AI4EOSC Platform: User's Workshop 2023 - Bratislava, November 2023

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Federated Learning in AI4EOSC

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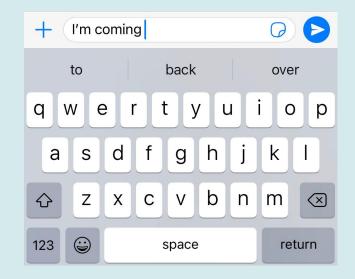


Introduction to Federated Learning

EXAMPLE: Predictive keyboards.

GOAL: use data from different devices to train models that predict the next word.

- Approach 1: collect data from all possible devices and train a Machine/Deep Learning model in the cloud. Predictions are returned to each device. In this case the data has to leave the terminal.
 - → CENTRALIZED APPROACH
- Approach 2: each device trains in local a model with its own data and makes predictions. The data does not leave the terminal. Less data for training the models.
 - → EDGE COMPUTING





Introduction to Federated Learning

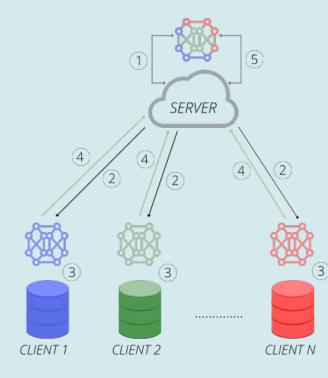
IDEA: Data decentralization.

- Data does not leave the device/center that generates it.
- SERVER-CLIENT structure. The server or one client creates the model that will train each client locally with its own data.
- The clients only send to the server the parameters obtained after training the model.
- The server aggregates the weights obtained for the model by each client and updates the initial model.
- It can be seen as a special type of DML.
- Potential clients must be identified, and it must be ensured that they have sufficient and quality data.

Federated Learning: collaborative and decentralized approach to Machine Learning.



Federated Learning (schema)



(1) **SERVER:** creates the model to be trained locally by each client.

(2) SERVER: transmits the model to the clients.

(3) CLIENT: each of them trains the model with its local data.

(4) CLIENT: each of them sends the local parameters to the server.

(5) SERVER: aggregates the weights of each client using an aggregation operator and updates the model.

Repeats the process from step 2.



Federated Learning vs Centralized approach

- Security and privacy are ensured: data are not shared.
- Reduced communication costs.
- Weights are transferred instead of data.
- Compressing the matrix of numbers that define a model saves bandwidth.
- Greater energy savings.
- Lower computational cost.
- Lower latency.

NOTE: clients can be intermittent (some disappear and new ones enter the training).



Types of Federated Learning

Cross-device FL:

In this Federated Learning approach, the clients are a large number of devices that store sensitive information from different people or entities. *Example: predictive keyboards*.

Cross-silo FL:

In this Federated Learning approach, the clients are not devices, but, for example, hospitals, banks, universities, governmental institutions, etc. Likewise, these institutions do not want/cannot share their data with each other or with a central server, so FL is applied. *Example: medical imaging*.



Types of Federated Learning

Horizontal FL:

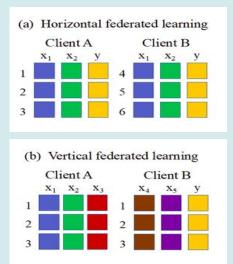
It is the most intuitive and common case. It consists of considering the data of all clients with the same features, for example, in the case of structured data, the data of all the clients will all have the same columns.

Vertical FL:

In this case the different clients have data with different characteristics, but with the same identifier. For example, is the case of several institutions which have data from the same users, but each of them has information about different characteristics. Note that the number of clients will be lower than in the previous case.



Types of Federated Learning



Source: Chen, Shaoqi, et al. "FL-QSAR: a federated learning-based QSAR prototype for collaborative drug discovery." Bioinformatics 36.22-23 (2020): 5492-5498.

Original Table				
CUSTOMER ID	FIRST NAME	LAST NAME	СІТҮ	
1	Alice	Anderson	Austin	
2	Bob	Best	Boston	
3	Carrie	Conway	Chicago	
4	David	Doe	Denver	

Vertical Shards

	VS1	VS2			
CUSTOMER ID	FIRST NAME	LAST NAME	CUSTOMER ID	СІТҮ	
1	Alice	Anderson	1	Austin	
2	Bob	Best	2	Boston	
3	Carrie	Conway	3	Chicago	
4	David	Doe	4	Denver	

Horizontal Shards

		151			
CUSTOMER ID	FIRST NAME	LAST NAME	СІТҮ		
1	Alice	Anderson	Austin		
2	2 Bob Best				
	ŀ	IS2			
CUSTOMER ID	FIRST NAME	LAST NAME	СІТҮ		
3	Carrie	Conway	Chicago		
4	David	Doe	Denver		

Source: https://hazelcast.com/glossary/sharding/



GOAL: classify chest X-Ray images according to whether or not the patient has pneumonia.

We divide the initial train data into 3 clients. Stratified train-test random split: 75% train, 25% test

	Train	Test
Client 1	1050	350
Client 2	1800	600
Client 3	1062	350

Model: multi-layer convolutional network implemented using keras.

PNEUMONIA

NORMAL



PNEUMONIA





PNEUMONIA

NORMAL



NORMAL





Login in the dashboard (<u>https://dashboard.cloud.ai4eosc.eu/</u>) using EGI check-in.

Create the Federated server:

Al4 OCOSC				
Dashboard	Marketplace 및	Federated learning server	Build status sould passing	License Created Apache 2.0 2023-06-28
Marketplace Deployments	Modules Tools	Federated learning server deployed using <u>Flower</u> .		Categories • docker • api-v2
Other links 🖾	Federated learning server Federated learning server with Flower			Additional Resources Get the code ♀ Dockerhub
Identity and Access				Get the data
Project page				Launch tool



Cho you

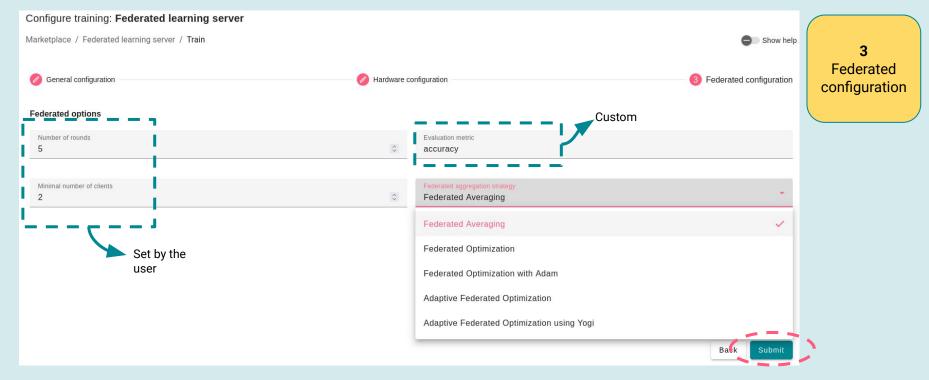
Configure training: Federated learning server Marketplace / Federated learning server / Train			Show help	1 General
1 General configuration	- 2 Hardwar	e configuration	3 Federated configuration	configuration
Deployment options				
Deployment title* fl-server-chestXray		Deployment description FL server for the demo using Chest X Ray data		
Service to run Fedserver Jupyter Vscode	Ø	Custom domain		
Federated secret 70a4d2bce48160d47c2c23d5caa67963f4c5efb90c34c6bf87aa455e33a59c74	Q			
Docker options				
Docker Image deephdc/deep-oc-federated-server		Docker tag Cpu	*	
			Quick submit Next	



Configure training: Federated learning server Marketplace / Federated learning server / Train			Show help	2
🧭 General configuration	2 Hardware	configuration	Federated configuration	Hardware configuration
Hardware options				
Number of CPUs 1	0	RAM memory (in MB) 2000	٢	
Disk memory (in MB) 1000	\$			









Tool deployment detail 🕅					
			💭 File Edit View	Run Kernel Ta	bs Settings Help
			H + H	± c	♥ README.md X +
fl-server-chestXray	status running		Filter files by na Filter files by na / federated-ser Name	ver / Last Modified	Federated Learning Server
			fedserver	2 months ago 2 months ago	kulit pasang
Docker image	Description		♣ D Jenkinsfile	2 months ago	Federated learning server with flower.
			LICENSE ♣ README.md	2 months ago 2 months ago	Summary: deploys a federated learning server to train machine/deep learning models on different clients following a federated learning architecture. Customization is allowed for the number of rounds the training is performed, the aggregation strategy used, the minimum number of clients, and the error metric to be used (aggregated) as validation.
deephdc/deep-oc-federated-server:cpu	FL server for the demo using Chest X Ray data		requireme setup.cfg	2 months ago 2 months ago	Launching the federated learning server:
	Guto		setup.org	2 months ago	git clone https://github.com/deephdc/federated-server
			D test-requir	2 months ago 2 months ago	cd federated-server
Creation time (UTC)	Deployment ID		🗅 tox.ini	2 months ago	pip install -e . python3 fedserver/server.py
2000 10 00 05 10 00	a629fd32-6f14-11ee-a8b5-0242ac110002				Possible aggregation strategies introduced as FEDERATED_STRATECY (see the implementation given in flower strategies):
2023-10-20 06:48:22	a6291032-6114-1166-a6b5-0242ac110002				Federated average: 'Yed_avg': [1]
					FedProx strategy, Ted_prox*[2] Adaptive Federated Optimization using Adam: Yed_adam*[3]
Resources	Endpoints				• Federated Optim strategy: 'fed_opt*[3]
Resources	Endpoints				• Adaptive Federated Optimization using Yog: "fed_uog/"[3]
					The associated Docker container for this module can be found in https://github.com/deephdc/DEEP-OC-federated-server. We provide some client examples as a quide for users. Users will need to adapt the usuid and the endpoint in those samples to point to their deployed Federated server.
CPU freq. in MHZ: 2593	FEDSERVER				
Number of CPUs: 1	FI IDE				🚀 Getting started
Number of CPUs: 1	Z IDE				1. Deploy a federated server using the A4EDSC dashboard (this is a tool inside the marketplace).
Disk memory: 1000					 General configuration: Give a name and description to the deployment. In service to run select fedserver. Save the federated secret displayed. Hardware configuration: Select the number of CPUs you want, the CB of RAM and disk. Remember that you are deploying the server, which will not run ML/DL models.
Disk memory. 1000					 rederated configuration: Set the number of rounds of the referrated learning scheme, the minimum number of clients, the aggregation function, and the error/precision measurement metric (e.g. accuracy). Once you have deployed the referrated server; if will appear in your deployment it is at a soil. In the tool's information, you can get the Beyloyment. This at a soil. In the tool's information, you can get the Beyloyment it is at a soil. In the tool's information, you can get the Beyloyment. This at a soil. In the tool's information, you can get the Beyloyment. This at a soil. In the tool's information, you can get the Beyloyment it is at a soil. In the tool's information, you can get the Beyloyment. This at a soil. In the tool's information, you can get the Beyloyment. This at a soil. In the tool's information, you can get the Beyloyment. This at a soil. In the tool's information, you can get the Beyloyment. This at a soil. In the tool's information, you can get the Beyloyment. This at a soil. In the tool's information, you can get the Beyloyment. This at a soil. In the tool's information, you can get the Beyloyment. This at a soil. In the tool's information, you can get the Beyloyment. This at a soil. In the tool's information, you can get the Beyloyment. This at a soil. In the tool's information, you can get the Beyloyment. This at a soil. In the tool's information, you can get the Beyloyment. This at a soil. In the tool's information, you can get the Beyloyment. This at a soil. In the tool's information, you can get the Beyloyment. The soil soil at the tool's information at the soil at the Beyloyment. The soil at the soil at the soil at the soil at the Beyloyment is at a soil at the soil at tool's information at the soil at the Beyloyment is at a soil at the soil at the soil at the soil at the Beyloyment is at a soil at the soil at tool's information at the Beyloyment is at a soil at the Beyloyment is at a soil at the soil at the soil
Number of GPUs: 0					3. Each client of the scheme must enter the endpoint to the server as: fedserver - {uuid}. deployments.cloud.ai4eosc.eu. To create the client you can follow the example presented using MNIST. 4. Execute locally the code of each client to start the federated training.
		-			References
RAM memory: 2000					Reletences
	Ok				We are ready for starting the FL server!



Create the 3 clients in 3 different machines:

	Instance Name	Image Name	IP Address	Flavor	Key Pair	Status		Avail	ability Zone	Task	Power State
D	client2_fl	IFCA Ubuntu 20.04 [2023-05-31]	172.16.82.10, 193.146.75.197	cm14-compute-4	key-judith	Active	-	nova		None	Running
	client1_fl	IFCA Ubuntu 20.04 [2023-05-31]	172.16.82.105, 193.146.75.87	cm14-compute-4	key-judith	Active	mî.	nova		None	Running
	Instance Name	Image Name	IP Address	Flavor	Key Pair		Status		Availability Zone	Task	Power State
D	client3_fl	IFCA Ubuntu 20.04 [2023-05-31]	172.16.14.195, 193.146.75.238	cm14-compute-4	key-judith		Active	n,	nova	None	Running



Client 1

Create the 3 clients in 3 different machines:

judith@Latitude:~\$ ssh ubuntu@193.146.75.87 Welcome to Ubuntu 20.04.6 LTS (GNU/Linux 5.4.0-149-generic x86 64)

* Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com * Management: https://landscape.canonical.com * Support: https://ubuntu.com/advantage

System information as of Fri Oct 20 07:11:30 UTC 2023

 System
 load:
 0.05
 Processes:
 133

 Usage of /:
 32.7% of 19.20GB
 Users logged in:
 0

 Memory usage:
 5%
 IPv4 address for ens3:
 172.16.82.105

 Swap usage:
 0%

* Strictly confined Kubernetes makes edge and IoT secure. Learn how MicroK8s just raised the bar for easy, resilient and secure K8s cluster deployment.

https://ubuntu.com/engage/secure-kubernetes-at-the-edge

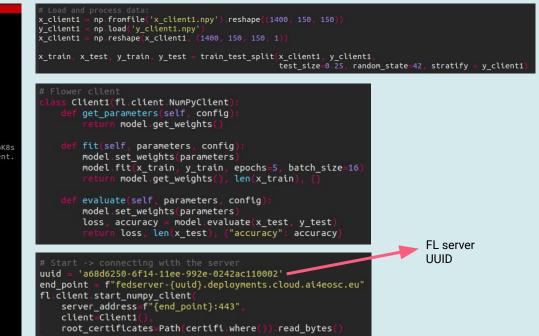
Expanded Security Maintenance for Applications is not enabled.

0 updates can be applied immediately.

Enable ESM Apps to receive additional future security updates. See https://ubuntu.com/esm or run: sudo pro status

New release '22.04.3 LTS' available. Run 'do-release-upgrade' to upgrade to it.

*** System restart required ***
Last login: Fri Oct 20 07:10:58 2023 from 193.144.210.100
ubuntu@client1-fl:~{s cd client1_chestxray/
ubuntu@client1-fl:~/client1_chestxray\$ ls
client1.py x_client1.npy
ubuntu@client1-fl:~/client1_chestxray\$





Client 2

Create the 3 clients in 3 different machines:

judith@Latitude:~\$ ssh ubuntu@193.146.75.197 Welcome to Ubuntu 20.04.6 LTS (GNU/Linux 5.4.0-149-generic x86 64)

* Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com * Management: https://landscape.canonical.com * Support: https://ubuntu.com/advantage

System information as of Fri Oct 20 07:27:59 UTC 2023

 System load:
 0.0
 Processes:
 131

 Usage of /:
 28.7% of 19.20GB
 Users logged in:
 0

 Memory usage:
 5%
 IPv4 address for ens3:
 172.16.82.10

 Swap usage:
 0%

* Strictly confined Kubernetes makes edge and IoT secure. Learn how MicroK8s just raised the bar for easy, resilient and secure K8s cluster deployment.

https://ubuntu.com/engage/secure-kubernetes-at-the-edge

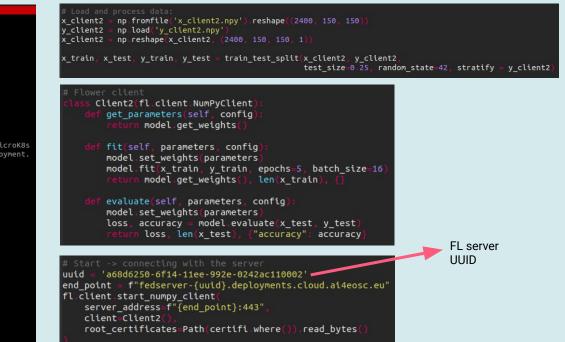
Expanded Security Maintenance for Applications is not enabled.

44 updates can be applied immediately. To see these additional updates run: apt list --upgradable

Enable ESM Apps to receive additional future security updates. See https://ubuntu.com/esm or run: sudo pro status

New release '22.04.3 LTS' available. Run 'do-release-upgrade' to upgrade to it.

*** System restart required ***
Last login: Fri Oct 20 07:27:42 2023 from 193.144.210.100
ubuntu@client2-fl:-> cd client2_chestxray/
ubuntu@client2-fl:-> client2_chestxray\$ ls
client2.py x_client2.npy y_client2.npy
ubuntu@client2-fl:-> client2_chestxray\$





Client 3

Create the 3 clients in 3 different machines:

8

judith@Latitude:~\$ ssh ubuntu@193.146.75.238
Welcome to Ubuntu 20.04.6 LTS (GNU/Linux 5.4.0-149-generic x86_64)

* Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com * Management: https://landscape.canonical.com * Support: https://ubuntu.com/advantage

System information as of Fri Oct 20 07:01:36 UTC 2023

 System load:
 0.0
 Processes:
 134

 Usage of /:
 29.3% of 19.20GB
 Users logged in:
 0

 Memory usage:
 5%
 IPv4 address for ens3:
 172.16.14.195

 Swap usage:
 0%

* Strictly confined Kubernetes makes edge and IoT secure. Learn how MicroK8s just raised the bar for easy, resilient and secure K8s cluster deployment.

https://ubuntu.com/engage/secure-kubernetes-at-the-edge

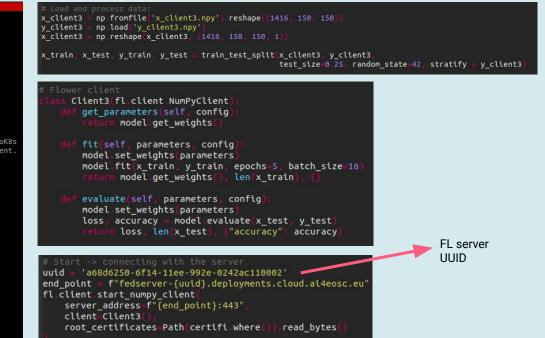
Expanded Security Maintenance for Applications is not enabled.

44 updates can be applied immediately. To see these additional updates run: apt list --upgradable

Enable ESM Apps to receive additional future security updates. See https://ubuntu.com/esm or run: sudo pro status

New release '22.04.3 LTS' available. Run 'do-release-upgrade' to upgrade to it.

*** System restart required ***
Last login: Fri Oct 20 07:01:04 2023 from 193.144.210.100
ubuntu@client3-fl:-/client3_chestxray/
ubuntu@client3-fl:-/client3_chestxray\$ ls
client3.py x_client3.npy y_client3.npy
ubuntu@client3-fl:-/client3_chestxray\$





Model to be trained (same for the three clients)

```
model = Sequential
                              strides = 1 ,
model.add(Conv2D(32 . (3.3)
                                            padding
                                                       'same'
                                                               activation = 'relu'
                                                                                      input shape
                                                                                                     150,150,1)
model add BatchNormalization
model.add(MaxPooling2D((2,2)
                                             padding
                               strides = 2
                                                        'same'
model.add(Conv2D(64 . (3.3) .
                              strides = 1 , padding =
                                                       'same'
                                                               activation = 'relu'
model.add(Dropout(0.2)
model.add(BatchNormalization(
model.add(MaxPooling2D((2,2)
                                             padding
                               strides = 2
                                                        'same'
model.add(Conv2D(64 . (3.3)
                              strides = 1 .
                                            padding
                                                       'same'
                                                                activation = 'relu'
model add BatchNormalization
model.add(MaxPooling2D((2,2)
                               strides = 2
                                             padding
                                                        'same'
model.add(Conv2D(128 . (3.3)
                               strides = 1
                                             padding
                                                        'same'
                                                                activation = 'relu'
model add (Dropout(0.2)
model.add(BatchNormalization
model.add(MaxPooling2D((2,2)
                               strides = 2
                                             padding
                                                        'same'
model.add(Conv2D(256 . (3.3)
                               strides = 1
                                             padding
                                                                activation = 'relu'
                                                        'same'
model add(Dropout(0.5
model add (BatchNormalization)
model add(MaxPooling2D((2,2)).
                               strides = 2 .
                                             padding
                                                        'same'
model.add(Flatten
model.add(Dense(128 . activation = 'relu'
model add(Dropout(0.5)
model add(Dense(units = 1 , activation =
                                          'sigmoid'
model compile(optimizer = 'adam', loss = 'binary crossentropy',
                                                                  metrics
                                                                            ['accuracy']
model summarv
```



After performing the federated training, each client use it to predict in the test split.

We show some error metrics.

Example with the first client:

```
= 'a68d6250-6f14-11ee-992e-0242ac110002'
uuid
end_point = f"fedserver-{uuid}.deployments.cloud.ai4eosc.eu"
fl client start numpy client
    server address=f"{end point}:443"
    client=Client1
    root certificates=Path(certifi.where()).read bytes(
score = model.evaluate(x_test, y_test)
pred = model.predict(x test)
fpr, tpr, _ = metrics.roc_curve(y_test, pred
    = metrics.auc(fpr, tpr)
auc
      f'CLIENT 1: Test loss: {score[0]} / Test accuracy: {score[1]} / Test AUC: {auc}'
plt_figure(1)
plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], 'k--')
plt plot(fpr, tpr, label='AUC = {:.3f}'.format(auc)
plt.xlabel('False positive rate'
plt.ylabel('True positive rate'
plt title f'ROC curve. Client 1'
plt.legend(loc='best'
plt_savefig(f"roc_client1.png"
```



PERFORM THE FEDERATED TRAINING:

1. Start the federated server:

root@c59b3d179e32:/srv# cd federated-server/fedserver root@c59b3d179e32:/srv/federated-server/fedserver# python3 server.py INF0 flwr 2023-10-20 07:48:47,668 | app.py:162 | Starting Flower server, config: ServerConfig(num_rounds=10, round_timeout=None) INF0 flwr 2023-10-20 07:48:47,680 | app.py:175 | Flower ECE: gRPC server running (10 rounds), SSL is disabled INF0 flwr 2023-10-20 07:48:47,680 | server.py:89 | Initializing global parameters INF0 flwr 2023-10-20 07:48:47,680 | server.py:276 | Requesting initial parameters from one random client



PERFORM THE FEDERATED TRAINING:

- 1. Start the federated server.
- 2. Start the clients:

Example with client 1:

(.venv) ubuntu@client1-fl:~/client1_chestxray\$ source .venv/bin/activate
(.venv) ubuntu@client1-fl:~/client1_chestxray\$ python3 client1.py

INFO flwr 2023-10-20 07:49:02,970 grpc.py:46 Opened secure gRPC connection using certificates	Client side
DEBUG flwr 2023-10-20 07:49:02,974 connection.py:39 ChannelConnectivity.IDLE	
DEBUG flwr 2023-10-20 07:49:02,974 connection.py:39 ChannelConnectivity.CONNECTING	1
DEBUG flwr 2023-10-20 07:49:03,250 connection.py:39 ChannelConnectivity.READY	1

INFO flwr 2023-10-20 07:48:47,668 | app.py:162 | Starting Flower server, config: ServerConfig(num_rounds=10, round_timeout=None) INFO flwr 2023-10-20 07:48:47,680 | app.py:175 | Flower ECE: gRPC server running (10 rounds), SSL is disabled INFO flwr 2023-10-20 07:48:47,680 | server.py:89 | Initializing global parameters INFO flwr 2023-10-20 07:48:47,680 | server.py:276 | Requesting initial parameters from one random client INFO flwr 2023-10-20 07:49:03,357 | server.py:280 | Received initial parameters from one random client INFO flwr 2023-10-20 07:49:03,357 | server.py:91 | Evaluating initial parameters INFO flwr 2023-10-20 07:49:03,357 | server.py:104 | FL starting



ients (out of 2) 0 failures (out of 2) lures ients (out of 2) 0 failures (out of 2) lures ients (out of 2) 0 failures (out of 2)

app.py:162 | Starting Flower server, config: ServerConfig(num_rounds=10, round timeout=None

app.py:175 | Flower ECE: gRPC server running (10 rounds), SSL is disabled

DEMO: Federated Learning in AI4EOSC

INF0 flwr 2023-10-20 07:48:47,668

flwr 2023-10-20 07:48:47,680

PERFORM THE FEDERATED TRAINING:

- 1 Start the federated server.
- 2. Start the clients:
 - Start client 1
 - Start client 2

	2111 0 1 201 20 20 20 011101 11 1000	server ipjres and carding grobat parameters
	INFO flwr 2023-10-20 07:48:47,680	server.py:276 Requesting initial parameters from one random client
	INFO flwr 2023-10-20 07:49:03,357	server.py:280 Received initial parameters from one random client
	INFO flwr 2023-10-20 07:49:03,357	server.py:91 Evaluating initial parameters
Comuce side (normal 1)	INFO flwr 2023-10-20 07:49:03,357	server.py:104 FL starting
Server side (round 4)	DEBUG flwr 2023-10-20 07:51:32,772	server.py:222 fit_round 1: strategy sampled 2 clients (out of 2)
	DEBUG flwr 2023-10-20 07:52:26,227	<pre>server.py:236 fit_round 1 received 2 results and 0 failures</pre>
	WARNING flwr 2023-10-20 07:52:26,2	75 fedavg.py:242 No fit_metrics_aggregation_fn provided
	DEBUG flwr 2023-10-20 07:52:26,276	server.py:173 evaluate_round 1: strategy sampled 2 clients (out of
	DEBUG flwr 2023-10-20 07:52:27,527	<pre>server.py:187 evaluate_round 1 received 2 results and 0 failures</pre>
	DEBUG flwr 2023-10-20 07:52:27,527	<pre> server.py:222 fit_round 2: strategy sampled 2 clients (out of 2)</pre>
	DEBUG flwr 2023-10-20 07:53:20,754	<pre>server.py:236 fit_round 2 received 2 results and 0 failures</pre>
	DEBUG flwr 2023-10-20 07:53:20,783	server.py:173 evaluate_round 2: strategy sampled 2 clients (out of
	DEBUG flwr 2023-10-20 07:53:21,828	<pre> server.py:187 evaluate_round 2 received 2 results and 0 failures</pre>
	DEBUG flwr 2023-10-20 07:53:21,828	<pre>server.py:222 fit_round 3: strategy sampled 2 clients (out of 2)</pre>
	DEBUG flwr 2023-10-20 07:54:13,985	<pre>server.py:236 fit_round 3 received 2 results and 0 failures</pre>
	DEBUG flwr 2023-10-20 07:54:14,019	server.py:173 evaluate_round 3: strategy sampled 2 clients (out of
	DEBUG flwr 2023-10-20 07:54:14,996	<pre>server.py:187 evaluate_round 3 received 2 results and 0 failures</pre>
	DEBUG flwr 2023-10-20 07:54:14,996	
	DEBUG flwr 2023-10-20 07:55:06,559	server.py:236 fit round 4 received 2 results and 0 failures

20 07.48.47 680 | server pv:89 | Initializing global parameters



PERFORM THE FEDERATED TRAINING:

- 1. Start the federated server.
- 2. Start the clients:
 - Start client 1
 - Start client 2
 - Start client 3 later (e.g. after 4 rounds)

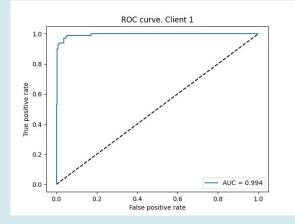
Server side	DEBUG flwr 2023-10-20 07:54:14,996 DEBUG flwr 2023-10-20 07:55:06,559	server.py:236	fit_round 4 received 2 results and 0 failures
1	DEBUG flwr 2023-10-20 07:55:06,586		
	DEBUG flwr 2023-10-20 07:55:08,357	server.py:187	evaluate_round 4 received 3 results and 0 failures
	DEBUG flwr 2023-10-20 07:55:08,358	1.2	
	DEBUG flwr 2023-10-20 07:56:00,082	server.py:236	에는 그 이렇게 <mark>~~~~ 있는</mark> 것은 것은 것 같은 것 같은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것을 하는 것은 것을 다 있다. 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것을 다 있는 것을 하는 것이다. ㅠㅠㅠㅠㅠㅠㅠㅠㅠ
	DEBUG flwr 2023-10-20 07:56:00,130		
	DEBUG flwr 2023-10-20 07:56:01,194	server.py:187	evaluate_round 5 received 3 results and 0 failures
	DEBUG flwr 2023-10-20 07:56:01,194	1 1 2	
	DEBUG flwr 2023-10-20 07:56:52,889		
	DEBUG flwr 2023-10-20 07:56:52,934	1	
	DEBUG flwr 2023-10-20 07:56:53,950		evaluate_round 6 received 3 results and 0 failures
	DEBUG flwr 2023-10-20 07:56:53,950	server.py:222	fit_round 7: strategy sampled 3 clients (out of 3)



Results for each client after completing the federated training:

CLIENT 1: Test loss: 0.17493936419487 / Test accuracy: 0.9657142758369446 / Test AUC: 0.99436 CLIENT 2: Test loss: 0.06348654627799988 / Test accuracy: 0.9800000190734863 / Test AUC: 0.99896 CLIENT 3: Test loss: 0.5466659665107727 / Test accuracy: 0.9067796468734741 / Test AUC: 0.9860646034162015

Example ROC for client 1:





Conclusions

- An example of federated learning has been carried out using the AI4EOSC platform.
- Jupyter notebook has been used as IDE, but fedserver or visual studio code could be used.
- Three clients have been considered (from a *medical imaging use case*), the third of them intermittent, since it enters the training later than the other two.
- These three clients were distributed on three different cloud machines.
- Robust results in terms of accuracy and AUC were obtained for the test sets of the three clients.
- Work under development:
 - Use the *federated secret* (token) for authentication. Already deployed using call credentials in gRPC (<u>https://github.com/AI4EOSC/flower/tree/develop</u>). Discussion already opened in flower (<u>https://github.com/orgs/adap/discussions/1487</u>)
 - Uses cases including differential privacy medical imaging use case.
 - AI4EOSC use cases: working with data from UC1.



NOTE: If gRPC server is running behind a load balancer (as in our case, <u>Traefik</u>), clients may not be able to connect. Flower is using the peer() method from grpc.ServicerContext in order to identify unique flower clients. However, in some situations (like when running the gRPC server behind a load balancer or proxy) different clients can have the same peer identifier (i.e. the same IP:PORT), as HTTP/2 connections are multiplexed. We have opened an issue and implemented our own version of the library changing this issue:<u>https://github.com/AI4EOSC/flower/commit/b215d9f3cce1ad8806e296db4fe105a8</u> <u>b7f5c6c9</u>





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Thank you for your attention!

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