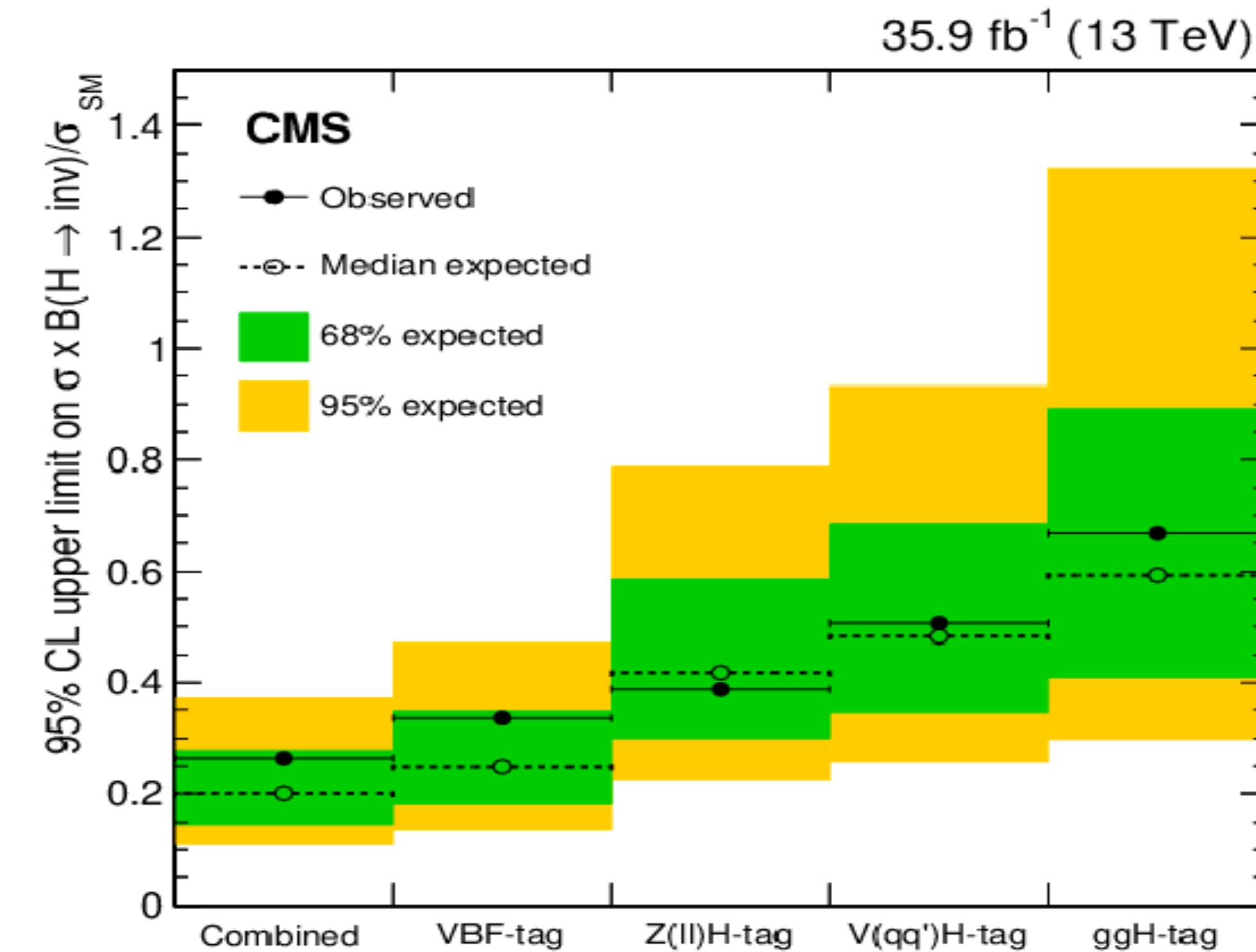


Higgs portal



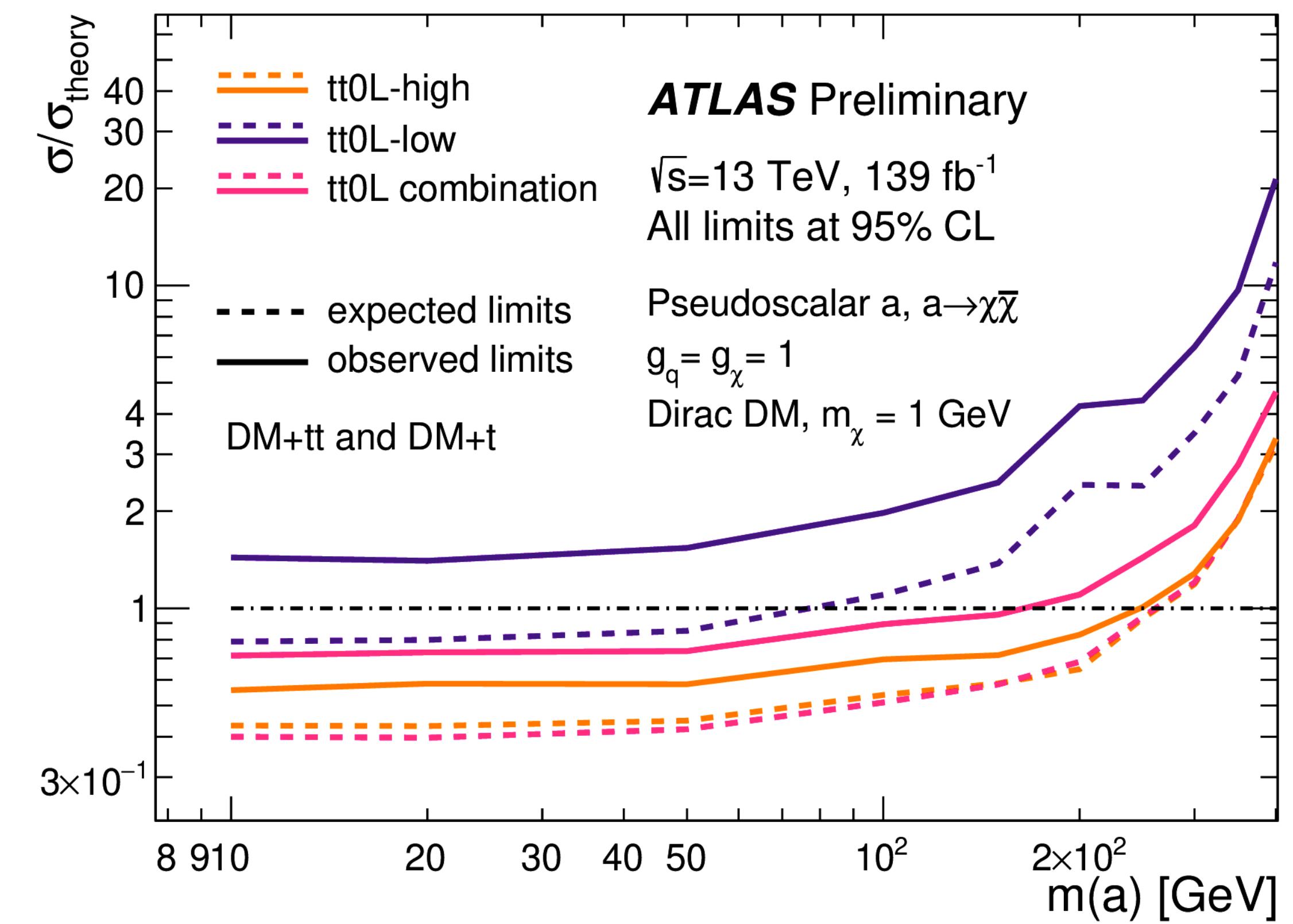
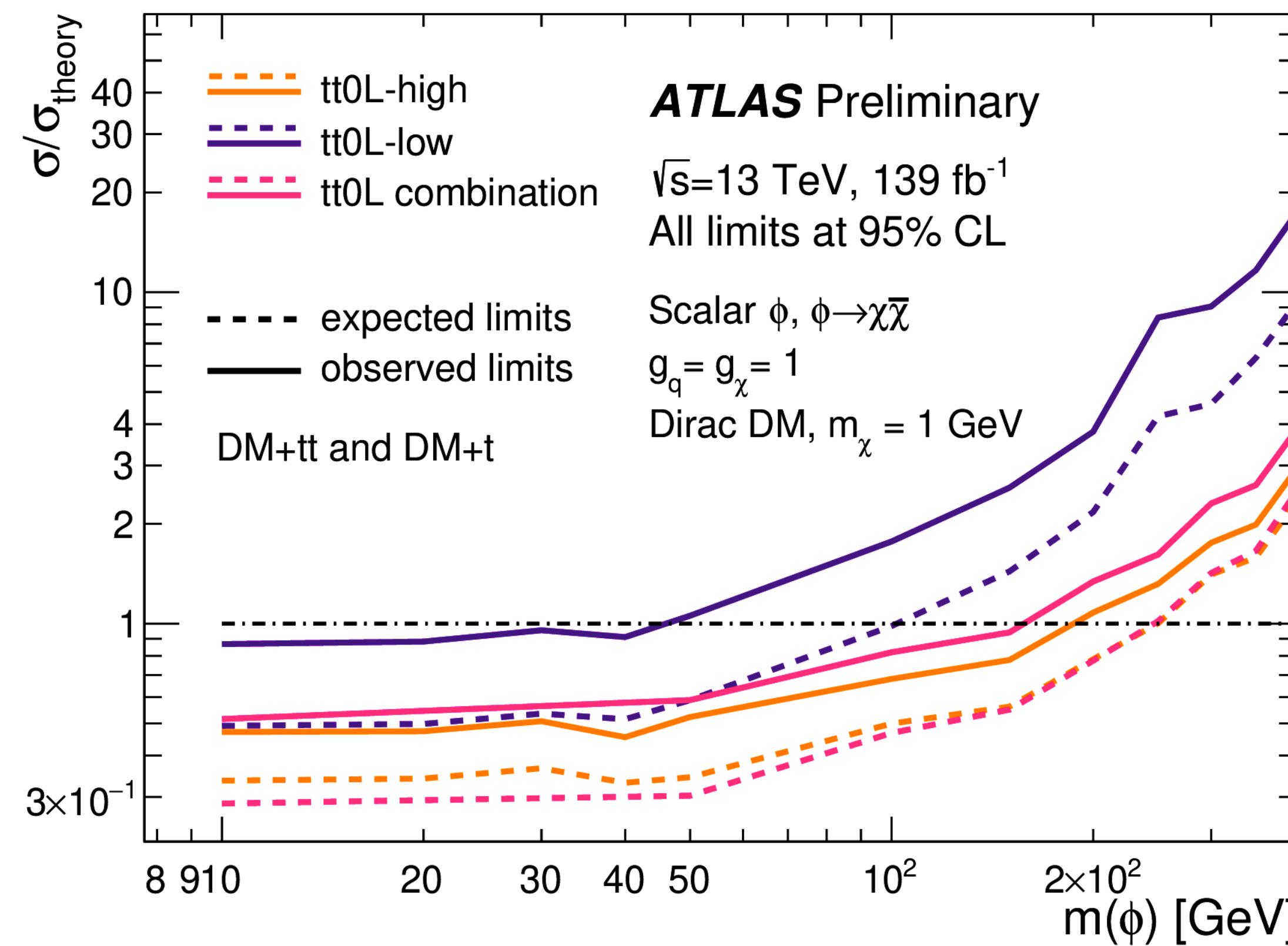
ATLAS full Run-2 data:
 $\text{BR}(H \rightarrow \text{inv}) < 11\% \text{ (11\% exp)}$

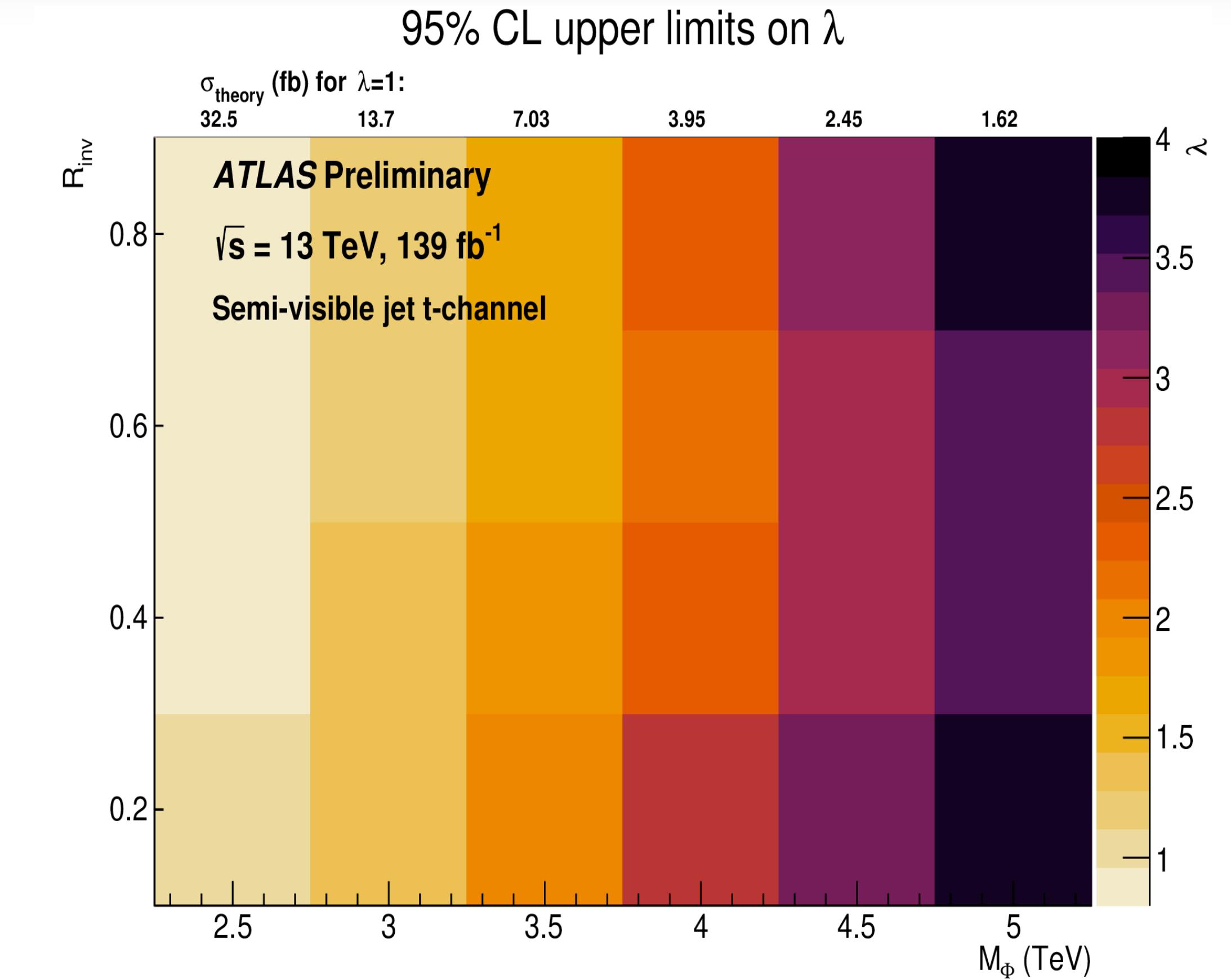
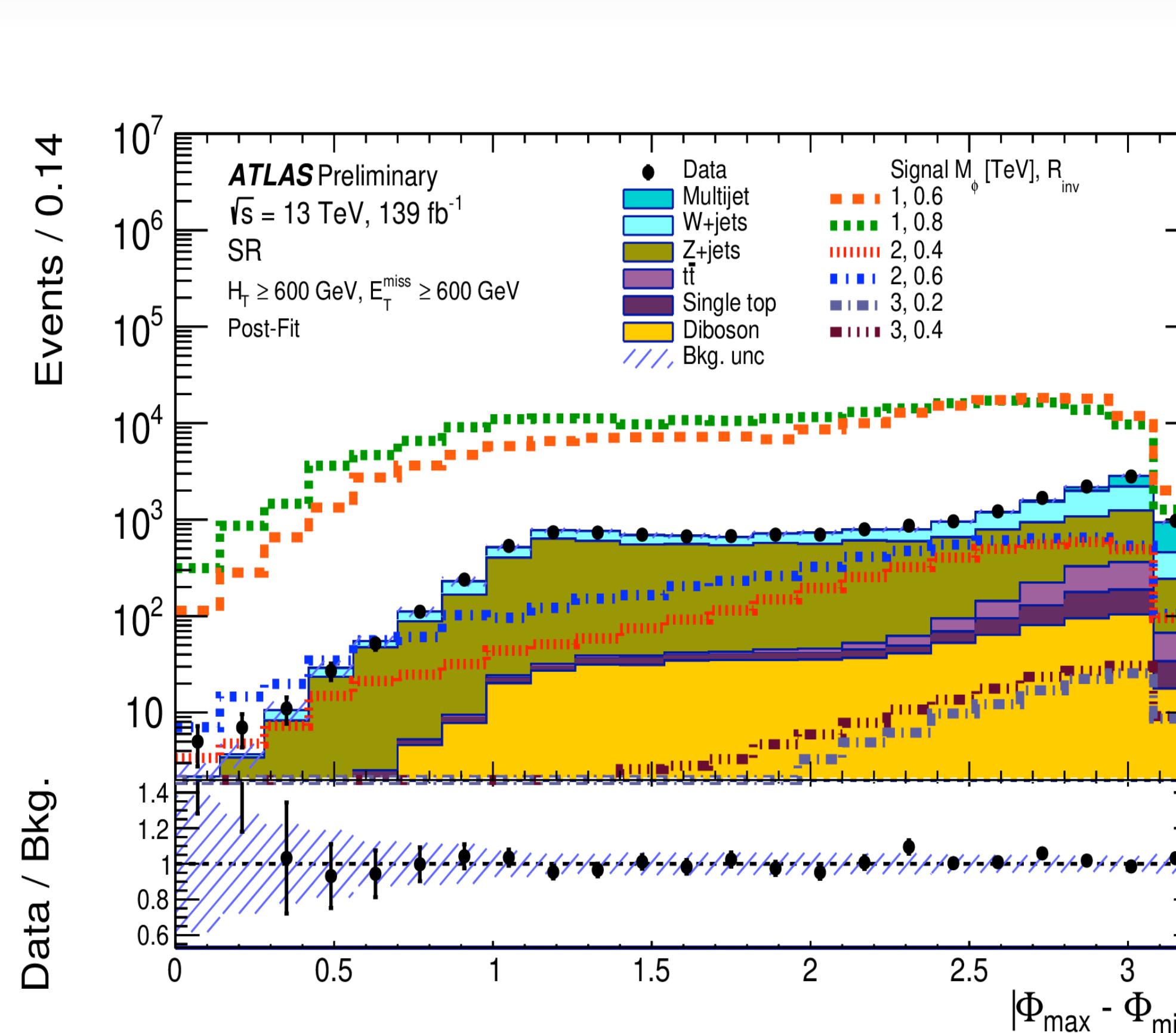
NEW



CMS 2015 + 2016 data : $\text{BR}(H \rightarrow \text{inv}) < 19\% \text{ (15\% exp)}$
 Full Run-2 data Hinv VBF : $\text{BR} (H \rightarrow \text{inv}) < 18\% \text{ (10\%)}$

Simplified model





- **L1Calo:** Finer-granularity LAr Calorimeter ==> better resolution and background rejection
- New ATCA-based Feature Extractors:
 - ✓ eFEX: sophisticated clustering algorithms and isolation ==> Better e, γ , tau ID
 - ✓ jFEX : jet reconstruction algorithms ==> jet, ETmiss, had-decaying taus
- **L1Muon**
 - ✓ New Small Wheel ($1.3 < |\eta| < 2.7$) ==> improve fake muons rejection
 - ✓ New RPC detectors: RPC-BIS78 ($1.0 < |\eta| < 1.3$) ==> between barrel and endcap
 - ✓ Coincidences between TGC and NSW/RPC-BIS78. New L1 Muon endcap logic
- **HLT:** Large radius tracking, Faster track reconstruction, Better pile-up suppression, New triggers for unconventional signatures.

