On the maintenance of processing stability and consistency in laser-directed energy deposition via machine learning



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Background

- Deterioration of surface roughness and porosity level caused by asymmetrical blowing of shielding gas.
- Heat accumulation and property variation attributed to use constant process parameter in layer-by-layer deposition.
- Machine learning was adopted as a post process for quality control, while an insitu adjustment of process parameter via machine learning has not been achieved.

Highlights

- Blowing directions of shielding gas affect the processing stability and the properties of specimens.
- > An extra nozzle installed on the back side improves the processing stability.
- Efficient finding of the appropriate flow rate of shielding gas by using a convolutional neural network.
- Maintenance of processing stability and consistency by in-situ parameters adjustment with a convolutional neural network.

Experimental setup







Roughness characterization



_{nax} 1.24 mm

9.43 mm 8.70 7.25 5.80 4.35 2.90 1.45 0.00 3D profile of the back side of thin-wall structures

Improvement of processing stability via an self-developed shielding gas system

Effects of extra shielding gas flow on the properties of thin-wall structures (porosity and roughness)





Maintenance of processing stability via machine learning

Workflow of using the convolutional neural network to Identify processing states and in-situ adjust parameters



Validation of the methodology Parameter optimization



Geometrical and area fluctuation of melt pools

Conclusions

- > By installing an extra shielding gas nozzle, the porosity level and surface roughness can be reduced as it enhances the processing stability.
- The integration of the convolutional neural network and laser-directed energy deposition enables in-situ parameter adjustment, ensuring processing stability and maintaining consistent properties across different layers.

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