Big Data Science in Astroparticle Research: sharing and exploiting data & knowledge

Martin Erdmann & Andreas Haungs 21-Feb-2018

Today: 2nd Workshop 19.-21. Feb-2018

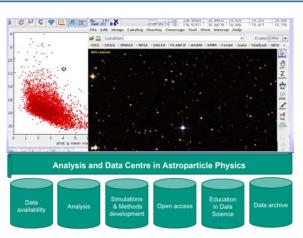
Deep Learning



- Supervised & unsupervised machine learning
- Causality & stability of networks
- Network training with simulations ≠ data

Tutorial: 14:15 basics & convolutional, 16:15 adversarial

Open Data



- National & international initiatives: research data alliance, data centers, application for funds
- Perspective United Kingdom

Evaluation: Tuesday 16:00

Discussion on future: Wednesday

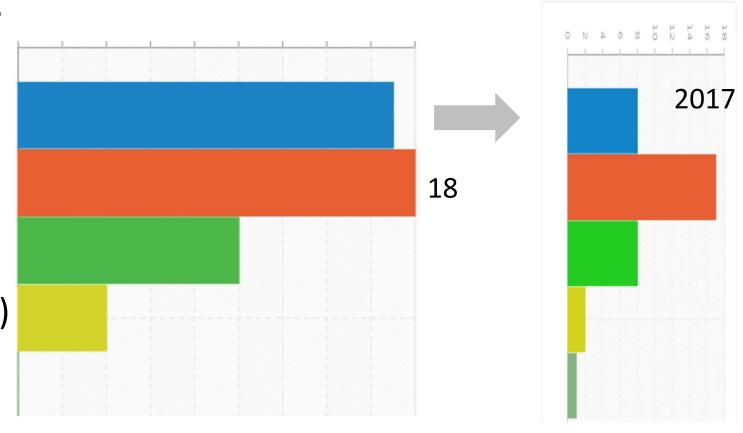
lots of discussions & initiatives happend in 2017

Participants

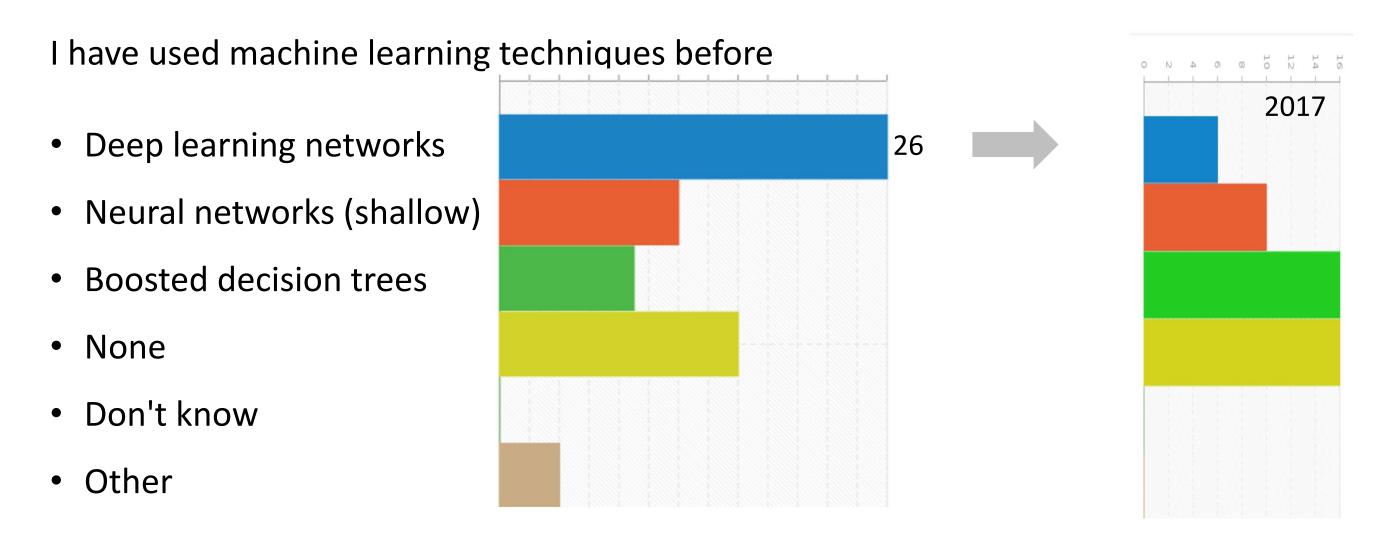
snapshot 20-Feb-2018, 56 answers of 95 participants

I participate in this workshop as

- Student
- PhD student
- Postdoctoral researcher
- Senior physicist (>5 years PhD)
- Other



University: courses, seminars, research

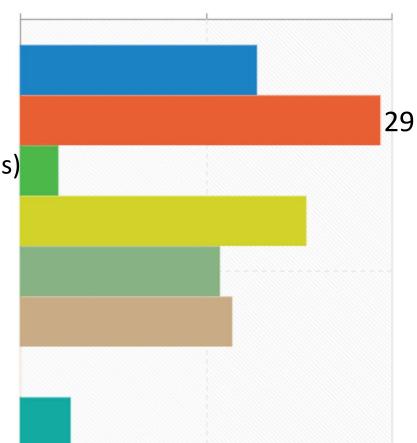


Broadcast new possibilities arising from deep learning to physics institutes

Physicists take advantage of new opportunities arising with deep networks

My research interests concerning deep learning networks are

- Image pattern recognition (e.g. event reconstruction)
- Classification (e.g. particle identification, physical processes)
- Assignments (e.g. solving ambiguities with >2 identical particles)
- Regression (calculation of variables, e.g. energy corrections)
- Adversarial training
- Curiosity
- Applications not obvious
- Other applications



Similar distribution in 2017

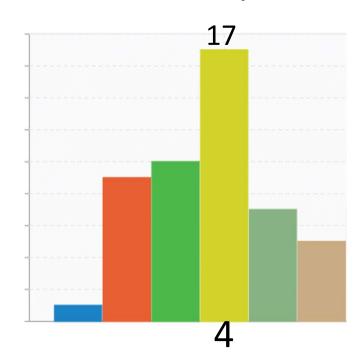
Strong demands, expect exponentially increasing applications

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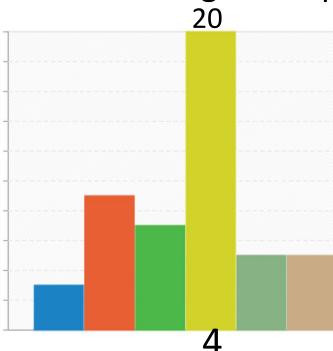
Workshop tutorial

- Introduction to machine learning with deep neural networks
- Generative adversarial networks

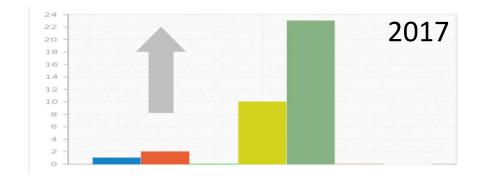
The deep learning introductory tutorial was helpful

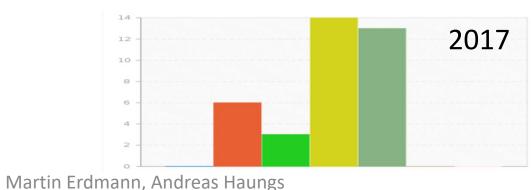


The example applications deepened my understanding of deep networks



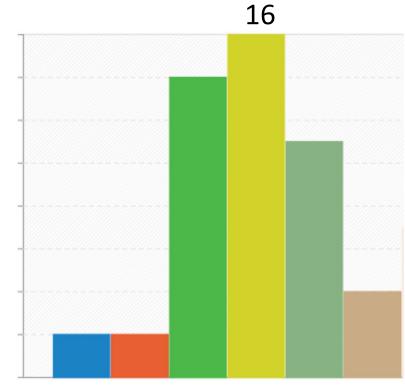
1=strongly disagree, 2=disagree, 3=undecided, 4=agree, 5=strongly agree, 6=no answer



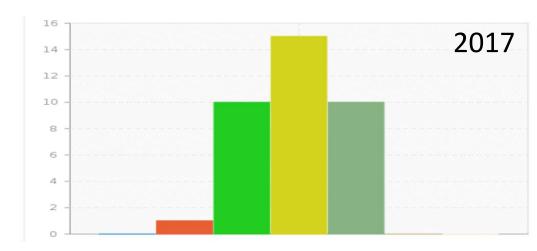


VISPA platform

My overall score for the VISPA platform



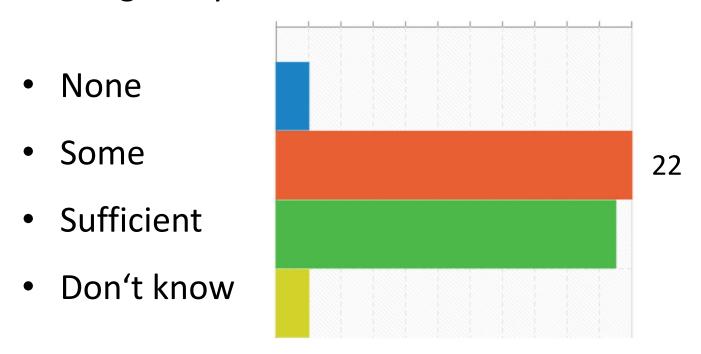
1=insufficient, 2=sufficient, 3=ok, 4=good, 5=very good, 6=no answer

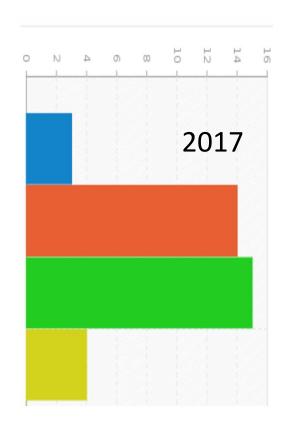


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GPU resources

I have access to GPU resources for network training at my research institute

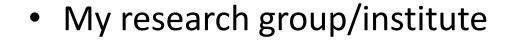




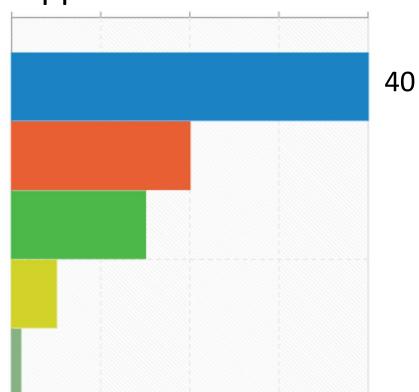
Need for resources

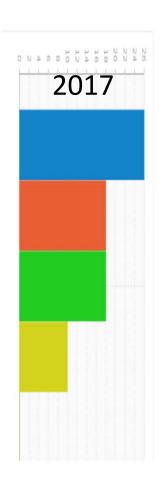
Experiment data, analyses, publications

I get the most important analysis support from



- Colleagues of my collaboration
- Information on websites
- Previous analyses
- Other

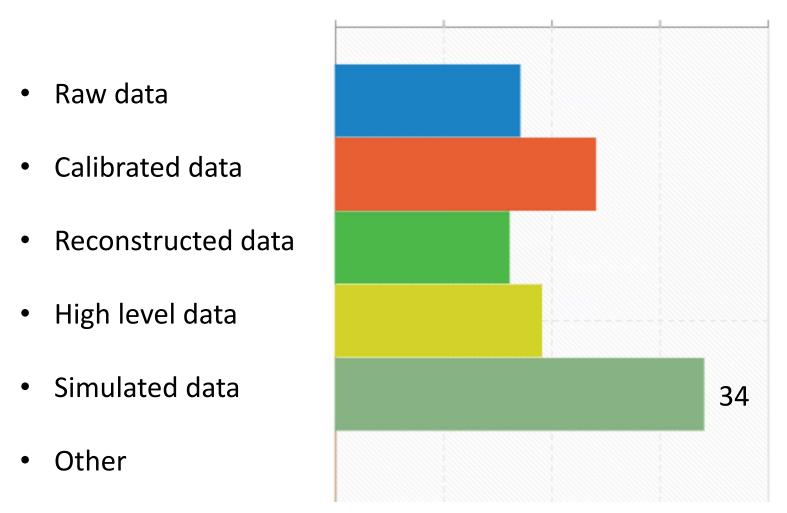


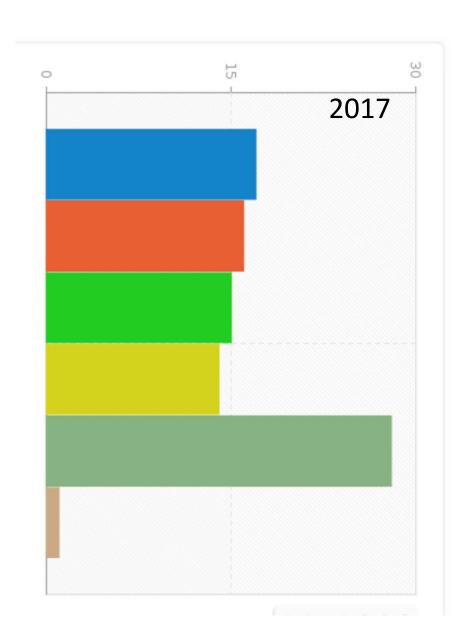


Support is an obvious prerequisite for successful exploitation of data

Experiment data, analyses, publications

For performing my research I need access to

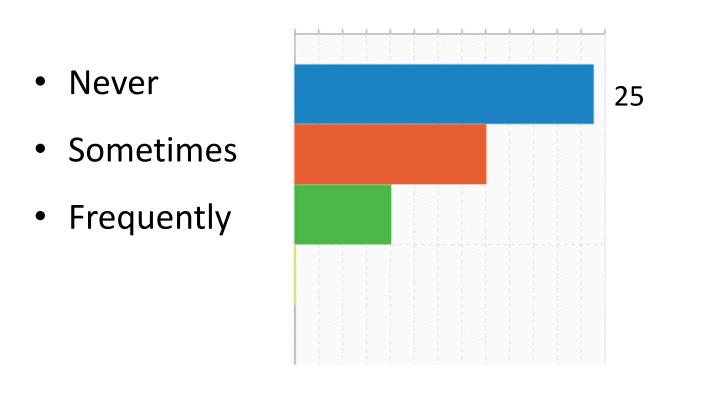


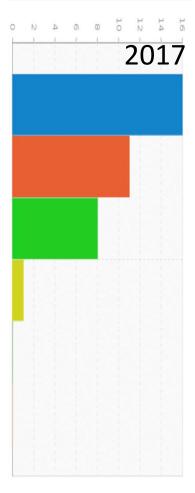


Resource intensive, aim to maximally exploite old & new data

Experiment data, analyses, publications

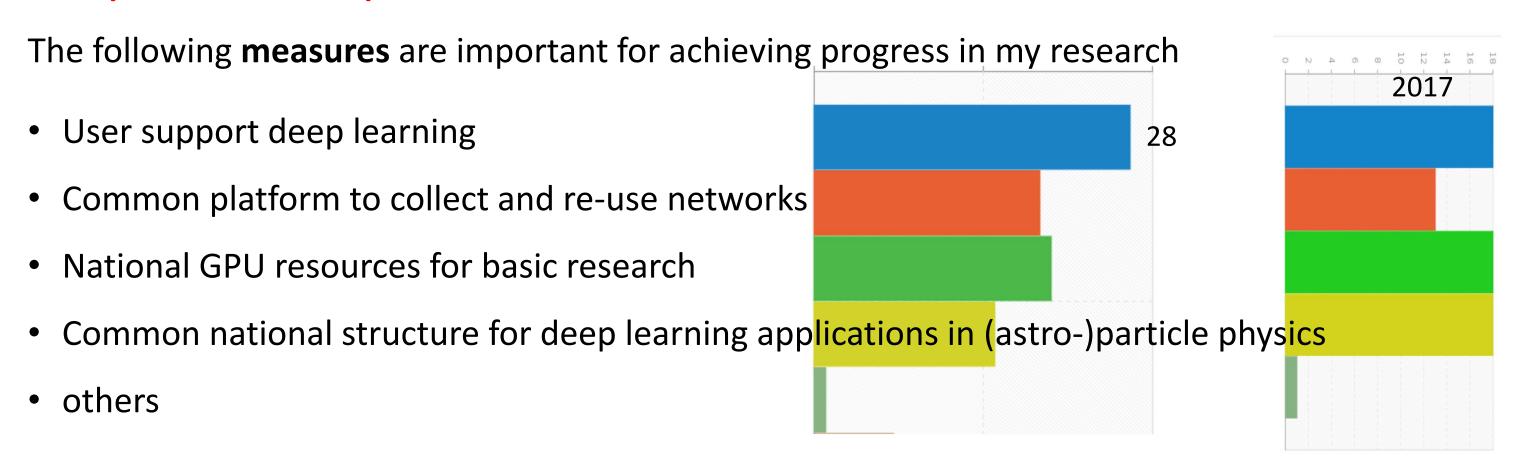
I have accessed open (public) data for my research purposes before





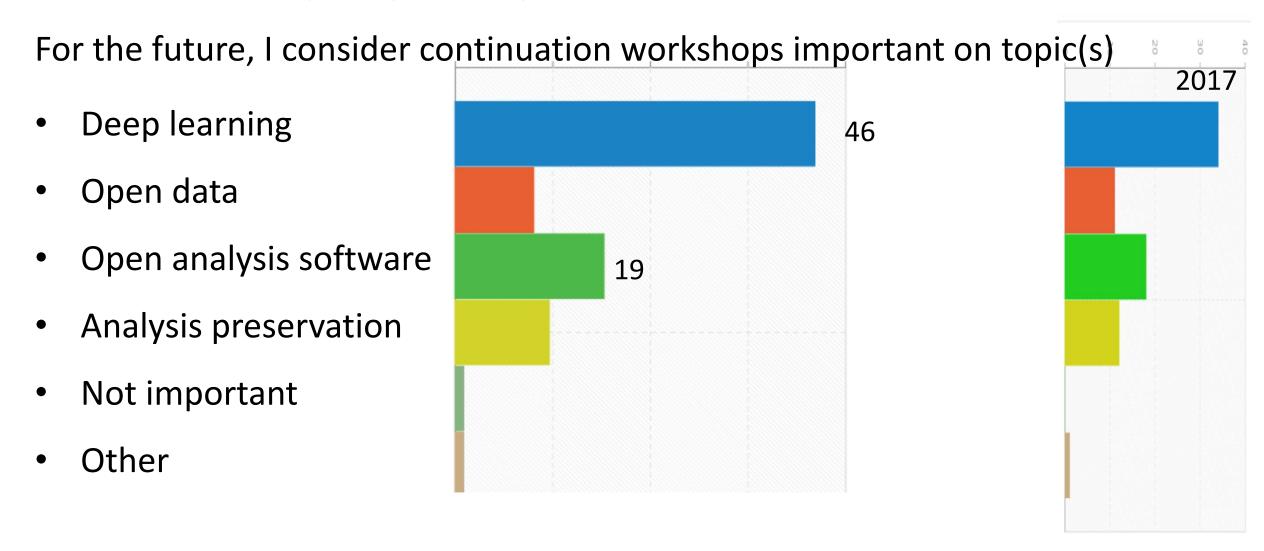
Requires scientific experience to judge what to extract from which data

Improve exploitation of new and old data



Need sustainable structures for accelerating research & development

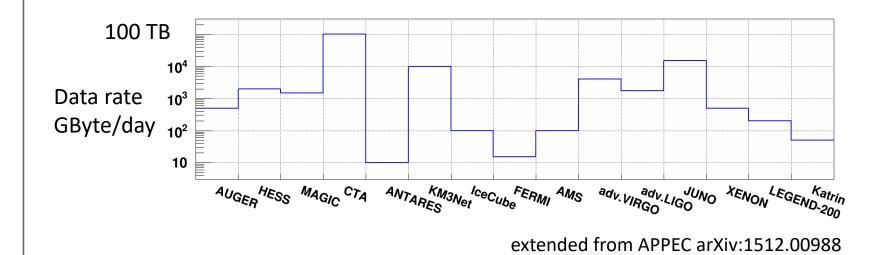
Workshops perspectives



Strong wish to benefit from each other's progress

Astroparticle physics related to the Digital Agenda

- Digital primary care for scientists (data storage, data processing, analysis)
- Receipt & Publication of Measurement Data: Cross-Experimental Data Center (Multimessenger)
- Modern techniques for physics data analysis: interdisciplinary platform & user support
- Dedicated education for dealing with big data as a socially relevant challenge
- Participate interested public: Outreach



RECOMMENDATIONS

Empfehlungen des KAT

Das KAT unterstreicht mit Nachdruck die Bedeutung der Einrichtung bzw. den Ausbau von Zentren zur Datenspeicherung, Zurverfügungstellung der Daten und der erforderlichen Rechenressourcen als digitale Grundversorgung der deutschen Wissenschaftlerinnen und Wissenschaftler und darüber hinaus für die öffentliche Teilhabe an den wissenschaftlichen Daten.

Das KAT unterstützt den Aufbau einer Netzwerkstruktur, die die Kommunikation zwischen Wissenschaftlerinnen und Wissenschaftlern als Nutzer wissenschaftlicher Daten und moderner Datenanalysemethoden einerseits ermöglicht und weiterhin eine Expertenberatung im Rahmen von User Support umsetzt.

Das KAT weist auf die zentrale Bedeutung drittmittelfinanzierter sowie nachhaltig angelegter Personalstellen hin, die für die Unterstützung der Nutzer zwingend erforderlich sind.

Draft: common strategy of national comittees KAT, KET, KfB, KFN, KFS, KHuK, RDS

- 1. Access to high-performance information and communication technology (ICT) and ensuring basic digital primary care for scientists
- 2. Federation of Data Centers in National Physics Science Cloud, Network Connectivity (> 100 Gb/s), Long-term Archiving (Data, Metadata, Software, Data Analysis)
- 3. Algorithms and Software Development Skills: interdisciplinary development of novel algorithms and tools, metadata systems, user friendly scientific concepts for large-scale devices
- 4. Governance, policies: involvement of communities, development of data policies (blocking periods, access rights), copyrights, active participation in European science cloud strategy
- 5. Education and User Support: Utilization of state-of-the-art IT technology for junior scientists, curricula for data scientists, better reputation and career opportunities for ICT close people

A Roadmap for HEP Software and Computing R&D for the 2020s

The HEP Software Foundation

3 Programme of Work

- 3.1 Physics Generators
- 3.2 Detector Simulation
- 3.3 Software Trigger and Event Reconstruction
- 3.4 Data Analysis and Interpretation
- 3.5 Machine Learning
- 3.6 Data Organisation, Management and Access
- 3.7 Facilities and Distributed Computing
- 3.8 Data-Flow Processing Framework
- 3.9 Conditions Data
- 3.10 Visualisation
- 3.11 Software Development, Deployment, Validation
- 3.12 Data and Software Preservation
- 3.13 Security

Conclusions (shortend version)

If there was any lingering notion that software or computing could be done cheaply by a few junior people for modern experimental programmes, that should now be thoroughly dispelled.

Software and Computing needs investment in people who understand problems & solutions employed today & have skills to provide innovative solutions for the future. There needs to be recognition from community with a recognized career path for these experts.

Deutsche Physikalische Gesellschaft DPG: New working group "Physics, modern Information Technologie and Articifial Intelligenz"

- 1. BIG DATA: archiving, processing, management, analysis and simulation of complex data streams, HPC, information theory, statistical methods
- IT: High-performance Data Readout Systems and Mass Storage,
 Visualization, Smart Sensors, Bridge Technologies for the Next Level of Big Data
- 3. Al & ROBOTICS: Data driven algorithms & software, autonomous devices, remote control, innovative applications, algorithms for quantum computers
- 4. HIGHER EDUCATION: Curricula and multi-disciplinary research centers, cooperation with the GI Data Scientist Task Force, IT Infrastructure
- 5. INDUSTRY and SOCIETY: ethics, technology assessment, sustainability, economics, law, start-ups, public relations



DPG conference Würzburg 19.-23.3.2018 Arbeitskreis Physik, IT & KI (AKPIK)

Monday 16:30-18:45

Tuesday 16:50-18:50

Mitgliederversammlung des Arbeitskreises

Election: Wahl des Vorstands

Summer term 2017 & 2018

Education: Deep Learning in Physics Research

12 lectures and exercises

- 1. Fundamentals of deep learning
- 2. Regularization & generalization
- 3. Optimization & hyperparameter tuning
- 4. Convolutional neural networks
- 5. Classification of magnetic phases
- 6. Advanced computer vision methods
- 7. Application in astroparticle physics
- 8. Autoencoders & application in solid state physics
- 9. Generative adversarial networks
- 10. Restricted Boltzmann machines
- 11. Recurrent networks
- 12. Summary & a bit more on recurrent networks



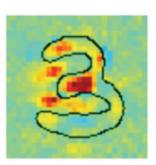


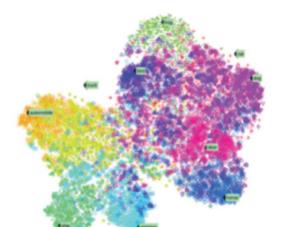
Why Interpretability?

Different dimensions of "interpretability"

prediction

"Explain why a certain pattern x has been classified in a certain way f(x)."





data

"Which dimensions of the data are most relevant for the task."

model

"What would a pattern belonging to a certain category typically look like according to the model."





Initiative for a National Data Centre for Astroparticle Physics



2 November 2017 Karlsruhe Institute of Technology (KIT)

Overview

Scientific Programme

Timetable

Contribution List

Author List

Registration

Registration Form
Participant List



Campus Plan

for the slides, please click left on "Contribution List"!!

preliminary Agenda: click left on 'Timetable' or below on 'Poster'

Organizing Committee: Andreas Haungs (KIT), Christian Stegmann (DESY), Achim Streit (KIT), Sabine Bucher (KIT)

Discuss with you future prospects:

Goals

- Data catalogues & computing resources
- Analysis & simulations
- User interface to data & analysis
- User support & user platforms

New paradigm in physics

- Up to now: physics laws & mathematics are basis for algorithm development → machine learning with physicist's favorite observables
- New: machines exploit data deeper than physicist's algorithms so far
- Together we ought to keep working on the fundamental change to include machines in our daily work

it is your generation – you – who will drive the future

Thanks very much!

Workshop administration:

Gerlinde Schmidt, Melanie Roder

Local RWTH workshop team:

Florian Briechle, Jonas Glombitza, Yannik Rath, Marcus Wirtz

and the VISPA team:

Benjamin Fischer, Erik Geiser, Marcel Rieger, Felix Schlüter, Martin Urban, Florian von Cube