

Update of the Standard-Model prediction for $\bar{B} \rightarrow X_s \gamma$

Tobias Huber
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Based on:

K. Brune, L.-T. Moos, TH

2509.22564, JHEP01(2026)142

M. Czakon, M. Czaja, M. Misiak, M. Niggetiedt,

A. Rehman, K. Schönwald, M. Steinhauser, TH to appear

UliFest, Karlsruhe, July 3rd, 2026

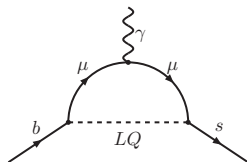
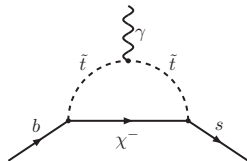
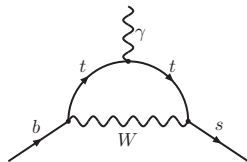
Motivation to study $\bar{B} \rightarrow X_s \gamma$

- X_s : Hadronic system with net-strangeness $S = -1$ and excluding charm
- Dominant contribution: quark-level $b \rightarrow s \gamma$ transition
 - Flavour-changing neutral current (FCNC) process
 - Loop-induced in SM
 - GIM suppression lifted by large top-quark mass
 - Sensitive to new degrees of freedom via virtual effects
 - Standard candle for many new-physics analyses
 - Precision required on theoretical and experimental side

- Envisaged precision at Belle II is $\pm 2.6\%$

[Belle II Physics Book, 1808.10567]

$\implies$ Goal: shrink theory uncertainty as much as possible



Weak effective Hamiltonian

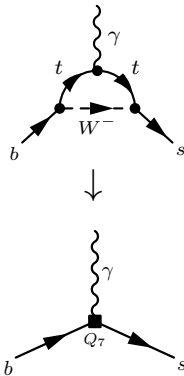
- Integrate out heavy particles $W^\pm, Z, H, t$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{QED+QCD}} + \frac{4G_F}{\sqrt{2}} V_{ts}^* V_{tb} \left[- \sum_{i=1}^2 C_i \sum_{p=u,c} \frac{V_{ps}^* V_{pb}}{V_{ts}^* V_{tb}} Q_i^p + \sum_{i=3}^8 C_i Q_i \right] + \text{h.c.}$$

- Effective operators

$$\begin{aligned} Q_1^p &= (\bar{s}_L \gamma_\mu T^a p_L) (\bar{p}_L \gamma^\mu T^a b_L), & Q_5 &= (\bar{s}_L \gamma_\mu \gamma_\nu \gamma_\sigma b_L) \sum_q (\bar{q} \gamma^\mu \gamma^\nu \gamma^\sigma q), \\ Q_2^p &= (\bar{s}_L \gamma_\mu p_L) (\bar{p}_L \gamma^\mu b_L), & Q_6 &= (\bar{s}_L \gamma_\mu \gamma_\nu \gamma_\sigma T^a b_L) \sum_q (\bar{q} \gamma^\mu \gamma^\nu \gamma^\sigma T^a q), \\ Q_3 &= (\bar{s}_L \gamma_\mu b_L) \sum_q (\bar{q} \gamma^\mu q), & Q_7 &= \frac{e}{16\pi^2} m_b (\bar{s}_L \sigma^{\mu\nu} b_R) F_{\mu\nu}, \\ Q_4 &= (\bar{s}_L \gamma_\mu T^a b_L) \sum_q (\bar{q} \gamma^\mu T^a q), & Q_8 &= \frac{g}{16\pi^2} m_b (\bar{s}_L \sigma^{\mu\nu} T^a b_R) G_{\mu\nu}^a. \end{aligned}$$

- Supplemented by evanescent operators
- Wilson Coefficients C_i (effective couplings) carry effects of $W^\pm, Z, H, t$



Weak effective Hamiltonian

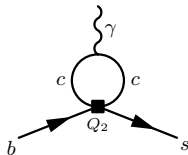
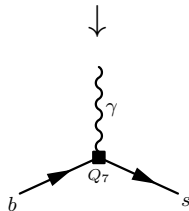
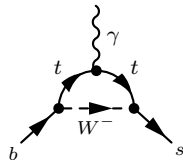
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- Major updates

- 2001: NLO

$$\mathcal{B}(\bar{B} \rightarrow X_s \gamma)_{E_\gamma > 1.6 \text{ GeV}} = (3.60 \pm 0.30) \times 10^{-4}$$

↑
8.3%

[Gambino, Misiak hep-ph/0104034]

History

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[Misiak et al. hep-ph/0609232]

extrapolation of $Q_{1,2} - Q_7$ interference from large m_c

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 6.8%

[Misiak et al. 1503.01789]

interpolation of $Q_{1,2} - Q_7$ from large m_c to $m_c = 0$

$\mathcal{B}_{s\gamma}$: CP- and isospin averaged branching ratio

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- 2026: NNLO $\mathcal{B}_{s\gamma} = ??$ [few more mins. :-)] [Misiak et al. 260n.nnnnn]

exact m_c -dep. of $Q_{1,2} - Q_7$ interference, multi-body contributions to NLO, new normalization

Recent developments

- Heavy-quark expansion

$$\Gamma(\bar{B} \rightarrow X_s \gamma)_{E_\gamma > E_0} = \Gamma(b \rightarrow X_s^{\text{parton}} \gamma)_{E_\gamma > E_0} + \mathcal{O}(\Lambda_{\text{QCD}}/m_b) \quad \delta = 1 - \frac{2E_0}{m_b}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Gamma(b \rightarrow X_s^{\text{parton}} \gamma)_{E_\gamma > E_0} &= \Gamma(b \rightarrow s \gamma) + \Gamma(b \rightarrow sg \gamma) + \Gamma(b \rightarrow sq \bar{q} \gamma) + \Gamma(b \rightarrow sq \bar{q} g \gamma) + \dots \\ &= \frac{G_F^2 m_b^5 \alpha_e |V_{ts}^* V_{tb}|^2}{32\pi^4} \sum_{i,j} \mathcal{C}_i^{\text{eff}*}(\mu) \mathcal{C}_j^{\text{eff}}(\mu) \hat{G}_{ij}(\mu, z_c, E_0) \end{aligned}$$

- Recent developments on perturbative side [non-pert. see later]

- Multi-parton contributions $b \rightarrow sq \bar{q}(g) \gamma$ at NLO

[Brune, Moos, TH'25]

- Exact m_c -dependence of bare two-body $Q_{1,2} - Q_7$ interference at NNLO

[Greub, Asatrian, Saturnino, Wiegand'23; Czakon, Czaja, Misiak, Niggetiedt, Rehman, Schönwald, Steinhauser, TH'23]

[Fael, Lange, Schönwald, Steinhauser'23; Greub, Asatrian, Asatryan, Born, Eicher'24]

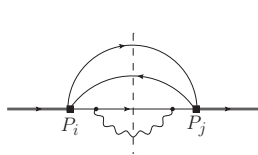
- Exact m_c -dependence of complete $Q_{1,2} - Q_7$ interference at NNLO

[Czakon, Czaja, Misiak, Niggetiedt, Rehman, Schönwald, Steinhauser, TH'26]

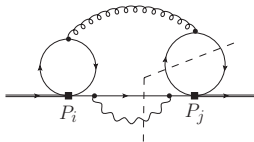
- Partial $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^3)$ -corrections to the $Q_7 - Q_7$ contribution

[Fael's talk]

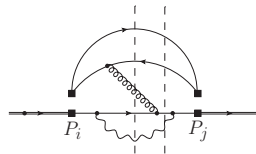
Multi-body contributions to NLO



[Kaminski,Misiak,Poradzinski'12]



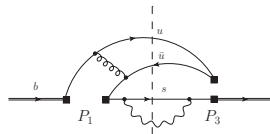
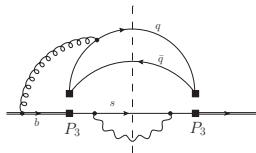
[Poradzinski,Virto,TH'14]



[Brune,Moos,TH'25]

- Partonic contributions of the type $b \rightarrow s q \bar{q} (g) \gamma$ with cut $E_\gamma \geq E_0$ on photon energy

- ~ 180 one-loop 4-body $b \rightarrow s q \bar{q} \gamma$ diagrams per interference
- ~ 400 tree-level 5-body $b \rightarrow s q \bar{q} g \gamma$ diagrams per interference



- Master formula:
$$G_{ij}^{(1)}(\mu, E_0) = V_{ji} + V_{ji}^* + R_{ji} + S_{ji} + Z_\psi T_{ji} + Z_\psi T_{ij}^* + M_{ji} + M_{ij}^* + \sum_k \{Z_{jk} T_{ki} + Z_{ik} T_{kj}^*\}$$

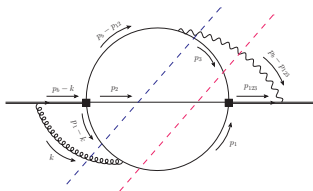
Multi-body contributions to NLO

- Stay differential in photon energy $\frac{2 E_\gamma}{m_b} = \frac{2 p_b \cdot p_\gamma}{m_b^2} \equiv 1 - z \equiv \bar{z}$, implement via factor $\delta(\bar{z} - s_{ij})$

- Reverse unitarity [Anastasiou,Melnikov'02]

$$-2\pi i \delta(A) = \frac{1}{A + i\eta} - \frac{1}{A - i\eta}$$

- turns all integrals into (partially massive) four-loop propagators
- Seven topologies in total



$$\mathcal{T}_2 = \left\{ (p_b - p_{123})^2, 2p_b(p_b - p_{123}) - m_b^2 \bar{z}, p_1^2, p_2^2, p_3^2, k^2, (p_3 - k)^2, (p_{123} - k)^2 - m_b^2, \right. \\ \left. (p_b - k)^2 - m_b^2, (p_b - p_{12})^2, (p_1 - k)^2, (p_b - p_{13})^2, (p_b - p_1)^2, (p_b - p_3)^2 \right\}$$

- Integral reduction to $\sim 30 + 30$ four- and five-body master integrals

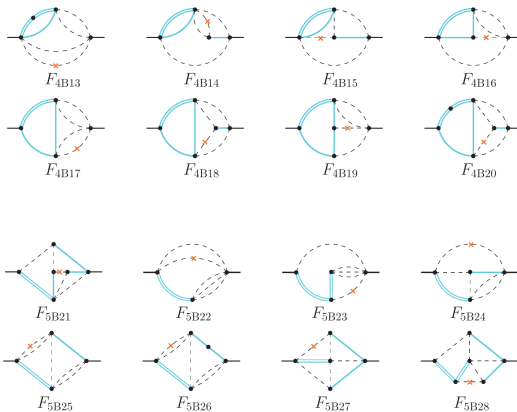
Multi-body contributions to NLO

- Techniques for computing masters:

- Direct integration over D -dim. phase space
- Differential equations, boundaries from
 - Asymptotic expansions (${}_pF_q$, Mellin-Barnes)
 - Integration over $\bar{z}$

- Everything analytic in terms of HPLs and GPLs

- weights $\{0, \pm 1, \pm \frac{i}{\sqrt{3}}\}$
- arguments $\{\bar{z}, i\sqrt{\frac{\bar{z}}{4-\bar{z}}}\}$



Multi-body contributions to NLO

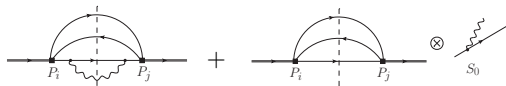
- UV renormalization via standard procedure
- IR subtraction

$$\frac{d\Gamma_m}{dz} = \frac{d\Gamma_\epsilon}{dz} + \frac{d\Gamma_{\text{shift}}}{dz}$$

$$T_{ij} = T_{ij}^{\text{bare}} + T_{ij}^{\text{no } \gamma} \otimes S_0, \quad R_{ij} = R_{ij}^{\text{bare}} + R_{ij}^{\text{no } \gamma} \otimes S_0,$$

$$V_{ij} = V_{ij}^{\text{bare}} + V_{ij}^{\text{no } \gamma} \otimes S_0, \quad S_{ij} = T_{ij}^{\text{no } \gamma} \otimes S_1$$

$$S_0 = \frac{\alpha_e}{4\pi} \frac{2\pi e^{\gamma_E \epsilon} (1 - \epsilon) \csc(\pi \epsilon)}{\Gamma(1 - \epsilon)} \frac{1 + \bar{z}_\gamma^2}{z_\gamma} \left(\frac{m_q z_\gamma}{\mu} \right)^{-2\epsilon}$$



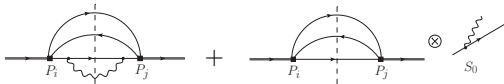
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$$S_1 = \frac{\alpha_e \alpha_s}{(4\pi)^2} C_F \left(\frac{m_q}{\mu} \right)^{-4\epsilon} \left[\frac{1}{2\epsilon^2} (P_{q \rightarrow q}^{(0)} \otimes P_{q \rightarrow \gamma}^{(0)}) (z_\gamma) - \frac{1}{2\epsilon} R_{q \rightarrow \gamma}^{(1)} (z_\gamma) \right]$$

- Leading pole follows DGLAP splitting function

$$P_{q \rightarrow q}^{(0)}(z_\gamma) = \frac{1 + z_\gamma^2}{(1 - z_\gamma)_+} + \frac{3}{2} \delta(1 - z_\gamma), \quad P_{q \rightarrow \gamma}^{(0)}(z_\gamma) = \frac{1 + \bar{z}_\gamma^2}{z_\gamma}$$

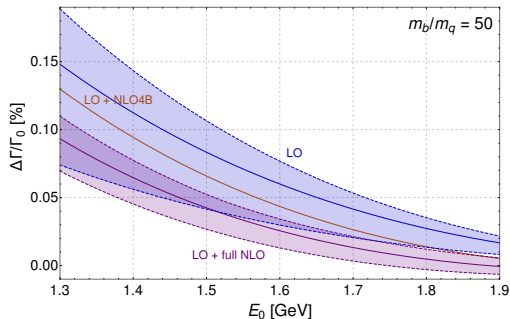
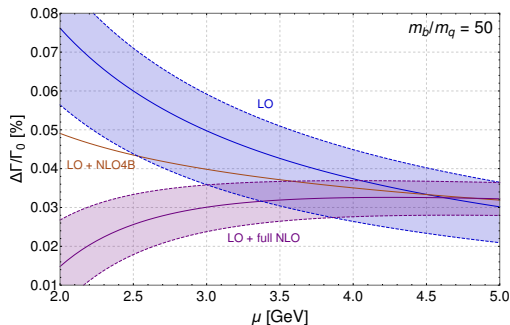
- Subleading contribution is given by

$$\begin{aligned} R_{q \rightarrow \gamma}^{(1)}(z_\gamma) &= \frac{1 + \bar{z}_\gamma^2}{z_\gamma} \left(16 \ln(1 - z_\gamma) \ln(z_\gamma) - 4 \ln^2(1 - z_\gamma) \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \frac{16}{3} \pi^2 - 30 \right) \\ &\quad - 6(z_\gamma - 2) \ln^2(z_\gamma) + \frac{8(z_\gamma - 2)^2}{z_\gamma} \ln(1 - z_\gamma) \\ &\quad - 2(z_\gamma - 16) \ln(z_\gamma) + \frac{2(3z_\gamma + 10)}{z_\gamma} \end{aligned}$$

Multi-body contributions to NLO

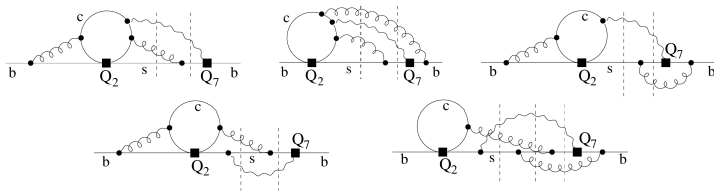
[Brune, Moos, TH'25]

- Final result has expected features
 - Renormalization-group invariance through to NLO
 - Reduced uncertainty and scale dependence at NLO
- Final result is small
 - CKM-, Wilson coefficient-, and phase-space suppression
 - Partial cancellation between LO and NLO contributions



Exact m_c -dependence of $Q_{1,2} - Q_7$ interference at NNLO

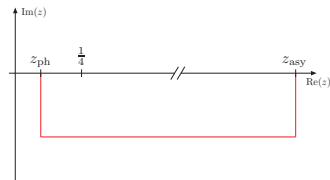
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- So far: large m_c limit (extrapolation) [Misiak et al.'06] and $m_c = 0$ (interpolation) [Misiak et al.'15]
and exact m_c -dep. of fermionic contribution [Misiak,Rehman,Steinhauser'20]
- To remove interpolation uncertainty ($\pm 3\%$) need to perform calculation for physical value of m_c
- Several hundred 4-loop propagator diagrams with 2-, 3- and 4-particle cuts
- Result in few $\times 10^5$ four-loop, two-scale scalar integrals with unitarity cuts in $\mathcal{O}(500)$ families.
- Integral reduction (Kira 2.0, FIRE 6). Up to $\mathcal{O}(\text{weeks})$ of CPU and $\mathcal{O}(1\text{TB})$ of RAM per topology
[Maierhöfer,Usovitsch,Uwer'17; Klappert,Lange,Maierhöfer,Usovitsch'20; Smirnov,Chukharev'19]
- $\mathcal{O}(500)$ master integrals

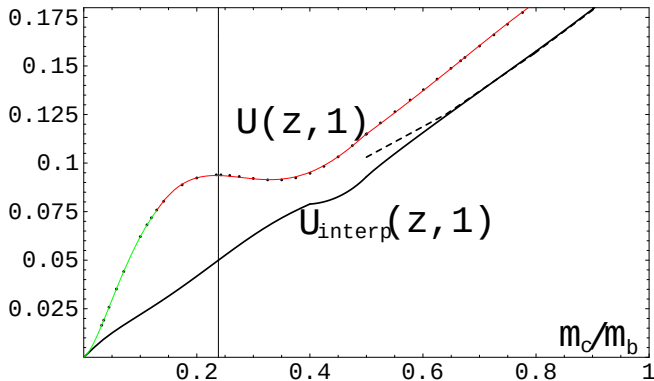
Exact m_c -dependence of $Q_{1,2} - Q_7$ interference at NNLO

- Establish DE in $z = \frac{m_c^2}{m_b^2}$: $\frac{d}{dz} J_i = M_{ij} J_j$
- Solve for 2-, 3-, 4-particle cuts separately
- Boundary conditions as $z \rightarrow \infty$: single-scale integrals
 - ${}_p F_q$, Mellin-Barnes, PSLQ
- Use deep asymptotic expansion about $z = \infty$ as starting point for numerical evolution along contour in complex plane
 - use ODEint library, odepack
- Second method: BC at $m_c/m_b = 0.2$ with AMFlow [Liu,Ma'22], evolve DE with method “expand and match” [Fael,Lange,Schönwald,Steinhauser'21]
- For 2-particle cuts, also use direct calculation with AMFlow at physical point of m_c/m_b
 - [Czakon,Czaja,Misiak,Niggetiedt,Rehman,Schönwald,Steinhauser,TH'23]
 - [see also Greub,Asatrian,Saturnino,Wiegand'23; Fael,Lange,Schönwald,Steinhauser'23; Greub,Asatrian,Asatryan,Born,Eicher'24]
- Final numerical accuracy in physical region of z is ~ 10 digits



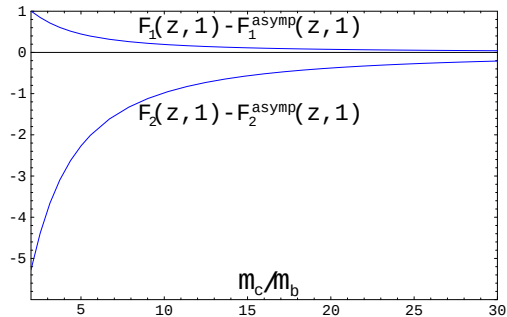
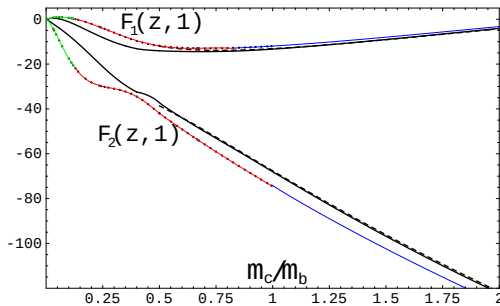
Exact m_c -dependence of $Q_{1,2} - Q_7$ interference at NNLO

$$\frac{\Delta\mathcal{B}_{s\gamma}}{\mathcal{B}_{s\gamma}^{\text{LO}}} \simeq U(z, \delta) \equiv \frac{\alpha_s^2(\mu_b)}{8\pi^2} \frac{C_1^{(0)} F_1(z, \delta) + \left(C_2^{(0)} - \frac{1}{6}C_1^{(0)}\right) F_2(z, \delta)}{C_7^{(0)} - \frac{1}{3}C_3^{(0)} - \frac{4}{9}C_4^{(0)} - \frac{20}{3}C_5^{(0)} - \frac{80}{9}C_6^{(0)}}$$



Exact m_c -dependence of $Q_{1,2} - Q_7$ interference at NNLO

$$\frac{\Delta \mathcal{B}_{s\gamma}}{\mathcal{B}_{s\gamma}^{\text{LO}}} \simeq U(z, \delta) \equiv \frac{\alpha_s^2(\mu_b)}{8\pi^2} \frac{C_1^{(0)} F_1(z, \delta) + \left(C_2^{(0)} - \frac{1}{6} C_1^{(0)}\right) F_2(z, \delta)}{C_7^{(0)} - \frac{1}{3} C_3^{(0)} - \frac{4}{9} C_4^{(0)} - \frac{20}{3} C_5^{(0)} - \frac{80}{9} C_6^{(0)}}$$



$$F_1(z, 1) - F_1^{\text{asympt}}(z, 1) \simeq (0.598 \log^2(z) + 1.261 \log(z) + 0.735)/z + \mathcal{O}(\log^2(z)/z^2)$$

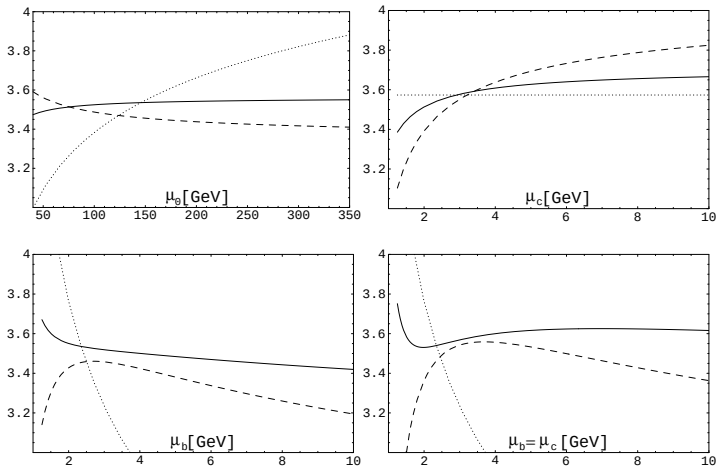
$$z = \frac{m_c^2}{m_b^2} \quad F_2(z, 1) - F_2^{\text{asympt}}(z, 1) \simeq (-3.140 \log^2(z) - 5.537 \log(z) - 5.330)/z + \mathcal{O}(\log^2(z)/z^2)$$

Branching ratio: scale dependence

- μ_0 : Matching scale, $\mu_0 \sim \mathcal{O}(M_W, m_t)$
- μ_c : Scale at which m_c is renormalized
- μ_b : Scale at which α_s and Wilson coefficients are evaluated and decay rate is computed.

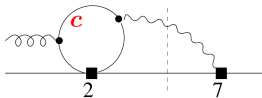
- dotted: LO
- dashed: NLO
- solid: NNLO

Vertical axes: BR in units of 10^{-4}



Nonpert. corrections: resolved photons in $Q_{1,2} - Q_7$

[see e.g. Voloshin'96; Buchalla,Isidori,Rey'97; Benzke, Lee, Neubert, Paz'10; Gunawardana, Paz'19; Benzke, Hurth'20; Bartocci, Böer, Hurth'24; Benzke, Garzelli, Hurth'25]



$$\Delta\Gamma \propto (C_2 - \frac{1}{6}C_1)C_7 \underbrace{\left[-\frac{\mu_G^2}{27m_c^2} + \frac{\Lambda_{17}}{m_b} \right]}_{\equiv -\frac{\kappa_V \mu_G^2}{27m_c^2}}$$

$$\Lambda_{17} = \frac{2}{3} \text{Re} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{d\omega_1}{\omega_1} \left[1 - F\left(\frac{m_c^2 - i\eta}{m_b \omega_1}\right) + \frac{m_b \omega_1}{12m_c^2} \right] h_{17}(\omega_1, \mu)$$

$F(x) = 4x \arctan^2(1/\sqrt{4x^2 - 1})$

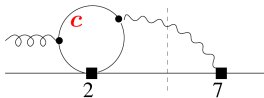
- Soft function h_{17}

$$h_{17} = \int \frac{dr}{4\pi M_B} e^{-i\omega_1 r} \langle \bar{B} | (\bar{h} S_{\bar{n}})(0) \not{n} i \gamma_{\alpha}^{\perp} \bar{n}_{\beta} (S_{\bar{n}}^{\dagger} g G_s^{\alpha\beta} S_{\bar{n}})(r \bar{n}) \times (S_{\bar{n}}^{\dagger} h)(0) | \bar{B} \rangle$$

- Model and constrain h_{17}

Nonpert. corrections: resolved photons in $Q_{1,2} - Q_7$

[see e.g. Voloshin'96; Buchalla,Isidori,Rey'97; Benzke, Lee, Neubert, Paz'10; Gunawardana, Paz'19; Benzke, Hurth'20; Bartocci, Böer, Hurth'24; Benzke, Garzelli, Hurth'25]



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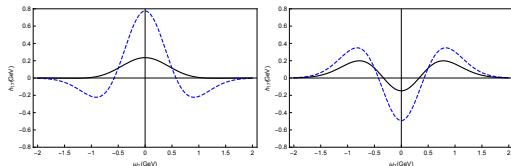
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• Model and constrain h_{17}

• Sample class of model functions for h_{17}

$$h_{17} = e^{-\frac{\omega_1^2}{2\sigma^2}} \sum_n a_{2n} H_{2n}\left(\frac{\omega_1}{\sigma\sqrt{2}}\right)$$

• Constraints from moments, e.g. $\int d\omega_1 h_{17} = \frac{2}{3} \mu_G^2$



• Numerically

[Gunawardana, Paz'19]

$$\Lambda_{17} \in [-24, 5] \text{ MeV} \Rightarrow \kappa_V = 1.2 \pm 0.3$$

• Other recent studies find larger values and larger uncertainties for κ_V

[Hurth et al.'20+]

• But includes *partial* $\mathcal{O}(\Lambda_{\text{QCD}}^2/m_b^2)$ effects

Anatomy of modifications

1	2	3	4	5	total
+1.5%	-1.1%	+1.1%	-0.2%	+4.2%	+5.5%

1. Change of normalization

from $\mathcal{B}(\bar{B} \rightarrow X_s \gamma)_{E_\gamma > E_0} = \mathcal{B}(\bar{B} \rightarrow X_c \ell \bar{\nu})_{\text{exp}} \left| \frac{V_{ts}^* V_{tb}}{V_{cb}} \right|^2 \frac{6\alpha_{\text{em}}}{\pi \mathcal{C}} [P(E_0) + N(E_0)]$

to $\mathcal{B}_{s\gamma} = \frac{G_F^2 \alpha_{\text{em}} m_{b,\text{kin}}^5 \tau_{\text{av}}}{32\pi^4} |V_{ts}^* V_{tb}|^2 [\tilde{P}(E_0) + \tilde{N}(E_0)]$

due to poor behaviour of perturbative series for $\mathcal{C} = \left| \frac{V_{ub}}{V_{cb}} \right|^2 \frac{\Gamma(\bar{B} \rightarrow X_c \ell \bar{\nu})}{\Gamma(\bar{B} \rightarrow X_u \ell \bar{\nu})}$ at $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^3)$

[Fael,Schönwald,Steinhauser'20; Chen,Li,Li,Wang,WangWu'23; Fael,Usovitsch'23; Chen,Chen,Guan,Ma'26]

and precise knowledge of $m_{b,\text{kin}}$ [Fael,Schönwald,Steinhauser'20]

Anatomy of modifications

1	2	3	4	5	total
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1. Change of normalization
2. Update all input parameters
3. Update treatment of non-perturbative resolved photon contributions
4. Include all multi-body contributions to NLO
5. Replace interpolated NNLO function $U_{\text{interp.}}(z, 1)$ by exact function $U(z, 1)$

[Gunawardana,Paz'19; see also Hurth et al.'20+]

[Kaminski,Misiak,Poradzinski'12; Poradzinski,Virto,TH'14; Brune,Moos,TH'25]

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[Kaminski,Misiak,Poradzinski'12; Poradzinski,Virto,TH'14; Brune,Moos,TH'25]

- New SM theory prediction for CP- and isospin averaged BR for $E_\gamma > 1.6 \text{ GeV}$

[Czakon,Czaja,Misiak,Niggetiedt,Rehman,Schönwald,Steinhauser,TH'26]

$$\mathcal{B}_{s\gamma} = (3.54 \pm 0.14) \times 10^{-4}$$

- Total uncertainty is $\pm 4\%$, comprised of
 - $\pm 3\%$ (higher orders at leading and subleading power)

Retain $\pm 3\%$ despite flat μ -dependences, taking into account potentially sizeable but yet unknown higher-order effects in the power-suppressed, non-perturbative corrections

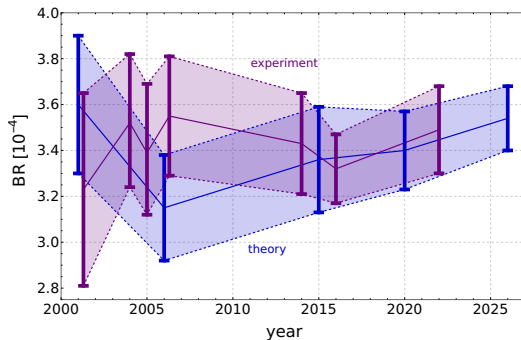
- $\pm 2.7\%$ (parametric), added in quadrature

$\bar{B} \rightarrow X_s \gamma$: SM theory vs. experiment

- Good agreement between SM theory prediction and latest experimental average

$$\mathcal{B}_{s\gamma}^{\text{th., SM}} = (3.54 \pm 0.14) \times 10^{-4}$$

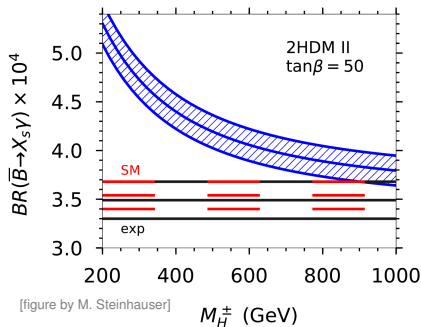
$$\mathcal{B}_{s\gamma}^{\text{exp.}} = (3.49 \pm 0.19) \times 10^{-4} \quad [\text{PDG, HFLAV'22'24}]$$



Mass of charged Higgs boson in type-II 2HDM

• Constraint on mass of charged Higgs boson in type-II 2HDM

[Ciuchini,Degrassi,Gambino,Giudice'97]



- Largely independent of $\tan\beta$ unless $\tan\beta \lesssim 2$
- For $\tan\beta \lesssim 2$ even stronger bounds

$b \rightarrow s\gamma$ and supersymmetry with large $\tan\beta$

MARCELA CARENA^{1,4}, DAVID GARCIA²,
ULRICH NIERSTE¹ and CARLOS E.M. WAGNER^{3,4}

$$M_{H^\pm} > 675 \text{ GeV} \quad \text{at 95\% C.L.}$$

[Czakon,Czaja,Misiak,Niggetiedt,Rehman,Schönwald,Steinhauser,TH'26]

Conclusion and outlook

- Conclusion
 - We computed
 - $Q_{1,2} - Q_7$ interferences at NNLO for physical value of m_c
 - Multi-parton corrections at NLO (formally completes NLO at leading power)
 - Result
 - has uncertainty of $4\% = \sqrt{(3\%)^2 + (2.7\%)^2}$
 - agrees well with experimental value

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- Outlook
 - Exact m_c -dependence at NNLO for $Q_{3-6} - Q_7$ interferences
 - Take cut on photon-energy in NNLO $Q_{1-6} - Q_7$ into account $\Rightarrow$ additional scale
 - Continue $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^3)$ [cf. Fael's talk]
 - Complete $\Lambda_{\text{QCD}}^2/m_b^2$ resolved-photon corrections in $Q_{1,2} - Q_7$ interference
 - Update resolved photons in $Q_8 - Q_8$ interference [Hurth, Szafron'23]

Backup slides