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Tutorial: BwUniCluster 2.0/HoreKa

Lagrangain library development

In this tutorial we will learn how to develop a Lagrangian sub-model in OpenFOAM.

1. Creating a new Lagrangian Library and solver

In the cluster, you are not allowed to change the source code of OpenFOAM. It is also better to keep the original source code intact. Therefore, first we create a personal Lagrangian library in the user directory.

```
$> module load cae/openfoam/v2112
$> source $FOAM_INIT
$> mkdir -p $WM_PROJECT_USER_DIR/src/lagrangian
$> cd $WM_PROJECT_USER_DIR/src/lagrangian
$> cp -rp $FOAM_SRC/lagrangian/intermediate $WM_PROJECT_USER_DIR/src/lagrangian
$> mv intermediate intermediateNew
$> nano $WM_PROJECT_USER_DIR/src/lagrangian/intermediateNew/Make/files
```

At the end of the opened file, apply the following changes:

```
LIB = $(FOAM_LIBBIN)/liblagrangianIntermediate → LIB = $(FOAM_USER_LIBBIN)/liblagrangianIntermediateNew
```

Now we have a Lagrangian library in our user directory that can be modified. This is how we compile this library:

```
$> cd $WM_PROJECT_USER_DIR/src/lagrangian/intermediateNew
$> wclean
$> wmake libso
```

Now we can use our own compiled library in OpenFOAM solvers. To modify the solver, we must copy it to the user directory and then link the new Lagrangian library to it.

```
$> mkdir -p $WM_PROJECT_USER_DIR/applications/solvers/lagrangian
$> cp -rp $FOAM_SOLVERS/lagrangian/kinematicParcelFoam
$WM_PROJECT_USER_DIR/applications/solvers/lagrangian
$> cd $WM_PROJECT_USER_DIR/applications/solvers/lagrangian
$> mv kinematicParcelFoam kinematicParcelFoamNew
$> cd kinematicParcelFoamNew
```

```
$> mv kinematicParcelFoam.C kinematicParcelFoamNew.C
```

```
$> nano Make/files
```

The following modifications should be applied in the opened file:

```
kinematicParcelFoam.C → kinematicParcelFoamNew.C
```

```
EXE = $(FOAM_APPBIN)/kinematicParcelFoam → EXE = $(FOAM_USER_APPBIN)/kinematicParcelFoamNew
```

We can now link our own Lagrangian library to this new solver:

```
$> nano Make/options
```

Modify the options file as below to link the intermediateNew library to the kinematicParcelFoamNew solver:

```
EXE_INC = \  
  -I$(FOAM_SOLVERS)/lagrangian/reactingParcelFoam \  
  -I$(LIB_SRC)/finiteVolume/lnInclude \  
  -I$(LIB_SRC)/finiteArea/lnInclude \  
  -I$(LIB_SRC)/meshTools/lnInclude \  
  -I$(LIB_SRC)/sampling/lnInclude \  
  -I$(LIB_SRC)/TurbulenceModels/turbulenceModels/lnInclude \  
  -I$(LIB_SRC)/TurbulenceModels/incompressible/lnInclude \  
  -I$(LIB_SRC)/transportModels \  
  -I$(LIB_SRC)/transportModels/incompressible/singlePhaseTransportModel \  
  -I$(LIB_SRC)/dynamicMesh/lnInclude \  
  -I$(LIB_SRC)/dynamicFvMesh/lnInclude \  
  -I$(LIB_SRC)/lagrangian/distributionModels/lnInclude \  
  -I$(LIB_SRC)/regionModels/regionModel/lnInclude \  
  -I$(LIB_SRC)/regionModels/surfaceFilmModels/lnInclude \  
  -I$(LIB_SRC)/regionFaModels/lnInclude \  
  -I$(LIB_SRC)/faOptions/lnInclude \  
  -I$(LIB_SRC)/lagrangian/basic/lnInclude \  
  -I$(WM_PROJECT_USER_DIR)/src/lagrangian/intermediateNew/lnInclude  
  
EXE_LIBS = \  
  -lfiniteVolume \  
  -lfvOptions \  
  -lmeshTools \  
  -lsampling \  
  -lturbulenceModels \  
  -lincompressibleTurbulenceModels \  
  -lincompressibleTransportModels \  
  -ldynamicMesh \  
  -ldynamicFvMesh \  
  -ltopoChangerFvMesh \  
  -latmosphericModels \  
  -lregionModels \  
  -lsurfaceFilmModels \  
  -lsurfaceFilmDerivedFvPatchFields \  
  -llagrangian \  
  -L$(FOAM_USER_LIBBIN) \  
  -llagrangianIntermediateNew \  
  -llagrangianTurbulence \  
  -lregionFaModels \  
  -lfiniteArea \  
  -lfaOptions
```

Now you can compile the new solver with the following commands:

```
$> wclean
```

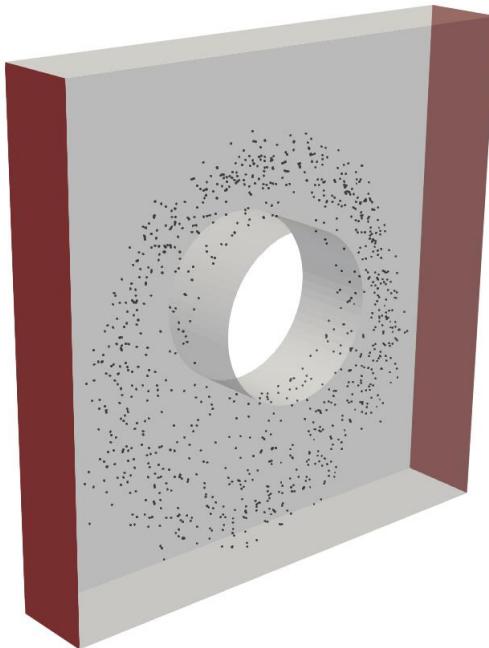
```
$> wmake
```

```
$> mkdir -p $WM_PROJECT_USER_DIR/run/
```

```
$> cp -rn $FOAM_TUTORIALS/lagrangian/kinematicParcelFoam/spinningDisk
```

```
$WM_PROJECT_USER_DIR/run
$> cd $WM_PROJECT_USER_DIR/run/spinningDisk
$> blockMesh
$> kinematicParcelFoamNew
```

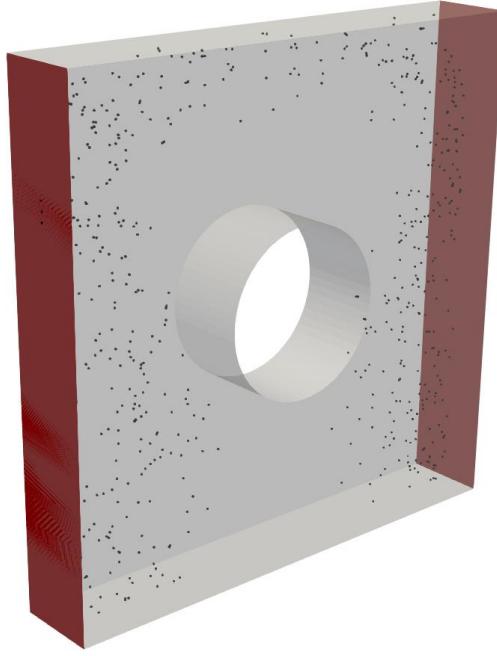
With the last command, the simulation is done by the new solver and the new Lagrangian library. Let us look at the test case:



Particles are injected from the rotating cylinder in the middle of the domain. If we increase the density of the particles and increase the duration of the simulation, they will hit the walls shown due to inertia. The Lagrangian part of the simulation is set in the `kinematicCloudProperties` file located in the `constant` folder.

<pre>constantProperties { rho0 1000; → }</pre>	<pre>constantProperties { rho0 2700;</pre>
--	---

As seen in the picture below, in this case the particles hit the red walls. In the next section, we will develop a new erosion model in the Lagrangian library to calculate the erosion caused by particles hitting the wall.



2. Developing a new sub model (erosion model) in the Lagrangian library

In the first step, we copy the OpenFOAM default erosion model in our user directory and give it a new name:

```
$> cp -rn
$WM_PROJECT_USER_DIR/src/lagrangian/intermediateNew/submodels/CloudFunctionObjects/ParticleErosion
$WM_PROJECT_USER_DIR/src/lagrangian/intermediateNew/submodels/CloudFunctionObjects/ParticleErosionNew

$> cd
$WM_PROJECT_USER_DIR/src/lagrangian/intermediateNew/submodels/CloudFunctionObjects/ParticleErosionNew

$> mv ParticleErosion.C ParticleErosionNew.C
$> mv ParticleErosion.H ParticleErosionNew.H
$> sed -i 's/ParticleErosion/ParticleErosionNew/g' ParticleErosionNew.C

$> sed -i 's/ParticleErosion/ParticleErosionNew/g' ParticleErosionNew.H
$> sed -i 's/particleErosion/particleErosionNew/g' ParticleErosionNew.H
```

To introduce this renamed model to the library, we modify the following file,

```
$> nano
$WM_PROJECT_USER_DIR/src/lagrangian/intermediateNew/parcels/include/makeParcelCloudFunctionObjects.H
```

```
$> cd $WM_PROJECT_USER_DIR/src/lagrangian/intermediateNew
```

\$> wclean

\$> wmake libso

So far, we have only changed the name of the erosion model and it has not been modified yet. Different parameters are used in the literature to quantify the local erosion. Here, the erosion depth (thickness), $Er(mm)$, is defined as:

$$Er = \frac{\sum_{impact} (n_p m_p Er_\alpha)}{A_{Cell}}$$

where Er_α is the volume of material removed from the wall surface per unit mass of impacting particle (with impact angle of α). A myriad of empirical correlations have been proposed for estimating Er_α . Here, the model by Oka et al.¹ is used:

¹ Oka, Y., Isomoto, K., Okamura, and T. Yoshida. "Practical estimation of erosion damage caused by solid particle impact: Part 1: Effects of impact parameters on a predictive equation." *Wear* 259.1-6 (2005): 95-101.

Oka, Y. I., and T. Yoshida. "Practical estimation of erosion damage caused by solid particle impact: Part 2: Mechanical properties of materials directly associated with erosion damage." *Wear* 259.1-6 (2005): 102-109.

$$Er_\alpha = g(\alpha)Er_{90}$$

$$g(\alpha) = (\sin \alpha)^{n_1} (1 + H_v(1 - \sin \alpha))^{n_2}$$

$$Er_{90} = K(aH_v)^{k_1 b} \left(\frac{|\mathbf{u}_p|}{u_{\text{ref}}} \right)^{k_2} \left(\frac{d_p}{d_{\text{ref}}} \right)^{k_3}$$

where H_v (GPa) is the wall Vickers hardness number. To develop the above model in OpenFOAM, we modify *ParticleErosionNew.C* and *ParticleErosionNew.H* as follows:

```
$> nano
$WM_PROJECT_USER_DIR/src/lagrangian/intermediateNew/submodels/CloudFunctionObjects/ParticleErosionNew/ParticleErosionNew.C

/*-----*/
=====
\\  / F ield           | OpenFOAM: The Open Source CFD Toolbox
 \\  / O peration        |
 \\  / A nd              | www.openfoam.com
 \\\ M anipulation      |
-----
```

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```
\*/
```

```
#include "ParticleErosionNew.H"

// * * * * * * * * * * * * * Protected Member Functions * * * * * * * */

template<class CloudType>
void Foam::ParticleErosionNew<CloudType>::resetQ()
{
    if (QPtr_)
    {
        QPtr_->primitiveFieldRef() = 0.0;
    }
    else
    {
        const fvMesh& mesh = this->owner().mesh();

        QPtr_.reset
        (
            new volScalarField
            (
                IOobject
                (
                    this->owner().name() + "Q",
                    mesh.time().timeName(),
                    mesh,
                    IOobject::READ_IF_PRESENT,
                    IOobject::NO_WRITE
                ),
                mesh,
                
```

```

                dimensionedScalar(dimVolume, Zero)
            )
        );
    }

template<class CloudType>
Foam::label Foam::ParticleErosionNew<CloudType>::applyToPatch
(
    const label globalPatchi
) const
{
    return patchIDs_.find(globalPatchi);
}

template<class CloudType>
void Foam::ParticleErosionNew<CloudType>::write()
{
    if (QPtr_)
    {
        QPtr_->write();
    }
    else
    {
        FatalErrorInFunction
            << "QPtr not valid" << abort(FatalError);
    }
}

// * * * * * * * * * * Constructors * * * * * * * * * * //

template<class CloudType>
Foam::ParticleErosionNew<CloudType>::ParticleErosionNew
(
    const dictionary& dict,
    CloudType& owner,
    const word& modelName
):
    CloudFunctionObject<CloudType>(dict, owner, modelName, typeName),
    QPtr_(nullptr),
    patchIDs_(),
    n1_(this->coeffDict().template lookupOrDefault<scalar>("n1", 2.0)),
    n2_(this->coeffDict().template lookupOrDefault<scalar>("n1", 2.0)),
    Hv_(this->coeffDict().template lookupOrDefault<scalar>("Hv", 2.9)),
    K_(this->coeffDict().template lookupOrDefault<scalar>("K", 65.0)),
    a_(this->coeffDict().template lookupOrDefault<scalar>("a", 0.333)),
    b_(this->coeffDict().template lookupOrDefault<scalar>("b", 1.0)),
    k1_(this->coeffDict().template lookupOrDefault<scalar>("k1", -0.12)),
    k2_(this->coeffDict().template lookupOrDefault<scalar>("k2", 2.395)),
    k3_(this->coeffDict().template lookupOrDefault<scalar>("k3", 0.19)),
    vPrime_(this->coeffDict().template lookupOrDefault<scalar>("vPrime", 104.0)),
    dPrime_(this->coeffDict().template lookupOrDefault<scalar>("dPrime", 326.0e-6))
{
    const wordList allPatchNames(owner.mesh().boundaryMesh().names());
    const wordRes patchNames
    (
        this->coeffDict().template get<wordRes>("patches")
    );

    labelHashSet uniqIds;
    for (const wordRe& re : patchNames)
    {
        labelList ids = findMatchingStrings(re, allPatchNames);

        if (ids.empty())
        {
            WarningInFunction
                << "Cannot find any patch names matching " << re
                << endl;
        }

        uniqIds.insert(ids);
    }

    patchIDs_ = uniqIds.sortedToc();
}

// Trigger creation of the Q field

```

```

        resetQ();
    }

template<class CloudType>
Foam::ParticleErosionNew<CloudType>::ParticleErosionNew
(
    const ParticleErosionNew<CloudType>& pe
)
:
CloudFunctionObject<CloudType>(pe),
QPtr_(nullptr),
patchIDs_(pe.patchIDs_),
n1_(pe.n1_),
n2_(pe.n2_),
Hv_(pe.Hv_),
K_(pe.K_),
a_(pe.a_),
b_(pe.b_),
k1_(pe.k1_),
k2_(pe.k2_),
k3_(pe.k3_),
vPrime_(pe.vPrime_),
dPrime_(pe.dPrime_)
{}

// * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * Member Functions * * * * * * * * * * * //

template<class CloudType>
void Foam::ParticleErosionNew<CloudType>::preEvolve
(
    const typename parcelType::trackingData& td
)
{
    resetQ();
}

template<class CloudType>
void Foam::ParticleErosionNew<CloudType>::postPatch
(
    const parcelType& p,
    const polyPatch& pp,
    bool&
)
{
    const label patchi = pp.index();

    const label localPatchi = applyToPatch(patchi);

    if (localPatchi != -1)
    {
        vector nw;
        vector Up;

        // patch-normal direction
        this->owner().patchData(p, pp, nw, Up);

        // particle velocity relative to patch
        const vector& U = p.U() - Up;

        // particle diameter
        const scalar& dp = p.d();

        // quick reject if particle travelling away from the patch
        if ((nw & U) < 0)
        {
            return;
        }

        const scalar magU = mag(U);
        const vector Udir = U/magU;

        // determine impact angle, alpha
        const scalar alpha = mathematical::piByTwo - acos(nw & Udir);

        const scalar gAlpha = pow(sin(alpha), n1_)*pow((1.0+Hv_*(1.0-sin(alpha))), n2_); // n1, n2, Hv
// added by Hesam
        const scalar E90 = K_*pow((a_*Hv_), (k1_*b_))*pow((magU/vPrime_), k2_)*pow((dp/dPrime_), k3_);
// K_, a_, k1_, b_, vPrime_, dPrime_
    }
}

```

```

// mesh things
const label patchFacei = pp.whichFace(p.face());
const fvMesh& mesh = this->owner().mesh();
const surfaceScalarField& magSf = mesh.magSf();
scalar area = magSf.boundaryField()[patchi][patchFacei];

scalar& Q = QPtr->boundaryFieldRef()[patchi][patchFacei];
Q += 0.000001*(gAlpha*E90*p.nParticle()*p.mass())/area;
}

// ****

```

\$> nano \$WM_PROJECT_USER_DIR/src/lagrangian/intermediateNew/submodels/CloudFunctionObjects/ParticleErosionNew/ParticleErosionNew.H

```

/*-----*\
=====
 \ / F ield      | OpenFOAM: The Open Source CFD Toolbox
  \ / O peration   |
   \ / A nd        | www.openfoam.com
    \ \ M anipulation |
-----*
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Class
Foam::ParticleErosionNew

Group
grpLagrangianIntermediateFunctionObjects

Description
Creates particle erosion field, Q

SourceFiles
ParticleErosionNew.C

\*-----*/
#ifndef ParticleErosionNew_H
#define ParticleErosionNew_H

#include "CloudFunctionObject.H"
#include "volFields.H"

// * * * * *

```

```

namespace Foam
{
/*-----*\
          Class ParticleErosionNew Declaration
\*-----*/

```

```

template<class CloudType>
class ParticleErosionNew
:

```

```

public CloudFunctionObject<CloudType>
{
    // Private Data

    // Typedefs

        // Convenience typedef for parcel type
        typedef typename CloudType::parcelType parcelType;

        // Particle erosion field
        autoPtr<volScalarField> QPtr_;
```

// List of patch indices to post-process
labelList patchIDs_;

// n1
scalar n1_;

// n2
scalar n2_;

// Hv
scalar Hv_;

// K
scalar K_;

// a
scalar a_;

// b
scalar b_;

// k1
scalar k1_;

// k2
scalar k2_;

// k3
scalar k3_;

// vPrime
scalar vPrime_;

// dPrime
scalar dPrime_;

protected:

// Protected Member Functions

// Create|read|reset the Q field
void resetQ();

// Returns local patchi if patch is in patchIDs_ list
label applyToPatch(**const** label globalPatchi) **const**;

// Write post-processing info
virtual void write();

public:

// Runtime type information
TypeName("particleErosionNew");

// Constructors

// Construct from dictionary
ParticleErosionNew
(
 const dictionary& dict,
 CloudType& owner,
 const word& modelName
) ;

// Construct copy

```

ParticleErosionNew(const ParticleErosionNew<CloudType>& pe);

// Construct and return a clone
virtual autoPtr<CloudFunctionObject<CloudType>> clone() const
{
    return autoPtr<CloudFunctionObject<CloudType>>
    (
        new ParticleErosionNew<CloudType>(*this)
    );
}

// Destructor
virtual ~ParticleErosionNew() = default;

// Member Functions

// Evaluation

// Pre-evolve hook
virtual void preEvolve
(
    const typename parcelType::trackingData& td
);

// Post-patch hook
virtual void postPatch
(
    const parcelType& p,
    const polyPatch& pp,
    bool& keepParticle
);
};

// * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * // 

} // End namespace Foam

// * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * //

#ifndef NoRepository
    #include "ParticleErosionNew.C"
#endif

// * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * //

#endif
// ****

```

Now we can recompile the library and run the simulation with the solver. To consider the new sub-model in the simulation add the following lines the *kinematicCloudProperties*.

```

cloudFunctions
{
    particleErosion1
    {
        type particleErosionNew;
        patches (walls);
    }
}

```

In the image below, you can see the contour of the erosion depth.

