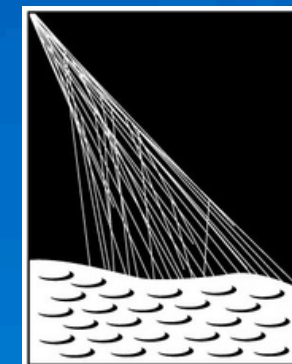




Funded by
the European Union



European Research Council
Established by the European Commission



PIERRE
AUGER
OBSERVATORY

Radio interferometric air shower reconstruction at the Pierre Auger Observatory

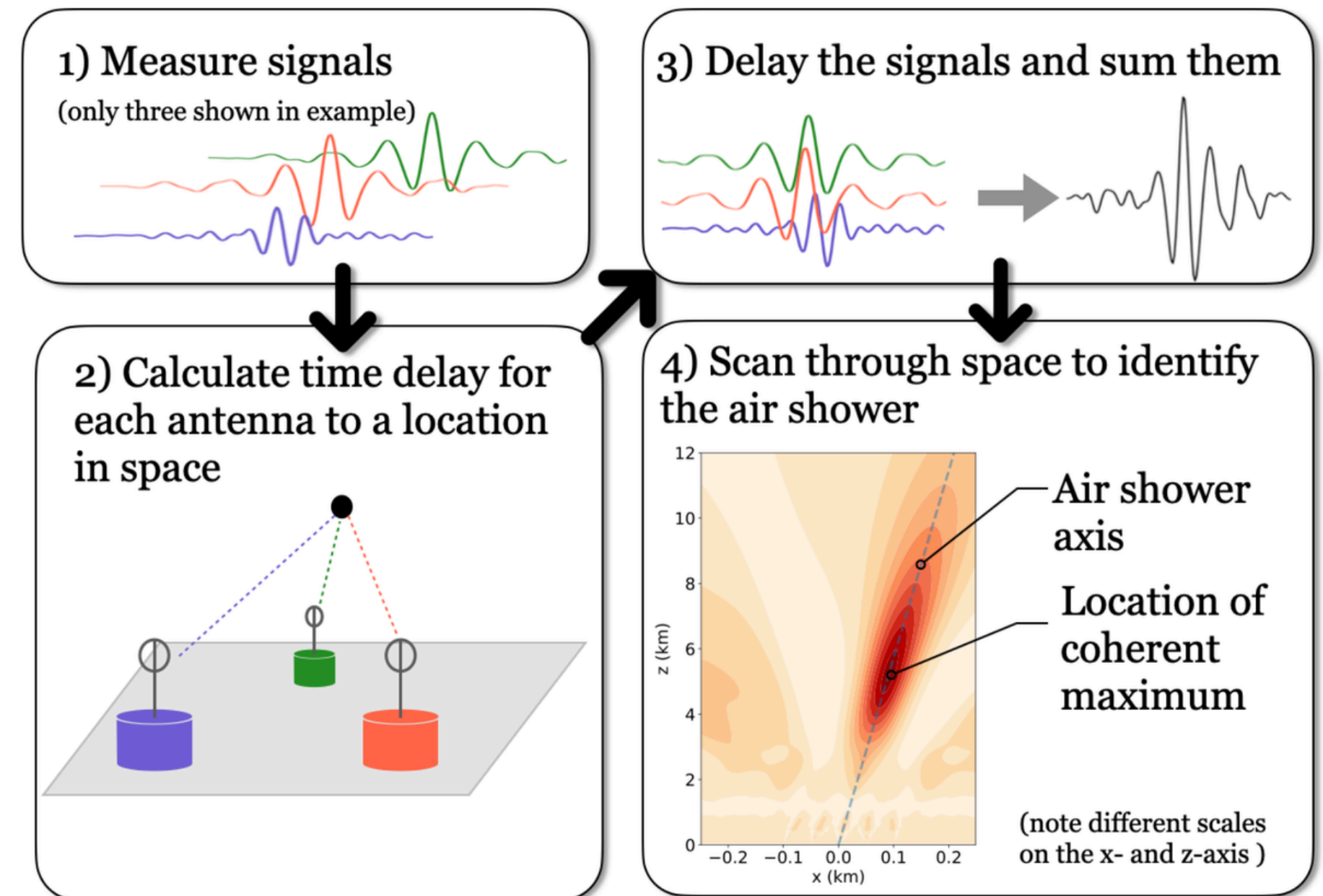


Pim van Dillen, for the Pierre Auger Collaboration



Radio Interferometry Technique (RIT)

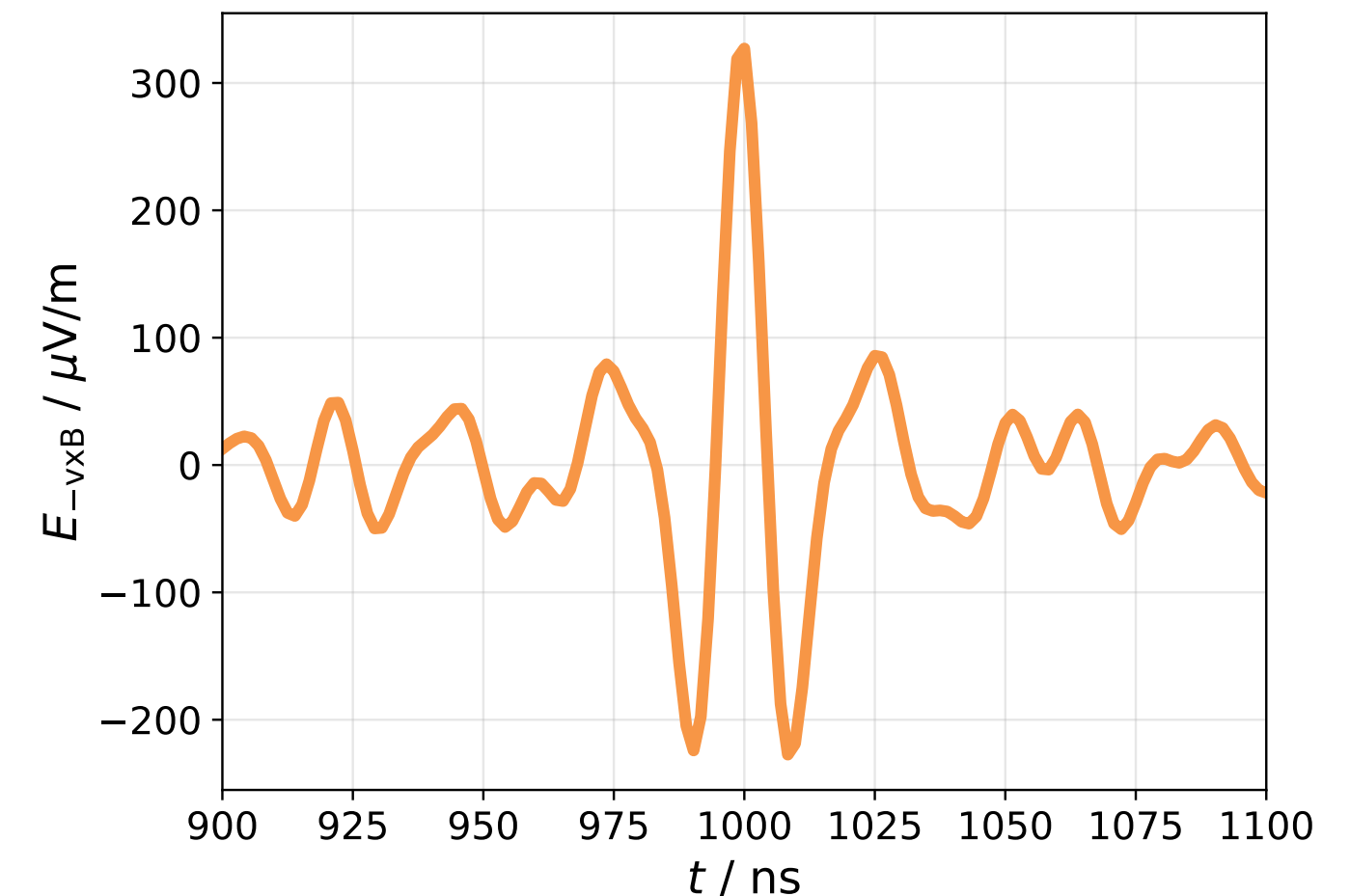
- Reconstruct air showers initiated by ultra-high-energy cosmic rays
- Combine the individual waveforms by exploiting the relative time difference
- Very accurate timing of the signal needed
~ **1 ns**
 - Clock synchronisation
 - Positional accuracy (< 30 cm)



DOI: 10.22323/1.444.0380

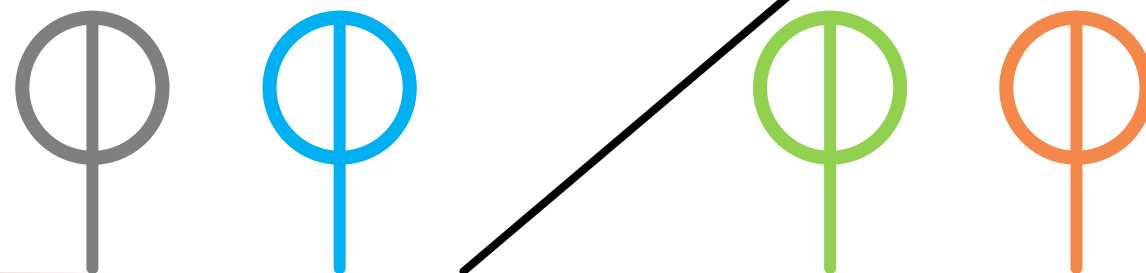
Air Shower Interferometric Reconstruction Algorithm¹

- Input:
 - Single waveform:
 - Projection on $-\mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{B}$
 - Initial guess:
 - Surface detector reconstruction



Air Shower Interferometric Reconstruction Algorithm¹

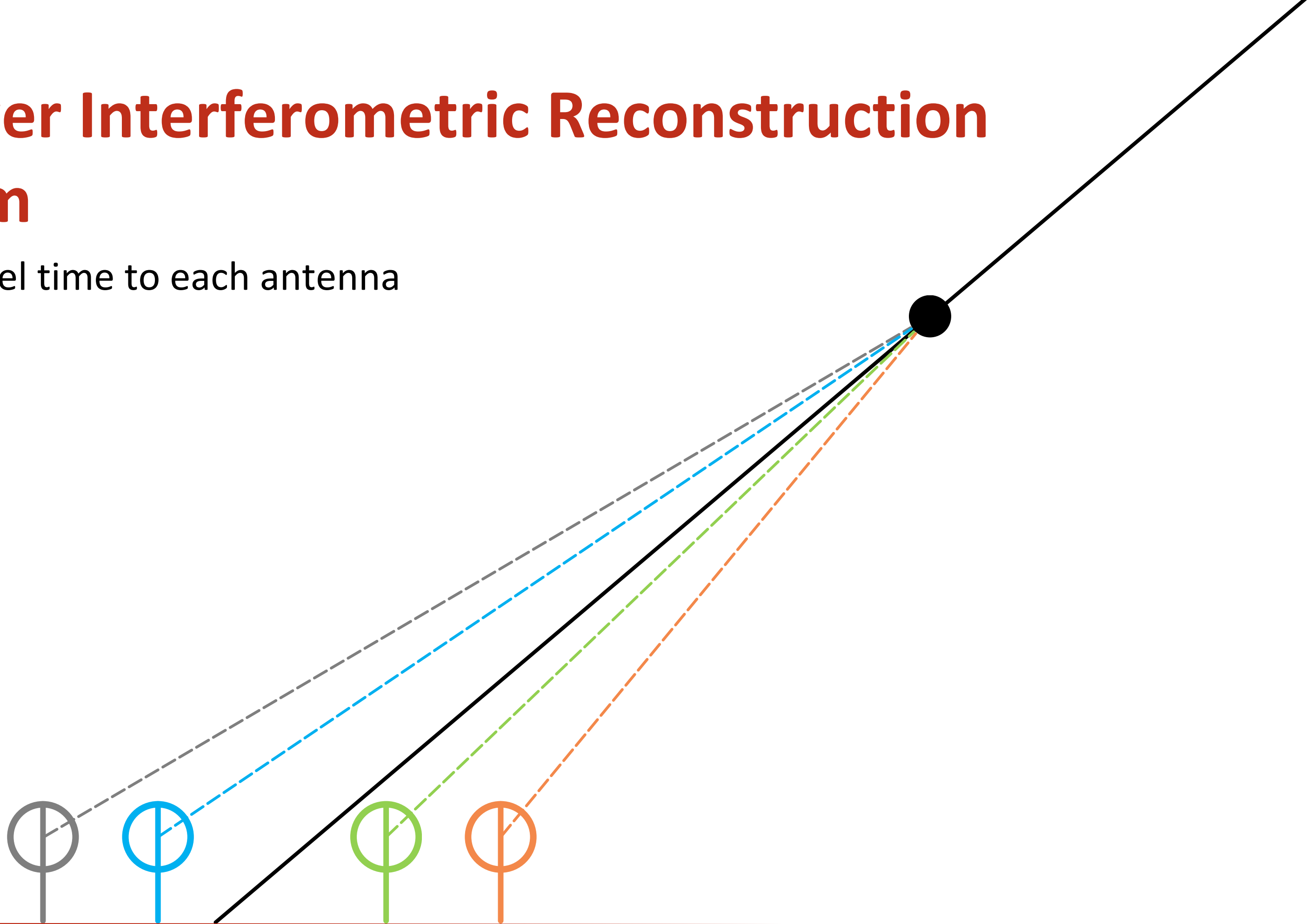
- Input:
 - Single waveform:
 - Projection on $-\mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{B}$
 - Initial guess:
 - Surface detector reconstruction



SD axis

Air Shower Interferometric Reconstruction Algorithm

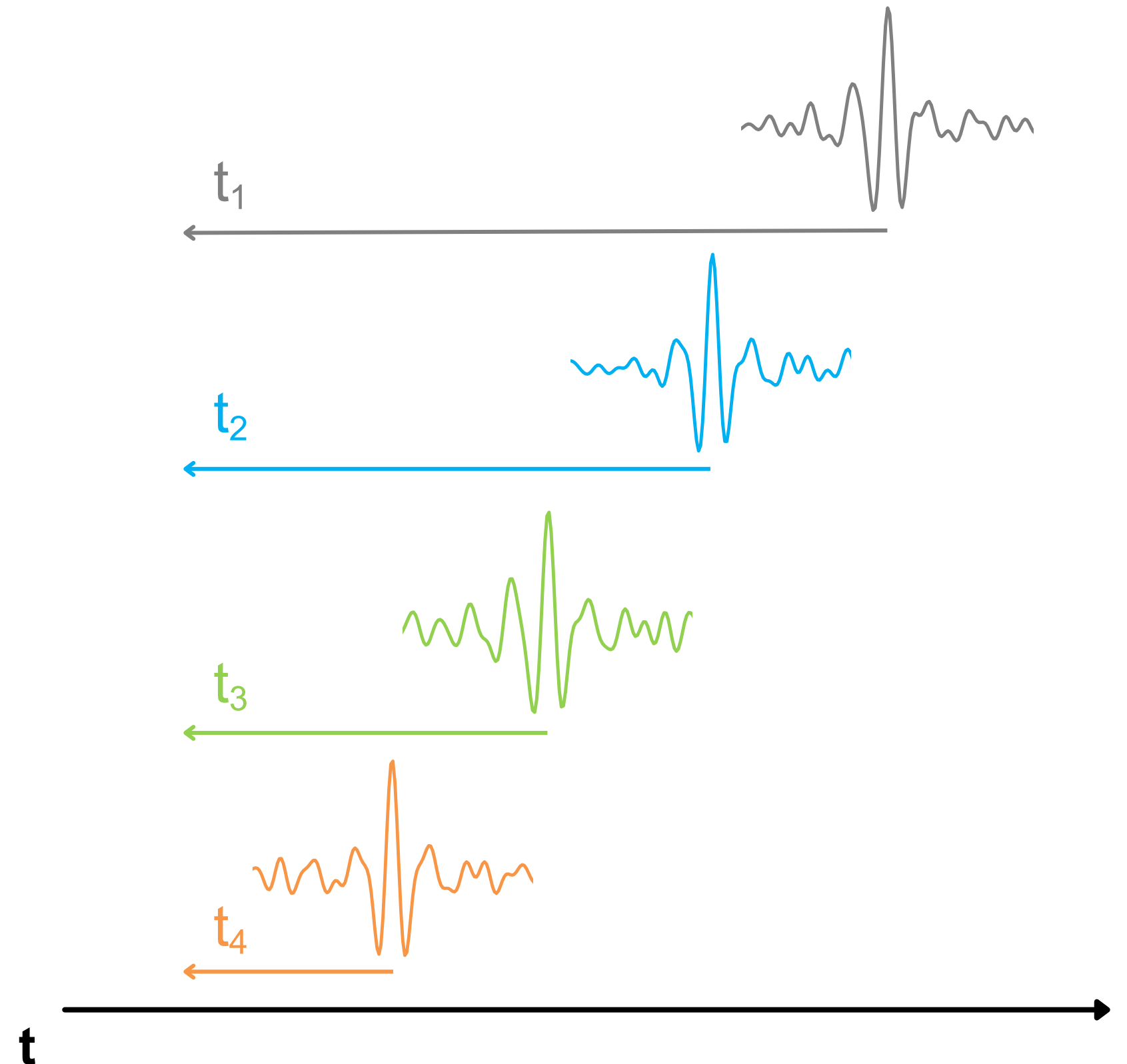
- Calculate travel time to each antenna
- t_1 , t_2 , t_3 , t_4



Air Shower Interferometric Reconstruction

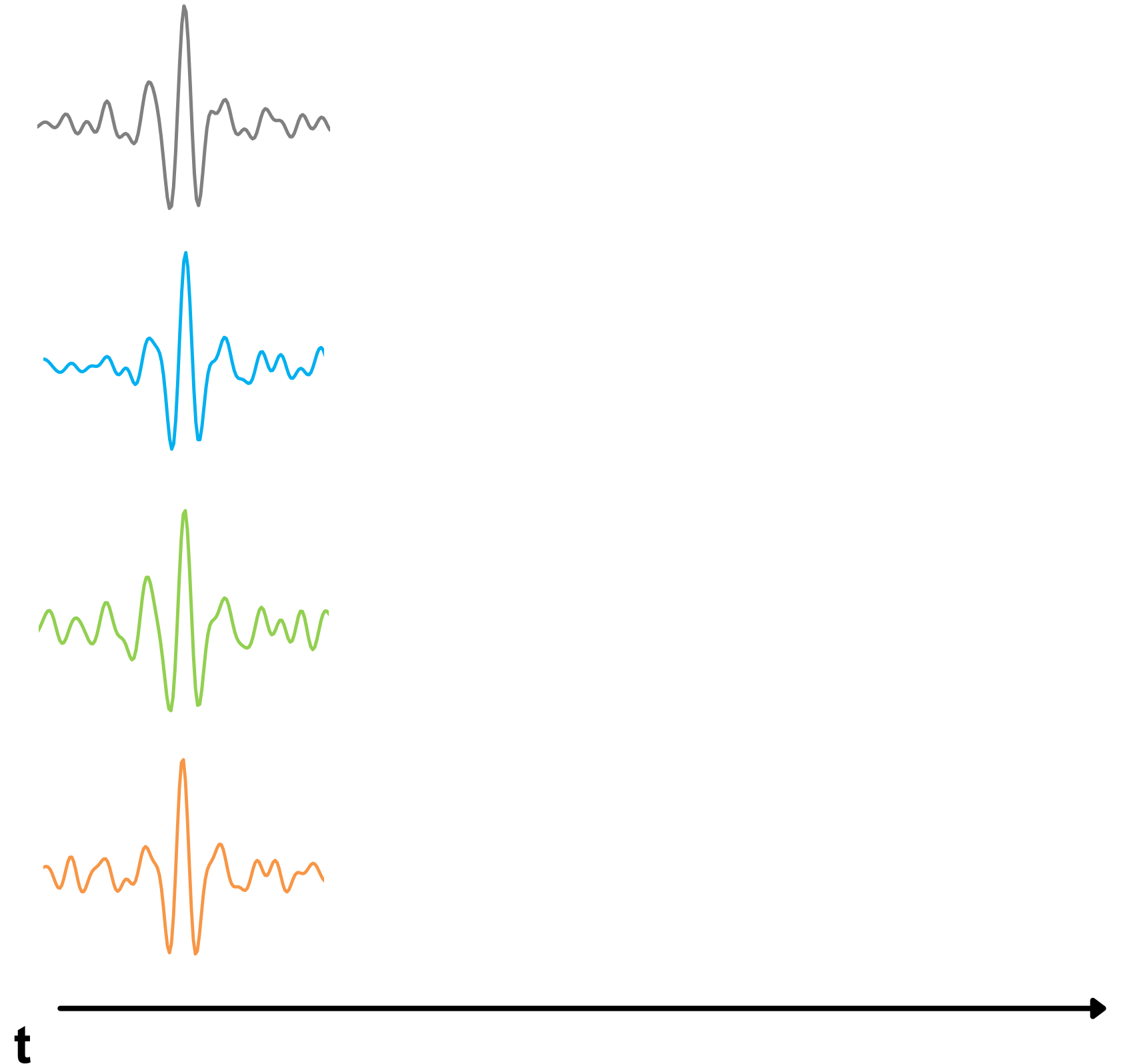
Algorithm

- Subtract travel time from waveforms
- Add them up
- Integrate



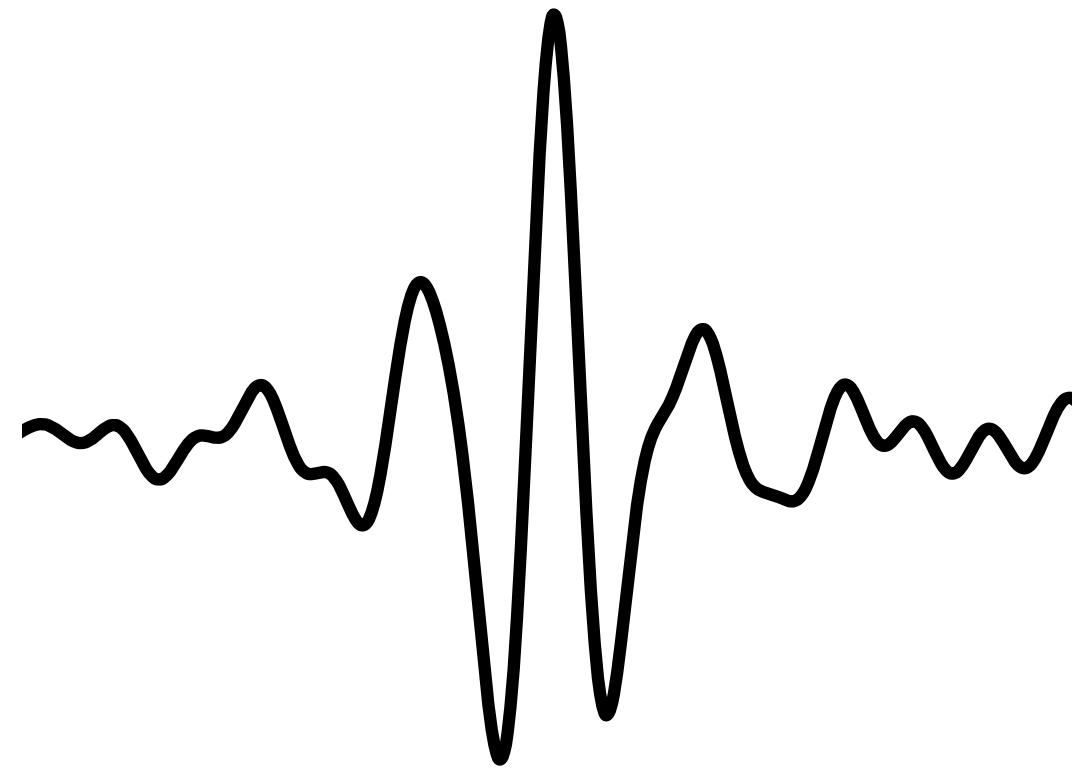
Air Shower Interferometric Reconstruction Algorithm

- Subtract travel time from waveforms
- Add them up
- Integrate



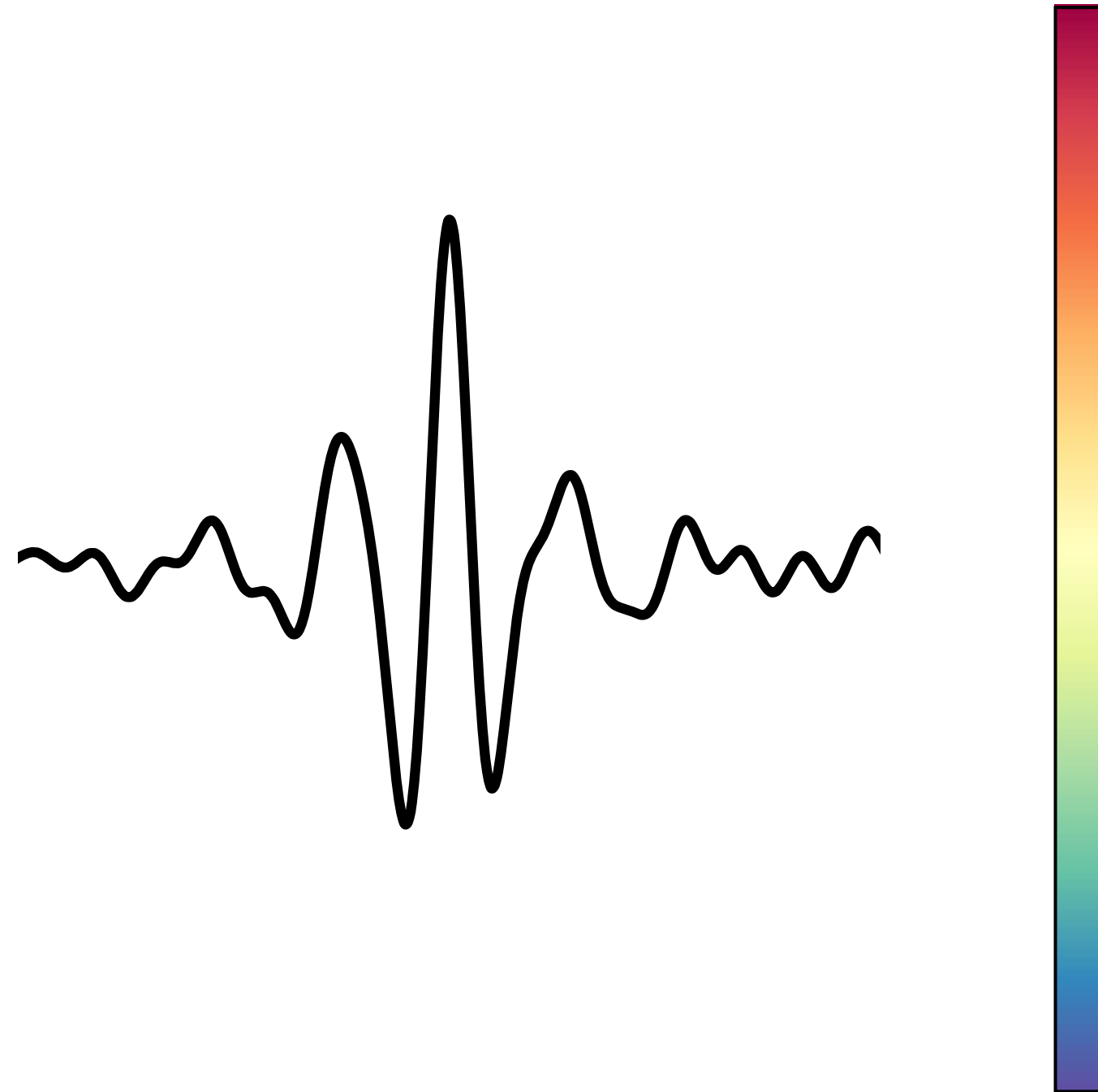
Air Shower Interferometric Reconstruction Algorithm

- Subtract travel time from waveforms
- **Add them up**
- Integrate



Air Shower Interferometric Reconstruction Algorithm

- Subtract travel time from waveforms
- Add them up
- **Integrate**



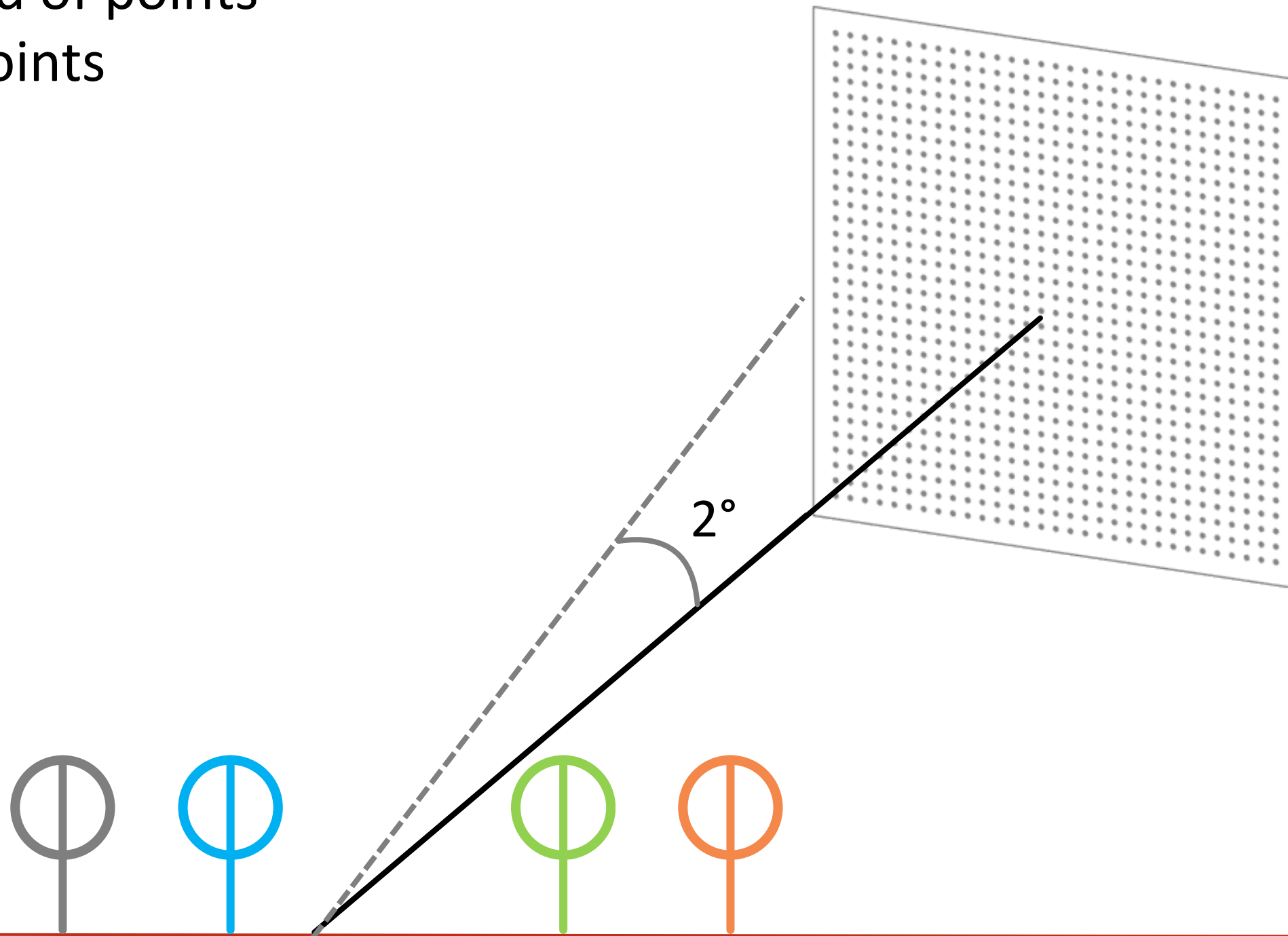
Air Shower Interferometric Reconstruction Algorithm

- Subtract travel time from waveforms
- Add them up
- **Integrate**



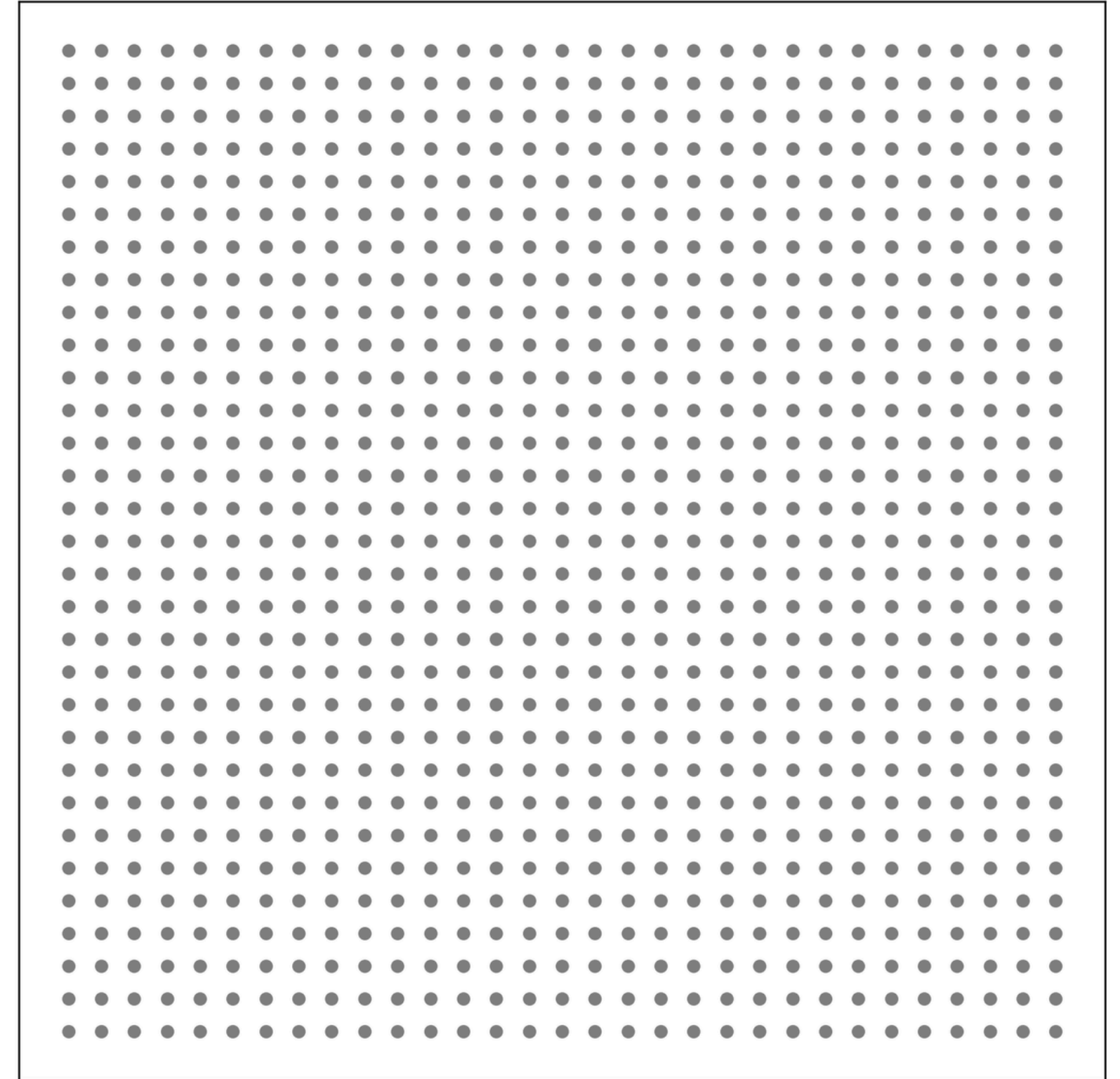
Air Shower Interferometric Reconstruction Algorithm

- Slices with grid of points
 - 31 x 31 points
 - 2° width



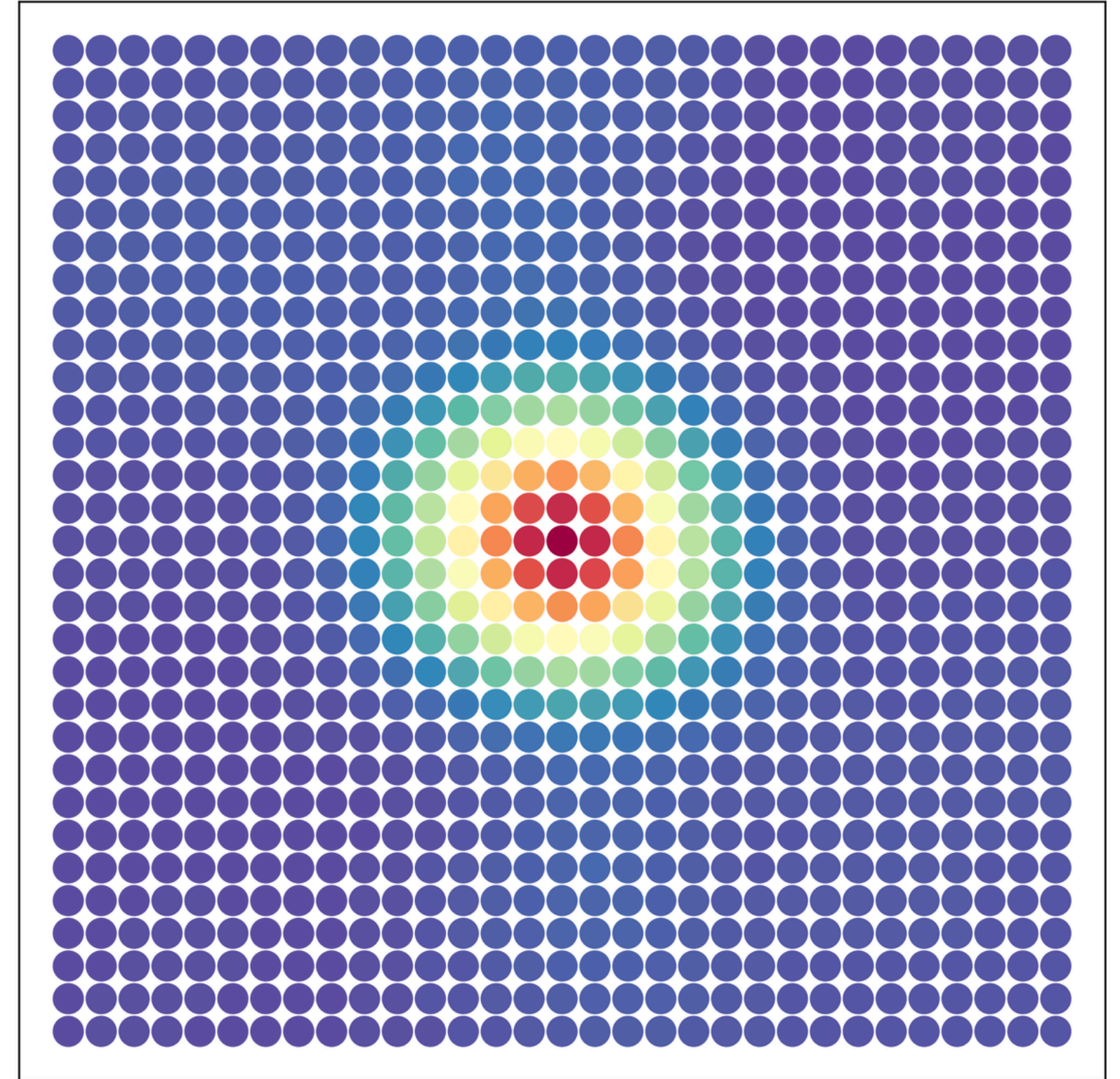
Air Shower Interferometric Reconstruction Algorithm

- Determine intensity for every point



Air Shower Interferometric Reconstruction Algorithm

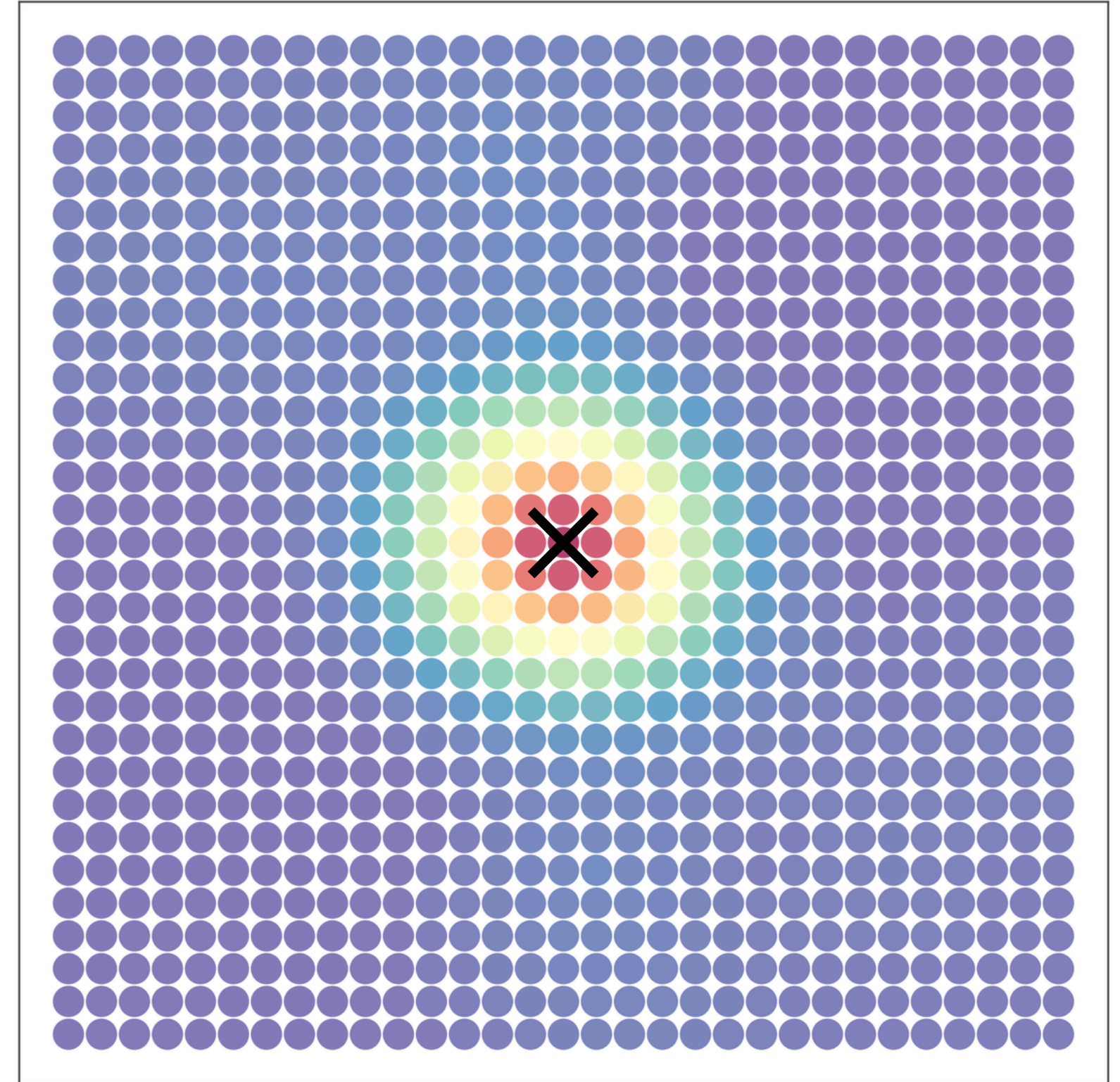
- Determine intensity for every point



Air Shower Interferometric Reconstruction

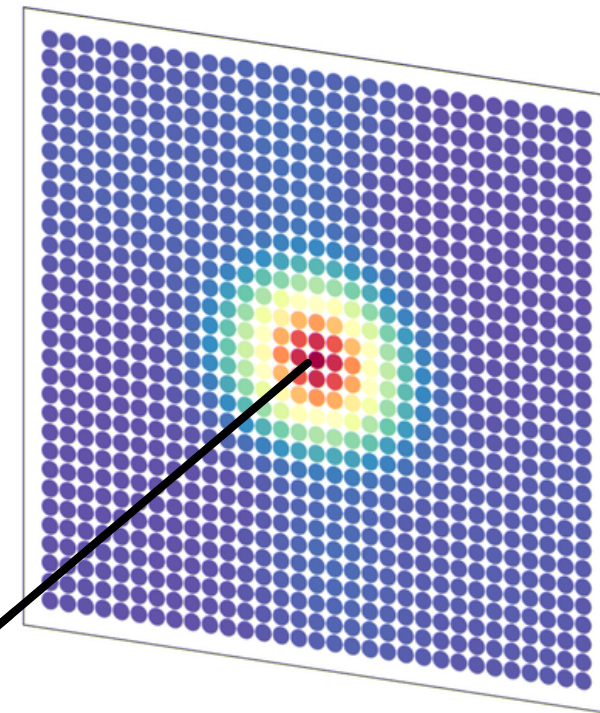
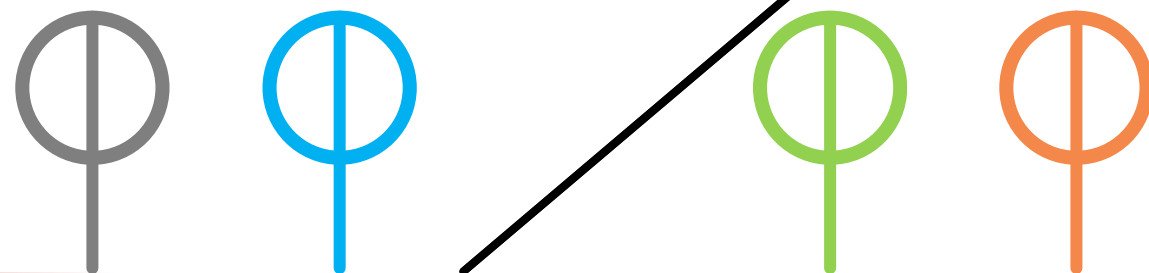
Algorithm

- Determine intensity for every point
- Locate maximum



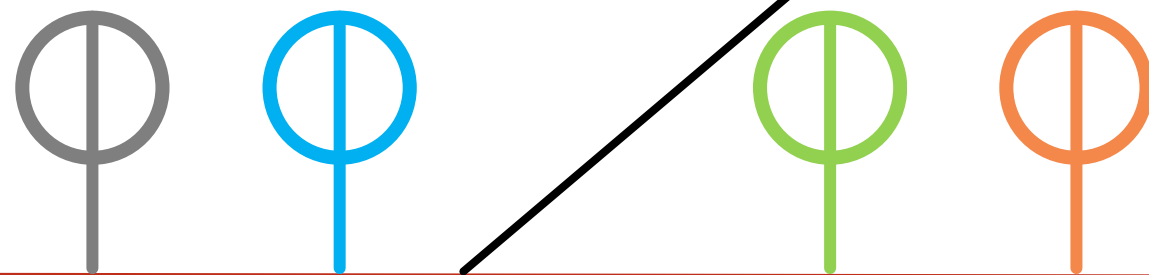
Air Shower Interferometric Reconstruction Algorithm

- 15 slices at depths between $X = 200 - 1000 \text{ g/cm}^2$
- Determine maximum points



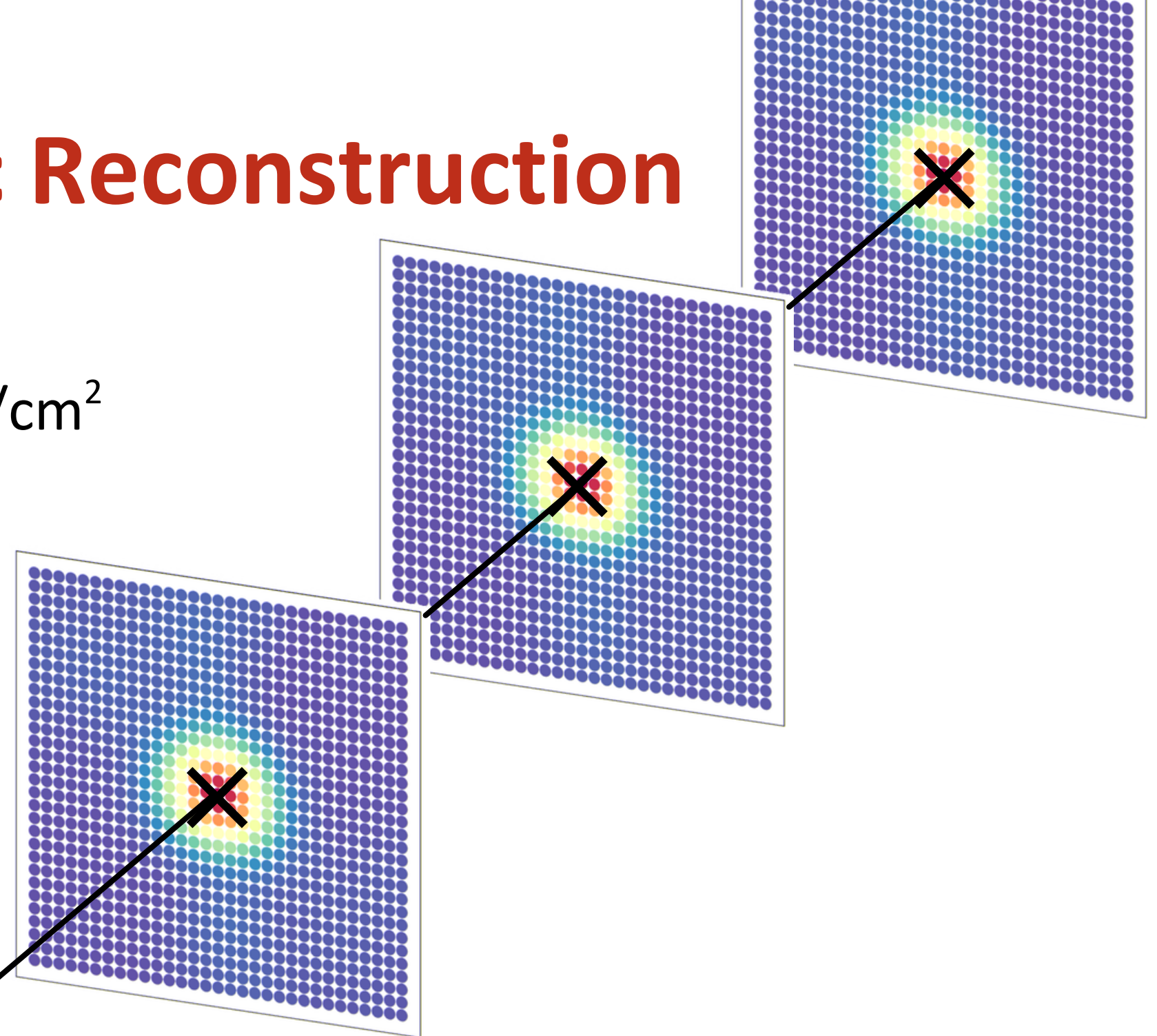
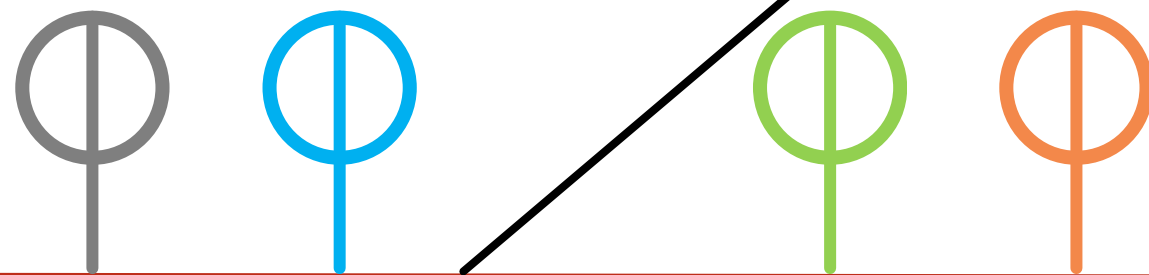
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Air Shower Interferometric Reconstruction Algorithm

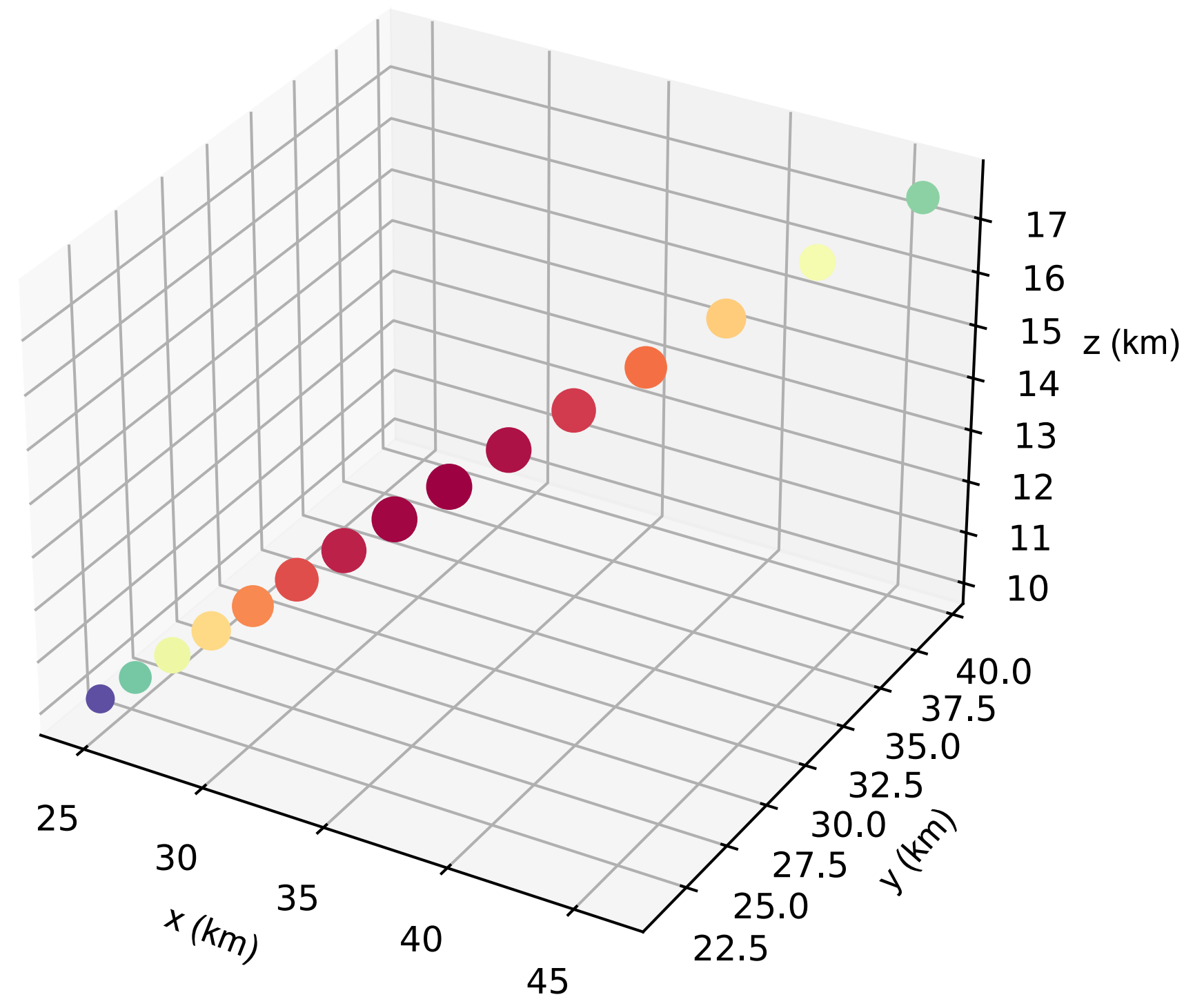
- 15 slices at depths between $X = 200 - 1000 \text{ g/cm}^2$
- Determine maximum points



Air Shower Interferometric Reconstruction

Algorithm

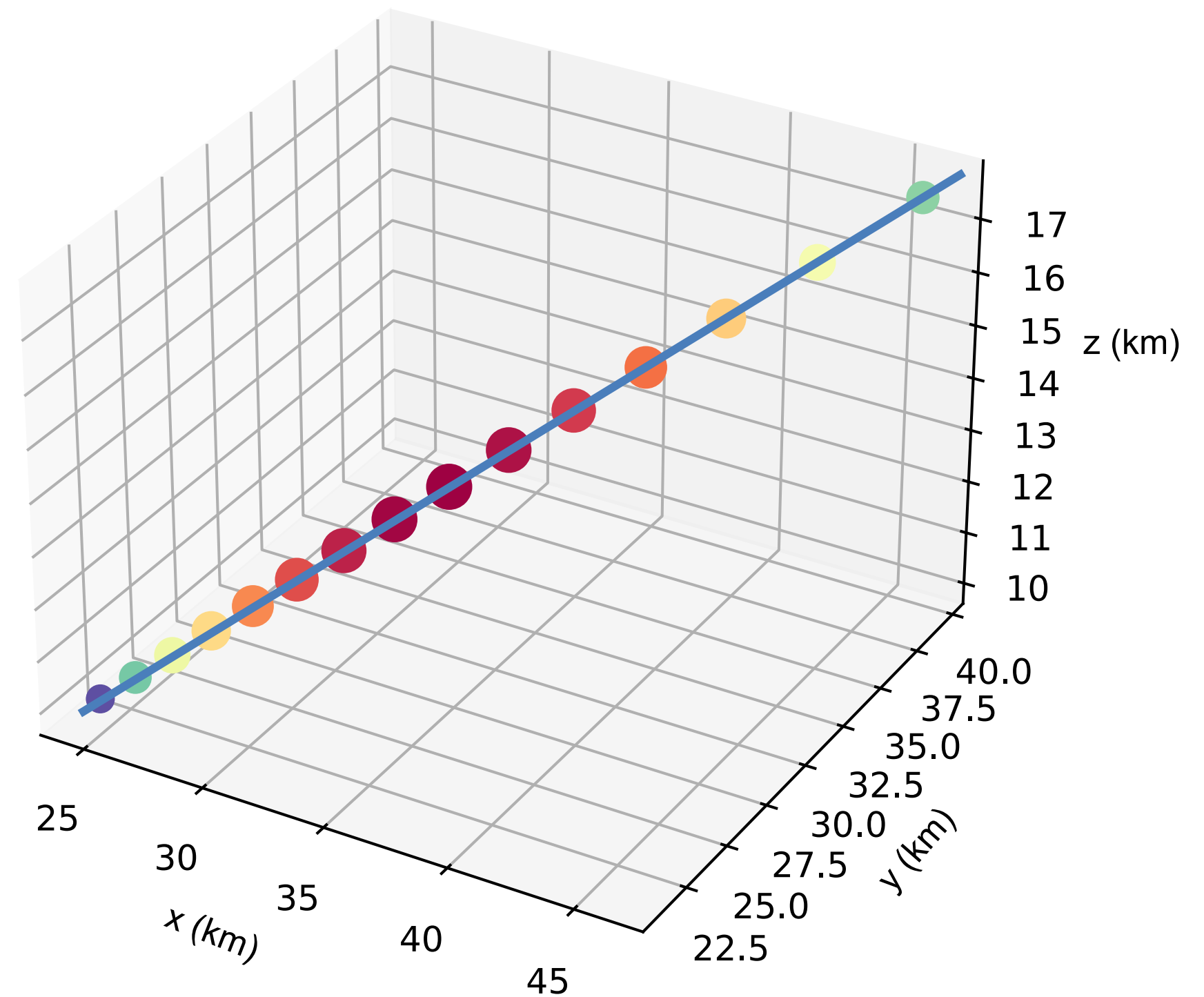
- Fit axis through points
- Free parameters:
 - Zenith angle
 - Azimuth angle
 - Core position (x,y)



Air Shower Interferometric Reconstruction

Algorithm

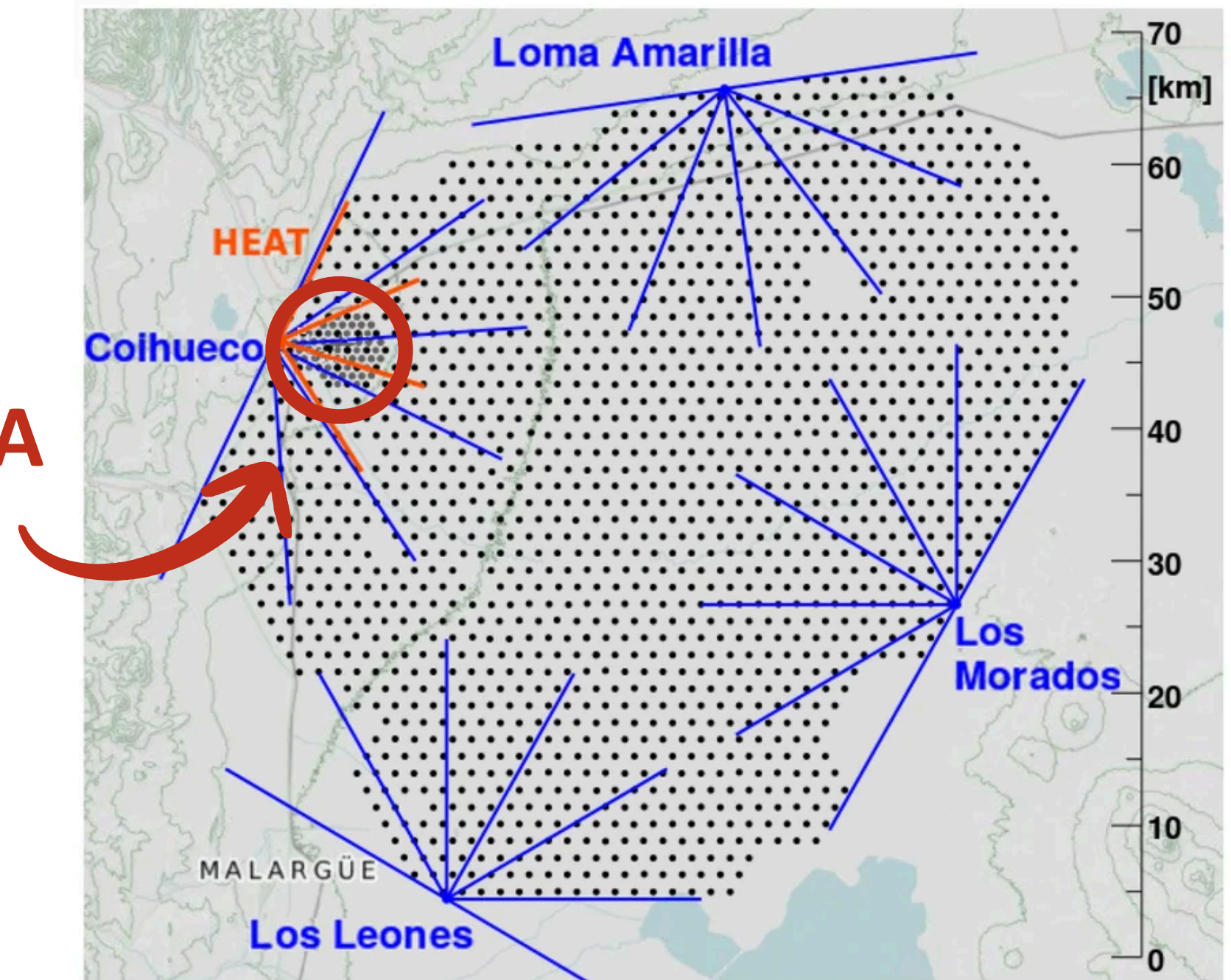
- Fit axis through points
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 - Azimuth angle
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Auger Engineering Radio Array (AERA)

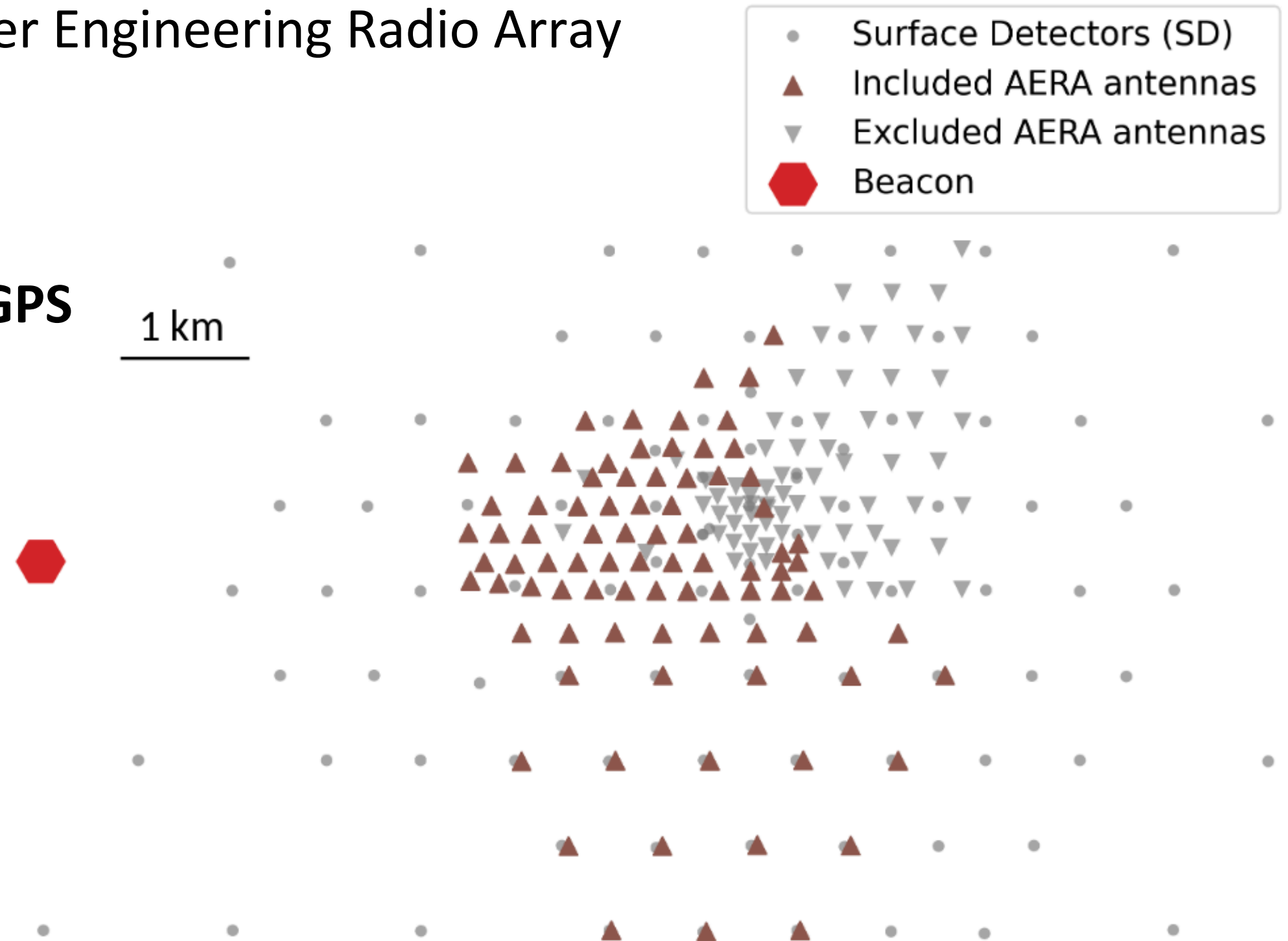
- Apply to measured data with the Auger Engineering Radio Array
- Triggers on Surface Detector
- **1 ns** timing accuracy:
 - Clock synchronisation: **Beacon**
 - Positional accuracy: **Differential GPS**

AERA



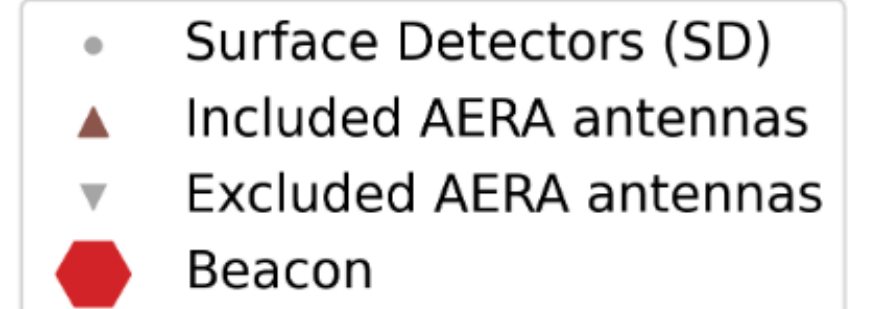
Auger Engineering Radio Array (AERA)

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Auger Engineering Radio Array (AERA)

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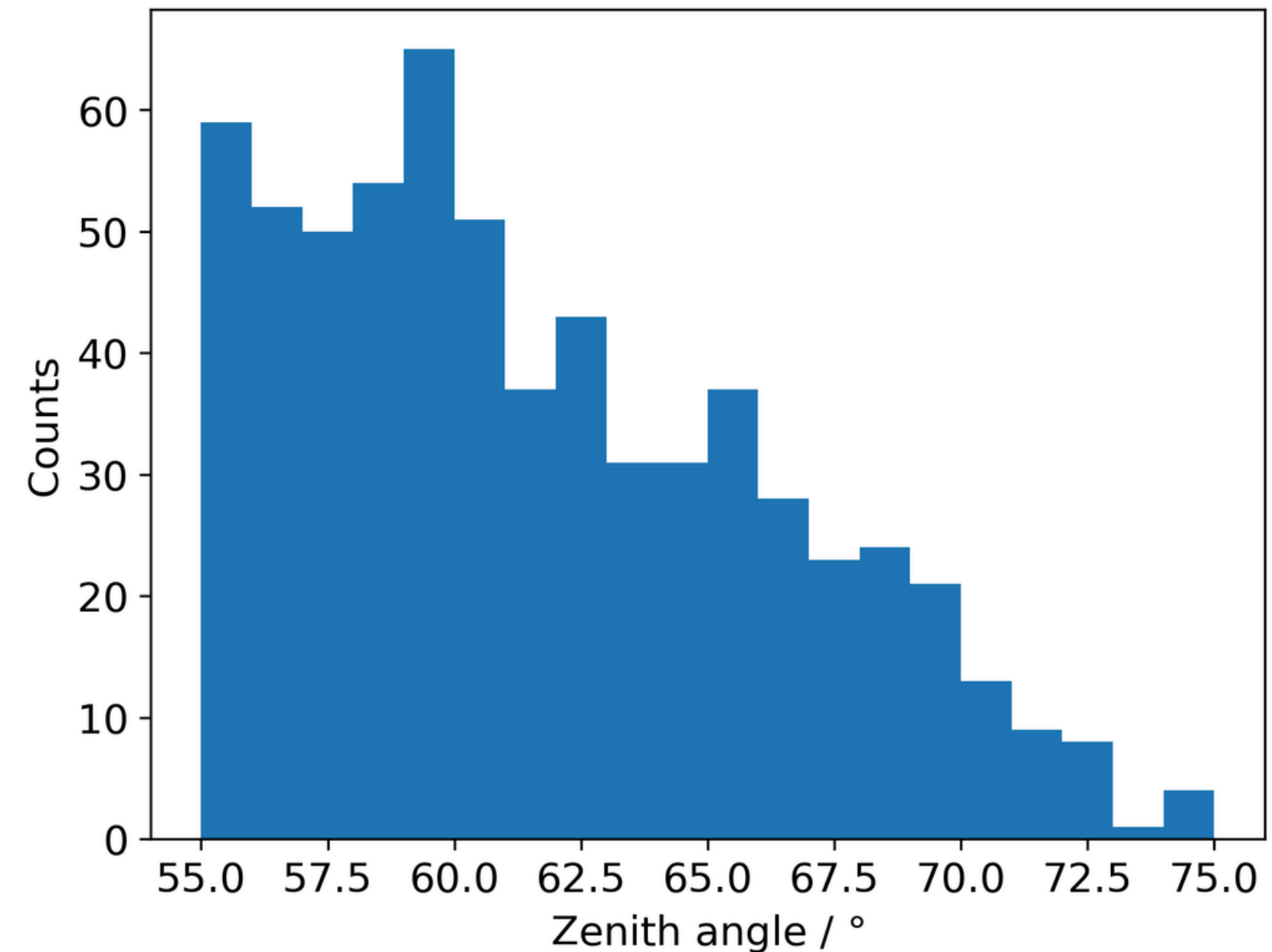


<https://api.semanticscholar.org/CorpusID:166218997>

1 km

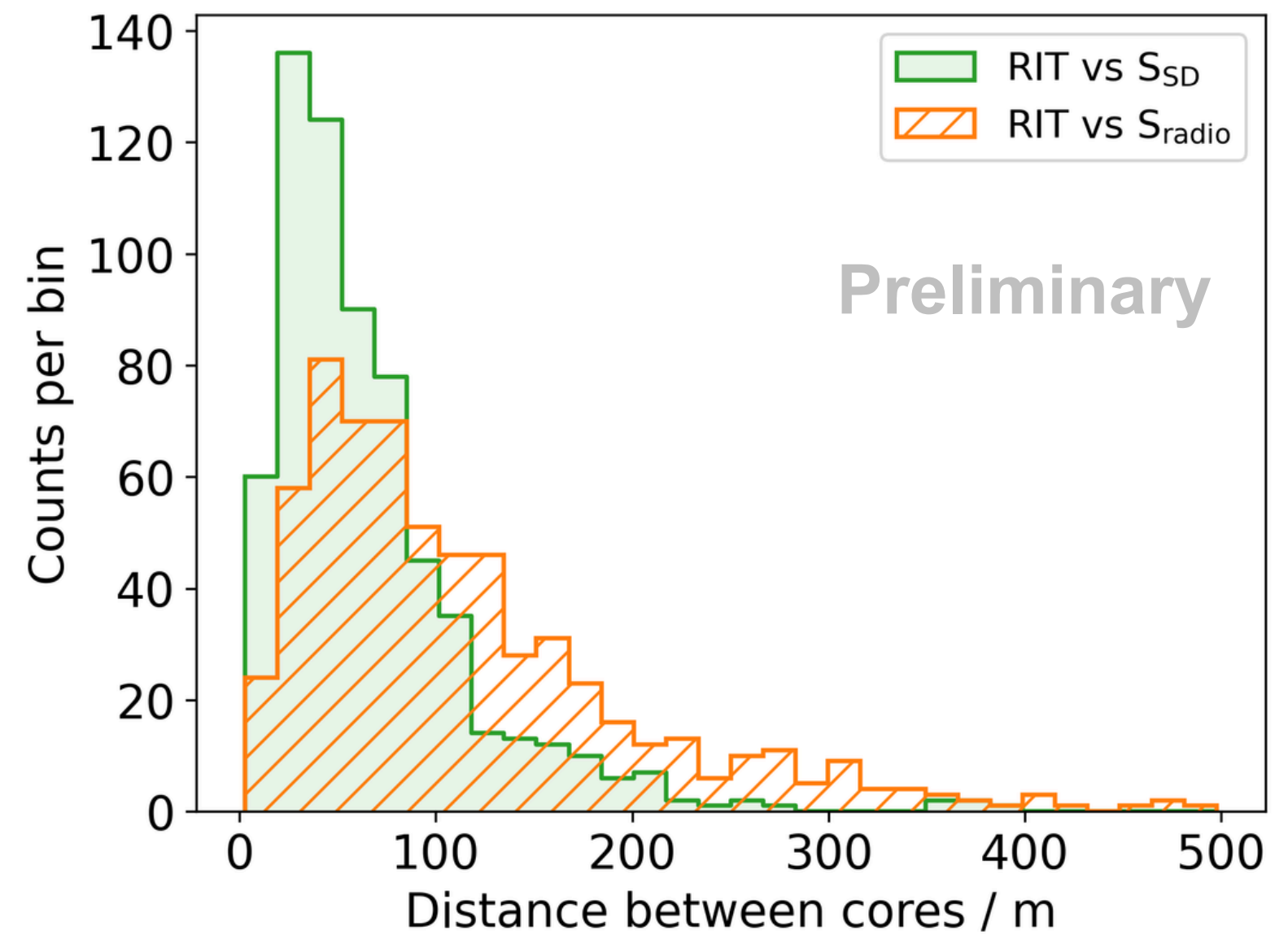
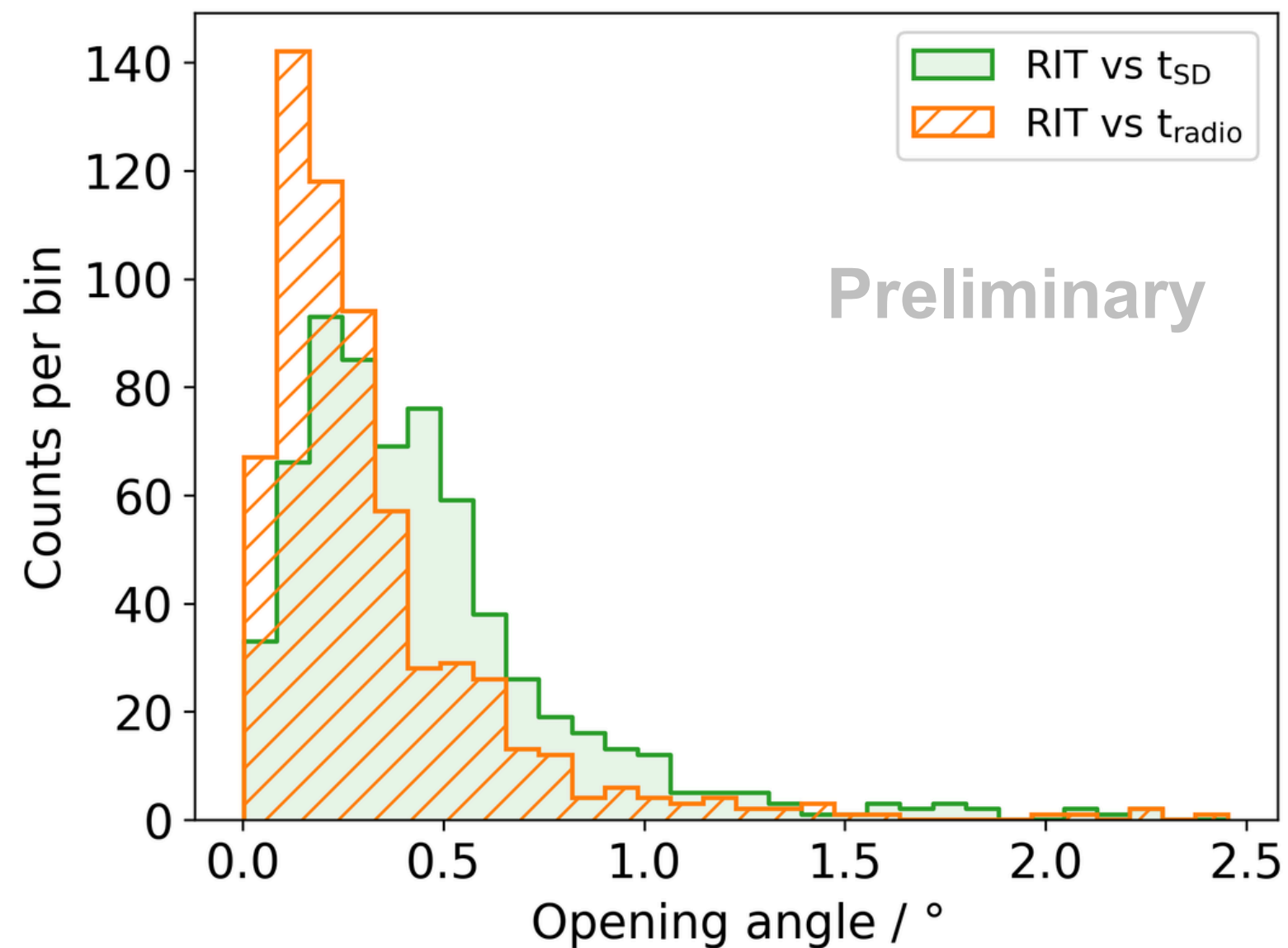
AERA dataset

- Inclined air showers
- Measured with surface detector as well as AERA
- 4847 events without thunderstorm conditions
- After quality cuts:
 - 641 events
 - Biggest cut (85%): containment of footprint
 - *See backup for other cuts*



Results – Data

- Correct for interferometric bias (*see backup*)
- Comparable with surface detector and conventional radio reconstructions



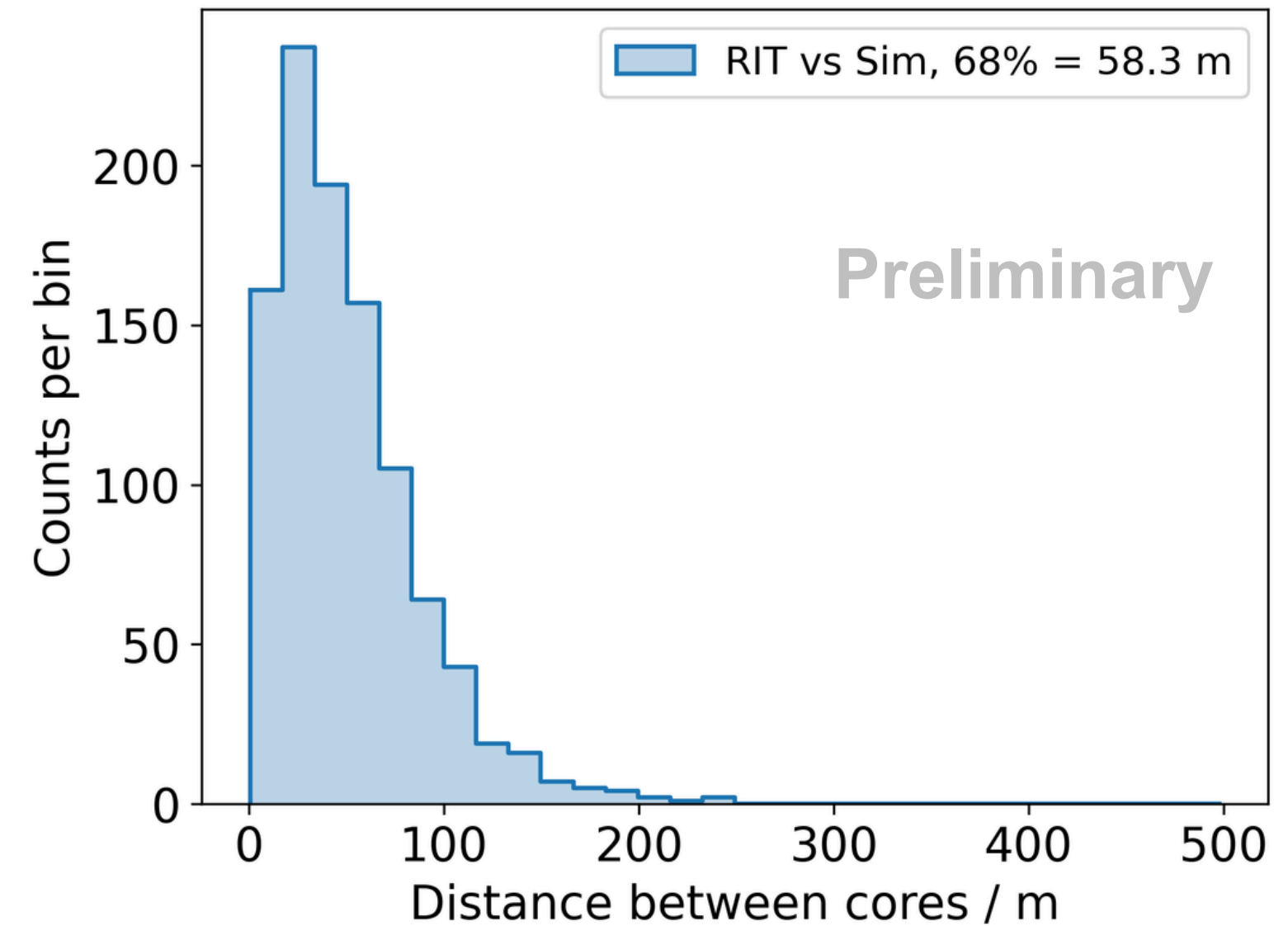
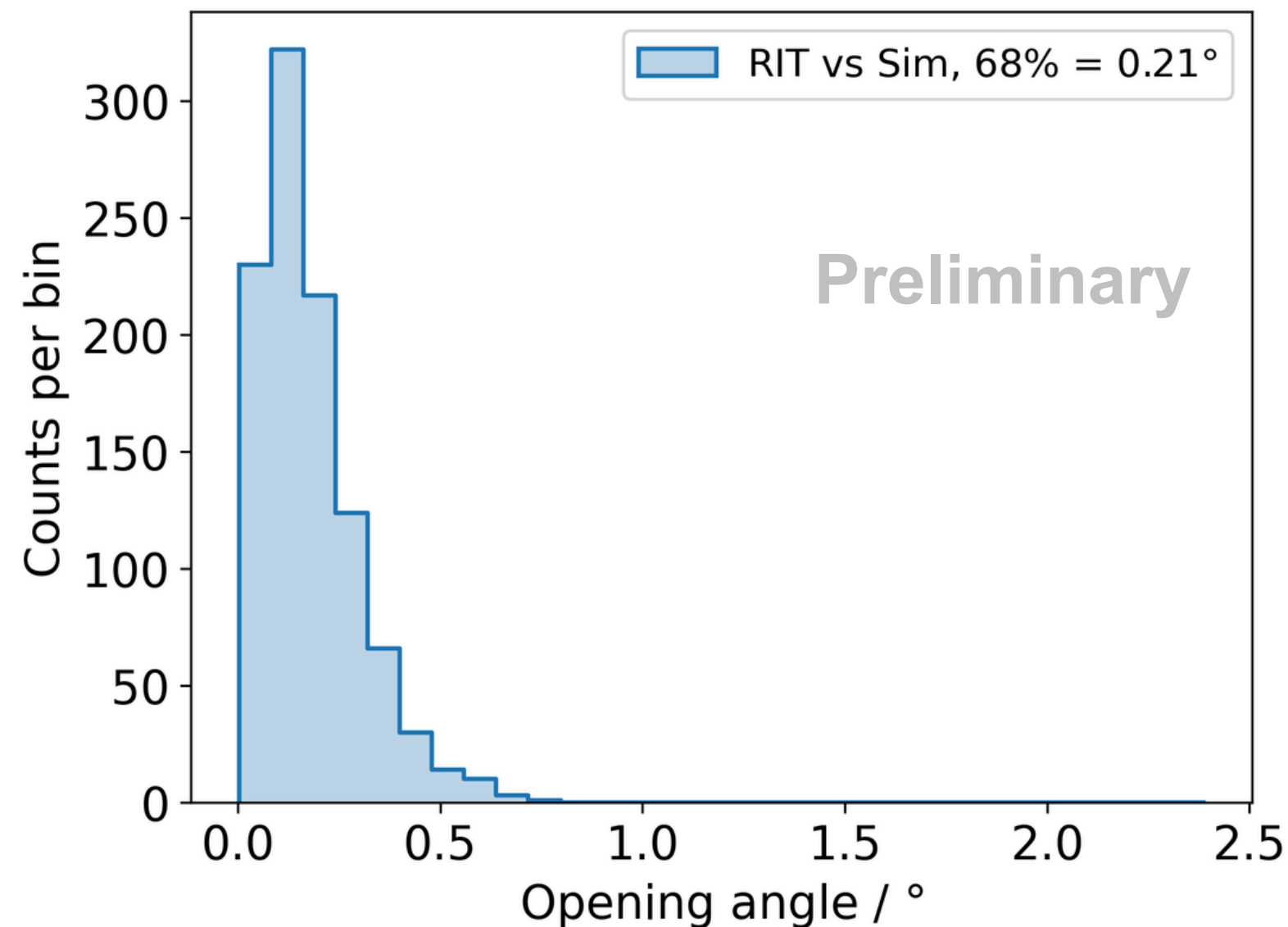
Results – Simulations

- Correct for interferometric bias (*see backup*)
- Reconstruction on simulations close to Monte-Carlo truth

Simulation set

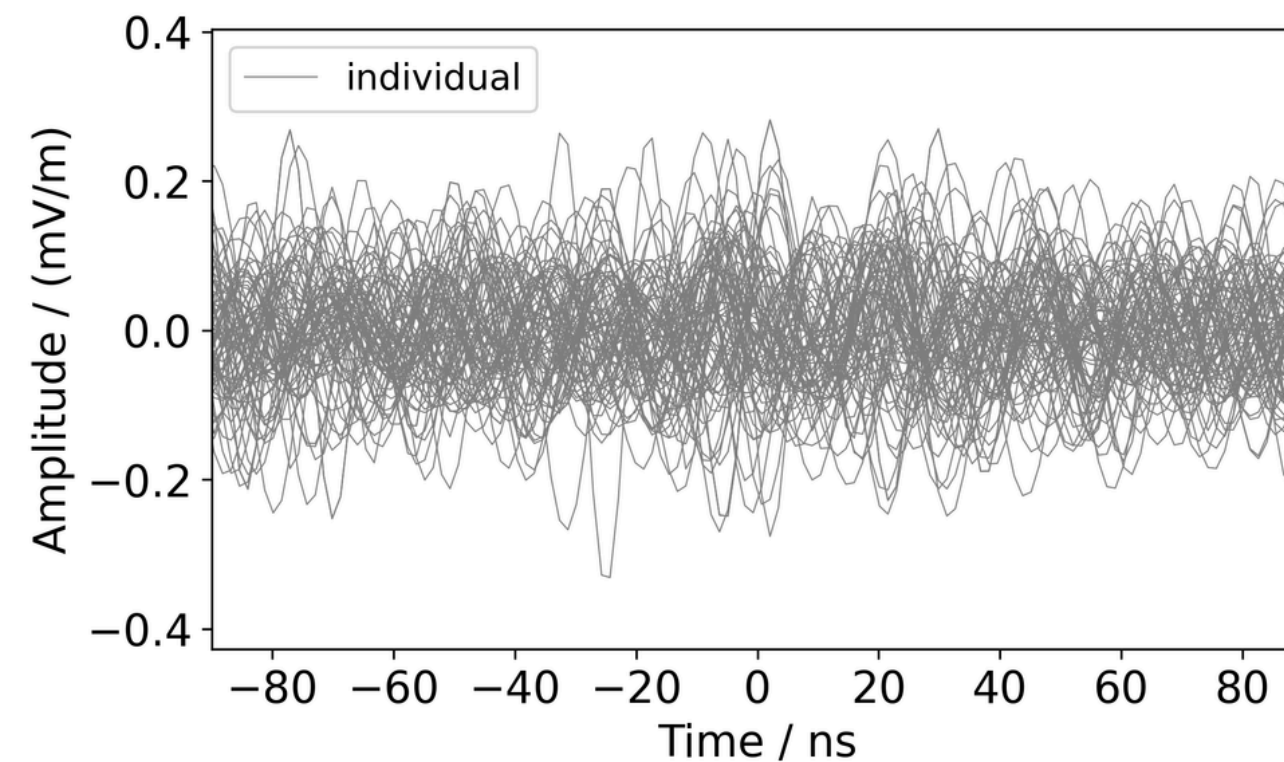
- *Core*: Randomly distributed
- *Particles*: H, He, N, Fe
- *Azimuth*: Uniform
- *Zenith*: $55 - 85^\circ$ ($\sin^2\theta$)
- *Energy*: $10^{17.2} - 10^{19}$ eV (E^{-1})

Same antenna selection as for data set
Same quality cuts as for data set



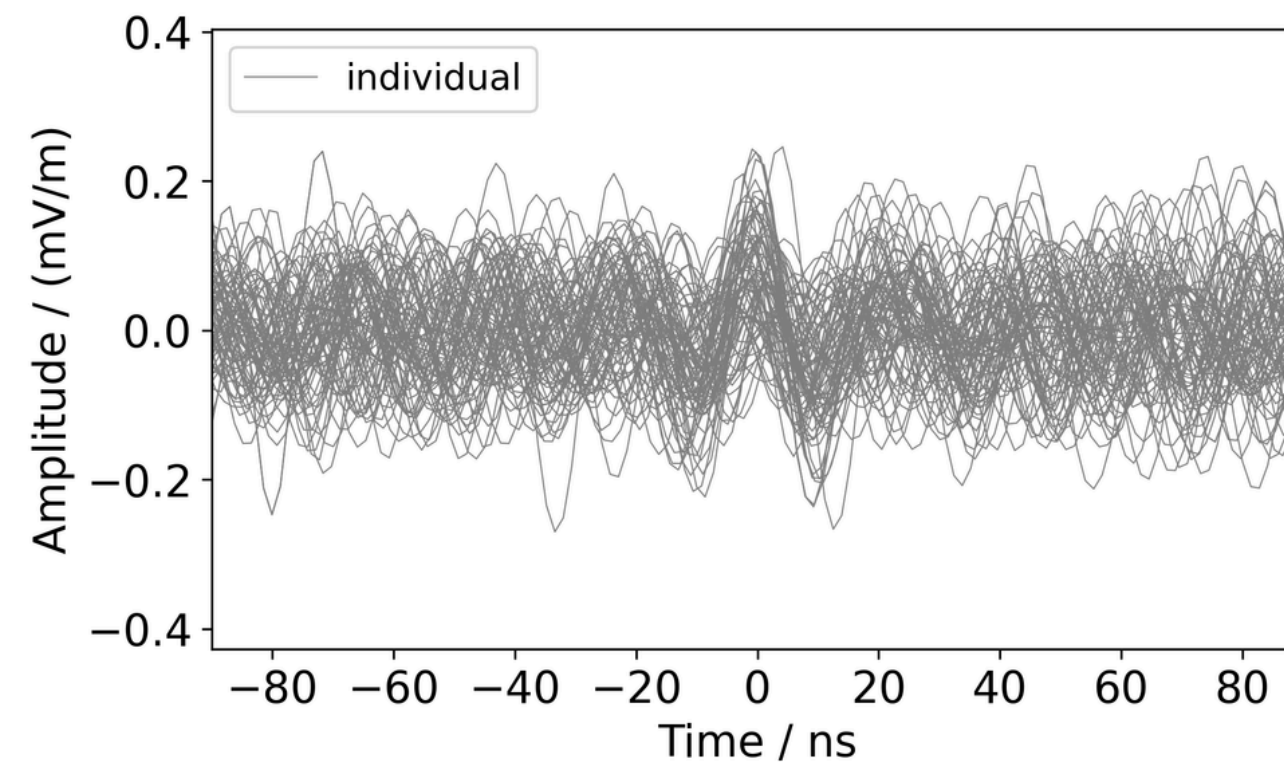
Low energy application

- Use interferometry to 'dig up' the signal out of the noise
- New dataset: Very inclined events with a lot of antennas
- Selection for RIT:
 - **SNR > 7 (max/std) of the summed waveform**



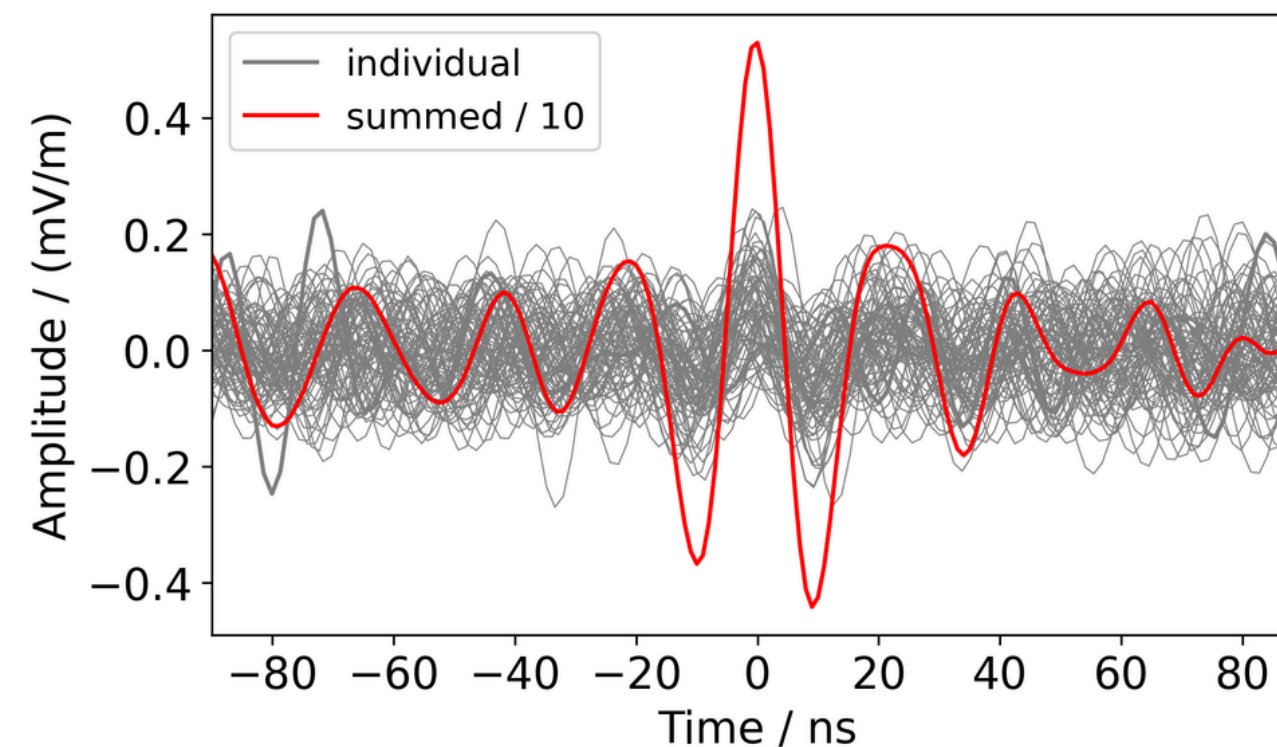
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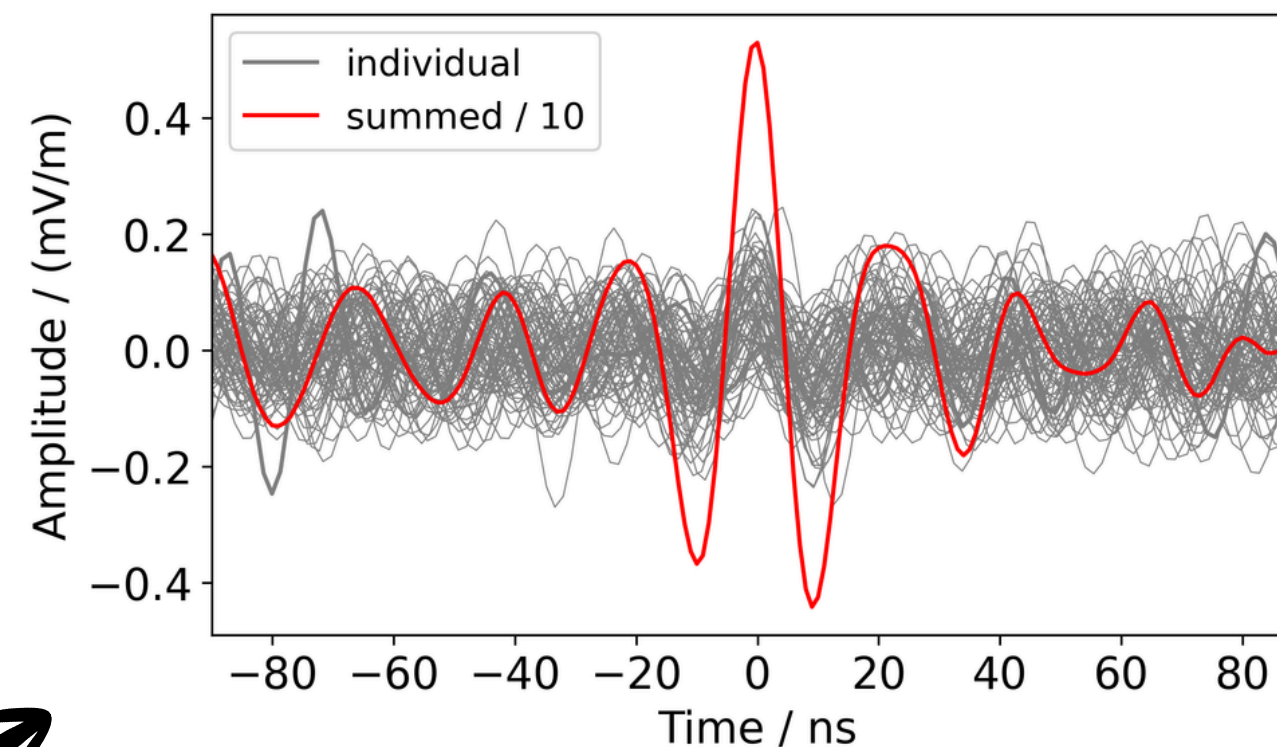


Low energy application

- Use interferometry to 'dig up' the signal out of the noise
- New dataset: Very inclined events with a lot of antennas
- Selection for RIT:
 - **SNR > 7 (max/std) of the summed waveform**

Events: 194

- RD reco: 17
- RIT reco: 57



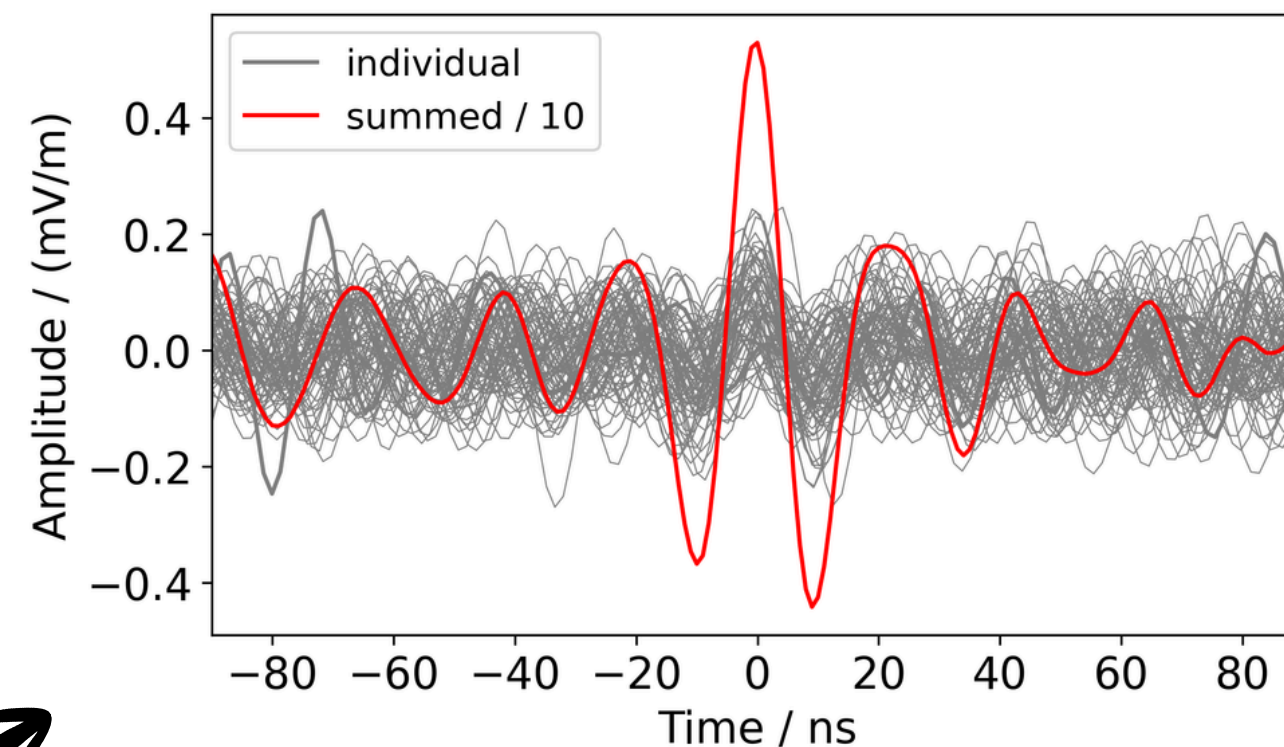
Data

Low energy application

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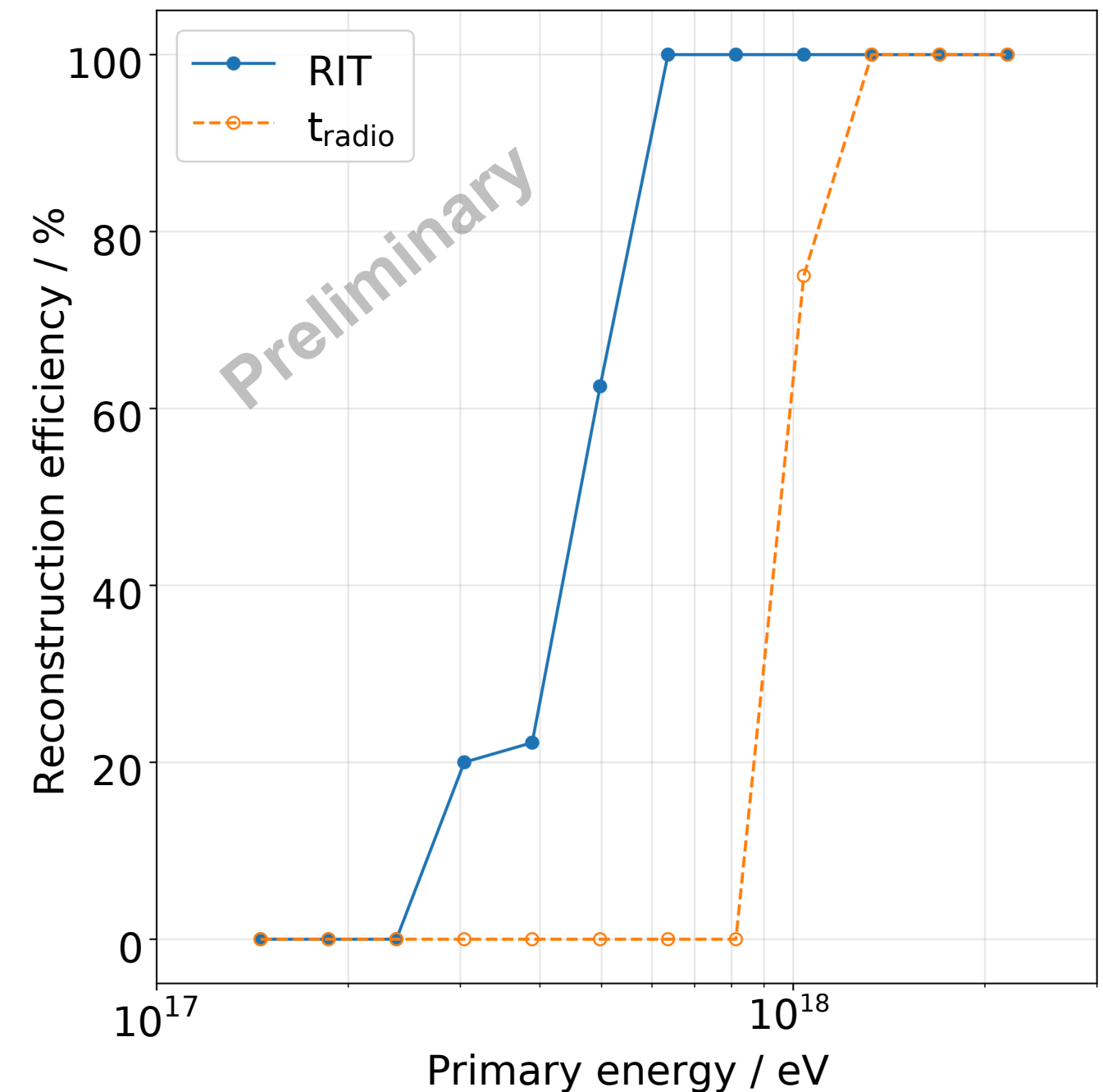
Events: 194

- RD reco: 17
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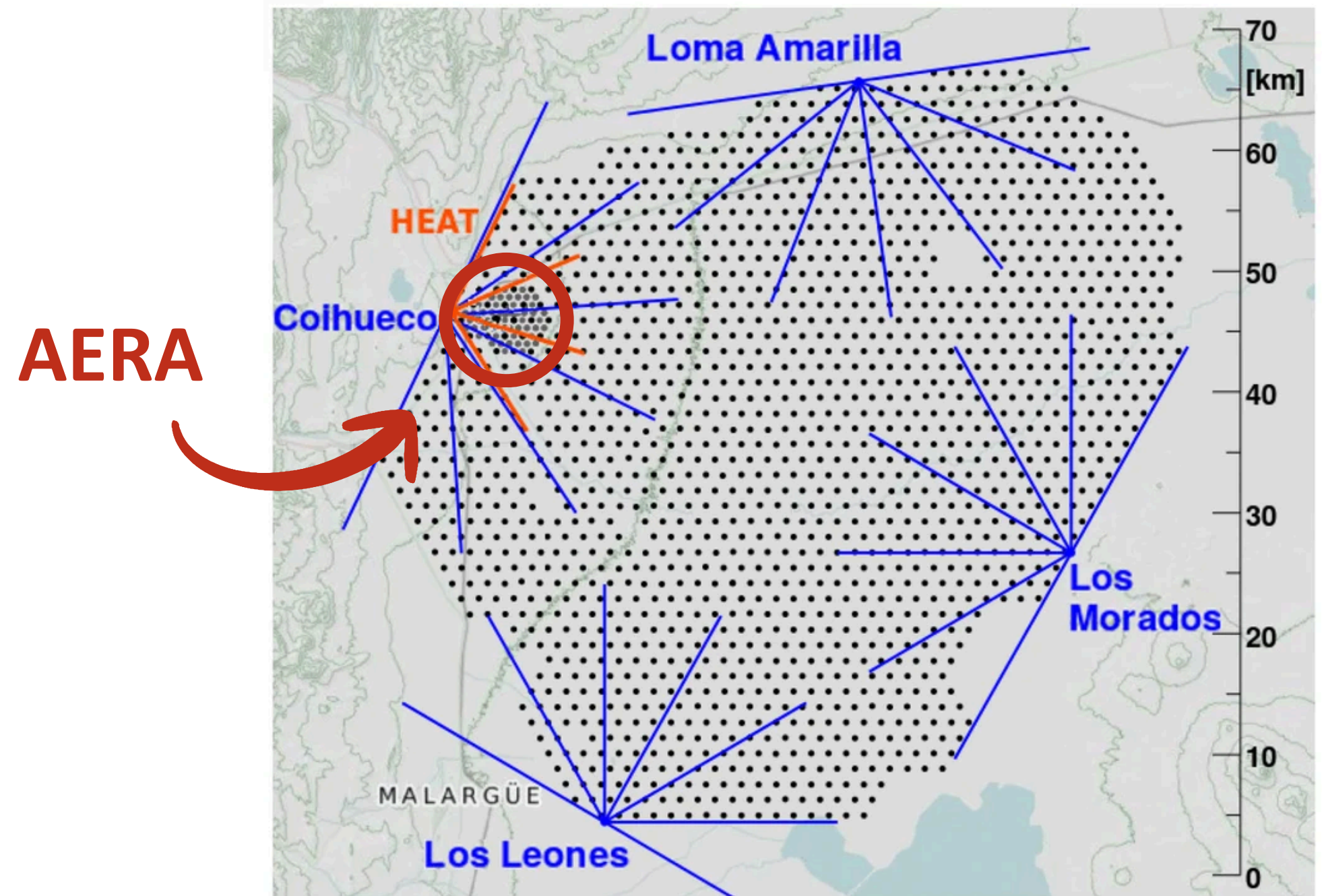
Data

Simulations



Interferometry with AugerPrime

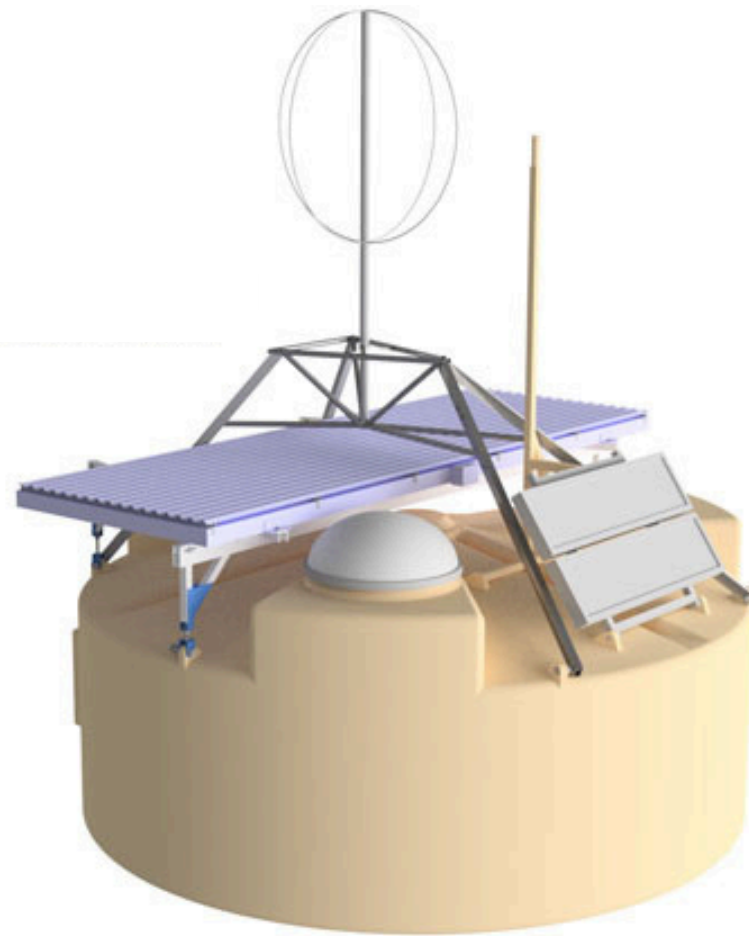
- Next step: expand to the full 3000 km² array (~ 1660 detectors)
- Same **1 ns** accuracy needed:
 - Clock synchronisation
 - Positional accuracy (< 30 cm)



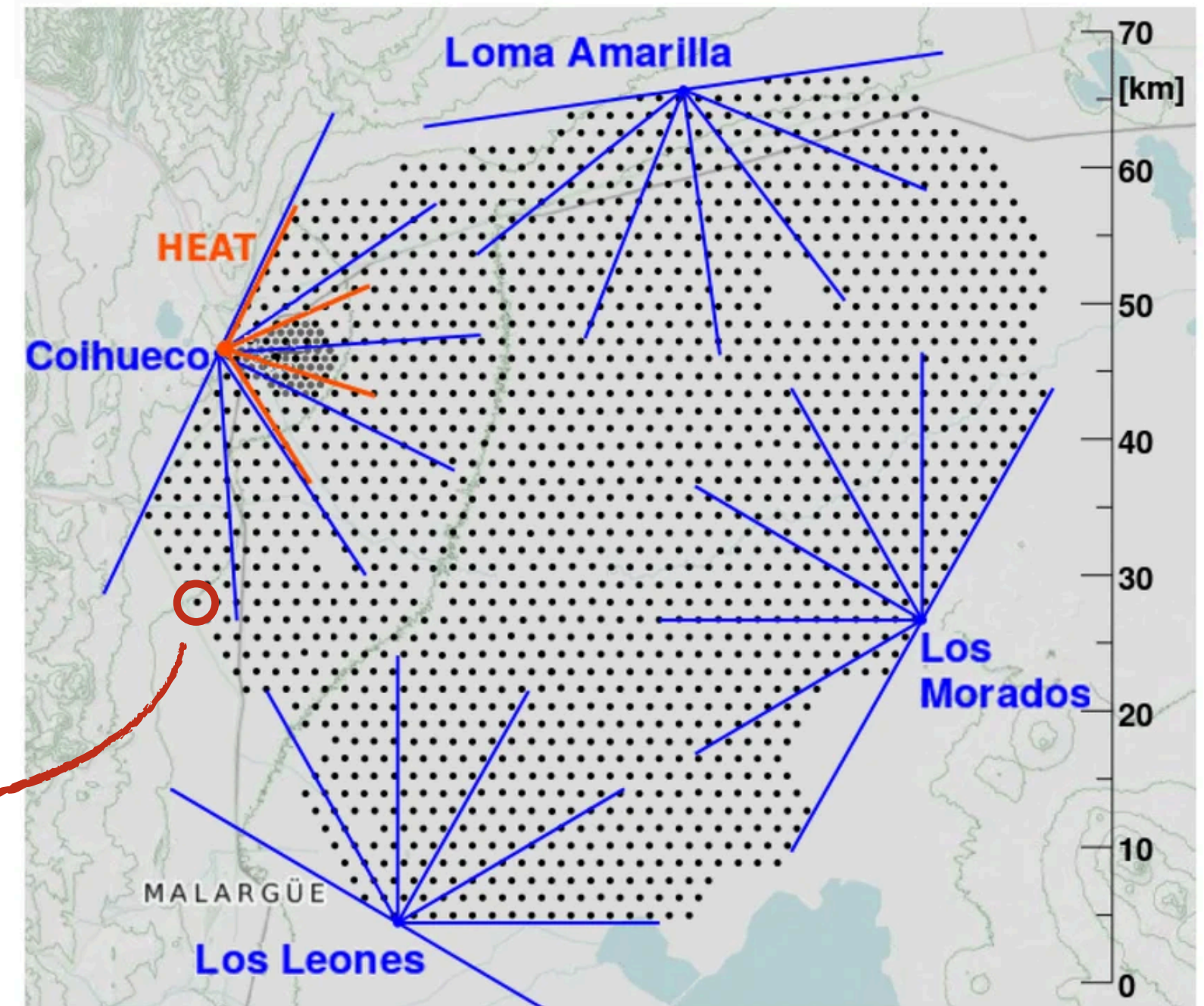
DOI:10.3390/universe10080327

Interferometry with AugerPrime

- Next step: expand to the full 3000 km² array (~ 1660 detectors)
- Same **1 ns** accuracy needed:
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<https://www.auger.org/observatory/augerprime>



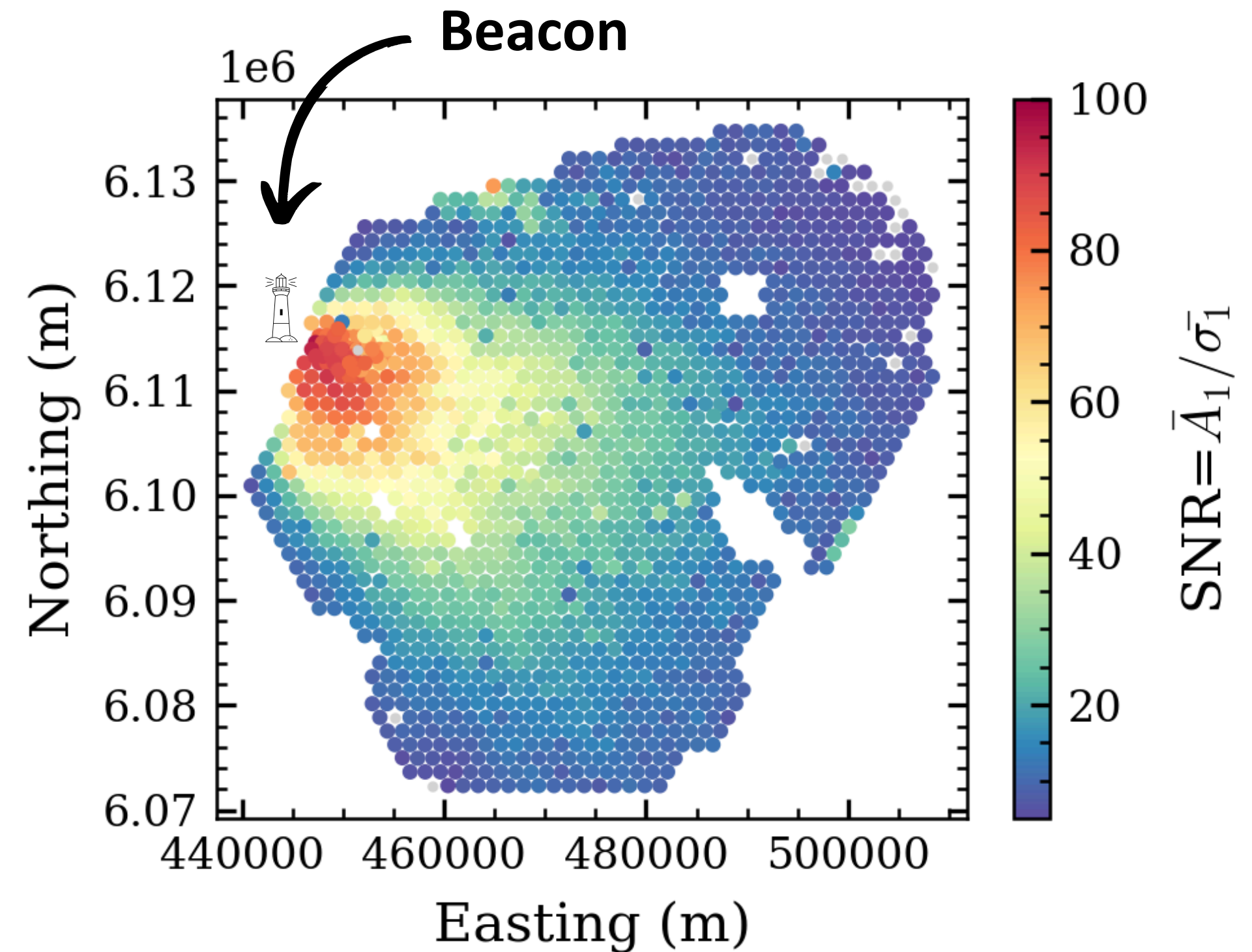
DOI:10.3390/universe10080327

Interferometry with AugerPrime

- Clock synchronisation
- Beacons
 - 50 MHz
- Synchronise based on 1 frequency



Credit: Andres Travaini



Interferometry with AugerPrime

- **Positional accuracy (< 30 cm)**
- Differential GPS survey
 - Few centimeter accuracy
 - ~ 6 -12 months



Summary

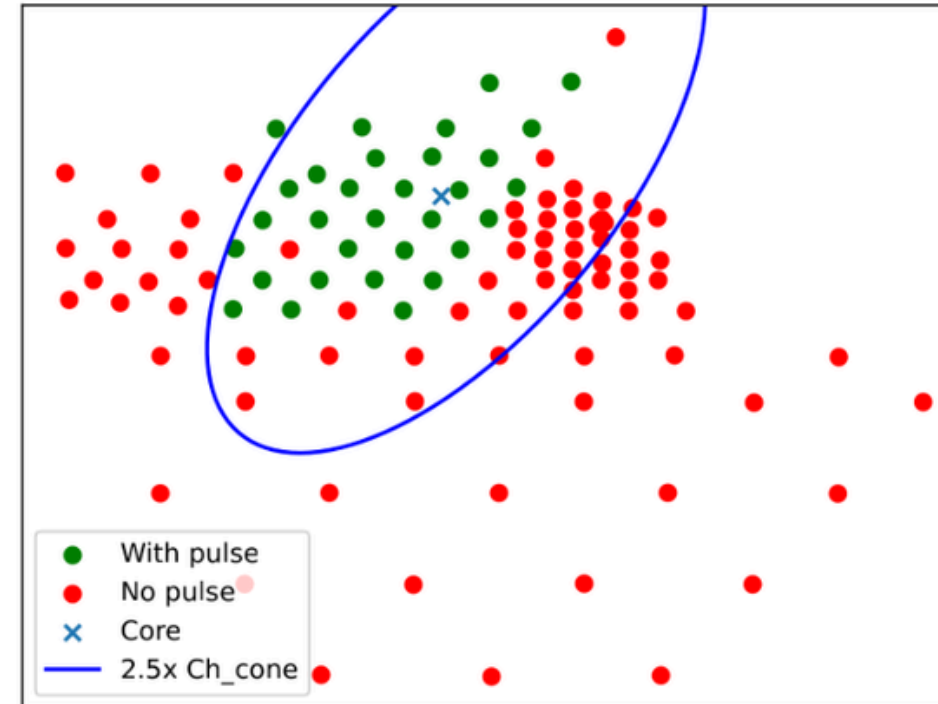
- Interferometric reconstruction was performed on a large AERA dataset
 - Results comparable with existing reconstructions
 - Successful reconstruction of low energy events
 - Collaboration wide paper in preparation
- Next step: Expand to AugerPrime
 - Preparations being made → Beacons + DGPS survey

Email: pim.vandillen@ru.nl

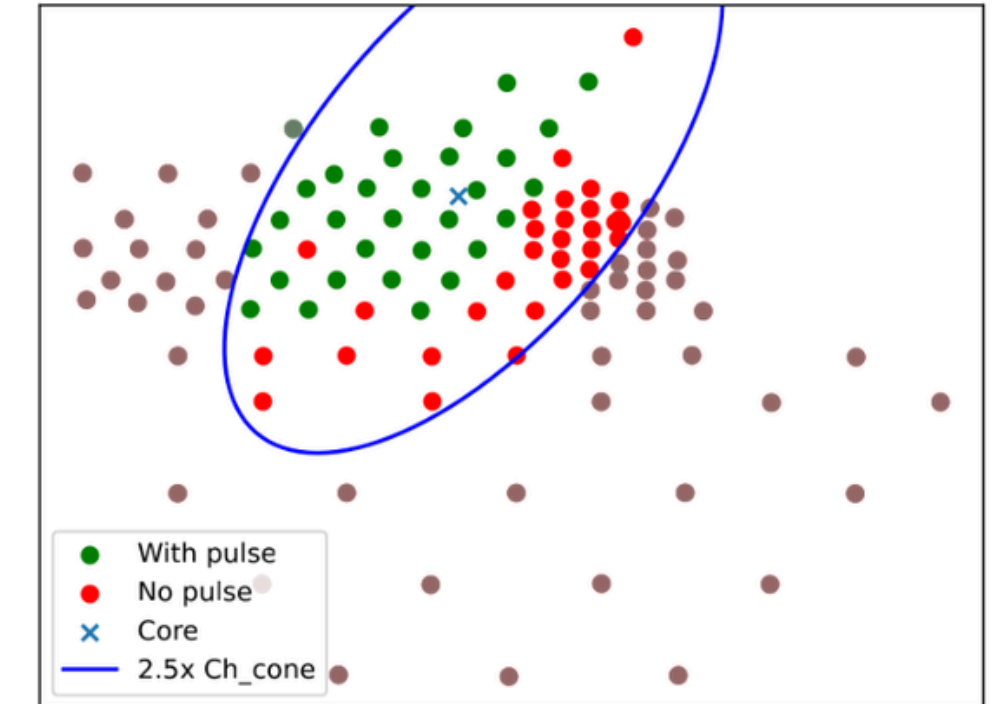
BACKUP

Antenna selection

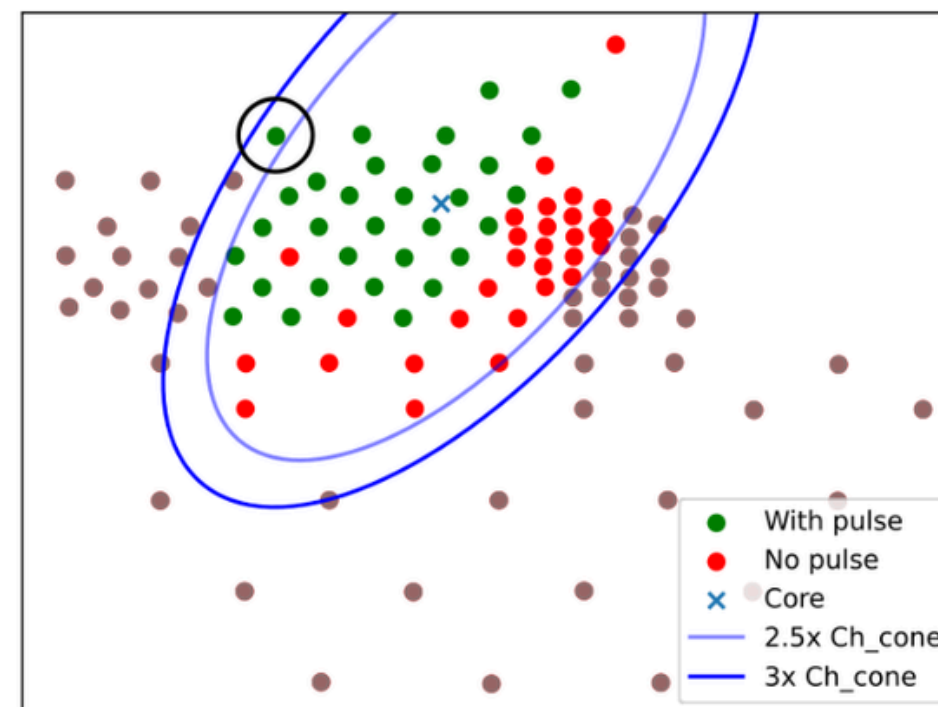
- Axis and core by SD reconstruction
- All antennas within 2.5x Cherenkov cone (at reference depth of 625 g/cm²) are selected
- Antennas 'with pulse'; SNR ≥ 10 (quadratic), close to the 2.5x Cherenkov cone are included as well



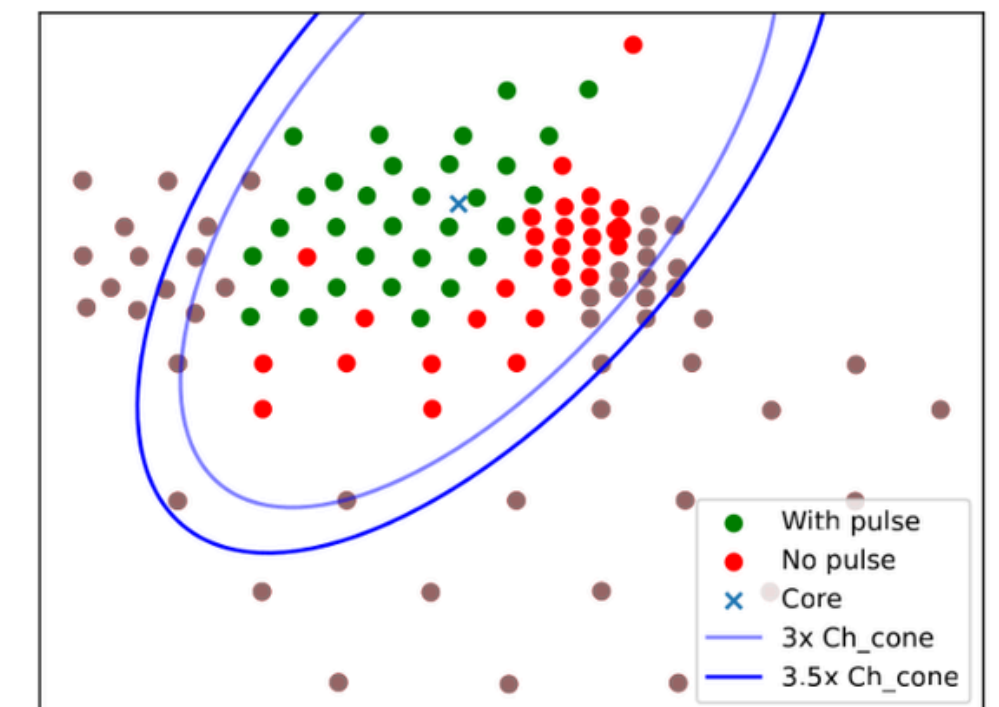
(a) Determining Cherenkov cone



(b) Selecting antennas inside cone



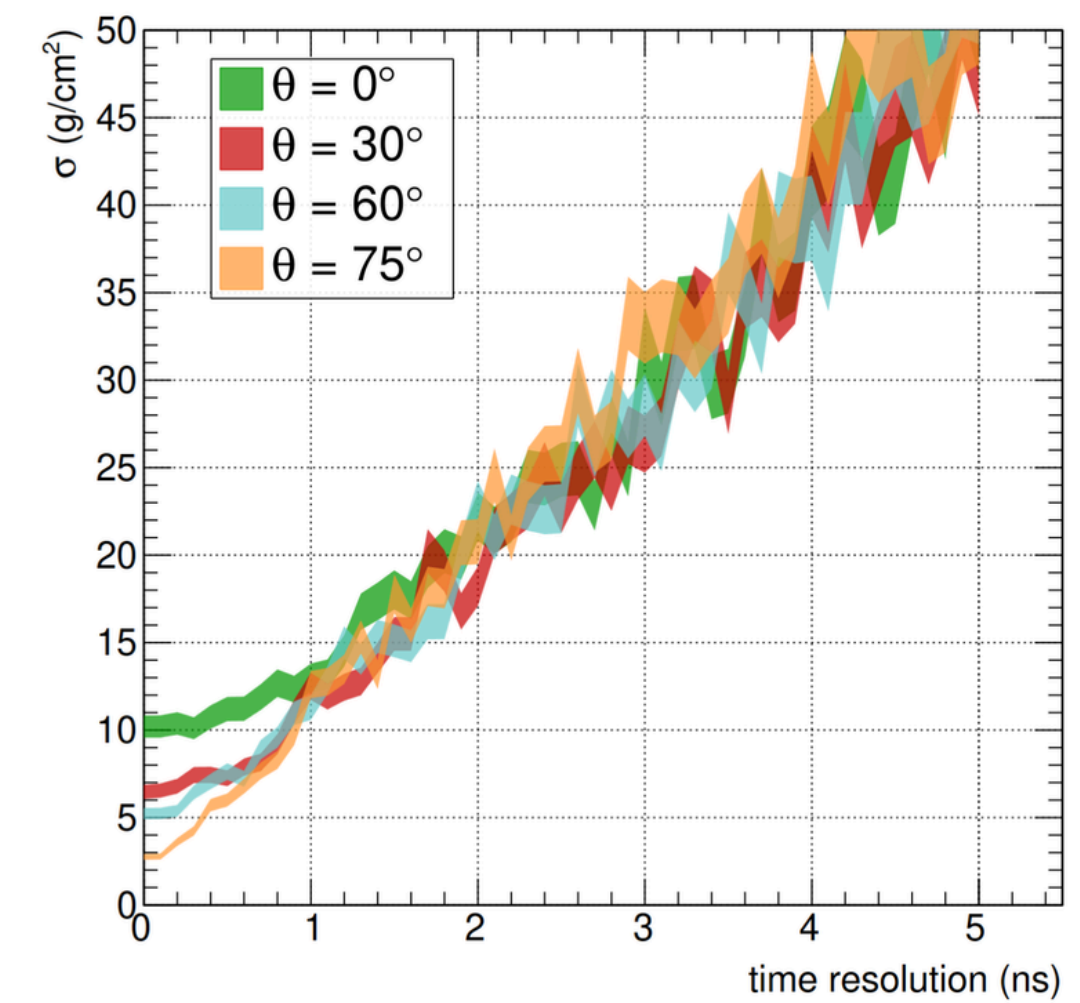
(c) Add extra antennas with pulse



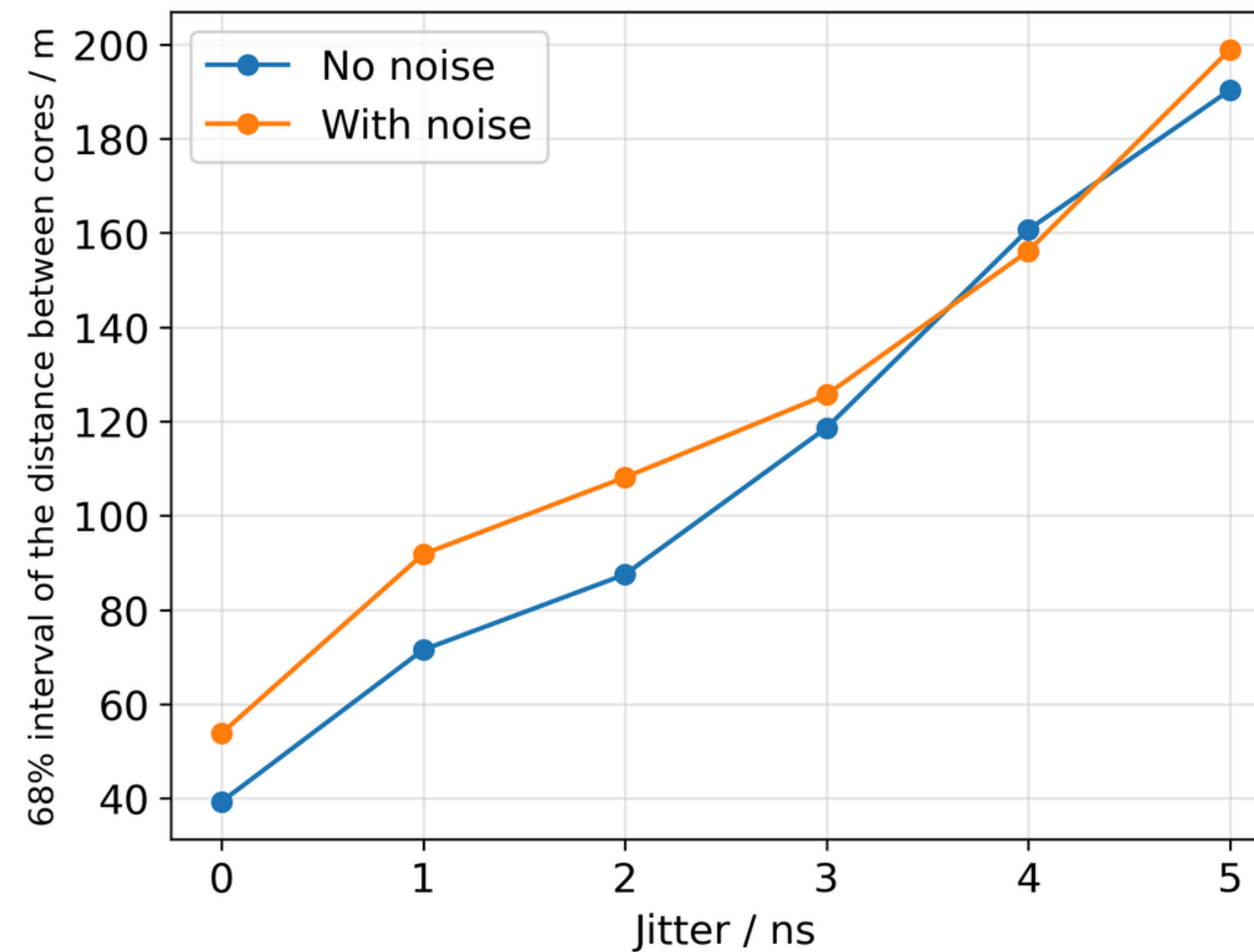
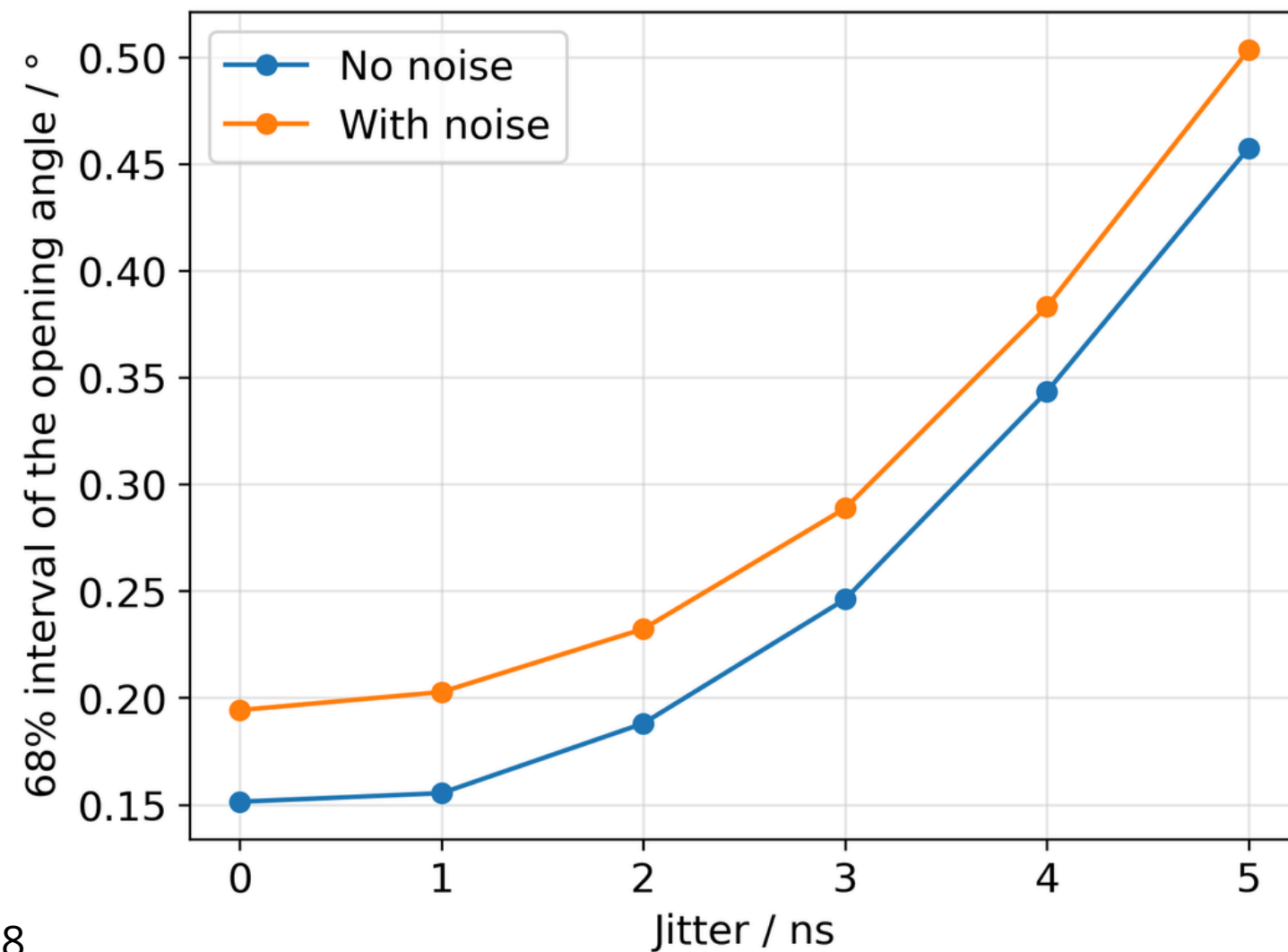
(d) Terminate if no new antennas with pulse

Timing jitter

- AERA simulation set both with and without noise
- Gaussian jitter



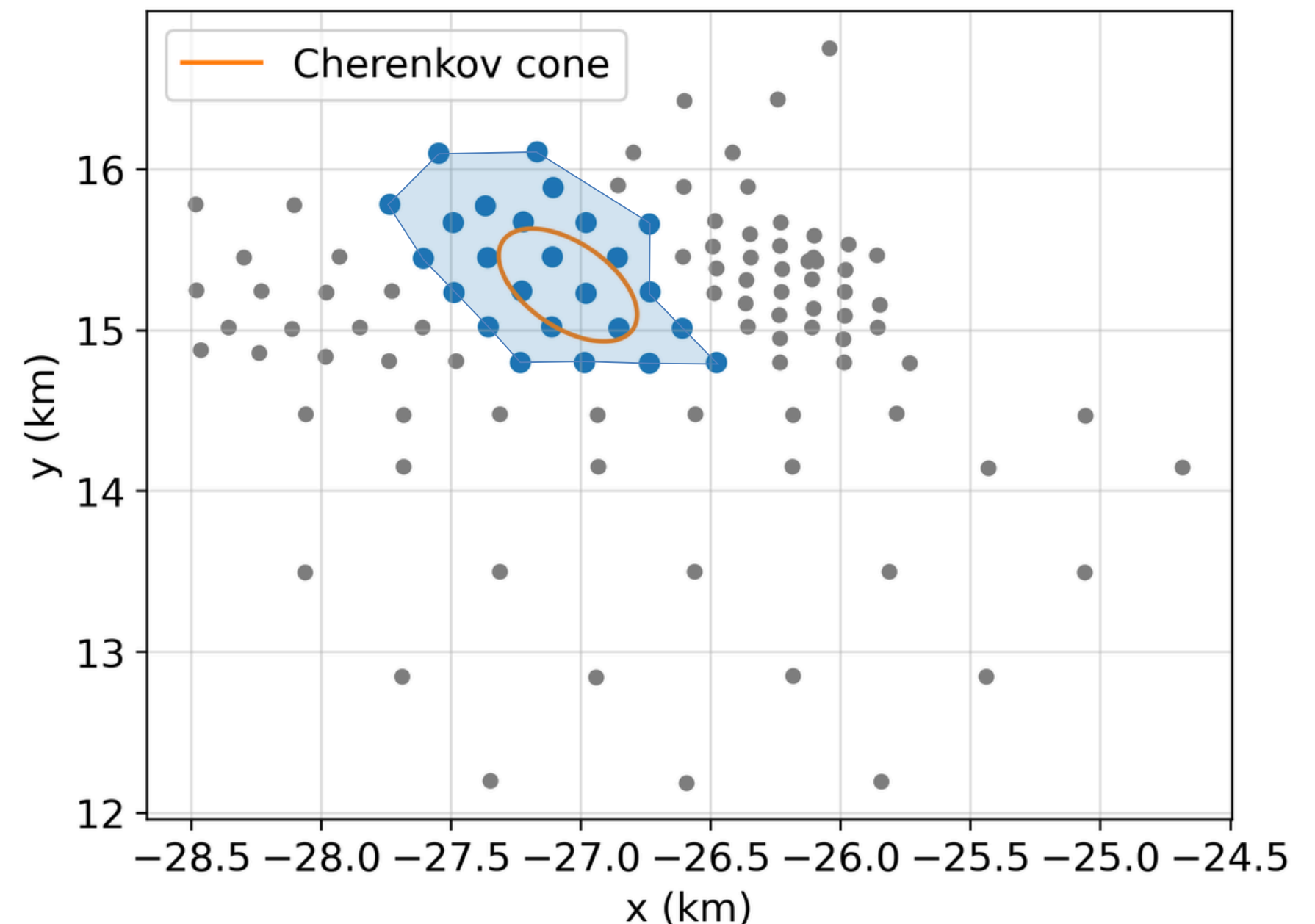
<https://doi.org/10.48550/arXiv.2006.10348>



AERA dataset - Cuts

- Select usefull events
 - No thunderstorm flag (6%)
 - **Full containment of radio footprint (85%)**
 - High contrast in slice (13%)
 - At least for 6 slices
 - Good fit through axis points (2%)

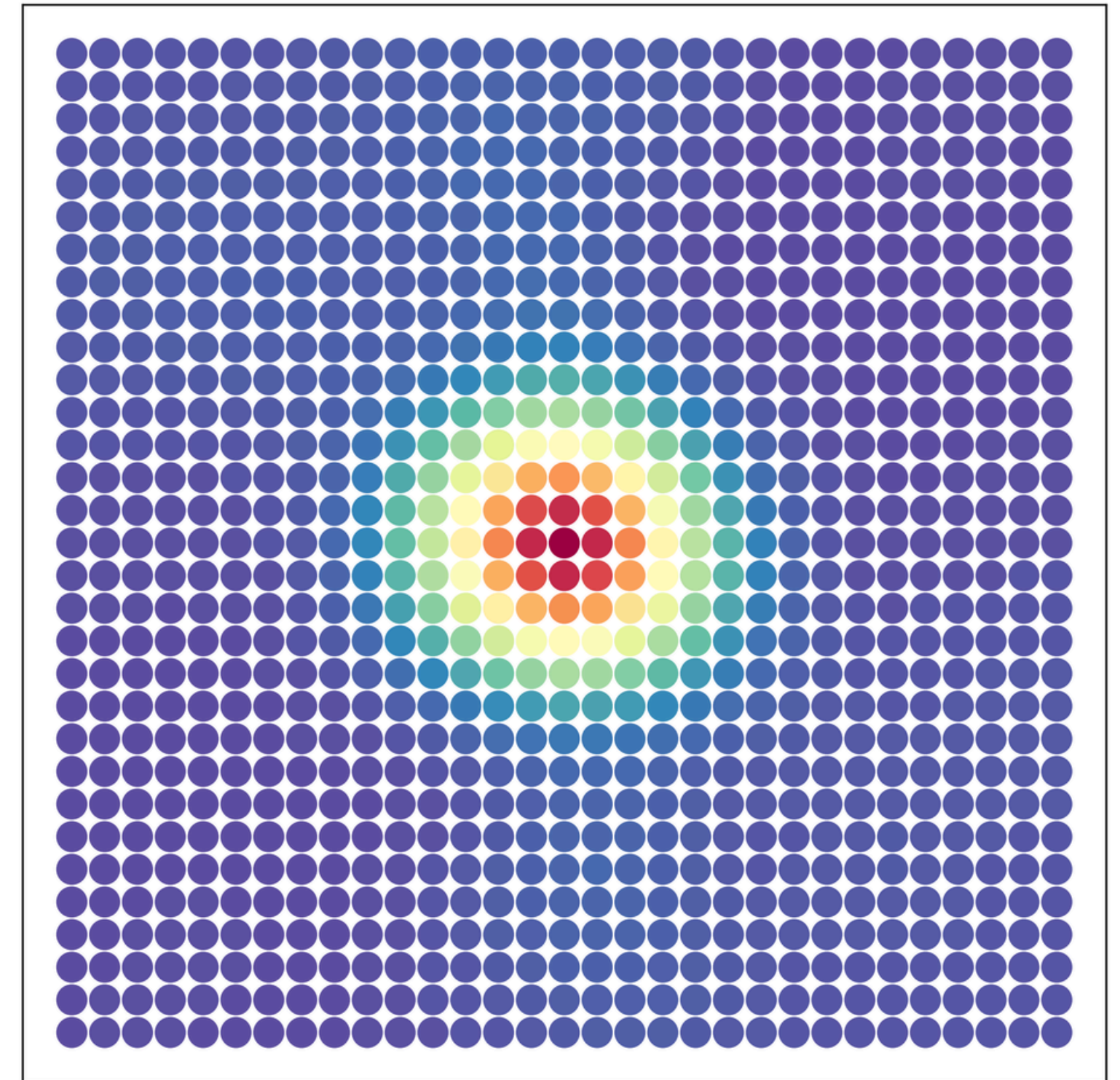
The percentage (...%) shows the fraction of events that are discarded due to the cut



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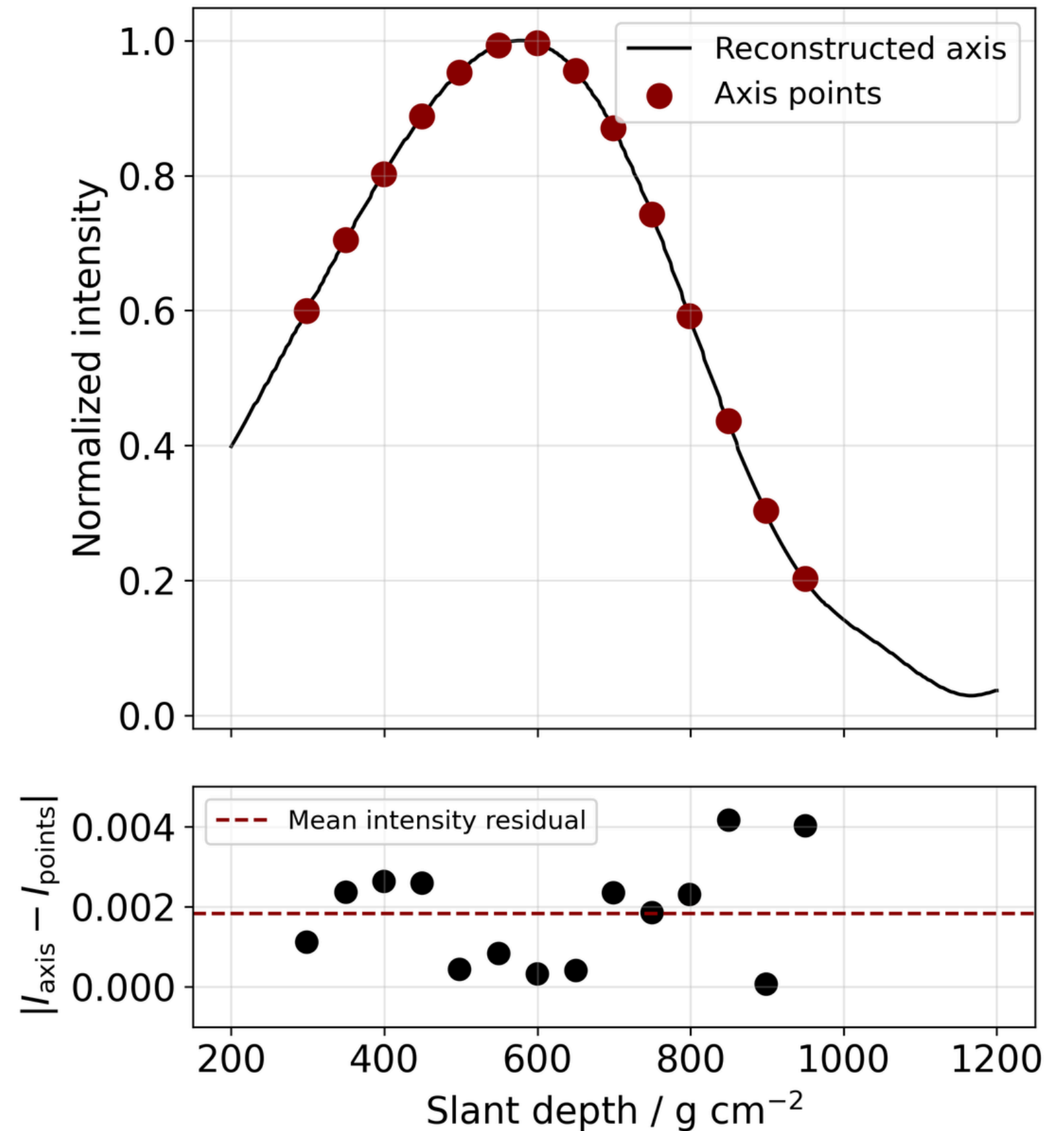
The percentage (...%) shows the fraction of events that are discarded due to the cut



AERA dataset - Cuts

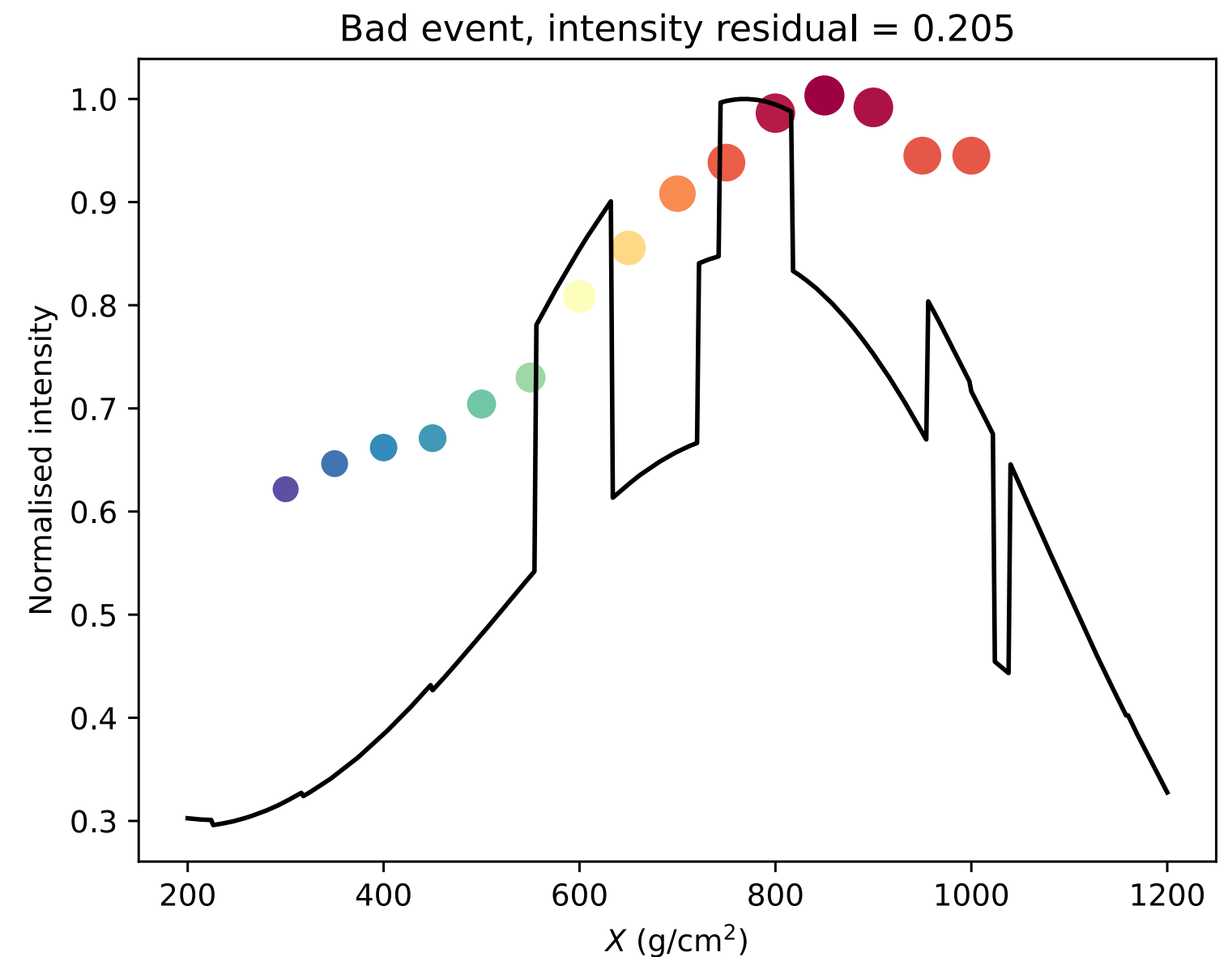
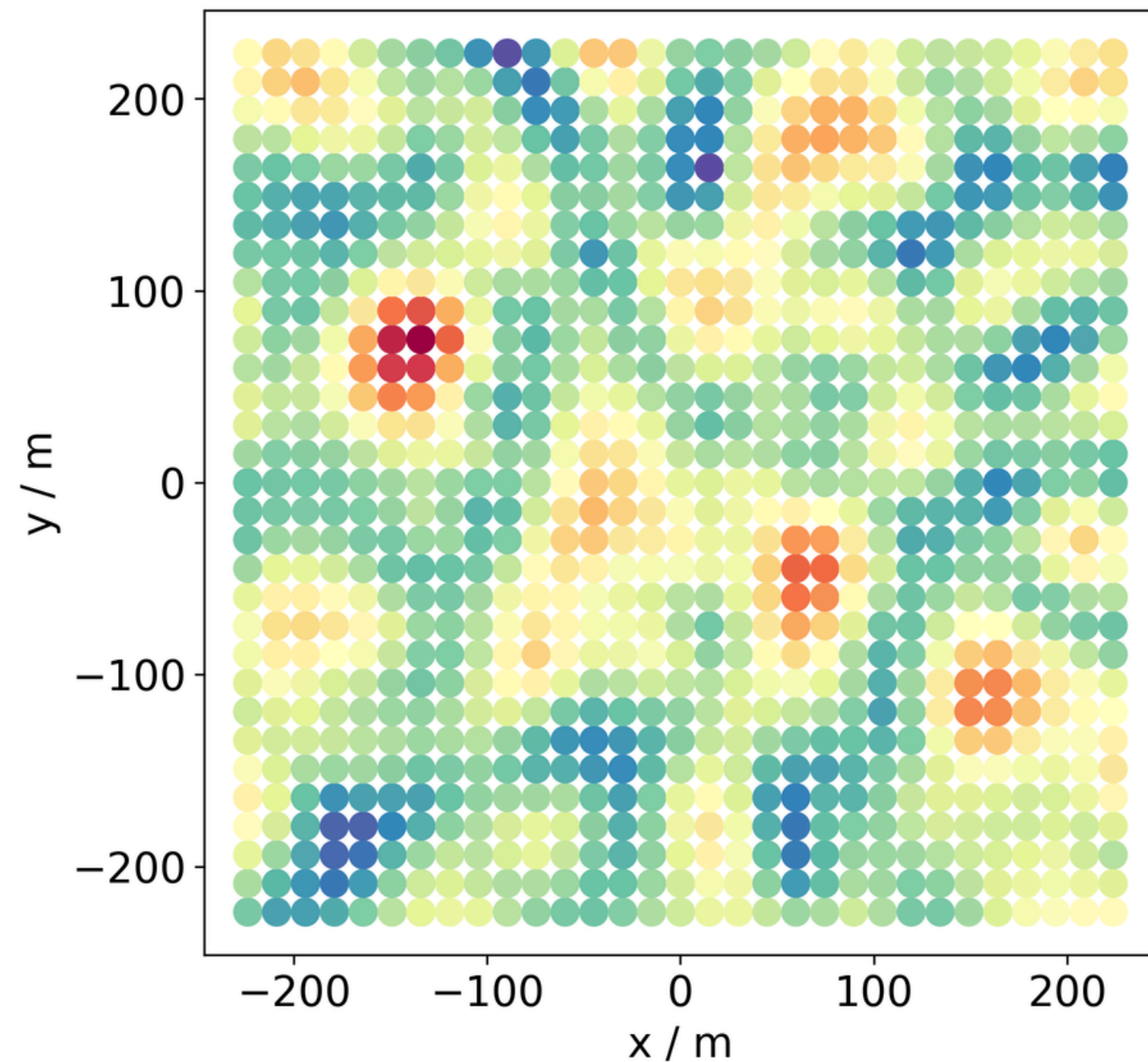
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 - High contrast in slice (13%)
 - At least for 6 slices
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The percentage (...%) shows the fraction of events that are discarded due to the cut



AERA dataset - Cuts, bad examples

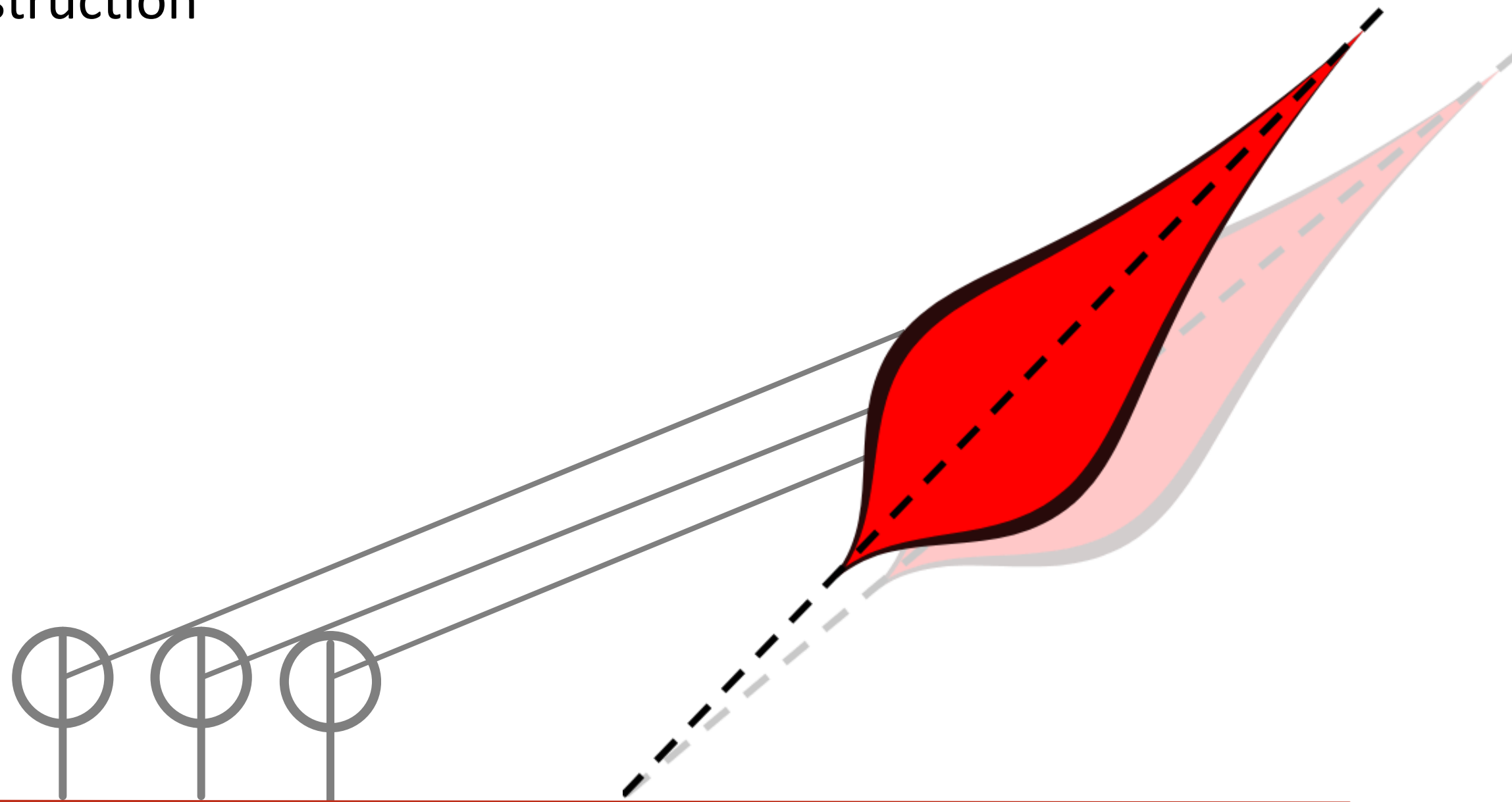
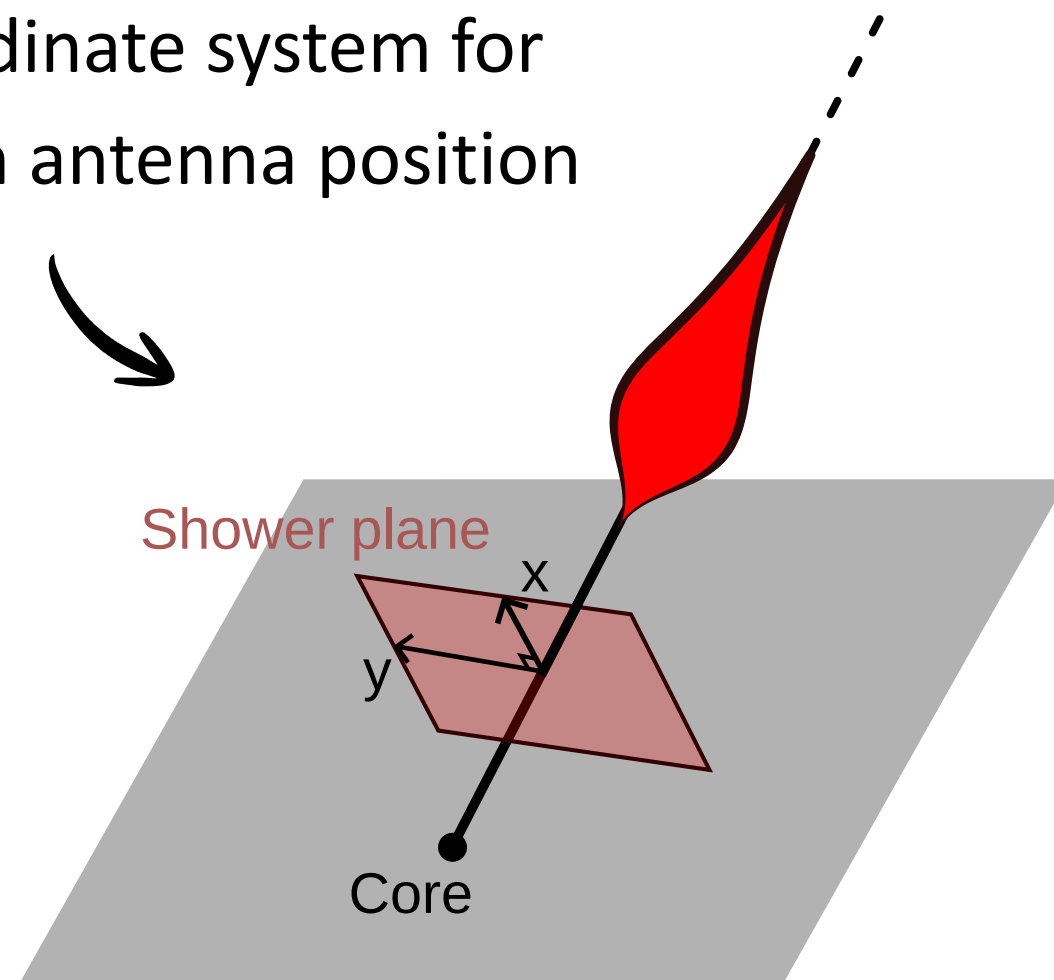
- High contrast in slice
- Good fit through axis points



Biases

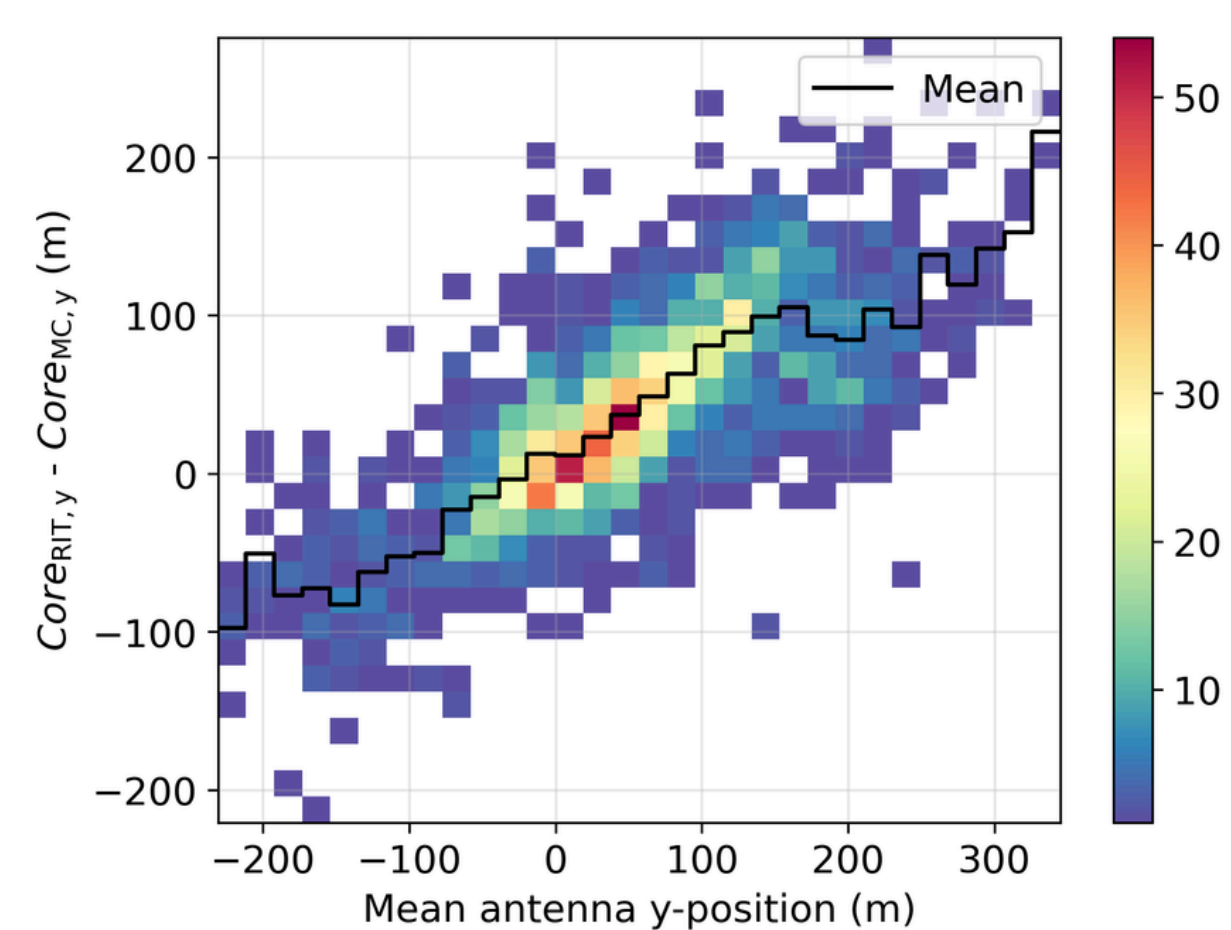
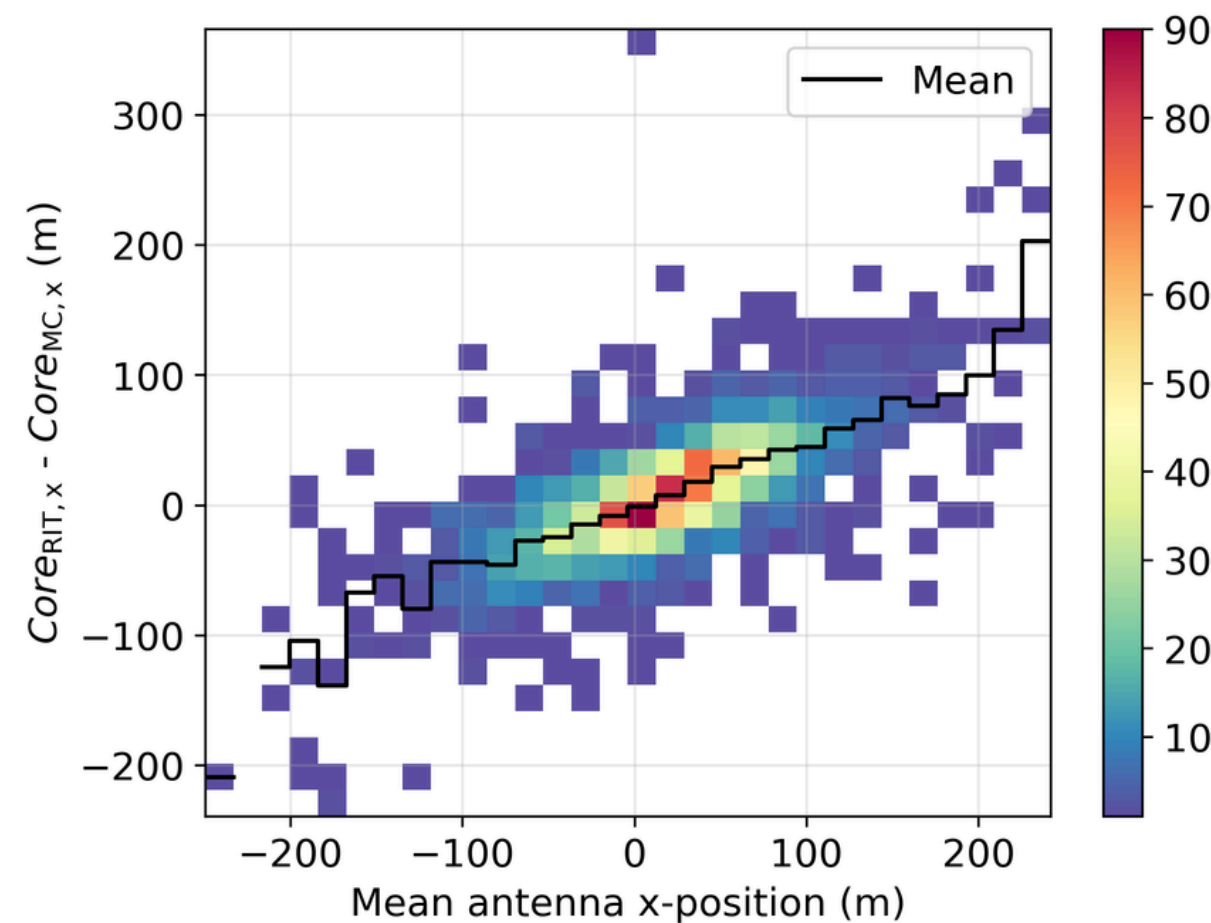
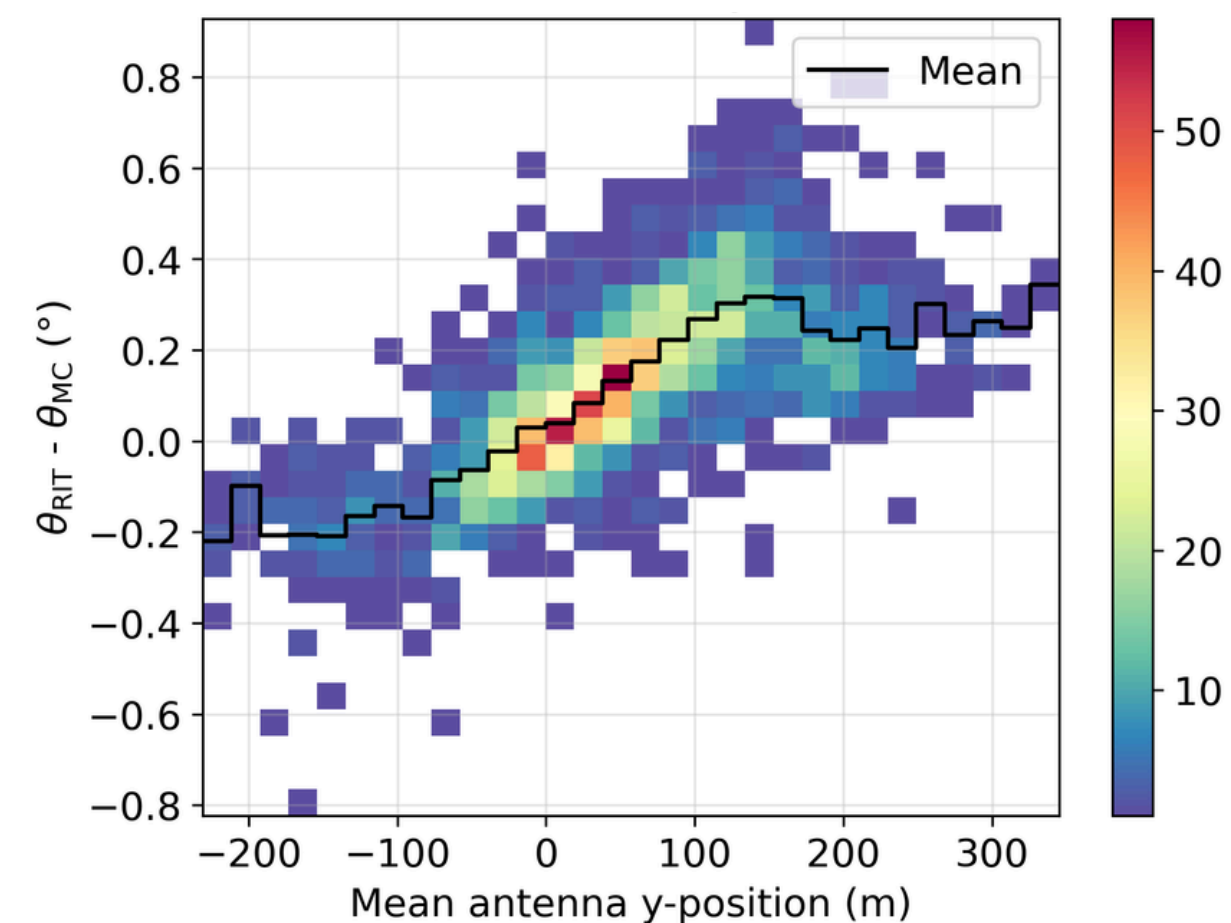
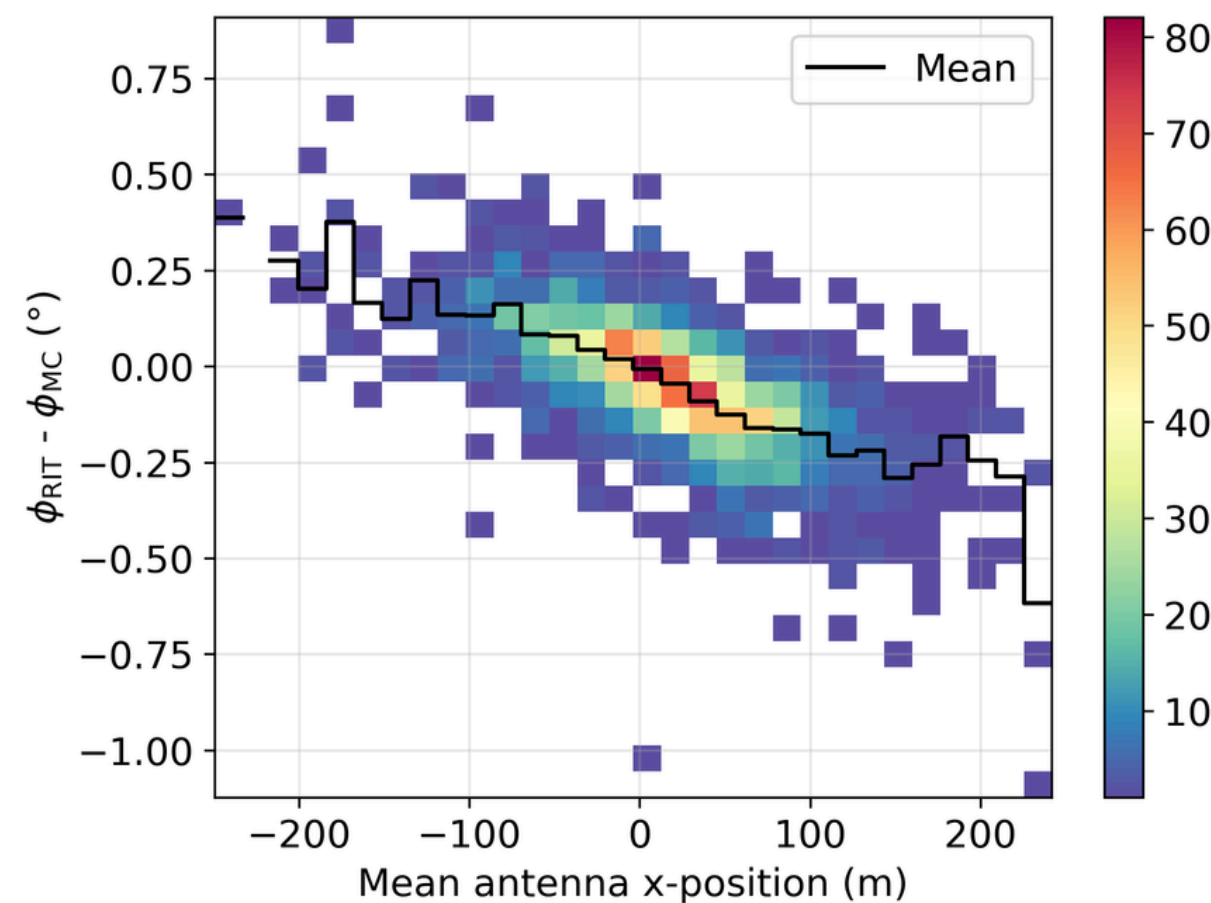
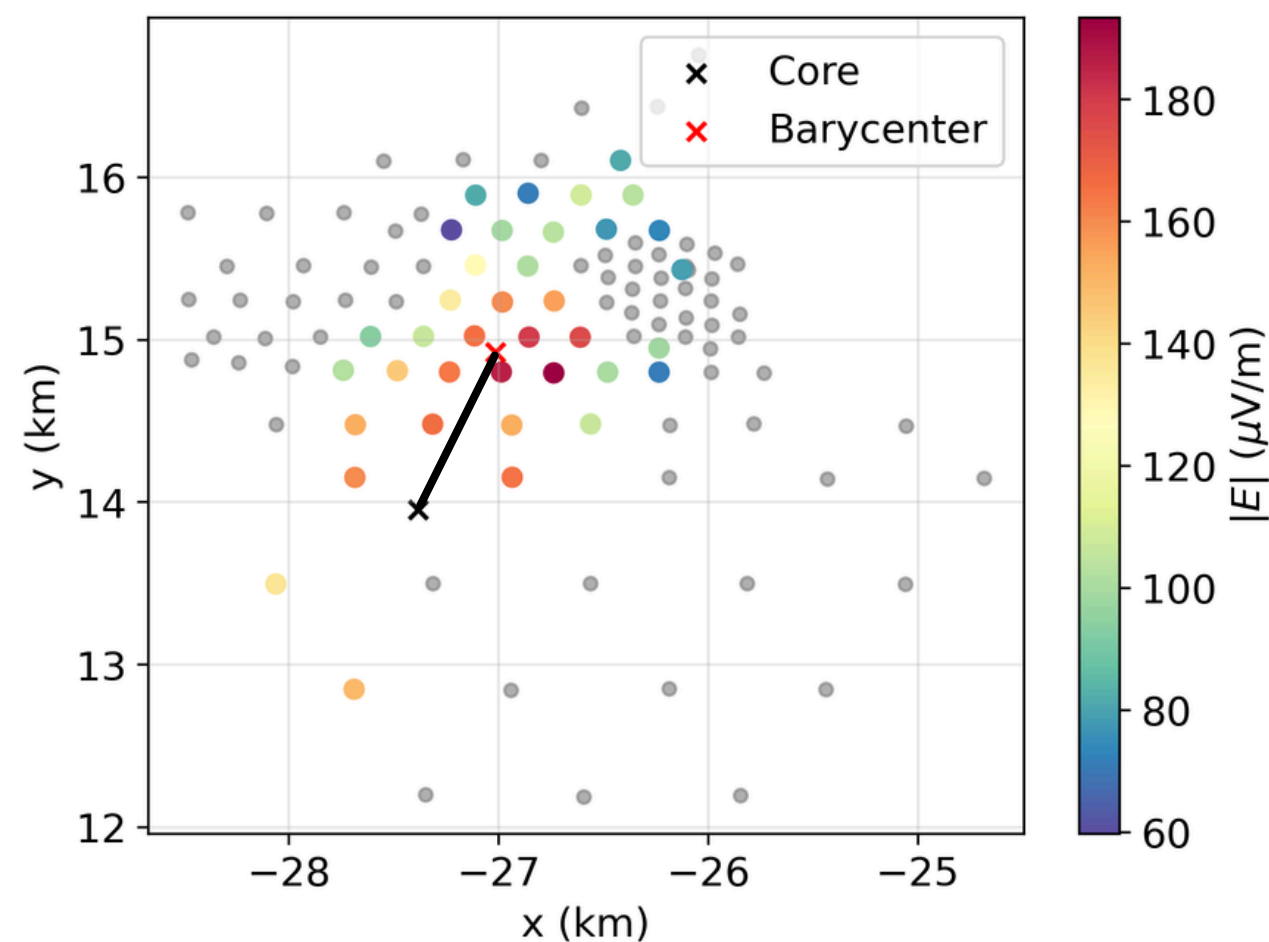
- Air shower projected differently due to interferometric method
- Depending on the *mean antenna position/barycenter/centre-of-mass* of the antenna
- Shower 'pushed' away from actual shower axis
- Both bias in core as angle reconstruction

Coordinate system for
mean antenna position



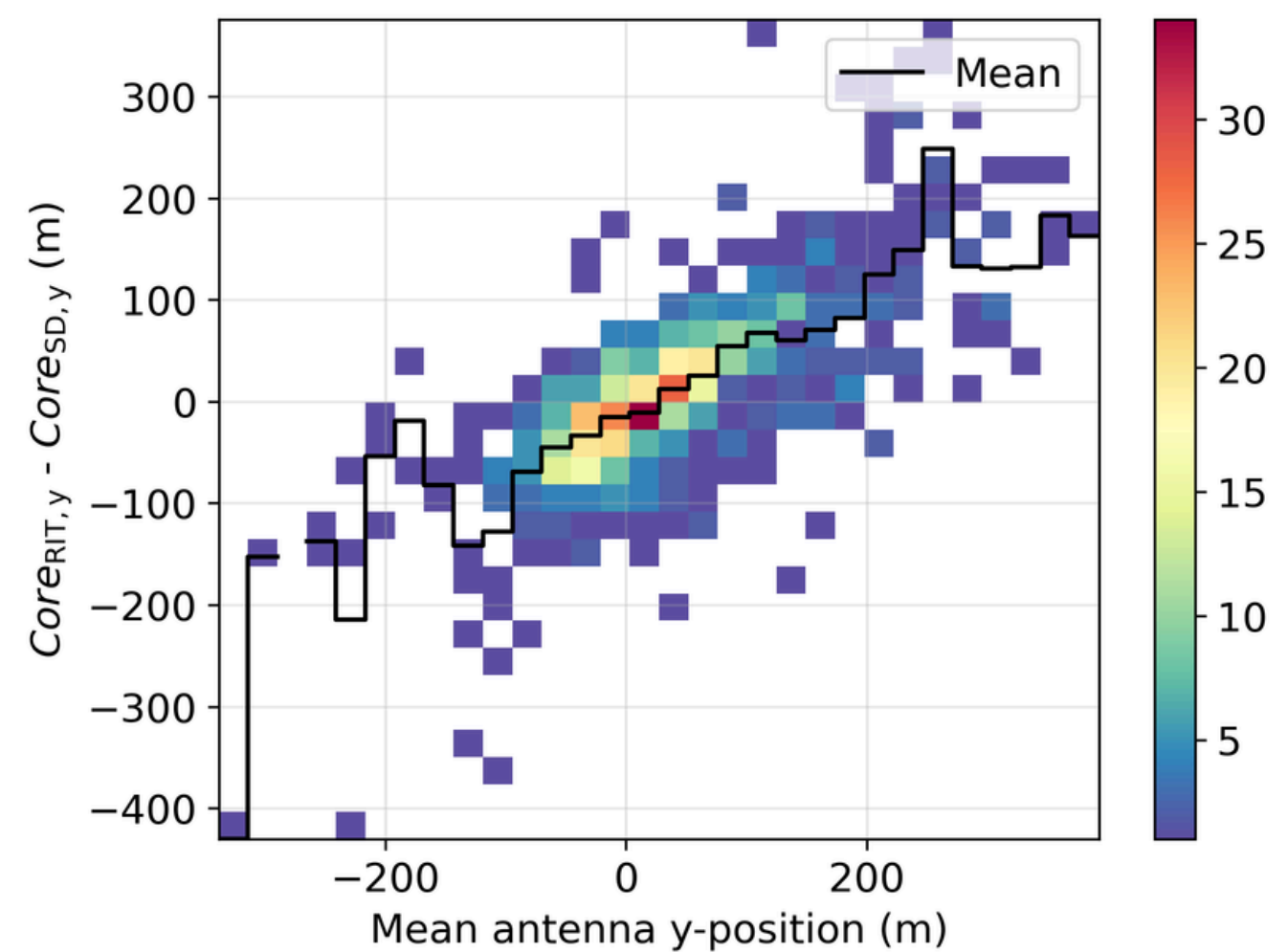
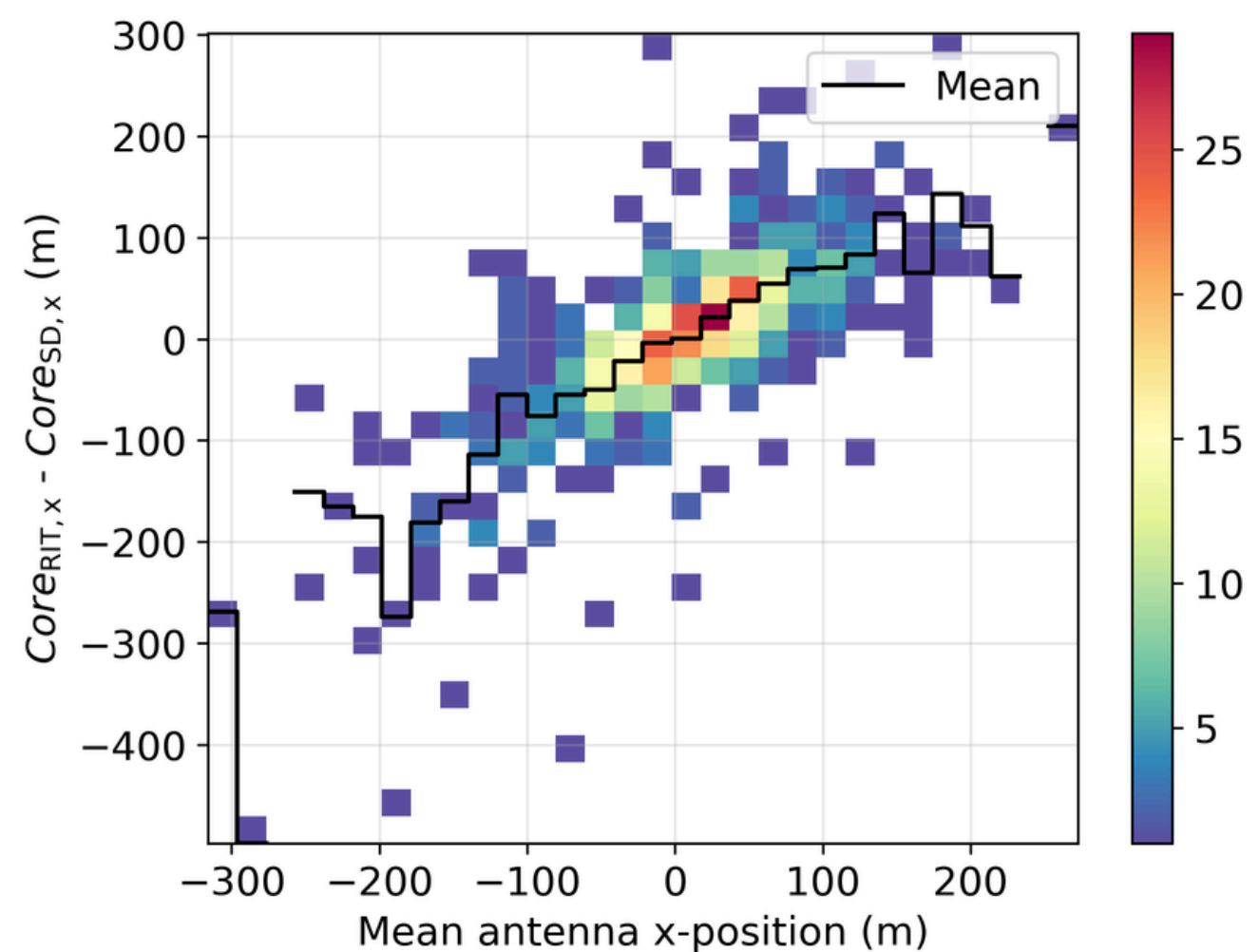
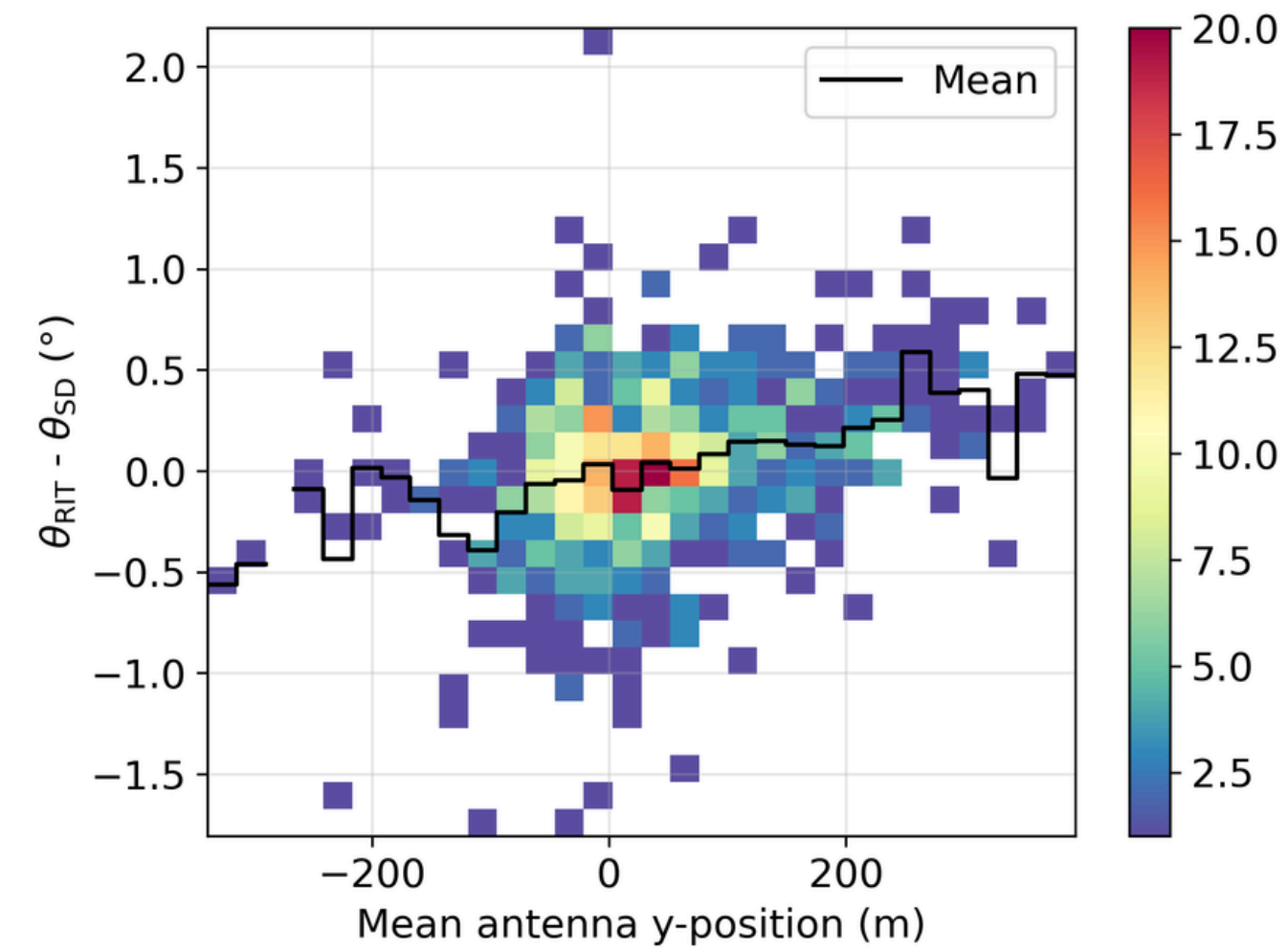
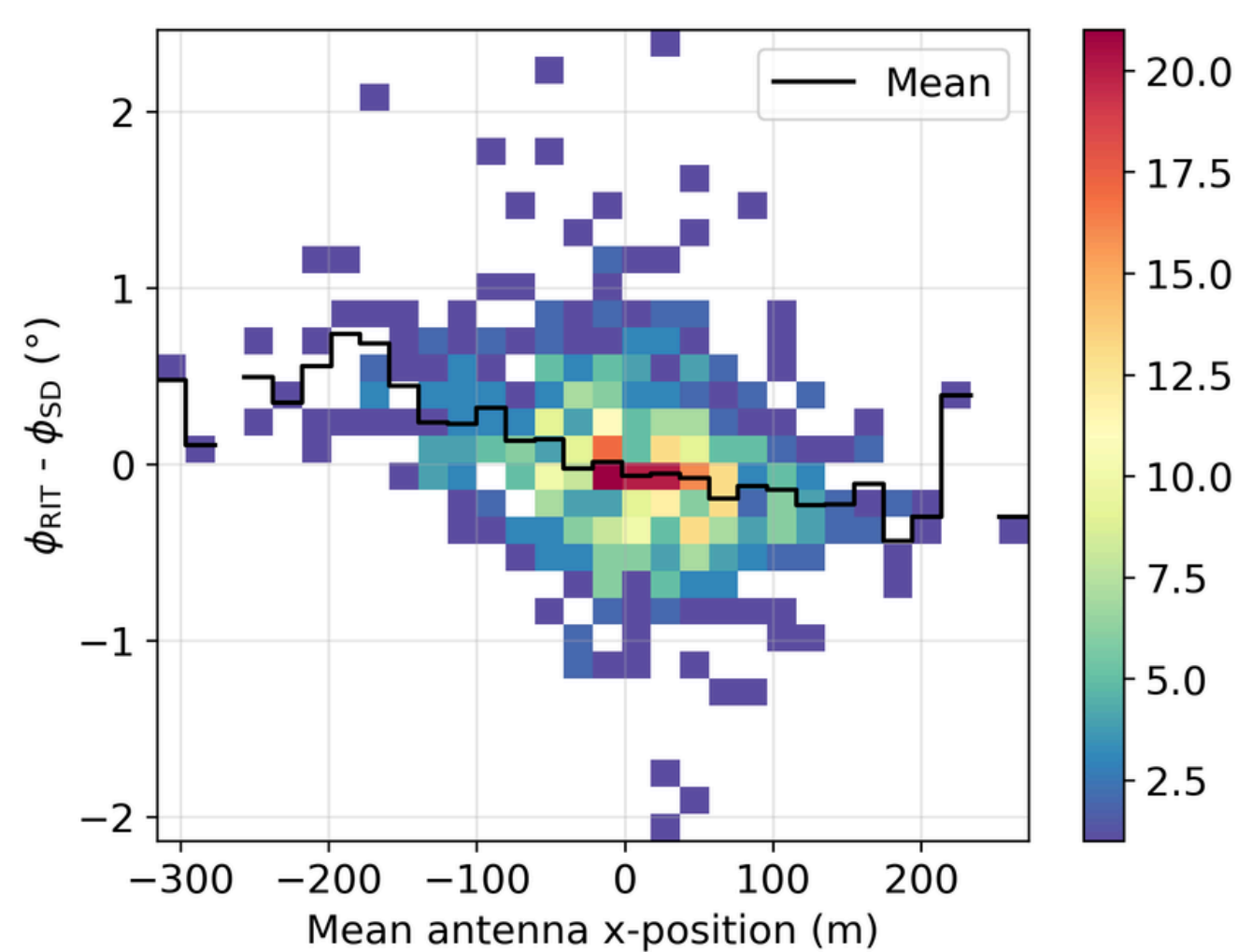
Biases – Simulations

- Compared to MC



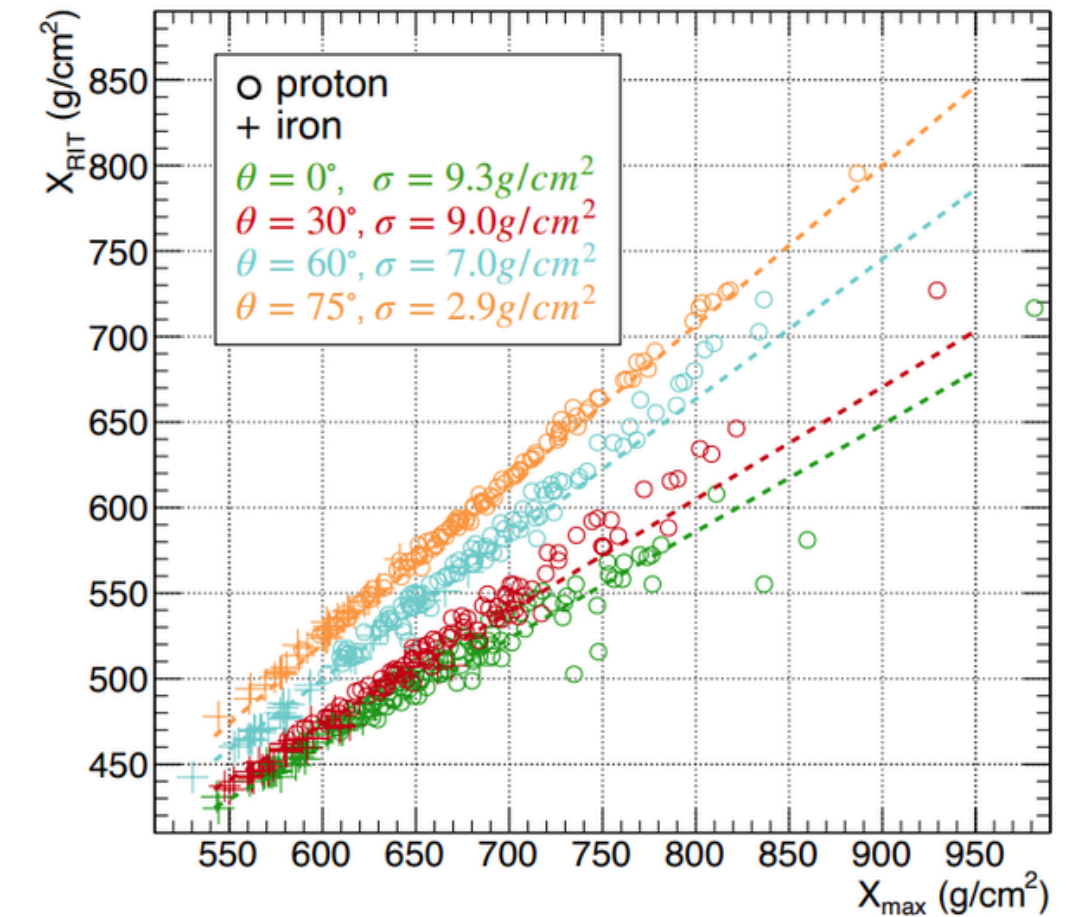
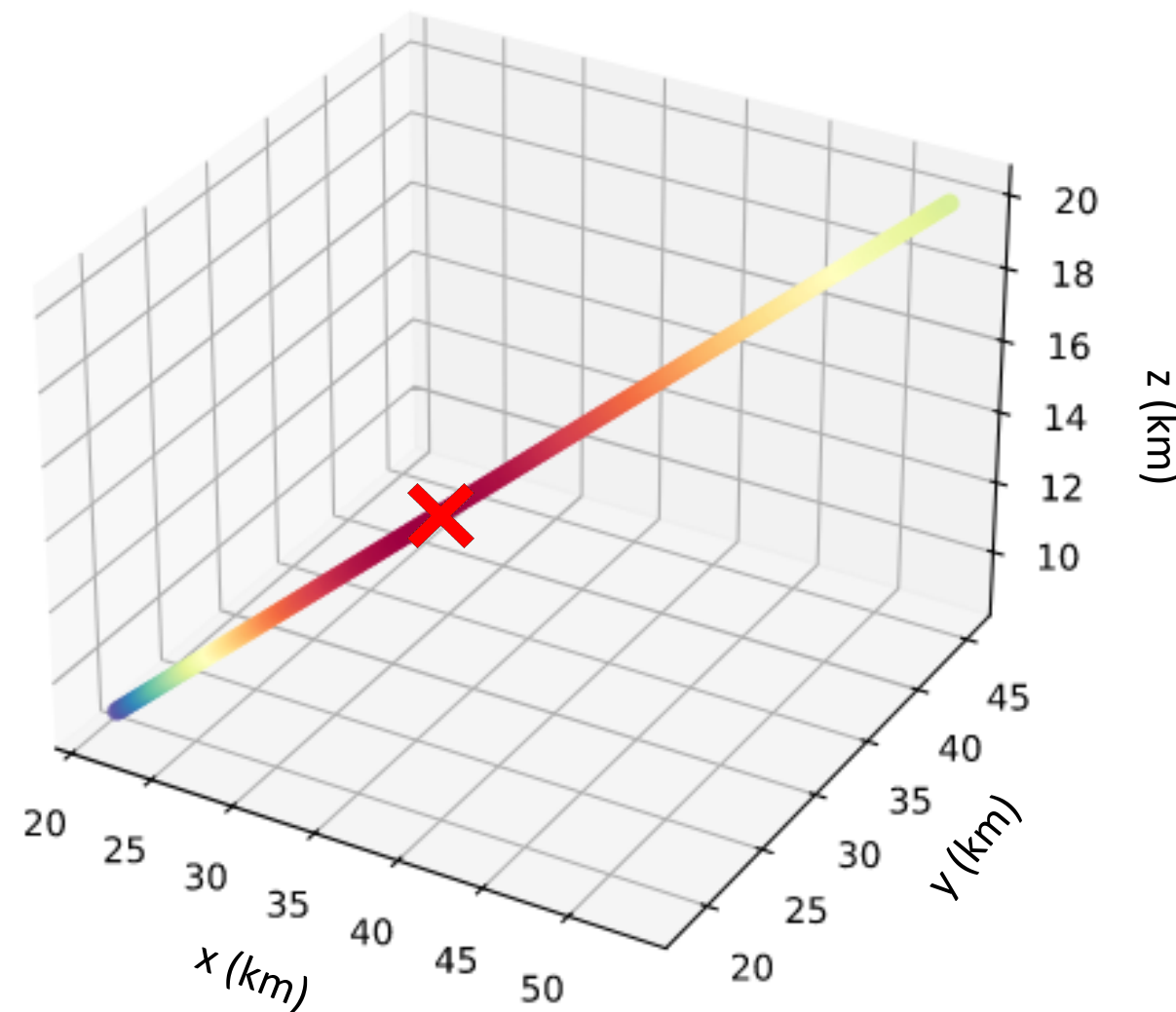
Biases – Data

- Compared to SD

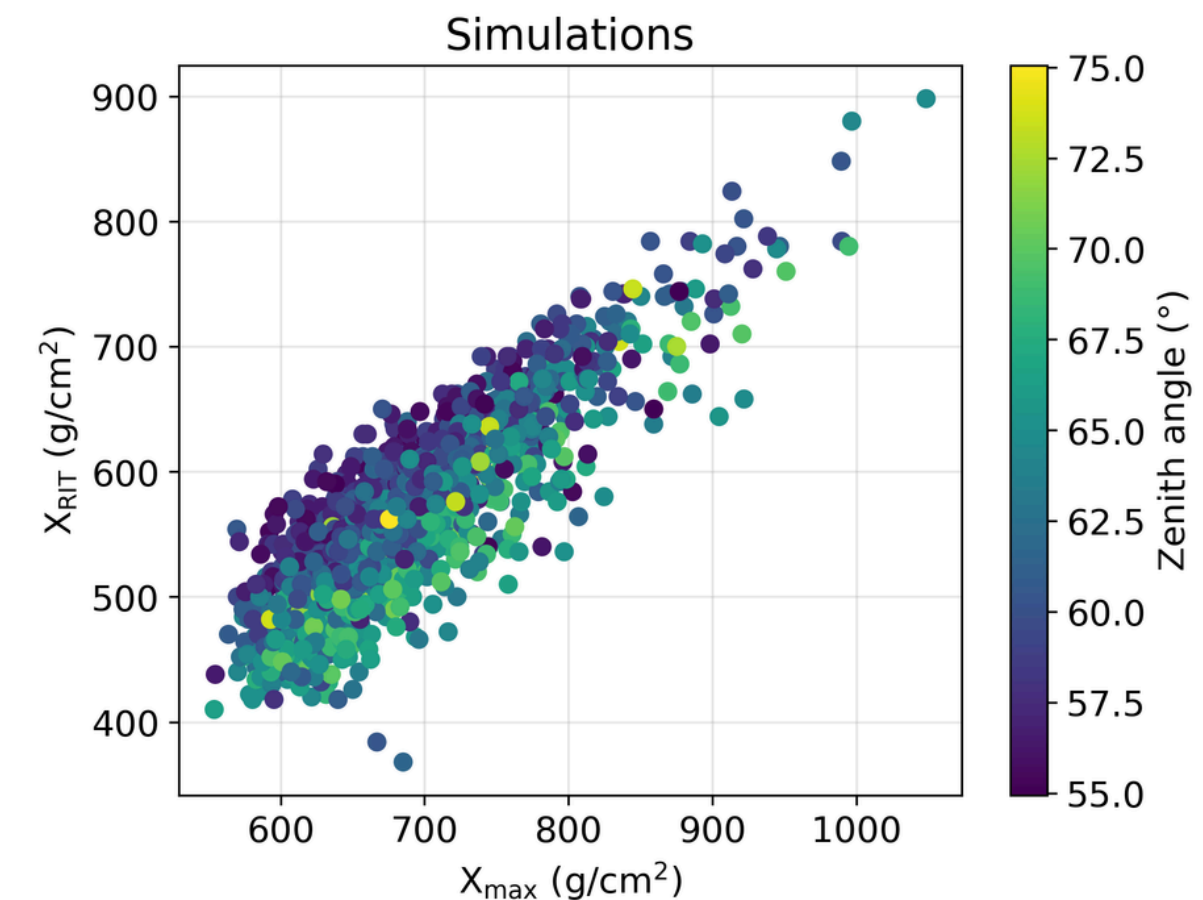


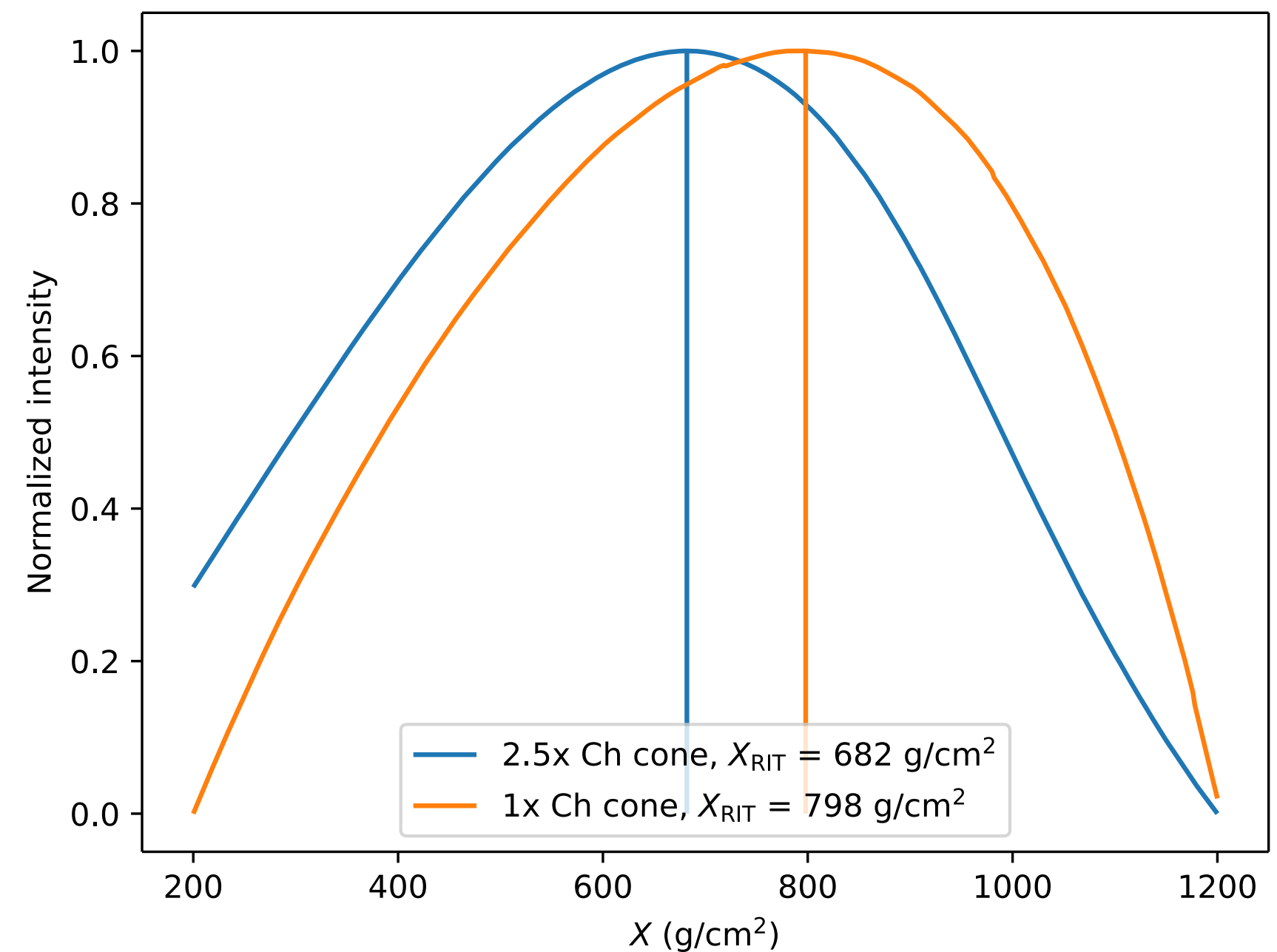
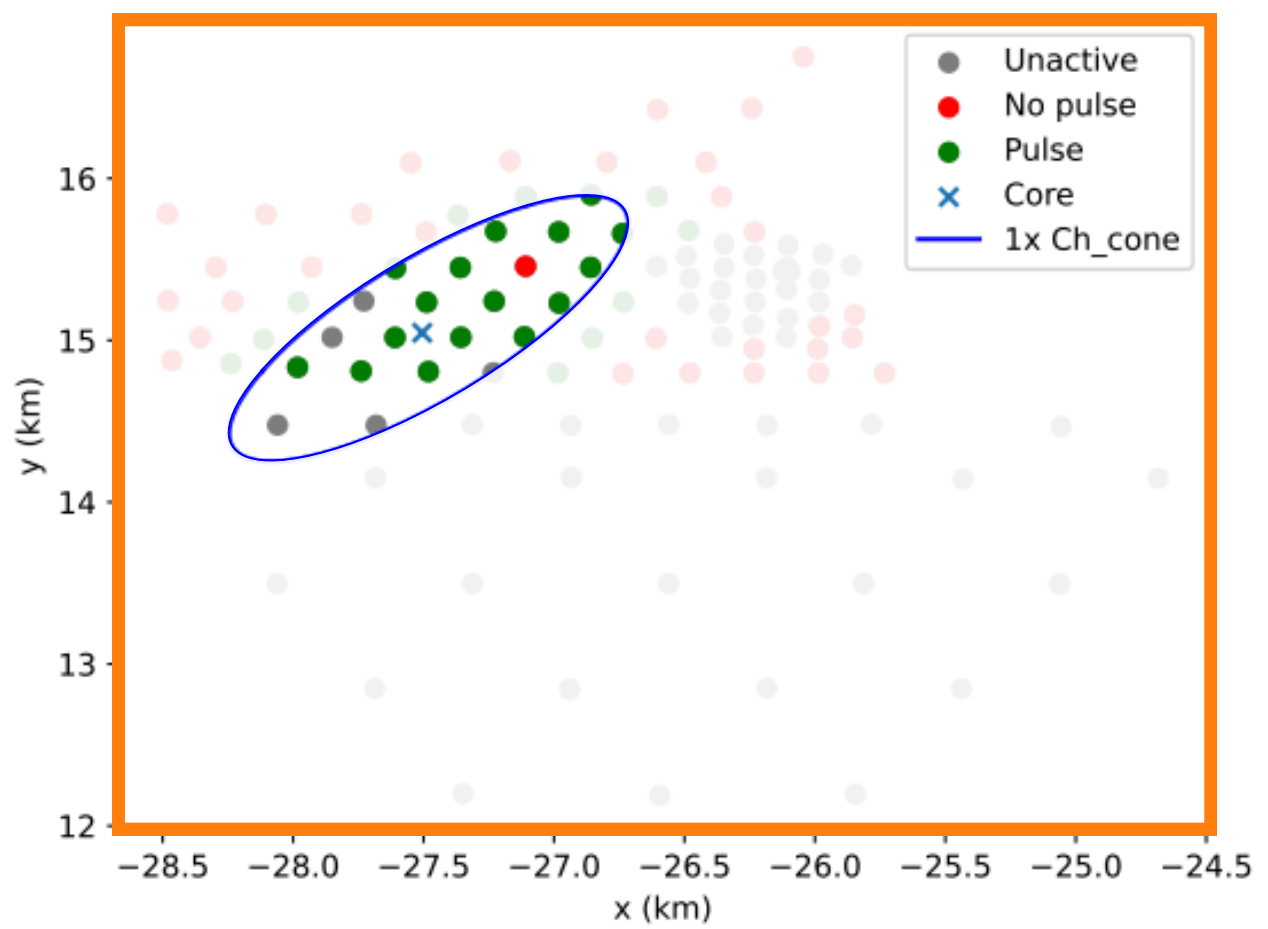
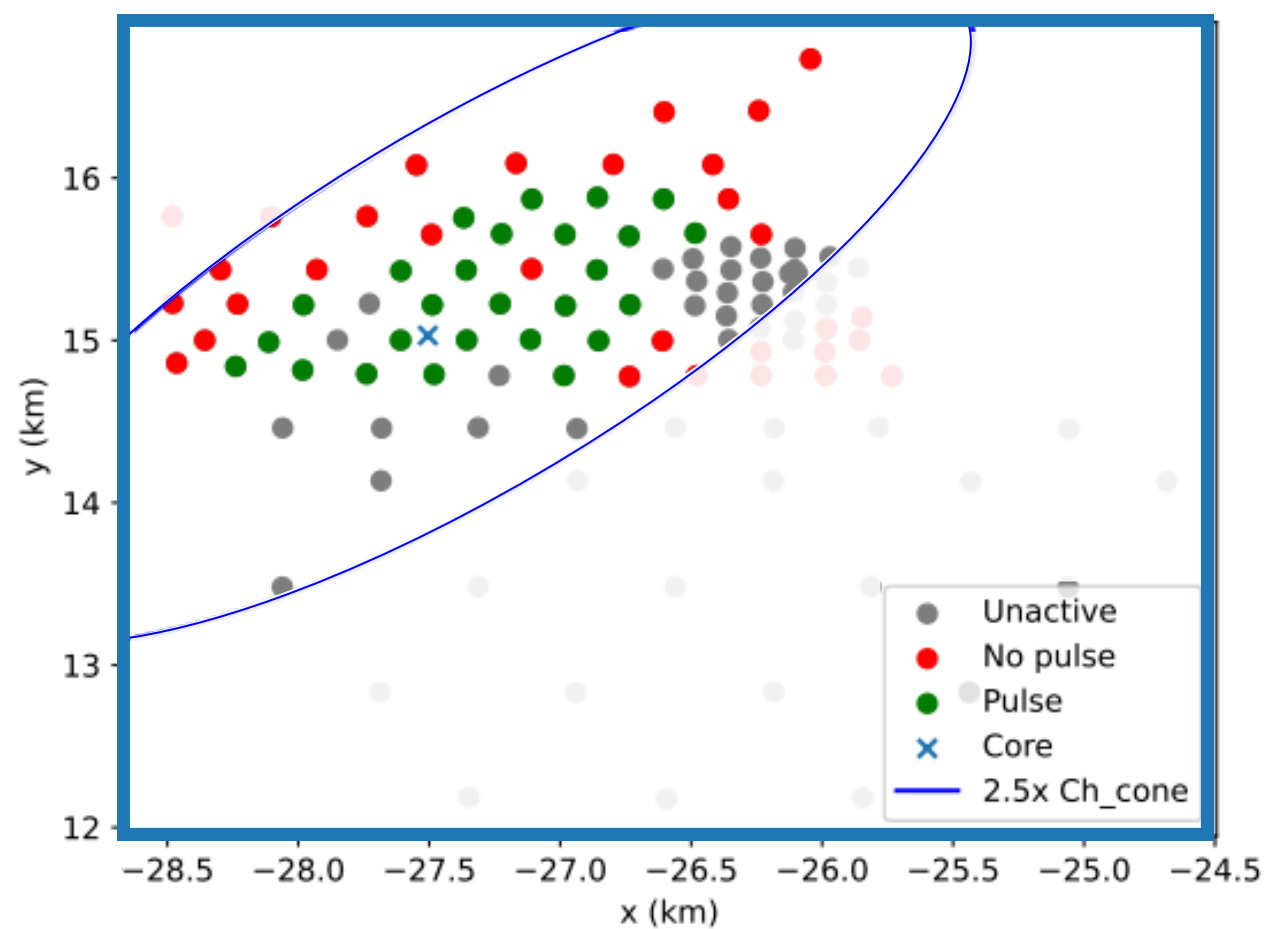
$X_{\max}$ reconstruction

- Get X_{RIT} from reconstruction
 - Not the same as $X_{\max}$!
- Conversion dependent on:
 - Zenith angle
 - Antenna layout
- Difficult for AERA
 - Irregular grid



<https://doi.org/10.48550/arXiv.2006.10348>





Reconstructed profile highly dependent on antenna layout/ antennas included in reconstruction

Low energy application

Event selection

- Zenith angle: $75^\circ < \theta < 82^\circ$
- Energy: ~ 1 EeV
- SD quality: $\frac{\sigma_{19}}{N_{19}} < 0.5$
- Stations: > 60 (in 2x Cherenkov cone @750 g/cm²)